CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY For the Year Ended June 30,

2014

AUDIT REPORT

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To the City of Hickman, Kentucky Honorable David Lattus, Mayor Members of the City of Hickman Council

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Hickman, Kentucky as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hickman, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the City of Hickman, Kentucky Honorable David Lattus, Mayor Members of the City of Hickman Council

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Hickman, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Jonaine + Associates, PLLC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2014, on our consideration of the City of Hickman, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Hickman, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Mayfield, Kentucky December 12, 2014

CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Primary Government					
	G	overnmental	Business-Type			
		Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash on hand and in banks	\$	51,735	\$	755,351	\$	807,086
Restricted cash		651,885		137,724		789,609
Receivables (net):						
Property tax		3,380		-		3,380
Accounts receivable, billed, net		-		119,812		119,812
Other receivable		25,791		-		25,791
Prepaid natural gas				50,843		50,843
Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable		161,500		17,353		178,853
Depreciable, net	****	4,257,992		5,545,261		9,803,253
Total assets		5,152,283		6,626,344		11,778,627
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		24,144		6,071		30,215
Meter deposits		-		137,724		137,724
Compensated absences		13,923		6,449		20,372
Total current liabilities		38,067		150,244		188,311
Noncurrent liabilities						
Notes payable		195,073		141,943		337,016
Total noncurrent liabilities		195,073		141,943		337,016
Total liabilities		233,140		292,187		525,327
NET POSITION						
Investments in capital assets,						
net of related debt		4,224,419		5,420,671		9,645,090
Restricted		651,885		-		651,885
Unrestricted		42,839		913,486		956,325
Total net position	\$	4,919,143	\$	6,334,157	\$	11,253,300

CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

			Program Revenu	es		Expense) Revenue and anges in Net Position	
Functions and Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 794,283	\$ 336,619	\$ 14,652 \$	-	\$ (443,012) \$	- \$	(443,012)
Public safety	345,821		16,443		(329,378)	-	(329,378)
Public works	227,988	-	123,966	-	(104,022)	-	(104,022)
Interest on debt	6,211	-	•	•	(6,211)	-	(6,211)
Total governmental activities	1,374,303	336,619	155,061	*	(882,623)	*	(882,623)
Business-type activities:							
Gas fund	1,158,566	1,275,909	-	-	-	117,343	117,343
Water fund	456,903	387,929	-	48,590	~	(20,384)	(20,384)
Sewer fund	362,840	314,129	-		-	(48,711)	(48,711)
Total business-type activities	1,978,309	1,977,967	-	48,590		48,248	48,248
Total primary government	3,352,612	2,314,586	155,061	48,590	(882,623)	48,248	(834,375)
Totals	\$ 3,352,612	\$ 2,314,586	\$ 155,061	\$ 48,590	(882,623)	48,248	(834,375)
	General revenues: Taxes						
	Property and mo	tor vehicle tovec			220,847		220,847
	Occupational ta				289,666		289,666
	Franchise tax	Α			26,768		26,768
	License and permi	ta					
	Miscellaneous	15			103,732	10.000	103,732
	Interest				35,030 7,690	18,090 700	53,120 8,390
	Transfers, net				88,382	(88,382)	8,390
	Total general rev	enues			772,115	(69,592)	702,523
	Change in net posit	ion			(110,508)	(21,344)	(131,852)
	Net position-beginn	ning			5,029,651	6,355,501	11,385,152
	Net position-ending	2			\$ 4,919,143	\$ 6,334,157 \$	11,253,300

CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		General		Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash on hand and in banks	\$	35,225	\$	16,510	\$	51,735
Restricted cash	Ψ	110,706	Ψ	541,179	Ÿ	651,885
Receivables (net):		110,700				051,000
Property tax		3,380		-		3,380
Other		25,791		-		25,791
Total assets	\$	175,102	\$	557,689	\$	732,791
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Encumbrances	\$	24,144	\$	-	\$	24,144
Provision for compensated absences	•	13,923	Ψ	-	•	13,923
Total liabilities		38,067		_		38,067
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable		-		274,306		274,306
Restricted		110,706		266,873		377,579
Assigned		-		16,510		16,510
Unassigned		26,329				26,329
Total fund balances		137,035		557,689		694,724
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	175,102	\$	557,689	\$	732,791
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds to	the Stat	ement of Net	Position	:		
Balance sheet-Governmental funds balances					\$	694,724
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial and therefore are not reported in funds, net of accumulated de						4,419,492
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and print the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund					***************************************	(195,073)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	4,919,143

CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General	Other Governmer Funds	ntal	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES					·
Taxes:					
Levied for general purposes	\$ 510,168	\$	-	\$	510,168
Levied for special purposes	27,113		-		27,113
License and permits	103,732		-		103,732
Intergovernmental	31,095		3,966		155,061
Charges for services	326,721	9	9,898		336,619
Fines and forfeitures	6,894		-		6,894
Interest	877	(5,813		7,690
Miscellaneous	 28,136				28,136
Total revenues	 1,034,736	140),677		1,175,413
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	745,343	20),659		766,002
Public safety	299,976		-		299,976
Public works	99,587	61	,721		161,308
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	41,500		-		41,500
Interest	 6,211				6,211
Total expenditures	 1,192,617	82	2,380		1,274,997
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 (157,881)	58	,297		(99,584)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from debt	110,340		-		110,340
Operating transfers in	175,142		-		175,142
Operating transfers out	(86,760)		-		(86,760)
Total other financing sources(uses)	 198,722		-		198,722
Net changes in fund balances	40,841	58	,297		99,138
FUND BALANCES, beginning	96,194	499	,392		595,586
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$ 137,035	\$ 557	,689	\$	694,724

CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds:

99,138

Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay in the current period.

(140,806)

Governmental funds report proceeds from debt as other revenue sources. However, in the government-wide financial statements, the proceeds are shown as an increase in indebtness on the statement of net position.

(110,340)

Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position

41,500

Change in net position governmental activities

\$ (110,508)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

Business-Type Activities

		Enterprise Funds						
Gas				Water	Sewer			
		System		System		System		Totals
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash on hand and in banks	\$	589,300	\$	96,580	\$	69,471	\$	755,351
Receivables (net)								
Accounts receivable, billed, net		64,950		30,656		24,206		119,812
Prepaid natural gas		50,843				-		50,843
Total current assets	APT - TATOLOGIC	705,093	water water	127,236	***************************************	93,677		926,006
Noncurrent assets								
Restricted cash		82,767		54,957		-		137,724
Capital assets								
Land		650		16,703		-		17,353
Plant and equipment		793,024		4,152,063		6,922,901		11,867,988
Less accumulated depreciation		(768,346)		(2,128,418)		(3,425,963)		(6,322,727)
Total noncurrent assets		108,095		2,095,305		3,496,938		5,700,338
Total assets	\$	813,188	<u>\$</u>	2,222,541	\$	3,590,615	<u>\$</u>	6,626,344
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	6,071	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,071
Meter deposits with accrued interest		82,767		54,957		-		137,724
Provision for compensated absences		2,956		2,590		903		6,449
Total current liabilities		91,794		57,547		903		150,244
Noncurrent liabilities								
Notes payable, less current portion		-		-		141,943		141,943
Total noncurrent liabilities		-		-		141,943		141,943
Total liabilities	والمراجعة	91,794		57,547		142,846		292,187
NET POSITION								
Investment in capital assets, net of								
related debt		25,328		2,040,348		3,354,995		5,420,671
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	696,066		124,646		92,774		913,486
Total net position	\$	721,394	\$	2,164,994	\$	3,447,769	\$	6,334,157

CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Business-Type Activities

	Enterprise Funds							
	Gas	Water	Sewer					
	System	System	System	Totals				
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 1,275,909	\$ 387,929	\$ 314,129	\$ 1,977,967				
Other miscellaneous revenues	4,458	12,301	1,331	18,090				
Total operating revenues	1,280,367	400,230	315,460	1,996,057				
Operating expenses:								
Utility purchases	908,110	-	=	908,110				
General expenses	27,503	81,475	57,615	166,593				
Salaries and related expenses	117,378	81,956	17,272	216,606				
Employee benefits	37,454	25,977	14,059	77,490				
Insurance	32,320	27,520	13,200	73,040				
Chemicals	-	43,229	9,532	52,761				
Purchase power	•	82,568	75,871	158,439				
Fuel and vehicle expense	6,277	6,830	7,207	20,314				
Professional fees	15,067	18,499	18,518	52,084				
Depreciation	14,457	88,849	143,902	247,208				
Total operating expense	1,158,566	456,903	357,176	1,972,645				
Operating income (loss)	121,801	(56,673)	(41,716)	23,412				
Nonoperating revenues (expense)								
Interest revenue	456	121	123	700				
Operating transfers in (out)	(52,894)	20,392	(55,880)	(88,382)				
Interest expense	-		(5,664)	(5,664)				
Total nonoperating revenue								
(expense)	(52,438)	20,513	(61,421)	(93,346)				
Income (loss) before contributions	69,363	(36,160)	(103,137)	(69,934)				
Capital contributions	<u>-</u>	48,590	<u> </u>	48,590				
Change in net position	69,363	12,430	(103,137)	(21,344)				
Total net position-beginning	652,031	2,152,564	3,550,906	6,355,501				
Total net position-ending	\$ 721,394	\$ 2,164,994	\$ 3,447,769	\$ 6,334,157				

CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Business-Type Activities-

	Enterprise Funds							
	Gas Water			30 1 44	Sewer			
		System		System		System		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		B) Stelli		aystem .	····	Бужен		rotato
Receipts from customers	\$	1,263,219	\$	393,659	\$	314,185	\$	1,971,063
Payments to suppliers		(993,569)		(260,121)		(181,943)		(1,435,633)
Payments for employees		(154,613)		(107,723)		(30,818)		(293,154)
Other receipts/payments		4,458		12,301		1,331		18,090
Net cash provided by operating activities		119,495		38,116		102,755		260,366
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Interfund transfers in(out) to other funds		(52,894)		20,392		(55,880)		(88,382)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing	***************************************							
activities		(52,894)		20,392		(55,880)		(88,382)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Capital contributions		-		48,590		-		48,590
Purchase of capital assets		(14,869)		(187,741)		-		(202,610)
Principal paid on capital debt		-		-		(51,683)		(51,683)
Interest paid on capital debt	-	•				(5,664)		(5,664)
Net cash provided by capital and related								
financing activities		(14,869)		(139,151)		(57,347)		(211,367)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Interest		456		121		123		700
Net cash provided by investing activities		456		121		123	_	700
Net change in cash		52,188		(80,522)		(10,349)		(38,683)
Balances-beginning of year		619,879		232,059		79,820		931,758
Balances-end of year	\$	672,067	\$	151,537	\$	69,471	\$	893,075
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash								

\$

121,801

14,457

(18,937)

(5,539)

1,247

219

6,247

119,495

(56,673)

88,849

512

210

5,218

38,116

(41,716)

143,902

56

513

102,755

provided (used) by operating expenses:

Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:

Operating income (loss)

Depreciation

(Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable

Increase (decrease) in:

Meter deposits

Prepaid utility purchases

Accounts payable and accrued expenses

Provision for compensated absences

Net cash provided by operating activities

23,412

247,208

(18,369)

(5,539)

1,247

11,465

260,366

942

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CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Hickman, Kentucky, have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards document these principles. The significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Hickman is a municipality governed by a mayor and commissioners. The city was incorporated in 1834 and provides the following services as authorized: public safety (fire, police and dispatch), highways and streets, recreation, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses, of a given function or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Funds

General Fund – This is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some functions.

