CITY OF AUGUSTA, KENTUCKY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Member of City Council City of Augusta, Kentucky Augusta, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of the City of Augusta, Kentucky (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund, of the City, as of June 30, 2024 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
 the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are condition or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing

standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Required Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City basic financial statements. The accompanying combining utility fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 23, 2025, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Maddox & Associates CPAs Inc.

Fort Thomas, Kentucky February 23, 2025

As management of the City of Augusta, Kentucky (City) we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets and deferred outflows of the City were more than its liabilities and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,371,116 (net position). The unrestricted net position, which represents the amounts available to meet the City's on995going obligations to citizens and creditors, \$1,353,515. The City's total net position decreased by \$927,995.

At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$647,050 an increase of \$29,847 from the prior year. Of this amount, \$605,444 is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

At the close of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund is approximately 35% of total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) the notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, police, fire, public works, and parks and recreation.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City are governmental funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for government funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains two governmental funds and four proprietary funds.

The City adopts an annual budget for its major funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for each major fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The fund financial statements can be found on pages 11-17 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 18-28 of this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the City's budgets. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 30-31 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position presents financial information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

Net Position

	June 30, 2024		Jur	ne 30, 2023		Change	
Current assets	\$	2,722,249	\$	3,425,432	\$	(703,183)	
Non-current assets		3,052,275		3,301,530	_	(249,255)	
Total assets		5,774,524		6,726,962		(952,438)	
Current liabilities		1,405,996		1,294,267		111,729	
Non-current liabilities		997,412		1,133,584		(136,172)	
Total liabilities		2,403,408		2,427,851		(24,443)	
Net invesment in capital assets		1,975,995		2,189,878		(213,883)	
Restricted		41,606		71,470		(29,864)	
Unrestricted		1,353,515		2,037,763		(684,248)	
Total net position	\$	3,371,116	\$	4,299,111	\$	(927,995)	

Governmental Funds Revenue a	nd Expend	itures				
	Ju	ne 30, 2024	Jui	ne 30, 2023		Change
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	334,245	\$	308,983	\$	25,262
Licenses		847,308		840,470		6,838
Intergovernmental		89,623		333,305		(243,682)
Charges for services		453,450		495,743		(42,293)
Other revenue		108,858		60,436		48,422
Total revenues	\$	1,833,484	\$	2,038,937	\$	(205,453)
Expenditures						
General government		365,356	\$	607,857	\$	(242,501)
Police		398,570		284,700		113,870
Fire		34,898		30,651		4,247
Sanitation		367,029		415,505		(48,476)
Public works		235,026		319,851		(84,825)
Tourism		82,554		85,949		(3,395)
Recreation		293,287		111,294		181,993
Capital outlay		-		11,290		(11,290)
Debt service principal		22,083		20,000		2,083
Debt service interest		4,834		5,383		(549)
Total expenditures	\$	1,803,637	\$	1,892,480	\$	(88,843)
Proprietary Funds Revenue and Revenues	•	ne 30, 2024	Jui	ne 30, 2023		Change
Sales	\$	1,347,756	\$	1,311,851	\$	35,905
Total revenues	\$ \$	1,347,756	\$	1,311,851	- \$ \$	35,905
Total revenues	_ _	1,547,750	- y	1,311,631	<u> </u>	33,303
Expenditures						
Salaries and wages	\$	404,759	\$	398,432	\$	6,327
Gas purchases		128,529		229,563		(101,034)
Chemicals and testing		54,239		64,714		(10,475)
Utilities and telephone		211,509		223,008		(11,499)
Professional fees		29,071		30,708		(1,637)
Insurance		16,872		19,278		(2,406)
Repairs		183,557		131,916		51,641
Transportation		12,730		17,127		(4,397)
Office		16,297		78,545		(62,248)
ARSA payments		717,074		-		717,074
Other expenses		140,436		-		140,436
Depreciation		160,340		162,701		(2,361)
Total expenditures	\$	2,075,413	\$	1,355,992	\$	719,421

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had \$3,052,275 net investment in capital assets.

Long-Term Obligations

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had \$997,412 in long-term liabilities.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The City does not anticipate any significant events or transactions that will impact the upcoming fiscal year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Clerk at 219 Main Street, Augusta, KY 41002.

