CITY OF ROLLING HILLS,

KENTUCKY

REPORT OF AUDIT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Commission City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  the City of Rolling Hills, KY's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
  estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Rolling Hills KY's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-6 and 21-22 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 16, 2024 on our consideration of the City of Rolling Hills KY's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Rolling Hills KY's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Rolling Hills KY's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richard F. Paulmann CPA, MBA

Richard Fraulmann

Pewee Valley, KY

September 16, 2024

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The management of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky desires to offer the readers of these financial statements this narrative and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

#### **Financial Highlights**

During the fiscal year 2024, the City had general revenues of \$378,985, an increase from 2023 of \$44,850. This was mainly caused by an increase in interest income. Total expenditures for fiscal year 2024 were \$476,898, representing a increase of \$114,668. With revenues being exceeded by expenditures by \$97,913, the City's Net Assets decreased from \$636,486 to \$538,573.

The financial position of the City remains strong. Tax revenues remain consistent as well as operating expenses. The general fund balance at June 30, 2024 was \$538,573, an decrease of \$79,913. Non-major governmental funds balance was \$42,435, an increase of \$24,331. Total fund balances decrease \$97,913 or 15%. The non-major governmental fund balance is restricted for roads. The general fund balance is not restricted and is available for future use.

The ending cash balance for the City was \$700,565. This reflects an increase in cash during the year of \$37,095.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky's basic financial statements. These statements consist of three components: 1) government wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements consist of a statement of net position, and a statement of activities.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)**

Government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky's activities include administration, law enforcement, public works and waste management. Capital outlays and related debt are also supported by these revenue sources. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7-11 of this report.

Fund financial statements are a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The basic government fund financial statements can be found on pages 7-11 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 12-21 of this report.

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis

	FYE'24 Amount		FYE'23 Amount		Increase (Decrease)
Current and other assets	\$ 506,091	\$	405,984	\$	100,109
Investments	194,474		257,486		(63,012)
Receivables	25,561		21,893		3,668
Prepaids	-0-		-0-		-0-
Capital Assets and Land	677,423	4/40	528,613	-	148,810
Total Assets	\$ 1,403,549	\$	1,213,976	\$	189,575
Payables	\$ 187,553	\$	21,877		165,676
Accrued Expenses	-0-		-0-		-0-
Deferred Grant Revenue	-0-		-0-		-0-
Notes Payable	 143,750		158,750		(15,000)
Total Liabilities	\$ 331,303	\$	180,627	\$	150,676
Invested In Capital Assets	\$ 563,673	\$	399,863	\$	163,810
Restricted	42,435		18,104		24,331
Unrestricted	466,138	Name of the last o	615,382	***	(149,244)
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,072,246	\$	1,033,349	\$	38,899

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The statement of Net Position shows that the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky has assets of \$1,403,549 with liabilities of \$331,303. Of the \$1,403,549 total assets, \$563,673 is comprised of capital assets, net of depreciation. During fiscal year 2024, the total capital assets, net of depreciation Increased by \$148,810 or 22 %. This Increase was mostly due to the increase in invested in capital assets charge was \$199,226.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Budgetary comparisons of the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund are shown are pages 22-23. These schedules show the original budget as approved and the final budget. The statement also shows a comparison of this final budget to "Actual". The actual is a modified accrual basis that reflects items received or paid for after the fiscal year end. The budget is also prepared on a modified accrual basis. Actual expenditures were under budget in every category. The Municipal Road Aid Fund were also not amended during the fiscal year.

Following is a comparative statement of activities. Expenses are shown net of operating grants.

		FYE'24		FYE'23		Increase
General Revenue		Amount		Amount		Decrease
Property Taxes	\$	163,933	\$	136,880	\$	27,053
Insurance Premium Taxes		79,408		73,749		5,659
Franchise Fees		5,529		6,389		(860)
Municipal Road Aid		23,012		20,059		2,953
Grants		14,915		18,223		(3,308)
Business License and Permits		3,500		3,400		100
Bank Franchise Fees		37,777		43,277		(5,500)
Property License Fee		13,600		12,400		1,200
Misc.		1,856		280	\$	1,576
Total General Revenue	\$	343,530	\$	314,657		28,873
Net Expenses	100					
General Government	\$	95,356	\$	74,441	\$	(20,915)
Public Safety		334,762		221,081		(113,681)
Public Works		41,917		46,061	_\$_	4,144
Total Net Expense	\$	472,035	\$	341,583		(131,621)
D. Live Live D.	Φ.	(00.150)	<b>*</b>	(0.0 (1.0)		
Debit and interest Payments	\$	(20,159)	\$	(20,647)		488
Interest Income		35,455		19,478		15,977
Total Other Income/Expense	\$	15,296	\$	(1,169)	\$	16,465
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(97,913)	\$	(28,095)	\$	(69,818)
Beginning Fund Balance	Φ	636,486	Φ		Ф	
	•		<u> </u>	664,581	Φ.	$\frac{(28,095)}{(07,013)}$
Ending Fund Balance	\$	538,573		636,486		(97,913)

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### **Summary**

The current financial statement reporting model is mandated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky implemented these changes in 2004.

