# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY Lexington, Kentucky

Financial Statements June 30, 2009

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## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Lexington Public Library 140 East Main Street Lexington, Kentucky 40507

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lexington Public Library, a component unit of Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009 as listed in the table of contents. The prior year comparative information has been derived from the Library's 2008 financial statements and, in our report dated November 10, 2008, we expressed unqualified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Library's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lexington Public Library as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 7, 2009 on our consideration of the Library's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

To the Board of Trustees Lexington Public Library 140 East Main Street Lexington, Kentucky 40507

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 9 and the budgetary comparison on page 39 are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

& Brush, LAP

Respectfully submitted,

Mountjoy & Bressler, LLP

October 7, 2009

### Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2009

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Library's share of the property tax increased 5% from the previous fiscal year.
- The Library made capital investments during the fiscal year for equipment and construction in progress.
- The construction on the Northside library was completed in September 2008. The Northside Library opened to the public in September 2008.
- The Library allocated 11% of its tax revenues for library materials.

# OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report includes this management's discussion and analysis report, the independent auditor's report and the basic financial statements, and the budgetary comparison schedule, which is not part of the basic financial statements, of the Library. The financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

## REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Library's financial statements present two kinds of statements, each with a different snapshot of the Library's finances. The focus is both the Library as a whole (government-wide) and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Library's overall financial status. The fund financial statements focus on individual funds of the Library, reporting the Library's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both perspectives (government-wide and fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis of comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the Library's accountability.

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the Library as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. One of the most important questions asked about the Library's finances is "Is the Library as a whole better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the Library's activities in a way that will help answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the net assets of the Library and the changes in net assets. One can think of the Library's net assets - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Library's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, one will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, and new or changed governmental legislation.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we divide the Library into two kinds of activities.

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS (Continued)

Governmental activities - Most of the Library's basic services are reported here including the Foundation. Property taxes, grants and other income finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities - The Library reports fees for service activities in this fund and this includes videos rental, copiers and other machines, and garage activity.

### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Traditional users of government financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar. The focus is now on the Library's funds. The fund financial statements provide more information about the Library's funds and not the Library as a whole.

The Library has two kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds: Most of the Library's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at the year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Library's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided at the bottom of the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Proprietary Funds: Services for which the Library charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LIBRARY AS A WHOLE

A comparative analysis of government-wide information is presented in the financial report.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LIBRARY AS A WHOLE (Continued) STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

A summary of the Library's Statement of Net Assets is presented in Table A-1.

### TABLE A-1 STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

## Condensed Statement of Net Assets

	Total				
A 4	2009	2008			
Assets					
Current and					
other assets	\$ 4,432,137	\$ 4,350,698			
Long-term investments	336,690	2,447,555			
Net Capital Assets	22,249,450	20,839,920			
Total Assets	\$27,018,277	\$27,638,173			
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities	\$ 1.734.571				
Long-term	\$ 1,734,571	\$ 1,843,993			
Liabilities	\$ 004 £19	0.505.504			
Total Liabilities	8,094,618 \$ 9,829,189	9,595,524			
	Ψ 2,023,103	\$11,439,517			
Net Assets					
Invested in					
Capital Assets,					
Net of Related					
Debt	\$13,696,168	\$10,790,342			
Restricted	40,524	2,501,833			
Unrestricted	3,452,396	2,906,491			
. Total Net Assets	\$17,189,088	\$16,198,666			
TP-4: 111 1 110:	***************************************				
Total liabilities and					
net assets	\$27,018,277	\$27,638,183			

The Library's total assets had little change over prior year.

The former Northside Branch building was sold to the University of Kentucky on September 22, 2008 for \$1,200,000. These funds were applied to long-term debt as an extra payment of principal. The Library's decrease in total liabilities was largely due to this extra principal payment.