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
Assets	Activities	Activities	Total		
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 188,103	\$ 655,688	\$ 843,791		
Restricted cash	41,606	· -	41,606		
Investments	430,465	100,000	530,465		
Receivables	32,150	97,907	130,057		
Due from other funds	23,000	1,153,330	1,176,330		
Noncurrent assets					
Capital assets, net	1,626,085	1,426,190	3,052,275		
Total assets	2,341,409	3,433,115	5,774,524		
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	12,480	38,343	50,823		
Payroll liabilities	17,120	-	17,120		
Unearned revenue	30,289	-	30,289		
Accrued interest payable	-	328	328		
Customer deposits	-	29,350	29,350		
Due to other funds	8,385	1,167,944	1,176,329		
Financed purchases	10,505	-	10,505		
Notes payable	25,000	66,252	91,252		
Noncurrent liabilities					
Compensated absences	10,430	12,459	22,889		
Financed purchases	43,235	-	43,235		
Notes payable	89,584	841,704	931,288		
Total liabilities	247,028	2,156,380	2,403,408		
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	1,457,761	518,234	1,975,995		
Restricted (deficit)	41,606	-	41,606		
Unrestricted (deficit)	595,014	758,501	1,353,515		
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 2,094,381	\$ 1,276,735	\$ 3,371,116		

	Expense	s	Charg Serv		G	Operating Grants and Contribution	G	Capital rants and ntributions	Revenue over Expenses
Governmental Activities									
General government	\$ 362,4	11	\$	-	\$	10,750	\$	-	\$ (351,661)
Police	352,5	85		-		53,709		-	(298,876)
Fire	34,8	98		-		-		-	(34,898)
Public works	166,8	25		-		25,164		-	(141,661)
Sanitation	367,0	29	40	3,499		-		-	36,470
Recreation	252,1	.99	4	9,951		-		-	(202,248)
Tourism	69,5	54		-		-		-	(69,554)
Capital outlay	-			-		-		-	-
Depreciation unallocated	149,2	39		-		-		-	(149,239)
Interest on long-term debt	5,7	41				-		_	(5,741)
Total governmental activities	1,760,4	81	45	3,450		89,623		-	(1,217,408)
Business-Type Activities									
Utilities	2,106,2	96	1,34	7,756		-		_	(758,540)
Total business-type activities	2,106,2	96	1,34	7,756		-		-	 (758,540)
Total city	\$ 3,866,7	77	\$ 1,80	1,206	\$	89,623	\$		 (1,975,948)
						vernmental Activities		iness-Type Activities	Total
Revenue over expenses					\$	(1,217,408)	\$	(758,540)	\$ (1,975,948)
General Revenues									
Tax revenue						334,245		-	334,245
License revenue						847,308		-	847,308
Other revenue						90,676		-	90,676
Interest income						18,182		2,549	20,731
Loss on disposal			_			-		(245,007)	(245,007)
Total general revenues			_			1,290,411		(242,458)	1,047,953
Change in net position						73,003		(1,000,998)	(927,995)
Net position (deficit) - beginning	g of year					2,021,378		2,277,733	4,299,111

2,094,381 \$ 1,276,735 \$

3,371,116

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position (deficit) - end of year

						Total
	(General	Re	creation	Gov	ernmental
		Fund		Fund		Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	188,103	\$	-	\$	188,103
Restricted cash		41,606		-		41,606
Investments		430,465		-		430,465
Receivables		32,150		-		32,150
Due from other funds		-		23,000		23,000
Total assets	\$	692,324	\$	23,000	\$	715,324
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	12,480	\$	-	\$	12,480
Payroll liabilities		17,120		-		17,120
Unearned revenue		30,289		-		30,289
Due to other funds		8,385		-		8,385
Total liabilities		68,274		-		68,274
Fund balances						
Restricted		41,606		-		41,606
Unassigned		582,444		23,000		605,444
Total fund balances		624,050		23,000		647,050
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	692,324	\$	23,000	\$	715,324

City of Augusta, Kentucky Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 647,050
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets	1,626,085
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Financed purchases	(53,740)
Notes payable	(114,584)
Compensated absences	(10,430)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,094,381