#### **Request for Information**

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability to its residents. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please direct your request to the City Mayor, City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky, P.O.Box 22445, Rolling Hills, Kentucky, Kentucky, 40252.

#### CITY OF ROLLING HILLS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION June 30, 2024

		ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	463,300
Investments		194,830
Receivables (Note 1)		25,561
Cash and cash equivalents restricted (Note 1)		
Municipal Road Fund		42,435
Capital assets: (Note 3)		
Land		
Capital Assets, net of \$300,826 depreciation	-	677,423
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,403,549
LIABILIITES		
Accounts payable	\$	187,553
LONG TERM LIABILIITES		
Due within 1 year		15,000
Due in more than one year	*******	128,750
TOTAL LIABILITIES		331,303
NET POSITION		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		563,673
Restricted for:		
Municipal Road Aid		42,435
Unrestricted	************	466,138
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,072,246

#### CITY OF ROLLING HILLS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2024

			PROGRAM RE	VENUES	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
Functions/Programs	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS	CAPITAL GRANTS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
Primary Government: Governmental Activites:					
General government	\$ (98,152)		\$ 4,320		\$ (93,832)
Public Works	(200,019)	5,754	, ,,	\$ 23,012	(171,253)
Public Safety	(41,917)	4,841		-	(37,076)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ (340,088)	10,595	\$ 4,320 \$	\$ 23,012	(302,161)
	General Revenue	es:			
	Property Taxe	s Leived for Ge	eneral Purpose		163,933
	Insurance Pre		Manufacture Street and Streeting Production		79,408
	Bank Franchis	se deposit tax			37,777
	License and po				3,500
	Franchise Fee				5,529
	Rental Proper	ty License Fee			13,600
	Misc. Income				1,856
	Interest Incom	ne			35,455
	Total General R	Revenues			341,058
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			38,897
	NET POSITION, b	eginning of ye	ar		1,033,349
	NET POSITION, e	nd of year		\$	1,072,246

## BALANCE SHEET --GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND RECONCILATION OF THE GOVERNMENT FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITON

June 30, 2024

ASSETS		GENERAL	GOVER	MAJOR NMENTAL INDS	GOVE	TOTAL RNMENTAL FUNDS
	Cash and cash equivalents Investments - Gertificates of Deposits Cash and cash equivalents -restricted Receivables (Note 1) Due from Special Revenue Fund	\$ 463,300 194,830 25,561	\$	42,435 -	\$	463,300 194,830 42,435 25,561
	Total Assets	\$ 683,691	\$	42,435	\$	726,126
LIABILITIE	S AND FUND BALANCE					
	LIABILITIES Accounts payable and payroll liabilities	\$ 187,553	\$		\$	187,553
	Total Liabilties	187,553		-		187,553
	FUND BALANCES					
	Unassigned Restricted	496,138	1 tudos.	42,435		496,138 42,435
	Total Fund Balances	496,138		42,435	***************************************	538,573
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 683,691	\$	42,435	\$	726,126
	TOTAL GOVENMENTAL FUND BALANCE				\$	538,573
	Amounts reported for governmental activites in the statement of net assets are different because:					
	Capital assets and loan cost, net of accumulated of and amortization, used in governmental activities financial resources and, therefore, are not report	are not				677,423
	Long-term debt, including capital leases that are and payable in the current period and therefore a not reported in the funds statements					(143,750)
	NET POSITION				\$	1,072,246