A summary of the Library's Statement of Activities is presented in Table A-2.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LIBRARY AS A WHOLE (Continued)

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

## TABLE A-2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

## Condensed Statement of Activities

		otal			
Revenues	2009	2008	Change	Percent Change	Percent of total
LFUCG tax revenue	<b>\$</b> 13,065,890	\$ 12,408,049	\$ 657.841		
bearing .	,	12,100,049	\$ 657,841	5%	85%
Interest and investment earnings Capital grants and	66,474	235,863	(169,389)	-72%	0%
contributions Operating grants and	105,000	709,363	(604,363)	-85%	1%
con tributions	378,240	491,241	(113,001)	-23%	3%
Charges for services	681,196	704,197	(22.00.1)		
Otherrevenues	1,105,339	22,978	(23,001) 1,082,361	-3%	4%
Total Revenue .	15,402,139	14,571,691	830,448	4710%	7%
			030,448	6%	100%
Expenses Personnel	8,355,423	8,100,080	255,343	3%	58%
Operating expenses Grant-foundation	2,249,425 198,413	1,960,588	288,837	15%	16%
Books & materials	1,422,530	349,107	(150,694)	-43%	1%
Enterprise Depreciation and	500,924	1,434,770 586,114	(12,240) (85,190)	-1% -15%	10% 3%
am ontization -general fund Carnegie Payment	1,083,099 65,000	805,651	277,448	34%	8%
	05,000	100,000	(35,000)	-35%	0%
Library corporation Interest expense.	291,140 245,753	291,140 222,625	23,128	0%	2%
Total Expenses	14,411,707	13,850,075	561,632	100%	2%
Change In Net Assets	990,432	721,616	268,816	37%	100%
Net Assets - Beginnin g	16,198,656	15,477,040	721,616	5%	
COMMENT	17,189,088 \$	16,198,656		6%	

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LIBRARY AS A WHOLE (Continued)

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

While the Statement of Net Assets shows the financial position of the Library, the Statement of Activities provides answers as to the nature and source of these changes. The Library's main source of revenue, property tax, is approximately 84% of the Library's total revenue. The property tax revenue source increased 5%.

The personnel expense represents approximately 57% of total expenditures and increased 3% over the previous year's personnel expense.

### **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The Library adopts an annual Operating Budget following budget workshops with the Board of Trustees and a vote of the entire Board of Trustees. The operating budget includes proposed expenses and the means of financing them. The Library's operating budget is amended during the year if unusual events occurred. A fiscal year 2009 budget comparison for the current month and year to date is presented to management and the Board of Trustees as interim financial statements; however, they are not reported on nor shown on the financial statements section of this report.

The Library did not budget for the Northside Branch construction costs and the extra debt payment in the amount of \$1,200,000 After considering these unbudgeted items, the Library's actual expenditures, overall, were less than the approved budget. A 2009 budget comparison and analysis is presented in Table A-3 on page 8.

## BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

## BUDGET TO ACTUAL - 2009

### TABLE A-3 2009 BUDGET TO ACTUAL

Budget vs Actual

SUPPORT AND REVENUES	Budget	Actual	Over (Under)
KY Dept. of Libraries and Archives	\$ 170,028		Budget \$
Grants, other	25,000	117,071	
LFUCG tax revenue	13,065,900	13,065,900	92,071
Contributions	230,881	196,141	
Enterprise fund revenue	399,200	407,813	(34,740)
Fines and lost books	255,000	272,667	8,613
Interest income	82,000	120,091	17,667 38,091
Sale of Northside	,	1,200,000	,
Miscellaneous	20,000	8,532	1,200,000 (11,468)
Total support and revenues	14,248,009	15,558,243	1,310,234
EXPENSES			
Personnel	8,509,446	0 475 204	<b>/-</b>
Operating expenses	2,123,394	8,475,384	(34,062)
Library materials	1,483,611	2,418,333	294,939
Transfer to LPL Corporation	291,140	1,422,530	(61,081)
Grant Expenses	25,000	291,140	
Carnegie transfer	65,000	6,527	(18,473)
Depreciation/interest- enterprise	·	65,000	
Investment loss	298,500	313,730	15,230
Capital purchases	925.014	53,617	53,617
Construction	835,014	451,346	(383,668)
Debt service	457 425	2,307,317	2,307,317
Friends donation	456,435	1,659,742	1,203,307
Total expenses	100,881	89,050	(11,831)
•	14,188,421	17,553,716	3,365,295
SUPPORT AND REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	59,588	(1,995,473)	2,055,061
Changes in fund balances Fund balances-	59,588	(1,995,473)	2,055,061
beginning of year	5,481,514	5,481,514	
FUND BALANCES-END OF YEAR	\$ 5,541,102	\$ 3,486,041	\$ 2,055,061

### CAPITAL ASSETS

The Library invested a total of \$2,758,663 in capital assets purchased and in construction in progress. The Library will continue to invest in new technology and replace capital assets and study expansion plans in accordance with the Library's strategic plan.