Taxes							
Revenues Fund Funds Taxes \$ 334,245 \$ - \$ 334,245 Licenses and permits 847,308 - 847,308 Intergovernmental 89,623 - 89,623 Charges for services 453,450 - 453,450 Other revenue 90,676 - 90,676 Investment income 18,182 - 1,833,484 Expenditures 365,356 - 365,356 Police 398,570 - 398,570 Fire 34,898 - 34,898 Sanitation 367,029 - 367,029 Public works 235,026 - 235,026 Tourism 82,554 - 293,287 Capital outlay - - - Debt service - - - Principal 22,083 - 22,083 Interest 4,834 - 4,834 Otal expenditures 1,803,637 -							
Taxes \$ 334,245 \$ - \$ 334,245 \$ Licenses and permits 847,308 - 847,308		(General	Re	creation	G٥١	
Taxes			Fund		Fund		Funds
Licenses and permits 847,308 - 847,308	Revenues						
Intergovernmental	Taxes	\$	334,245	\$	-	\$	334,245
Charges for services 453,450 - 453,450 Other revenue 90,676 - 90,676 Investment income 18,182 - 18,182 Total revenues 1,833,484 - 1,833,484 Expenditures 365,356 - 365,356 Police 398,570 - 398,570 Fire 34,898 - 34,898 Sanitation 367,029 - 367,029 Public works 235,026 - 235,026 Tourism 82,554 - 82,554 Recreation 293,287 - 293,287 Capital outlay - - - Debt service - - - - Principal 22,083 - 22,083 Interest 4,834 - 4,834 Total expenditures 1,803,637 - 1,803,637 Excess of revenues over (under) 29,847 - 29,847 Vet change in fun	Licenses and permits		847,308		-		847,308
Other revenue 90,676 - 90,676 Investment income 18,182 - 18,182 Intervenues 1,833,484 - 1,833,484 Expenditures 365,356 - 365,356 Police 398,570 - 398,570 Fire 34,898 - 34,898 Sanitation 367,029 - 367,029 Public works 235,026 - 235,026 Tourism 82,554 - 82,554 Recreation 293,287 - 293,287 Capital outlay - - - Debt service - - - - Principal 22,083 - 22,083 - 22,083 Interest 4,834 - 4,834 - 4,834 Otal expenditures 1,803,637 - 1,803,637 Excess of revenues over (under) - 29,847 - 29,847 Fund balances 29,847	Intergovernmental		89,623		-		89,623
Investment income 18,182	Charges for services		453,450		-		453,450
1,833,484 - 1,833,484 - 1,833,484	Other revenue		90,676		-		90,676
Expenditures General government 365,356 - 365,356 Police 398,570 - 398,570 Fire 34,898 - 34,898 Sanitation 367,029 - 367,029 Public works 235,026 - 235,026 Tourism 82,554 - 82,554 Recreation 293,287 - 293,287 Capital outlay - - - Debt service - - - - Principal 22,083 - 22,083 Interest 4,834 - 4,834 Total expenditures 1,803,637 - 1,803,637 Excess of revenues over (under) 29,847 - 29,847 Set change in fund balances 29,847 - 29,847 Fund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203	Investment income		18,182		-		18,182
General government 365,356 - 365,356 Police 398,570 - 398,570 Fire 34,898 - 34,898 Sanitation 367,029 - 367,029 Public works 235,026 - 235,026 Tourism 82,554 - 82,554 Recreation 293,287 - 293,287 Capital outlay - - - Debt service - - - Principal 22,083 - 22,083 Interest 4,834 - 4,834 Total expenditures 1,803,637 - 1,803,637 excess of revenues over (under) - - 29,847 - 29,847 Net change in fund balances 29,847 - 29,847 - 29,847 Jund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203	Total revenues	1	,833,484				1,833,484
General government 365,356 - 365,356 Police 398,570 - 398,570 Fire 34,898 - 34,898 Sanitation 367,029 - 367,029 Public works 235,026 - 235,026 Tourism 82,554 - 82,554 Recreation 293,287 - 293,287 Capital outlay - - - Debt service - - - Principal 22,083 - 22,083 Interest 4,834 - 4,834 Total expenditures 1,803,637 - 1,803,637 excess of revenues over (under) - - 29,847 - 29,847 Net change in fund balances 29,847 - 29,847 - 29,847 Jund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203	Expenditures						
Police 398,570 - 398,570 Fire 34,898 - 34,898 Sanitation 367,029 - 367,029 Public works 235,026 - 235,026 Tourism 82,554 - 82,554 Recreation 293,287 - 293,287 Capital outlay - - - Debt service - - - - Principal 22,083 - 22,083 Interest 4,834 - 4,834 Total expenditures 1,803,637 - 1,803,637 Excess of revenues over (under) - 29,847 - 29,847 Vet change in fund balances 29,847 - 29,847 Fund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203	-		365,356		_		365,356