The primary government also has the following non-major fund: Municipal Road Aid Fund. Included in the Permanent Fund is the Perpetual Care Fund.

Special Revenue Funds

The Municipal Road Aid Fund is presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-(Continued)

Government-Wide And Fund Financial Statements- (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

The proprietary funds account for the activities of the government's gas, water and sewer systems.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Presentation of Component Unit

The City of Hickman has no Component Units.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash consists entirely of amounts in demand deposits as well as short term investments with an initial maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City. KRS 66.480 permits the City to invest in U.S. Treasury and Agency Obligations, certain other federal investments, repurchase agreements, the Commonwealth of Kentucky Investment Pool and commercial banks' certificates of deposit.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City has no item that meets this criterion for this category. The statement of position will sometimes report a separate section

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- (Continued)

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES- (CONTINUED)

for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City has no items that meet the criterion for this category.

PROPERTY TAX

The city elects to use the annual property assessments prepared by the county PVA. Property taxes are billed each October on the basis of the preceding January property assessment values and are due no later than the following December. A lien is placed on property for which the taxes have not been paid as of August of the following year.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue when they are levied because they are considered to be both measurable and available. Proper allowances are made for estimated uncollectible accounts and delinquent accounts.

The City is subject to an absolute maximum tax rate in that House Bill 44 prohibits levying a tax rate that will produce more revenue, exclusive of revenue from net assessment growth, than could be produced by application of the tax rate that was levied in the proceeding years' assessment. The effect of this legislation has been to limit increases in property tax revenues to minimal levels.

FIXED ASSETS

General capital assets not specifically related to activities are not reported in the propriety fund. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position. Capital assets used by the proprietary fund are reported in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the City as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized (recorded and accounted for) in the General Fixed Assets Account Group.

Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets (back to July 1, 1980) have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the respective balance sheet.

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- (Continued)

FIXED ASSETS

The range of lives used for depreciation purposes for each class is as follows:

	Cap	italization	Useful Life
	Th	reshold	(Years)
Land Improvements	\$	5,000	10-60
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	5,000	10-75
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	3-25
Vehicles	\$	5,000	3-25
Infrastructure	\$	5,000	10-50

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, holiday benefits and sick pay benefits. Upon termination or retirement of an employee, the employee is compensated for both unused vacation and holiday pay. There is a liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does have a policy to pay any amounts when employees who have at least 10 years of service separate from the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

LONG TERM DEBT

The accounting treatment of long term debt depends on whether the assets used by the governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Long term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as revenue and repayment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for the proprietary fund is the same in the fund financial statements as it is in the government-wide financial statements.

REVENUE RECOGNITION FOR UTILITY FUNDS

Revenue is recorded in the period in which services are provided. As such, revenue is recorded as billed to customers on a cyclical basis. All customers are billed monthly. Unbilled services received are accrued for all utility funds.

FUND EQUITY

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into non-spendable and spendable components, if applicable.

Non-spendable includes amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually.

Spendable include the following:

 Restricted-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- (Continued)

FUND EQUITY- (Continued)

- Committed-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by the county using its highest level of decision making authority.
- Assigned-for all governmental funds, other than the general fund, any remaining positive amounts not
 classified as non-spendable, restricted, or committed. For the general fund, amounts constrained by intent
 to be used for a specified purpose by the City or the delegated county committee or official given authority
 to assign amounts.
- Unassigned-for the general fund, amounts not classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned. For all other governmental funds, amounts expended in excess of resources that are nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

For resources considered committed, the City issues an ordinance or resolution that can only be changed with another corresponding ordinance or resolution.

It is the policy of the City to spend restricted resources first, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to spend on the activity. Once restricted resources are exhausted, then committed, assigned and unassigned resources will be spent in that order on the activity.

INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursement to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditure/expense in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expense in the fund that is reimbursed.