## CITY OF ROLLING HILLS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

REVENUE	s		GENERAL	GOVE	N-MAJOR RNMENTAL FUNDS	GOVE	TOTAL RNMENTAL FUNDS
	Property taxes, including interest and penalty	Ś	163,933			\$	163,933
	Insurance premium taxes	7	79,408			-	79,408
	Franchise fees		5,529				5,529
	Municipal road aid			\$	23,012		23,012
	Grants		14,915	•	,		14,915
	License and permits		3,500				3,500
	Bank Franchise Fees		37,777				37,777
	Property License fees		13,600				13,600
	Miscellanous		1,856				1,856
		-					
	Total Revenue		320,518		23,012		343,530
EXPENDIT	URES						
	General government		86,152				86,152
	Public Works		129,444				129,444
	Public Safety		41,917				41,917
	Total Expenditures		257,513		-		257,513
	EXCESS REVENUE OVER(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		63,005		23,012		86,017
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						-
	Operating transfers in						-
	Operating transfers out						-
	New loan proceeds						_
	Debt and Interest payments		(20,159)				(20,159)
	Capital assets		(199,226)				(199,226)
	Interest earned		34,136		1,319		35,455
	Total other financing sources and uses		(185,249)		1,319		(183,930)
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(122,244)		24,331		(97,913)
	FUND BALANCE, Beginning of the year		618,382		18,104		636,486
	FUND BALANCE, End of the year	\$	496,138	\$	42,435	\$	538,573

# CITY OF ROLLING HILLS, KENTUCKY RECONCILATION OF THE STATEMENT OR REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED, JUNE 30,2024

Net change of fund balance-total governmental funds

\$(97,913)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization/expense

This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded net capital outlays in the current period

121,810

Governmental funds report long-term debt borrowings as revenues and long-term debt payments as expenditures. However, the results of these transaction are reflected as changes in debt on the statement of net assets and not on the statement of activities.

This is the amount by which principal payments exceeded borrowings on the long-term debt during the current period.

15,000

Governmental funds report revenue that provide current financial resources. This is the amount in receivables that do not provide current financial resources:

Property taxes

-0-

Change in net position reflected on statement of activities

\$38,897

#### NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

#### Financial Reporting Entity

The City operates under a Mayor- Commission form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: streets, sanitation, public Improvements, police protection and general administrative services. The City is a home rule Class City as defined by Kentucky Statute.

#### Basis of Presentation

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities reflect financial information of the City as a whole. These statements include the primary government and its component units if applicable. Government—wide statements distinguish between governmental and business — type activities. Currently, the City does not engage in any business-type activities nor have any reportable component units.

The governmental -wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements.

These financial statements follow the provisions of GASB Statement "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments."

Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Currently the city does not engage in any business-type activities.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government—wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt-This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and are reduced by the outstanding balance of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there is significant unspent proceeds at year-end, the portion of debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt; The portion of the debt included in the same net position component as unspent proceeds.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Restricted</u> - This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u>-This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

The City's policy is to use restricted assets first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Net Activities reflect information of the City as a whole. These statements include the primary government and its component units if applicable. Governmental-wide statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Currently, the City does not engage in any business-type, inter-governmental revenues, and non-exchange revenue type activities.

The statement of activities presents direct expenses, which are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1), grants from the State of Kentucky for public safety/police protection 2), Kentucky Municipal Aid grants for public safety/road improvements, repairs and maintenance. Taxes and other revenue items are reported as general revenues.

Long-term debt is reflected on the statement of net assets and principal payments on long-term debt are reported as reductions of long-term debt.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The City uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions relating to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds of the City's general activities including the collection of legally restricted monies, administrative expense and the acquisition or construction of capital assets.

The government reports the following funds of the financial reporting entity: The general fund is the government's primary operating fund, and is considered the City's only major governmental fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The City accounts for Kentucky municipal road aid, the local government economic assistance in the special revenue funds group. Municipal road aid is restricted to road construction, repairs and maintenance.

### NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government -wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred; regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues are recognized in the year for which they are due. This method differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements of governmental funds. Expenses are classified by function.

The government- wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business – type activities of the City and for each governmental program. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. The City's program revenue for the year included charges for services and operating grants including police grants and municipal aid road grants. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenue and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self- financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis to accounting for governmental fund types. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues when they are measureable and available. Measureable means the amount can be determined.

Available means collectible within the period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. A ninety-day period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Also, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for capital asset acquisitions and general obligation debt and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

#### **Budgetary Accounting**

The budget information reflected in the financial statements is the annual budget adopted by the City in accordance with the provisions of Kentucky law. It is presented to the Council in the form of an ordinance and may be amended by subsequent ordinance or by municipal order.

### NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedules**

As required by generally accepted governmental accounting principles, the budget comparison schedules have been prepared in the same form as the legally adopted budget; therefore its form varies somewhat from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances on page 18. The City prepares its annual budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with the amounts reflected in the funds financial statements. During the year, the City amended its general fund budget.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as money market accounts. For purposes of these financial statements the City considers as cash equivalents all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased and readily convertible to cash.