### **DEBT ADMINSTRATION**

### **Business-Type Long-Term Debt**

The Library maintains cash and investments in the Public Library Corporation in order to retire its long-term debt in a timely manner. During the past fiscal year the Library transferred \$291,140 to the Public Library Corporation to pay current debt service. The Library's outstanding long-term debt held by the Public Library Corporation at June 30, 2009 amounted to \$3,232,690. This debt had an original principal balance of \$3,515,000. The debt purchased the parking garage (\$3,001,000) and provided cash (\$514,000) for renovation of the garage. This garage debt will be repaid through the operation of the parking garage.

### Governmental Long-Term Debt

In September 2007, the Library closed on financing for the Northside branch with the Kentucky League of Cities. Financing consists of two notes. The first note is a twenty year loan for \$5,200,000 at a fixed rate of 3.94%. The second note is a twenty year loan for \$1,500,000 with a variable rate. The balance of both loans was \$5,157,833 at June 30, 2009. The balance in the cash account held at the Bank of New York was \$336,693 at June 30, 2009.

# CONTACTING THE LIBRARY FINANCIAL MANAGER

The financial report is designed to provide the citizens of Lexington-Fayette County and its creditors with a general overview of the Library's finances and to demonstrate the Library's accountability of the money it receives. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information, contact The Lexington Public Library, 140 East Main Street, Lexington, Kentucky 40507.

# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2009 (With Comparative Totals As Of June 30, 2008)

# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF NETS ASSETS

June 30, 2009

(With Comparative Totals As Of June 30, 2008)

	P	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-Type	2009	2008		
ACCIONO	Activities	Activities	Totals	Totals		
ASSETS				201419		
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,777,113	\$ 2,070	\$ 1,779,183	\$ 1,639,713		
Short-term investments	2,076,305		2,076,305	2,261,567		
Accounts receivable			, ,	-,-01,507		
Due from enterprise fund	234,679		234,679	187,071		
Due from general fund Other		127,865	127,865	107,796		
	41,232	14,460	55,692	45,497		
Prepaid expenses Total Current Assets	132,839	25,571	158,410	109,054		
rotal Current Assets	4,262,168	169,966	4,432,134	4,350,698		
Noncurrent Assets:				1,000,000		
Long-term investments	276 602					
Unamortized bond issuance cost	336,693	#1.1co	336,693	2,447,555		
Capital assets	111,599	51,160	162,759	170,408		
Nondepreciable	4,000,745		4 8 8 8 8 1 1			
Depreciable, net	-	2 227 400	4,000,745	9,608,821		
	14,748,538	3,337,408	18,085,946	11,060,691		
Total Noncurrent Assets	19,197,575	3,388,568	22,586,143	23,287,475		
Total Assets	\$ 23,459,743	\$ 3,558,534	\$ 27,018,277	\$ 27,638,173		
LIABILITIES				=		
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	510.720					
Accrued payroll	510,720		510,720	731,895		
Accrued vacation	162,547 336,477		162,547	149,796		
Payroll liabilities			336,477	289,259		
Unearned revenue	29,363	501	29,363	57,598		
Accrued interest payable	10 077	501	501	1,025		
Due to enterprise fund	18,873	17,641	36,514	35,907		
Due to general fund	127,865	0046-0	127,865	107,796		
Current portion of long-term debt	777 667	234,679	234,679	187,071		
Total Current Liabilities	223,667	72,238	295,905	283,646		
Noncurrent Liabilities:	1,409,512	325,059	1,734,571	1,843,993		
Bonds payable						
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	4,934,166	3,160,452	8,094,618	9,595,524		
Total Liabilities	4,934,166	3,160,452	8,094,618	9,595,524		
	6,343,678	3,485,511	9,829,189	11,439,517		
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	13,591,450	104,718	12 (0/ 1/0	10 700 74		
Restricted For:	-0,00 1,700	104,/10	13,696,168	10,790,342		
Projects and programs	93,157		02.150			
Construction	(52,633)		93,157	220,488		
Unrestricted	3,484,091	(21 (05)	(52,633)	2,281,345		
W . 157	3,404,031	(31,695)	3,452,396	2,906,481		
Total Net Assets	\$ 17,116,065 \$	73,023 \$	17,189,088	16,198,656		
		Ψ Ψ	17,107,000	16,198,656		

# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (With Comparative Totals As Of June 30, 2008)

LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (With Comparative Totals As Of June 30, 2008) (Continued)

> Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	2009 Totals	2008 Totals
\$	(8,355,423)	\$	•	
	(2,248,710)	ф	\$ (8,355,423)	\$ (8,100,080
	(75,730)		(2,248,710)	(1,959,618
	(6,456)		(75,730)	(141,050
	91,985		(6,456)	61,517
	105,000		91,985	19,104
	(979,834)		105,000	105,000
	(1,083,099)		(979,834)	(985,807)
	(245,753)		(1,083,099)	(805,651)
	(291,140)		(245,753)	(222,625)
-	(13,089,160)		(291,140)	(291,140)
	(15,005,100)	-	(13,089,160)	(12,320,350)
		18,575	10	
		275,071	18,575	40,931
		(73,027)	275,071	300,869
		(151,342)	(73,027)	(138,859)
		(162,388)	(151,342)	(163,151)
		(93,111)	(162,388)	(169,077)
		(93,111)	(93,111)	(129,287)
	(13,089,160)	(93,111)	\$ (13,182,271) \$	(12,449,637)
	13,065,890			
	65,924	550	13,065,890	12,408,049
	7,817	230	66,474	235,863
	1,097,522		7,817	22,978
			1,097,522	
	(65,000)			604,363
1	4,172,153	***	(65,000)	(100,000)
	1,082,993	550	14,172,703	13,171,253
1	6,033,072	(92,561)	990,432	721,616
	0,033,072	165,584	16,198,656	15,477,040
11	7,116,065 \$	73,023 \$	17,189,088 \$	

# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2009 (With Comparative Totals As Of June 30, 2008)

# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2009 (With Comparative Totals As Of June 30, 2008)

ASSETS Current Assets	General Fund	Library Foundation	Library Collection Materials Fund	Construction Fund	2009 Total Governmental Funds	2008 Total Governmenta Funds
Cash and cash equivalents						- Tunus
Unrestricted						
Restricted	\$1,739,876	\$ 34,674	\$	\$	\$ 1,774,550	<b>#</b> 1 coo
Short-term investments				2,563		\$ 1,633,177
Construction bond fund	1,930,258	146,047		2,505	2,563	2,541
		-		336,693	2,076,305	2,261,567
Accounts receivable - other	41,232			220,093	336,693	2,447,555
Due from other funds	374,453		199,181		41,232	29,677
Due from enterprise fund	234,679		177,101		573,634	414,655
Prepaid expenses - restricted					234,679	187,071
Other assets	94,964		37,875		37,875	22,844
Total assets	\$4,415,462	£ 100.731			94,964	85,605
		\$ 180,721	\$ 237,056	\$ 339,256	\$ 5,172,495	\$ 7,084,692
LIABILITIES AND FUND BA Current Liabilities	LANCES					
Accounts payable	\$ 510 720					
Accrued payroll		\$	\$	\$	\$ 510,720	\$ 727,006
Accrued vacation	162,547		•		162,547	
Accrued interest	336,477				336,477	149,796
Payroll liabilities	18,873				18,873	289,259
Due to other funds	29,363					22,652
	327,046	87,564		286,889	29,363	57,598
Total current liabilities	1,385,026	87,564			701,499	522,451
Fund balances:				286,889	1,759,479	1,768,762
Unre ser ve d						
Special Revenue Fund						
General			237,056		025.54	
	3,030,436		,		237,056	175,700
Reserved		93,157		52.24 <b>m</b>	3,030,436	2,638,397
·		20,10,		52,367	145,524	2,501,833
Total Fund Balances	3,030,436	93,157	225.056			
TOTAL LIABILITES		73,137	237,056	52,367	3,413,016	5,315,930
AND FUND BALANCES	<b>A</b>					
EMBARCES	\$ 4,415,462 <b>\$</b>	180,721 \$	237,056 \$	339,256 \$	5,172,495 \$	# DU L CO*
Raconoffication					3,172,493	7,084,692
Reconciliation of the Balance Shee	et - Governmental)	Funds to State	ment of Net	l acata.		
TOWN THIN DRIANCES				330 13.		
Amounts Reported For Government	al Amatorite v	_		\$	3,413,016	
Of Net Assets Are Different Becau	a Activities in The	Statement			,,	
Canital Assets Head in Co	ise:				•	
Capital Assets Used in Governm And Therefore Are Not Repor	ental Activities Are	Not Financial	Resources			
The rection	EU ID IDe Crovernme	ntal Funds.			19740 202	
The strategy of the strategy o	2 f				18,749,283	
Short-term and Long-term Debt Therefore, Is Not Reported in a	ls Not Due and Paya he Governmental Fi	ble in the Curr ands.	ent Period and		111,599	
Bonds debt						
T					(5,157,833)	
of Assets Of Governmental A						
et Assets Of Governmental Activition	es			¢ -	17,116,065	

# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF SUPPORT, REVENUE, EXPENDIUTRES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (With Comparative Totals As Of June 30, 2008)

Made to 1941 1945	and the second was a promise of a second	101-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-		
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### LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY

### STATEMENT OF SUPPORT, REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (With Comparative Totals As Of June 30, 2008)

SUPPORT	2009 Totals Governmental Funds	2008 Totals  Governmental Funds
Grants		GOVETAINE HAR FUROS
Ky Dept of Libraries and Archives	\$ 170,028	8 \$ 202,254
Construction grant	105,000	202,237
Grants, other	12,071	
LFUCG appropriation	12,077	76,458
Unrestricted	11,582,289	) 10.024.420
Restricted	1,483,611	10,524,450
Donations Unrestricted	1,703,011	2,087,974
Friends (unrestricted)		2,020
Restricted	99,968	90,000
Total support	96,173	
*******	13,549,140	
REVENUE		13,000,344
Fines and lost books	272 //7	
Investment income	272,667	246,400
Unrestricted	00.554	
Restricted	80,574	115,463
Rental income	38,967	139,906
Miscellaneous	715	970
Donations	7,817	22,688
Total revenue		309
Total support and revenue	400,740	525,736
	13,949,880	14,132,080
EXPENDITURES		
Salaries and employee benefits	8,475,384	9 217 177
Operating expenditures	2,312,206	8,216,176
Construction	2,307,317	2,103,918
Investment loss	53,617	5,108,234
Books and materials	1,422,530	20,206
Operating sublease expenditures	291,140	1,434,770
Friends program support	7,983	291,140
Grant expenditures	6,527	72,916
Debt services		16,941
Total Expenditures	1,659,742	472,632
Support and revenue over	16,536,446	17,736,933
(under) expenditures		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,586,566)	(3,604,853)
Proceeds from Northside sale		
Bond Debt Proceeds	1,200,000	
	,	6,700,000
Payment to Carnegie Literacy Center, Inc.	(65,000)	
Purchase of property & equipment	(451,346)	(100,000)
Interfund transfer	(13.233.70)	(228,951)
Net other financing sources (uses)	683,654	( 201
Net Change in Fund Balances	000,004	6,371,049
Fund Balances - Beginning	(1,902,912)	2,766,196
Dogmining	5,315,930	2,549,734
Fund Dalances D. P.		7,0 17,104
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 3,413,018	\$ 5215.020
	2,.20,010	\$ 5,315,930

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF SUPPORT, REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES -

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF SUPPORT, REVENUE, EXPENDITURESAND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES -

### For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

## Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(1,902,912)
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities Are Different Because: Governmental Funds Report Capital Outlays as Expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the Cost of Those Assets Is Allocated Over Their Estimated Useful Lives and Reported as Depreciation Expense.		
Construction in Progress Depreciable assets Depreciation/Amortization Expense Sale of Northside Net gain on sale of Northside Bond Debt Principal Payments	·······	2,146,298 611,195 (1,083,099) (1,200,000) 1,097,522 1,413,989
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	_\$	1,082,993

# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2009 (With Comparative Totals As Of June 30, 2008)

# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2009 (With Comparative Totals As of June 30, 2008)

	Enterprise Fund	Parking Fund	2009 Total Proprietary Fund	2008 Total Proprietary Fund
ASSETS			*	
Current assests  Cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investments	\$ 1,070	\$ 1,000	\$ 2,070	\$ 3,995
Accounts receivables  Due from general fund  Prepaid expenses	127,865 752	14,460	14,460 127,865 25,572	15,820 107,796 605
Total current assets	129,687	40,280	169,967	128,216
Noncurrent assets Unamortized bond issuance cost Capital assets, net of depreciation	221,878	51,160 3,115,529	51,160 3,337,407	52,888 3,498,068
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 351,565	\$3,206,969	\$ 3,558,534	\$ 3,679,172
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current liabilities				3,017,112
Accounts payable Accrued interest payable	\$	\$ -	\$ .	\$ 4,889
Unearned revenue		17,641	17,641	13,255
Due to general fund		501	501	1,025
Current portion of long-term debt		234,679	234,679	187,071
-		72,238	72,238	69,657
Total current liabilities		325,059	325,059	275,897
Long-term debt		3,160,452	3,160,452	3,237,691
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	221,878	(115.164)		
Unrestricted		(117,161)	104,717	190,720
	129,687	(161,381)	(31,694)	(25,136)
Total net assets	351,565	(278,542)	73,023	165,584
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 351,565	3,206,969	\$ 3,558,534	\$ 3,679,172

# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 With Comparative Totals As Of June 30, 2008)

# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (With Comparative Totals As of June 30, 2008)

Operating revenues	Enterprise Fund	Parking Fund	2009 Total Proprietary Fund	2008 Total Proprietary Fund
Video rentals and fines Copy sales Parking revenue Miscellaneous expense	\$ 64,751 67,991	\$ 275,071	\$ 64,751 67,991 275,071	\$ 95,797 60,161 300,869 290
Total operating revenues	132,742	275,071	407,813	457,117
Operating expenses Operating expenses Depreciation/Amortization	113,076 7 <b>,4</b> 02	74,118 84,986	187,194 162,388	253,886 169,077
Total operating expenses	190,478	159,104	349,582	422,963
Total operating income (loss)	(57,736)	115,967	58,231	34,154
Nonoperating revenues and (expenses) Interest income Interest expense	550	(151,342)	550 (151,342)	700 (163,151)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	550	(151,342)	(150,792)	(162,451)
Change in net assets	(57,186)	(35,375)	(92,561)	(128,297)
Total net assets-beginning	408,751	(243,167)	165,584	293,881
TOTAL NET ASSETS-ENDING	\$ 351,565	\$ (278,542)	\$ 73,023	\$ 165,584

### LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (With Comparative Totals As Of June 30, 2008)

### LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

(With Comparative Totals As Of June 30, 2008)

						*			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Enterprise Fund		Parking Fund		2009 Total Proprietary Fund		2008 Total Proprietary Fund	
Receipts from customers Payroll payments	5	132,59	6	\$ 250,584 (15,569		\$ 383,180	\$	441,943	
Payments to suppliers		(113,07	(6)	(58,549	-	(15,569) (171,625)		(22,892)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		19,52	Principles:	176,460	-	195,986		(224,444)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						173,780		194,607	
Purchases of capital assets Transfer from (to) general fund Bond principal debt paid Interest paid on capital debt	White	(20,070	0)	47,609 (74,658 (151,342	)	27,539 (74,658) (151,342)		(2,288) 41,118 (71,541) (164,631)	
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		(20,070	))	(178,391)	)	(198,461)		(197,342)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income		55(	0			550	<del></del>	700	
Net eash provided by financing activities		55(	 }		_				
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			<u> </u>	(1,925)	•	(1,925)	<del></del>	700	
Balances-beginning of year		1,070		·				(2,035)	
BALANCES-END OF THE YEAR	\$	1,070		2,925 1,000	<u> </u>	3,995 2,070	\$	6,030 3,995	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities  Operating income  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	(57,736)	\$	115,967	\$		\$	34,154	
Depreciation and amortization expense Changes in asset and liabilities Accounts receivable		77,402		84,986		162,388		169,077	
Prepaid expenses Accounts payable Interest payable Deposits		(146)		1,360 (24,820) (4,889) 4,386 501		1,360 (24,966)		6,665 6,550	
Unearned revenue  Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	19,520	\$ 1	(1,025)	\$	(1,025)		(21,839)	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Noncash capital and related financing activities: Amortization of bond issue cost	•		<u> </u>			195,986 \$		194,607	
:	\$		\$	1,728	\$	1,728 \$		2,074	

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### LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2009

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Nature of Organization

Lexington Public Library (the Library) is a governmental entity established as a tax-supported library in 1898. The Library is a component unit of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government. The Library is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees that is empowered by Chapter 173 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes. The primary mission of the Library is to maintain a free public library in Lexington-Fayette County, Kentucky with financial support provided by the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government (LFUCG). The LFUCG support is provided in the form of annual appropriations based upon property assessments.