Fire 34,898 - 34,898 Sanitation 367,029 - 367,029 Public works 235,026 - 235,026 Tourism 82,554 - 82,554 Recreation 293,287 - 293,287 Capital outlay - - - Debt service - - - Principal 22,083 - 22,083 Interest 4,834 - 4,834 Total expenditures 1,803,637 - 1,803,637 excess of revenues over (under) 29,847 - 29,847 Vet change in fund balances 29,847 - 29,847 Fund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203	_				_		
Sanitation 367,029 - 367,029 Public works 235,026 - 235,026 Tourism 82,554 - 82,554 Recreation 293,287 - 293,287 Capital outlay - - - Debt service - - - Principal 22,083 - 22,083 Interest 4,834 - 4,834 Total expenditures 1,803,637 - 1,803,637 excess of revenues over (under) - 29,847 - 29,847 Net change in fund balances 29,847 - 29,847 Fund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203	Fire		-		_		
Public works 235,026 - 235,026 Tourism 82,554 - 82,554 Recreation 293,287 - 293,287 Capital outlay - - - Debt service - - - Principal 22,083 - 22,083 Interest 4,834 - 4,834 Total expenditures 1,803,637 - 1,803,637 excess of revenues over (under) 29,847 - 29,847 Net change in fund balances 29,847 - 29,847 Fund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203	Sanitation		· -		_		
Tourism 82,554 - 82,554 Recreation 293,287 - 293,287 Capital outlay - - - Debt service - - - Principal 22,083 - 22,083 Interest 4,834 - 4,834 Total expenditures 1,803,637 - 1,803,637 excess of revenues over (under) - 29,847 - 29,847 Net change in fund balances 29,847 - 29,847 Fund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203					_		-
Recreation 293,287 - 293,287 Capital outlay - - - Debt service - - - Principal 22,083 - 22,083 Interest 4,834 - 4,834 Total expenditures 1,803,637 - 1,803,637 excess of revenues over (under) 29,847 - 29,847 expenditures 29,847 - 29,847 Set change in fund balances 29,847 - 29,847 Fund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203	Tourism				_		
Debt service Principal 22,083 - 22,083 Interest 4,834 - 4,834 Total expenditures 1,803,637 - 1,803,637 excess of revenues over (under) 29,847 - 29,847 expenditures 29,847 - 29,847 det change in fund balances 29,847 - 29,847 fund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203	Recreation		293,287		-		293,287
Principal Interest 22,083 - 22,083 Interest 4,834 - 4,834 Total expenditures 1,803,637 - 1,803,637 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 29,847 - 29,847 Vest change in fund balances 29,847 - 29,847 Fund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203	Capital outlay		-		-		-
Interest 4,834 - 4,834 Total expenditures 1,803,637 - 1,803,637 excess of revenues over (under) 29,847 - 29,847 expenditures 29,847 - 29,847 extended in fund balances 29,847 - 29,847 eund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203	Debt service						
Total expenditures 1,803,637 - 1,803,637 expenditures over (under) 29,847 - 29,847 Net change in fund balances 29,847 - 29,847 Fund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203	Principal		22,083		-		22,083
29,847 2	Interest		4,834		-		4,834
expenditures 29,847 - 29,847 Net change in fund balances 29,847 - 29,847 aund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203	Total expenditures	1	,803,637		-		1,803,637
Net change in fund balances 29,847 - 29,847 Fund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203	Excess of revenues over (under)						
fund balances - beginning 594,203 23,000 617,203	expenditures		29,847				29,847
	Net change in fund balances		29,847		-		29,847
fund balances - end of year \$ 624,050 \$ 23,000 \$ 647,050	Fund balances - beginning		594,203		23,000		617,203
	Fund balances - end of year	\$	624,050	\$	23,000	\$	647,050