USE OF ESTIMATES

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on the cash basis of accounting according to the laws of Kentucky, and as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The mayor presents the budget to the city council for the first reading at the first council meeting during the month of May. A second reading is usually made a few days later and becomes effective upon approval by the council. Any amendments that are made must first be brought before the council for approval. They are required to be made by the ordinance and published. Total expenditures may not legally exceed total appropriations as required by the Kentucky Revised Statutes.

NOTE B-DEPOSITS

The City maintains deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposits at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC, in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidence by an agreement between the city and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) be an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk in the event of a depository institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City does not have a depository policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2014, all deposits of the primary government were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

NOTE C-ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Governmental Activities:

The accounts receivable for the governmental activities are recorded for various taxes. The accounts receivable balances are recorded net of allowance for uncollectible.

Business-Type Activities:

The accounts receivable for the gas, water and sewer funds are recorded for both billed and unbilled services provided. These balances are recorded net of allowance for uncollectible.

NOTE D-OTHER RECEIVABLE

The other receivable is an amount owed to the general fund for collections on sanitation services. The collections amount is recorded net of allowance for uncollectible.

NOTE E-EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS)

The City of Hickman has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 18.89 percent.

The City's contribution for FY 2012 was \$103,939 FY 2013 was \$97,206 and FY 2014 was \$84,618.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

CERS also provides post retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	% paid by Insurance Fund	% Paid by Member through Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

NOTE G-CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Not Being Depreciated: Land Total Capital Assets Not Being	\$ 161,500	\$	\$	\$ 161,500
Depreciated	161,500			161,500
Other Capital Assets:				
Buildings	1,452,595			1,452,595
Infrastructure	6,263,113	72,711		6,335,824
Machinery and Equipment	932,749	6,200		938,949
Total Other Capital Assets	8,648,457	78,911		8,727,368
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(712,781)	(32,538)		(745,319)
Infrastructure	(2,936,537)	(137,628)		(3,074,165)
Machinery and Equipment	(600,341)	(49,551)		(649,892)
Total Depreciation	(4,249,659)	(219,717)	-	(4,469,376)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 4,560,298	\$ (140,806)	\$ -	\$ 4,419,492

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government	\$ 28,281
Police	22,476
Fire	29,569
Public Works (infrastructure)	137,628
Public Works	 1,763
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 219,717

NOTE G-CAPITAL ASSETS- (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:				
Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$ 17,353	\$	\$	\$ 17,353
Other Capital Assets: Plant in Service Machinery and Equipment Total Other Capital Assets	11,211,273 454,106 11,665,379	63,569 139,041 202,610		11,274,842 593,147 11,867,989
Accumulated Depreciation Total Accumulated Depreciation	(6,075,519) (6,075,519)	(247,208) (247,208)		(6,322,727) (6,322,727)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 5,607,213	\$ (44,598)	\$ -	\$ 5,562,615

NOTE H-LONG TERM DEBT

Governmental Activities:

The City entered into a note agreement with Citizens Deposit Bank for an operating credit line. Total amount available to the City is \$250,000 at a fixed rate of interest 3.75 percent. The balance due as of June 30, 2014 was \$195,073.

Business-Type Activities:

The City of Hickman entered into a note agreement with Citizens Deposit Bank for an operating line of credit for the wastewater system. The line of credit is for \$250,000 at a fixed interest rate of 3.5%. Principal and interest are due at the maturity of the note. As of June 30, 2014, the balance due on the line of credit was \$141,943.

NOTE H-LONG TERM DEBT-(Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities activities for the year ended June 30, 2014, were as follows:

	JUN	E 30, 2013	AD	DITIONS	DE	LETIONS	JUN	E 30, 2014
Governmental Activities: Note Payable-Citizens Deposit Bank	\$	126,233	\$	110,340	\$	41,500	\$	195,073
Total Govenmental Activities	\$	126,233	\$	110,340	\$	41,500	\$	195,073
Business-Type Activities: Note Payable- Citizens Deposit Bank	\$	193.626	\$	_	\$	51,683	\$	141,943
11000 1 dyadote- Citizolis Deposit Balik	\$	193,626	\$	-	\$	51,683	\$	141,943

NOTE I -INTEREST ON DEBT

Interest on debt on the Statement of Activities includes \$6,211 in interest on financing obligations.