The Library's financial statements include the assets and liabilities of the Lexington Public Library Foundation, Inc. The Foundation was formed in May 1997 for the purpose of benefiting, promoting, supporting, encouraging, and enhancing the program and facilities of the Lexington Public Library. The purpose of the Foundation is twofold; one, to provide financial support for specific projects of any type it considers appropriate; and two, to assist the Board of Trustees of the Library and its Advisory Board in making the Library more valuable to the entire community.

#### Basis of Presentation

The Library's financial statements are presented in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards, Board Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Government." Statement No. 34 established financial reporting requirements for all state and local governments and consists of the following:

Management's discussion and analysis (required supplementary information);

Basic Financial Statements
Government-wide financial statements
Fund financial statements
Notes to the financial statements

The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These statements display information about the Library as a whole. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for individual funds.

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Library. Their focus is on individual funds rather than reporting funds by type. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the Library. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Library Foundation Fund - This fund is used to account for restricted donations made to the Library. The primary source of revenue for this fund is from library patronages. The major expenditures for this fund are salaries and a portion of the Library's operating expenditures.

Library Collection Materials Fund – This fund is used to account for library materials purchased and collections from late fees and fines. The primary source of revenue for this fund is transfers from the general fund for property taxes. The major expenditures for this fund are books and materials for the Library.

Construction Fund – This fund is for library construction. The primary source of income for this fund is debt incurred. The major expenditures for this fund are construction costs and interest costs from debt.

The primary government has no non-major funds.

### Special Revenue Funds

The Library Foundation, Library Collection Materials Fund, and Construction Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements or Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, unless the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) adopts such FASB Statements or Interpretations.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Enterprise Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to video rentals and copiers.

Parking Income Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to the parking garage that the Library owns.

#### Short-Term Investment

Short-term investments consist of certificates of deposit with initial maturities greater than three months. Fair value approximates carrying amounts.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are stated at cost. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against their operations. The costs of books are expensed when purchased. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset, which varies from five to twenty years.

#### Income Taxes

The Foundation is exempt from Federal income taxes under Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made.

In December 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) FIN 48-3, "Effective Date of FASB Interpretation No. 48 for Certain Nonpublic Enterprises." FSP FIN 48-3 permits an entity within its scope to defer the effective date of FASB Interpretation 48 (Interpretation 48), Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, to its annual financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Foundation has elected to defer the application of Interpretation 48 for the year ending June 30, 2009. The Foundation evaluates its uncertain tax positions using the provisions of FASB Statement 5, Accounting for Contingencies. Accordingly, a loss contingency is recognized when it is probably that a liability has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The amount recognized is subject to estimate and management judgment with respect to the likely outcome of each uncertain tax position. The amount that is ultimately sustained for an individual uncertain tax position or for all uncertain tax positions in the aggregate could differ from the amount recognized.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of statements of cash flows, the Library considers all highly-liquid investments with an initial maturity of three month or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### **Change in Required Disclosures**

Financial Accounting Standard 165 – Subsequent Events was adopted as of June 30, 2009. The Library evaluated events occurring between the end of its most recent fiscal year and October 7, 2009 the date the financial statements were issued.

### Note 2. Cash and Investments

Kentucky Revised Statues authorize governmental entities to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies, obligations of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and its agencies, shares in savings and loan associations insured by federal agencies and deposits in national or state chartered banks insured by federal agencies and larger amounts in such institutions providing such banks pledge as security obligations of the United States government or its agencies.

The carrying amount of the Library's cash and cash equivalents deposits at June 30, 2009 was \$1,779,183. The carrying amount of the Library's short-term investments at June 30, 2009 was \$2,976,305.

#### Note 3. Deposits

The Library maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the Library and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

## Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2009, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

# Note 4. Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Agreements

The Library is funded by the LFUCG, equivalent to \$.015 per \$100 valuation of tobacco in storage and \$.05 per each \$100 valuation of all other property assessed for local taxation in Lexington, Fayette County, Kentucky under Kentucky Revised Statues 173.360.

The Library and the Lexington Public Library Corporation (the Corporation), which was established in 1985 for the purpose of providing a means to finance the construction of a new central library, entered into a Memorandum of Agreement (the Agreement) in March 1986, to facilitate this construction process and to facilitate the expansion of library materials and other future capital projects. The Agreement specified that the Library provide the Corporation with 24% of its appropriations from the LFUCG for fiscal year 1989 and each fiscal year thereafter until the debt obligations approved by the Library and incurred by the Corporation have been paid or until such other time as the Library and Corporation determine by mutual agreement. This agreement was amended in 2006 for the current fiscal and future fiscal years reducing the transfer to current debt service until all debts are paid.