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.	
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those asset is allocated	
over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay	166,922
Depreciation expense	(149,239)
Repayment of long-term debt are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net	
position.	25,473
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 73,003

Water Water Sewer Gas Treatment Fund Fund Fund Fund Total **Assets Current assets** \$ 168,790 269,525 \$ 174,024 655,688 Cash and cash equivalents 43,349 100,000 100,000 Investments Accounts receivable 20,046 41,047 10,484 26,330 97,907 Due from other funds 1,145,838 7,492 1,153,330 63,395 Total current assets 209,837 1,525,847 207,846 2,006,925 Noncurrent assets Net OPEB asset - CERS 54,922 Capital assets, net 13,286 88,815 1,269,167 1,426,190 1,269,167 Total noncurrent assets 54,922 13,286 88,815 1,426,190 **Total assets** 118,317 223,123 1,614,662 1,477,013 3,433,115 Liabilities **Current liabilities** Accounts payable 394 32,856 4,804 289 38,343 **Customer deposits** 12,750 16,600 29,350 Accrued interest payable 328 328 Due to other funds 579,988 587,956 1,167,944 Note payable Total current liabilities 593,132 620,812 21,404 617 1,235,965 Long-term liabilities Compensated absences 2,349 1,566 3,915 4,629 12,459 Note payable 40,556 867,400 907,956 42,905 Total long-term liabilities 1,566 3,915 872,029 920,415 **Total liabilities** 636,037 872,646 622,378 25,319 2,156,380 **Net position** Net investment in capital assets 54,922 13,286 88,815 1,269,167 1,426,190 Unrestricted (572,642) (412,541)1,500,528 (664,800)(149,455) \$ (399,255) Total net position (deficit) \$ (517,720) \$ 1,589,343 \$ 1,276,735 604,367

						
	Water	Sewer	Gas	Treatment	Interfund	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Elimations	Total
Operating revenues						
Sales	\$ 236,865	\$ 293,415	\$ 399,836	\$ 520,503	\$ (102,863)	\$ 1,347,756
Total operating revenues	236,865	293,415	399,836	520,503	(102,863)	1,347,756
Operating expenses					_	
Salaries and wages	74,170	34,945	72,556	223,088		404,759
Gas purchases	-	-	128,529	-		128,529
Chemicals and testing	-	17,307	-	36,932		54,239
Utilities and telephone	27,621	72,498	24,658	86,732		211,509
Professional fees	9,174	3,333	9,891	6,673		29,071
Insurance	2,380	4,375	1,716	8,401		16,872
Repairs	45,886	88,663	22,887	26,121		183,557
Water treatment	102,863	-	-	-	(102,863)	-
Transportation	3,689	-	9,041	-		12,730
Office	4,754	1,296	7,834	2,413		16,297
ARSA payments	-	717,074	-	-		717,074
Other expenses	18,305	3,267	40,901	77,963		140,436
Depreciation	15,990	26,928	10,522	106,900		160,340
Total operating expenses	304,832	969,686	328,535	575,223	(102,863)	2,075,413
Operating loss	(67,967)	(676,271)	71,301	(54,720)		(727,657)
Non operating revenues						
Loss on disposal	-	(245,007)	-	-		(245,007)
Interest expense	(981)	-	-	(29,902)		(30,883)
Interest income	1	260	3	2,285		2,549
Total other financing sources (uses)	(980)	(244,747)	3	(27,617)		(273,341)
Net change in fund balances	(68,947)	(921,018)	71,304	(82,337)	-	(1,000,998)
Fund balances - beginning of year	(448,773)	521,763	1,518,039	686,704		2,277,733
Fund balances - end of year	\$ (517,720)	\$ (399,255)	\$ 1,589,343	\$ 604,367	\$ -	\$ 1,276,735

	Utility
Cash flows from operating activities	 Fund
Cash received:	
From utility sales	\$ 1,356,193
Cash paid:	(
To employees	(403,802)
To suppliers	(128,529)
For operating expenses	 (1,182,036)
Net cash used in operating activities	 (358,174)
Cash flows from capital financing activities	
Repayment of principal	 (97,912)
Net cash provided by capital financing activities	 (97,912)
Cash flows from investing activities	
Purchases of equipment	(81,279)
Purchases of investments	(100,000)
Interest on investments	 2,549
Net cash provided by investing activities	 (178,730)
Net change in cash	(634,816)
Cash - beginning of year	 1,290,504
Cash - end of year	\$ 655,688
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities	
Operating loss	\$ (727,657)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash in operating activities	
Depreciation	160,340
Changes in:	
Receivables	11,777
Payables	32,457
Due to / due from	167,292
Customer deposits	(3,340)
Other liabilities	 957
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (358,174)

NOTE 1: ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Kentucky Revised Statutes and Ordinances of the City Council of the City of Augusta, Kentucky (City) designate the purpose, function, and restrictions of the various funds.