NOTE J-RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risk of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, natural disasters. The City has obtained insurance coverage through a commercial insurance company. In addition, the City has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs through the efforts and cooperation of its department heads. Expenditures and claims are recognized when probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of loss is fixed or can be reasonably estimated.

The City attorney estimates that the amount of actual or potential claims against the City as of June 30, 2014, will not materially affect the financial condition of the City. Therefore, the General Fund contains no provision for estimated claims.

NOTE K-SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events that may require disclosure in the financial statements through December 12, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Budgete	d Amoi	ints	Actual	ariance with
		Original		Final	Amounts	 ive (Negative)
Budgetary fund balance, July 1	-\$	-	\$	-	\$ 96,194	\$ 96,194
Resources (inflows):						
Taxes						
Property		157,349		157,349	179,047	21,698
Payroll		294,719		294,719	289,666	(5,053)
Franchise taxes		24,000		24,000	26,768	2,768
In Lieu of taxes		10,000		10,000	14,687	4,687
Prop tax/ fire appar		25,500		25,500	27,113	1,613
Intergovernmental		86,771		154,471	31,095	(123,376)
Fines and forfeitures		12,740		12,740	6,894	(5,846)
License and permits		91,775		91,775	103,732	11,957
Interest received		1,000		1,000	877	(123)
Charges for services		294,020		294,020	326,721	32,701
Miscellaneous		14,000		14,000	28,136	14,136
Borrowed monies		-		-	110,340	110,340
Transfer in		244,095		249,653	 175,142	 (74,511)
Amounts available for appropriation		1,255,969		1,329,227	 1,416,412	 87,185
Charges to appropriations (outflows):						
General government		791,833		791,833	793,054	1,221
Public safety		291,296		291,296	299,976	8.680
Public works		172,840		246,098	99,587	(146,511)
Transfers out		<u>-</u>		-	86,760	 86,760
Total charges to appropriations		1,255,969		1,329,227	1,279,377	 (49,850)
Budgetary fund balance, June 30	\$		\$		\$ 137,035	\$ 137,035

CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY BUDGETARY COMPARISION STATEMENT GENERAL FUND-NOTE TO RSI For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

Note A- Explanation of Differences Between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

		General Fund	
Sources/inflows of resources:			
Actual amounts "available for appropriation" from			
the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	1,416,	412
Differences-budget to GAAP			
The beginning fund balance is a budgetary resource,			
but this is not a current year revenue for financial			
reporting purposes		(96,	194)
Proceeds from debt are inflows of budgetary			
resources, but not revenues for financial			
reporting purposes		(110,	340)
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary			
resources, but not revenues for financial			
reporting purposes		(175,	142)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues,			
expenditures, and changes in fund balances-			
governmental funds		1,034,	736
Uses/outflows of resources:			
Actual amount "total charges to appropriations"			
from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	1,279,	377
Differences-budget to GAAP:			
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary			
resources, but are not expenditures for financial			
reporting purposes	_	(86,	760)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of			
revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances-			
governmental funds	\$	1,192,6	517

CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	 al Revenue Funds unicipal Road Aid	-	Total	 Permanent Fund Cemetery Care	-	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 16,510	\$	16,510
Restricted cash	266,873		266,873	 274,306		541,179
Total assets	266,873		266,873	 290,816		557,689
FUND BALANCES						
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable				274,306		274,306
Restricted	266,873		266,873	-		266,873
Assigned	 -			 16,510		16,510
Total fund balances	\$ 266,873	\$	266,873	\$ 290,816	\$	557,689