Generally, the City's investing activities are managed under the custody of the City Treasurer. Investing is performed in accordance with investing policies complying with state statues and the City Charter. City funds may be invested in: (1) obligation of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, (2) obligations of any corporation of the United States government, (3) certificates of deposit in institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and (4) bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, certificate of deposit, money market savings accounts, repurchase agreement, passbooks and other available bank investment provided that such financial institutions are insured by an agency of the U.S. Government. Investment in excess of the insured amount must be secured with approved securities pledged by the financial institution.

As of June 30, 2024, \$42,435 was restricted for road construction and related repairs.

#### Property Taxes and Property Tax Receivable

Property taxes are levied as of October 1, on assessed value listed as of the proceeding January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. The tax assessed for the year ended June 30,2024, to finance general fund operations was based on \$.1903 per \$100 assed valuation for real and personal property. The gross tax (or face value) is due if paid by September 1; and 20% penalty is assessed of paid after September 1 with 1% per month interest after September 1. A lien may be placed on the property if balance is not paid within six months

The statement of net position reflects property taxes receivable for amounts billed during the year ended June 30, 2024, and prior, for which tax liens have been placed on the properties.

The balance sheet – governmental funds reflected properties taxes receivable for accounts collected within sixty days after year end in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. None of the delinquent tax bills at June 30, 2024 have been collected during the ensuing sixty day period.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Insurance Premium Taxes

Insurance premium taxes are assessed at a tax rate of 5 %. The tax is assessed on first year life insurance premiums and on non-life premiums except for health insurance policies issued to individuals and state employees.

#### Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods. Prepaid expenses are reported in government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Due from General Fund

Certain revenues are temporarily deposited into the General Fund bank account on behalf of the Municipal Road Aid Fund and the other Funds and are expected to be reimbursed within the following fiscal period.

#### Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the City as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the government fund statements and capitalized (recorded and accounted for) in the government-wide statements of net assets.

Effective for the year ended June 30, 2004, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 34. One of the requirements of GASB 34 is to capitalized and depreciate infrastructure expenditures and other capital assets. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical costs, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost.

Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses; renewals and betterments are capitalized. The City's policy is to record as capital assets those expenditures amounting to \$1,000 and over with useful lives of three years or more.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 42 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and Insurance Recoveries, City's management evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of capital assets has occurred. A capital asset is generally considered impaired if both (a) the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and (b) the event or change in circumstances is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. No impairment losses were identified or recognized for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in the governmental-wide financial statements. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the respective statement of net assets.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The estimated useful lives of various classes of capital assets are as follows:

Buildings 40 Years
Building Improvements 10 Years
Furniture, machinery and equipment 5-7 Years
Road, sidewalk, and bridge improvements 12-15 Years

#### Net Position and Fund Balance

Net position on the statement of net position is the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is restricted when constraints are placed on net assets use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or contributors or regulations of governments, or imposed by law.

The City's policy is to use restricted assets according to budgeted amounts.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes for the governmental fund financial statements.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below.

- Nonspendable, such as fund balance amounts associated with inventories, prepaids, long- term loans and notes receivable; and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- 2. Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council.
- 4. Assigned fund balance classification is intended to be used by the government for specific purpose but not meeting the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

#### Expenditures/Expenses

In the government - wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are classified by character and function. In the fund financial statements governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources.

The City's policy for spending restricted resources is to allocate disbursements to restricted funds to the extent such disbursements were budgeted to be paid from restricted fund.

## NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires City's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities; and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statement; and the reported amounts of receipts and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2-CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents and investments are recorded at costs (which approximates market value) and consists of the following:

		Government Fund Types									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Se X		General		Revenue		Total				
General Fund Checking	;	\$	16,963	\$	-C-	\$	16,963				
PNC & L&N Investments			673,672		-0-		673,672				
Municipal Road Aid					9,574		9,574				
Savings			356				356				
Total		\$	690,991	\$	9,574	\$	700,565				

At June 30, 2024, the City's held deposit balances in excess of FDIC coverage limitations.

#### NOTE 3-CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

The following summarizes the changes to capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024.