Reporting Entity

The City operates under a City Council government comprised of the Mayor and six council members. The financial statements of the City include all of the funds for which the Mayor and City Council are financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards was determined on the basis of the City's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management, and the scope of public services. The City has no component units or entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the City at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to determine legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds, if any, are presented in a single column.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or may not be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Kentucky. This is a major fund of the city.

Recreation Fund – The recreation fund is a special revenue fund that accounts recreation activities. The city has elected to treat this as a major fund.

Proprietary Fund Types

Water Fund – The water fund accounts for water services provided to customers of the City. The operations are funded by user charges. This is a major fund of the city.

Water Treatment Plant Fund – The water treatment plant fund accounts for water treatment operations and the sale of water to the Bracken County Water District. This is a major fund of the city.

Gas Fund – The gas fund accounts for gas services provided to customers of the City. The operations are funded by user charges. This is a major fund of the city.

Sewer Fund - The sewer fund accounts for sewer services provided to customers of the City. The operations are funded by user charges. This is a major fund of the city.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of year end. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accounting.

However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to long-term compensated absences and postemployment benefits are recorded only when payment is due.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with an initial maturity date of ninety days or less.

The City is authorized by state statute to invest in the following subject to additional requirements of KRS 66.480:

- Obligations of the United States and of its Agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of Deposit
- Bankers Acceptances
- Commercial Paper
- Bonds and Securities of other State and Local Governments
- Mutual Funds, Exchange Traded Funds, Individual Equity Securities and High-quality Corporate bonds managed by a professional investment manager

Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year are stated at cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

Receivables

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The taxes are billed on approximately October 1. If paid by October 31, a two-percent (2%) discount is applied. The face amount is due December 31. A 5% penalty is applied January 1.

Accounts receivables are presented, when necessary, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. No allowance has been recorded for the current fiscal year.

Capital Assets

General capital and leased assets are those assets that generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and disposals during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Esimated Lives
Buildings	25-50 years
Improvements	20 years
Utility system	40 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Equipment	7 years
Other	10 years

Payables and Accrued Liabilities

All payables and accrued liabilities are reported on the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences, contractually required pension and OPEB contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and other long-term obligations are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Compensated Absences

The City's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that has matured and is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees leave employment of the City and, upon separation from service, no monetary obligation exists.

Long-Term Obligations

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. Long-term debt consists of bonds, notes, and lease liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as an other financing source and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

Deferred Inflows

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and, are therefore, deferred until that time. The City recognized deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other postemployment benefits on the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, certain revenue transactions have been reported as unavailable revenue. Revenue that is earned by not available is reported as a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position consists of restricted net assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use by external parties or by law through enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position is the amount of net amount of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable. Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted. Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, enabling legislation, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed. Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by City Council ordinance.

Assigned. Amounts that are designated for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed or a there is majority passed vote by City Council.

Unassigned. All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the City's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the City's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance, and then to committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances in that order.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided or fines imposed by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on the decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, where are presented as internal balances.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature an infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during the fiscal year.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the City's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

An annual budget is adopted for each governmental fund by ordinance prior to July 1. The budget can be amended by a subsequent ordinance. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the function level.

Subsequent Events

The City evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition and disclosure through February 23, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial credit risk. This is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. At year end, the City's carrying amount was \$885,397. The bank balance is covered by FDIC insurance and collateralized securities held by the financial institution, but not in the name of the City. However, the collateralized amount is not enough to cover the carrying amount.

Investments

Custodial credit risk. This is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City maintains an investment account with a brokerage institution which holds investment's in the City's name.

Interest rate risk. This is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rate risk.