CITY OF HICKMAN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCESNON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED

JUNE 30, 2014

	Special R Mun	evenue icipal Road Aid		Permanent Fund Cemetery Care	_ Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Alu		Care		Tunus	
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	123,966	\$	-	\$	123,966	
Charges for services		~		9,898		9,898	
Investment earnings		477		6,336		6,813	
Total revenues		124,443		16,234		140,677	
EXPENDITURES							
General government		-		20,659		20,659	
Public works		61,721		-		61,721	
Total expenditures		61,721		20,659		82,380	
Net change in fund balances		62,722		(4,425)		58,297	
Fund balances-beginning		204,151	***************************************	295,241		499,392	
Fund balances-ending	\$	266,873	\$	290,816	\$	557,689	

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CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

				General Go	vernment			Public Works	Public Sa	fety
				Finance &	Legal	General	Code	Street &		
	Le	gislative	Executive	Administrative	Council	Services	Enforcement	Parks	Police	Fire
Salaries	\$	18,900	\$ 43,088	\$ 62,619	\$ -	\$ 10,346	\$ 3,074	\$ 14,723	\$ 148,019	\$ 20,213
Payroll taxes		1,446	3,033	4,908	-	-	216	923	10,334	1,064
Employee benefits		-	2,615	13,233	-	-	-	5,593	22,435	-
Retirement benefits		•	7,899	9,845	-	-	-	3,068	25,798	963
Unemployment		-	-	-	-	10,280	-	-	-	-
Worker compensation		-	-	-	-	5,000	-	2,500	6,500	1,325
Professional services		-	-	7,317	10,200	36,395	-	•	536	2,574
Travel		331	759	136	-	-	•	-	175	-
Training		2,888	1,559	-	-	•	-	-	736	200
Dues/subscriptions		1,235	400	85	-	-	-	•	500	535
Telephone		-		4,265	-	-	-	-	2,768	2,767
Advertising		-	-	1,058	-	3,036	-	•	-	-
Insurance		-	-	-	75	35,759	-	-	•	-
Office supplies		-	297	5,606	-	-	-	-	151	164
Printing		-	-	4,489	-	-	-	•	-	-
Postage		-	-	6,734	-	•	-	•	-	-
Operating supplies		-	-	865	•		•	3,962	204	533
Operating equipment		-	-	6,692	•		-	2,670	5,758	802
Fuel		-	1,109	-	-	-	-	10,244	9,812	1,045
Maintenance		-	533	-	-	2,650	5,500	16,446	2,701	13,834
Uniforms		-	-	-	-		-	-	970	137
Utilities		~	-	•	-	10,742	•	39,458	7,538	8,885
Garbage collection		-	-	-	-	215,061	-	-	-	-
Contingencies		7,528	-	-	-	2,549	•	-	-	-
Animal control		-	-	-	-	1,034	-	-	-	-
Ambulance fees		-	-	-	-	104,954	-	-	•	-
Dispatch fees		-	-	-	-	60,000	•	-	-	-
Economic development		-	-	-	-	7,000	-	-	•	-
Debt retirement		-	•	41,500	-	-	-	•	•	-
Debt interest		-	-	9,211	-	•	•	-	-	-
Grant expenditures		-	_	-	-		-	•		
Sub-total		32,328	61,292	178,563	10,275	504,806	8,790	99,587	244,935	55,04
Operating transfers out	*****	-	-	-	*	83,760	-		<u> </u>	
Total	\$	32,328	\$ 61,292	\$ 178,563	\$ 10,275	\$ 588,566	\$ 8,790	\$ 99,587	\$ 244,935	\$ 55,04



Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable David Lattus, City of Hickman, Kentucky Mayor Members of the City of Hickman Council

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Hickman, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Hickman, Kentucky's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Hickman, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Hickman, Kentucky's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Hickman, Kentucky's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Hickman, Kentucky's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

December 12, 2014

omaine + Associates, PLLC

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