	Balance 07/01/2022	-	Additions	Di	sposals	_	Balance 06/30/2023
Infrastructure	\$ 463,407	\$	190,021	\$	-0-	\$	653,428
Street Signs	54,177		-0-		-0-		54,177
Land	256,640		-0-		-0-		256,640
Furniture	4,798		9,204		-0-		14,002
Total Capital Assets	\$ 779,022	\$	199,225	_\$	-0-	\$	978,247
Less Accumulated  Depreciation							
*	\$ 250,409	_\$_	50,416	_\$	-0-	\$	300,825
Capital Assets Net	\$ 528,613	\$	148,839	\$	-0-	_\$	677,422

#### NOTE 3-CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION (Continued)

Depreciation was charged to function on the Statement of Activities as follows:

 General Government
 \$ 551

 Public Works
 \_49,865

 Total
 \$ 50,416

#### NOTE 4- RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is subject to normal insurance risks as other cities it size. The City carries general liability, worker's compensation and errors and omissions coverage. The City has not had any significant reduction in coverage in the past year.

#### **NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS**

The City has the following contractual commitments at June 30, 2024.

· The City has contractual commitment for police protection at June 30, 2024.

#### NOTE 6 - LONG - TERM DEBT

The City entered into an agreement with Kentucky Bond Corporation (KBC) on August 2, 2018 for financing the purchase of land. The agreement terminates on February 1, 2033. The agreement requires monthly payments of principal, interest, and fees. The note has 3.25% interest rate.

Changes in Long – term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	July 1			June 30	Due within
	2023	<u>Additions</u>	<b>Deductions</b>	2024	One Year
Notes from					
Borrowing	\$158,750		\$ 15,000	\$143,750	\$ 15,000

Interest expense on all loans during 2024 was \$5,159.

Maturity of the long-term debt are as follows:

		Principal	Interest
2025		15,000	4,672
2026		15,000	4,187
2027		15,000	3,411
2028	,	12,500	2,438
2029-2033	*	86,250	9,347
		\$158,750	\$29,214

#### NOTE 7-SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

City management has evaluated subsequent events through September 16, 2024 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no material subsequent events that required recognition or additional disclosure in these financial statements.

## CITY OF ROLLING HILLS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

						iance with al Budget
	ORIGINAL	FINAL			Fa	vorable
	BUDGET	BUDGET	-	ACTUAL	(Un	favorable)
Fund Balance Beginning	637,165	637,135	\$	618,382	\$	(18,753)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 160,550	160,550	\$	163,933		3,383
Insurance premium taxes	70,000	70,000		79,408		9,408
Bank Deposits taxes	39,000	39,000		37,777		(1,223)
Franchise taxes	22,500	22,500		19,129		(3,371)
Police	4,200	4,200		4,841		641
Misc. Income	*	*		1,856		1,856
Sanitation	5,000	5,000		5,574		574
Grants		_	U#1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	8,000		8,000
Total Revenue	301,250	301,250		320,518		19,268
Total Revenue and Resources	938,415	938,385		938,900		515
EXPENDITURES						
General Government	340,300	340,300		86,152		254,148
Public Works	172,750	172,750		129,444		43,306
Public Saftey	43,400	43,400		41,917		1,483
Total Expenditures	556,450	556,450		257,513		298,937
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(255,200)	(255,200)		63,005		318,205
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
New Loan Proceeds		-				
Debt and Interest	(21,050)	(21,050)		(20,159)		891
Capital Assets	(136,320)	(136,320)		(199,226)		136,320
Interest Income	18000	18,000		34,136		16,136
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	\$ (139,370)	\$ (139,370)	\$	(185,249)	\$	153,347
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (394,570)	\$ (394,570)	\$	(122,244)	\$	471,552
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 242,595	\$ 242,565	\$	496,138	\$	452,799

## CITY OF ROLLING HILLS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Fund Balance Beginning		17,642	17,642	\$ 18,104	\$ 462
REVENUES					
WE VENOCE	Municipal road aid	19,600	19,600	23,012	3,412
	Total Revenue	37,242	37,242	41,116	3,874
EXPENDITURES					
LAFENDII	Roads sidewalks and signs	5,000	5,000		(5,000)
	Total Expenditures	5,000	5,000	-	(5,000)
	Excess of revenue over Expenditures	32,242	32,242	41,116	8,874
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Interest		÷	-	1,319	1,319
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		32,242	32,242	42,435	10,193
FUND BALANCES, ENDING		32,242	32,242	42,435	10,655

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

To the Honorable Mayor and Commission City of Rolling Hills, KY

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements for the City of Rolling Hills, KY for the year ended June 30, 2024 in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America, I considered City of Rolling Hills KY's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Rolling Hills KY's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Rolling Hills KY's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that I have not identified.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Rolling Hill's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### City of Rolling Hills KY's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Rolling Hills KY's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Rolling Hills KY's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

This communication is intended solely for the information and us of management, others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Richard Paulmann, CPA, LLC

Pewee Valley, KY September 16, 2024