Credit risk. This is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. At year end, the City held US Treasury notes and certificates of deposit at insured banks.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Investments - Continued

At year end, the City had the following investments:

		Investmen	t Maturities	Fair Value Measuremer			
	Fair	Fair Less Than		Level 1	Level 2 - 3		
Investment	Value	1 Year	Years	Inputs	Inputs		
Certificates of deposit	\$ 12,292	10,000	2,292	\$ 12,292	\$ -		
KLOC Money Market fund	500,000	500,000	-	500,000	-		
KLPOC Equity S&P 500 Index Fund	18,173	18,173		18,173	_		
Total investments at fair value	\$ 530,465	\$ 528,173	\$ 2,292	\$ 530,465	\$ -		

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year is summarized below:

	Balance			Balance
Government Activities	7/1/2023	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2024
Capital assets				
Land	\$ 72,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 72,000
Park, pool, and shelter	533,005	-	-	533,005
Buildings and improvements	1,052,824	-	-	1,052,824
Streets	800,517	77,312	-	877,829
Lighting and dock	865,825	-	-	865,825
Vehicles	248,433	44,530	-	292,963
Other equipment	329,993	102,210	(9,016)	423,187
Total capital assets	3,902,597	224,052	(9,016)	4,117,633
Total accumulated depreciation	2,351,325	149,239	(9,016)	2,491,548
Capital assets - net	\$ 1,551,272	\$ 74,813	\$ -	\$ 1,626,085

Depreciation was not charged to any government functions and is reported as unallocated in the statement of activities.

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

	Balance			Balance
Business-Type Activities	7/1/2023	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2024
Capital assets				
Land	\$ 9,714	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,714
Water utility	4,355,945	69,454	-	4,425,399
Gas utility	869,056	9,213	-	878,269
Sewer utility	1,257,590	2,613	(1,228,142)	32,061
Total capital assets	6,492,305	81,280	(1,228,142)	5,345,443
Accumulated depreciation				
Water utility	2,978,421	122,890	-	3,101,311
Gas utility	779,567	10,523	-	790,090
Sewer utility	984,059	26,928	(983,135)	27,852
Total accumulated depreciation	4,742,047	160,341	(983,135)	3,919,253
Capital assets - net	\$ 1,750,258	\$ (79,061)	\$ (245,007)	\$ 1,426,190

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year is summarized below:

							Amount						
	E	Balance		Balance D					Du	e Within		Long-	
Governmental Activities	Ju	ly 1, 2023	Add	ditions	Re	ductions	Jun	June 30, 2024		One Year		Term	
Compensated absences	\$	10,430	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,430	\$	-	\$	10,430	
Series 2019A bonds		136,667		-		22,083		114,584		25,000		89,584	
Kubota		-	5	7,130		3,390		53,740		10,505		43,235	
Total governmental	\$	147,097	\$ 5	7,130	\$	25,473	\$	178,754	\$	35,505		143,249	
									Δ	Amount			
	E	Balance					E	Balance	Du	e Within		Long-	
Business-type Activities	Ju	y 1, 2023	Add	ditions	Re	ductions	Jun	June 30, 2024		June 30, 2024 One Year			Term
Compensated absences	\$	11,502	\$	957	\$	-	\$	12,459	\$	-	\$	12,459	
Series 2016C bonds		850,000		-		55,000		795,000		55,000		740,000	
Series 2004 bonds		74,600		-		2,200		72,400		2,200		70,200	
BTADD		50,385		-		9,829		40,556		9,052		31,504	
Total business-type	\$	986,487	\$	957	\$	67,029	\$	920,415	\$	66,252		854,163	

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Obligations outstanding at year end are as follows:

Governmental	Balance			Balance	Amount Due Within	Long- Term
Issue	July 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2024	One Year	Amount
Series 2019A	\$ 136,667	\$ 0	\$ 22,083	\$ 114,584	\$ 25,000	\$ 89,584
Total governmental	\$ 136,667	\$ 0	\$ 22,083	\$ 114,584	\$ 25,000	\$ 89,584
Business-Type	Dalama			Doloneo	Amount Due Within	Amount
Lancia	Balance	A -1 -1:4:	Dadi. attaua	Balance		Due Within
Issue	July 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2024	One Year	One Year
Series 2016C	\$ 850,000	\$ -	\$ 55,000	\$ 795,000	\$ 55,000	\$ 740,000
Series 2004	74,600	-	2,200	72,400	2,200	70,200
BTADD	50,385		9,829	40,556	9,052	31,504
Total business-type	\$ 974.985	\$ -	\$ 67.029	\$ 907.956	\$ 66.252	\$ 841.704

Debt service requirements for the City are as follows:

Governmental

June 30	F	Principal Interest				Total		
2025	\$	25,000		\$	4,174		\$	29,174
2026	25,000				3,361			28,361
2027	25,000			2,549				27,549
2028	25,000				1,731			26,731
2029	14,584				630			15,214
_Total	\$	114,584		\$	12,445		\$	127,029

Business-Type

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total		
2025	\$ 66,535	\$ 28,843	\$ 95,378		
2026	71,821	26,713	98,534		
2027	72,111	24,495	96,606		
2028	75,666	22,283	97,949		
2029	67,700	19,980	87,680		
2030-2034	360,700	65,887	426,587		
2035-2039	169,700	13,238	182,938		
2040-2044	24,500	3,392	27,892		
Total	\$ 908,733	\$ 204,831	\$ 1,113,564		

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Compensated absences

City employees earn vacation time based on length of service. Employees cannot opt for cash in lieu of time off. Employees also earn sick days based on length of service. Sick days are not paid out at retirement or termination and, therefore, are not accrued. Accrued compensated absences for vacation time at year end are \$27,889.

NOTE 5: OPERATING LEASES

The City has no operating leases requiring disclosure as right of use assets.

NOTE 6: CONTINGENCIES

Grants. The City receives funding from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. If the federal or state grantor finds that funds have not been used for the intended purposes, the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the City for its expenditures. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed expenditures, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the City's grant programs is contingent upon the grantors satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors intent to continue their programs.

Litigation. The City is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. It is neither possible to determine the outcome of these proceedings nor possible to estimate the effects adverse decisions may have on the future expenditures or revenue sources of the City. In the opinion of City management and its legal counsel these legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the accompanying financial statements. Therefore, no provision for any liability that may result upon adjudication of any cases has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City has obtained insurance coverage through a commercial insurance company. In addition, the City has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. All risk general liability management activities are accounted for in the General Fund. Expenditures and claims are recognized when probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

Management estimates that the amount of actual or potential claims against the City as of June 30, 2024, will not materially affect the financial condition of the City. Therefore, the General Fund contains no provision for estimated claims. No claim has exceeded insurance coverage amounts in the past three fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Budgete	d Am	ounts				Variance		
	 Original		Final	Actual		_	Fina	al to Actual	
Revenues	 								
Taxes	\$ 313,600	\$	313,600	\$	334,245		\$	20,645	
Licenses and permits	747,000		747,000		847,308			100,308	
Intergovermental	149,037		149,037		89,623			(59,414)	
Charges for services	467,700		467,700		453,450			(14,250)	
Other revenue	559,105		559,105		90,676			(468,429)	
Investment income	 -		-		18,182	_		18,182	
Total revenues	2,236,442		2,236,442		1,833,484	_		(402,958)	
Expenditures									
General government and tourism	902,022		902,022		447,910			454,112	
Police	463,746		463,746		398,570			65,176	
Fire	36,334		36,334		34,898			1,436	
Public works and sanitation	433,000		433,000		628,972			(195,972)	
Parks and recreation	 401,340		401,340		293,287	_		108,053	
Total expenditures	 2,236,442		2,236,442		1,803,637	_		432,805	
Net change in fund balances	-		-		29,847			29,847	
Fund balances - beginning of year	 617,203		617,203		617,203	_			
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 617,203	\$	617,203	\$	647,050		\$	29,847	

NOTE 1: BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY PROCESS

The City follows the procedures established pursuant to KRS 91A.030 in establishing the budgetary data included in the required supplementary information. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 2: EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGET

Expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts in the public works and sanitation function.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*



Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Augusta, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Augusta, Kentucky (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 23, 2025.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated February 23, 2025.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose

Maddox & Associates CPAs Inc.

Fort Thomas, Kentucky February 23, 2025 City of Augusta, Kentucky Management Letter June 30, 2024

2024-01 Bank Collateral. Bank collateral is not sufficient to cover the City's deposits. We recommend that the City work with the bank to obtain adequate collateral coverage. See Note 2 to the financial statements. This is a repeat from the prior year.

2024-02 Insurance Tax Receipts. Insurance tax receipts are inherently difficult to safeguard because cities have no way of knowing who is going to pay, when to expect payment, and how much they are going to pay. We recommend using a bank lockbox to receive insurance tax receipts. The bank will automatically deposit the receipts and provide the City with a report of activity. This is a repeat from the prior year.

2024-03 Bank Reconciliations. There are several dated outstanding items on the bank reconciliation. We recommend utilizing the accounting software to prepare the bank reconciliations and to research and clean up the outstanding reconciling items. This is a repeat from the prior year.

City Response. City management has reviewed these recommendations and will consider implementation where practical.