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 6/30/2008	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2009
Depreciable capital assets Land improvements Village branch construction Buildings and improvements Furniture/equipment	\$ 70,279 556,936 13,772,208 6,807,317	\$ 151,466 7,660,374 459,729	\$ 1,192,310	\$ 70,279 708,402 20,240,272
Totals at Cost Less: accumulated depreciation: Depreciable capital assets, net	21,206,740 13,644,117 7,562,623	8,271,569 1,077,176 7,194,393	1,192,310.0 (1,183,832) 8,478	7,267,046 28,285,999 13,537,461 14,748,538
Nondepreciable capital assets Land Construction-in progress Artistic clock	3,633,842 5,514,076 460,903	·	94,000 5,514,076	3,539,842
Business-Type Activities: Furniture/equipment Parking garage & improvements	9,608,821 682,312 3,465,759	-	5,608,076	4,000,745
Totals at cost ess: accumulated depreciation	4,148,071 650,003	160,660		3,465,759 4,148,071 810,663
apital assets net	\$ 3,498,068	<u>(160,660)</u> s	<u>.                                    </u>	\$ 3,337,408

Depreciation expense was charged as follows:

Governmental Activities: Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	1,077,176
Business-Type Activities  Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	<u>\$</u>	160,660

### Note 6. Retirement Plan

The Library has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 13.50 percent. The Library's contribution for the year ended June 30, 2009 was \$692,007 and the employees contributed \$256,299.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

## Note 7. Interfund Transactions

Interfund loans on the fund statements at June 30, 2009 consist of the following receivables and payables:

Fund	Receivables		Payable	
General Fund Collection Materials Construction Proprietary Funds Foundation		609, 132 199, 181	\$ 327,046	
	:	127,865	286,889 234,679	
	\$ 9	36,178	\$7,564 \$ 936,178	

### Note 8. Risk Management

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In addition to its general liability insurance, the Library also carries commercial insurance for all other risks of loss such as worker's compensation and employee health and accidental insurance.

LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

## Note 9. Long-Term Liabilities

#### A. Parking Garage Debt

The Library purchased the Park Plaza Garage on April 29, 2005 through a competitive bid process for \$3,001,000. The Library's Board of Trustees determined that in the long-term interest of the Lexington Public Library the purchase and operation of the parking garage was required. It was also determined that an additional \$514,000 would be required to repair and improve the facility. The Library borrowed \$3,515,000 from the Kentucky League of Cities for a term of 29 years. The debt was broken down into a fixed rate loan of \$2,970,000 with a rate of 4.28% and a variable rate loan of \$545,000. The final maturity of the debt is April 21, 2034. The variable rate is based on an assumed rate that is established at the beginning of each fiscal year. The effective rate at June 30, 2009 was 3.00%.

Fiscal Year Ended	Business-Type Activities				
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total		
2010 2011	72,238	154,617	226,855		
2012	75,192	151,159	226,351		
2013	78,049	147,836	225,885		
2014	81,717 73,090	143,666	225,383		
2015-2019	519,257	151,298 618,001	224,388		
2020-2024	633,227	497,196	1,137,258 1,130,423		
2025-2029 2030-2034	802,442	337,556	1,139,998		
2030-2034	897,478	102,453	999,931		
Γotals	\$ 3,232,690 <b>\$</b>	2,303,782 \$	5,536,472		

Bond issue costs in the amount of \$58,988 were incurred in relation to the borrowings. These costs are being amortized over the life of the bonds. Amortization for the year amounted to \$1,728.

#### B. Construction Debt

The Library obtained financing for the construction of the Northside branch on September 21, 2008. The Library borrowed \$6,700,000 from the Kentucky League of Cities for a term of 20 years. The debt was broken down into a fixed rate loan of \$5,200,000 with a rate of 3.94% and a variable rate loan of \$1,500,000. The final maturity of the debt is November 1, 2027. The variable rate is based on a weekly rate that is reported to the Kentucky League of Cities by the remarketing agent. At June 30, 2009 the effective rate was 1.63%.

#### LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

Note 9. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

## B. Construction in Progress Debt (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended	Governmental Activities					
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total			
2010	223,667	237,166	460 022			
2011	254,285	207,820	460,833 462,105			
2012	244,964	217.713	,			
2013	257,448	206,258	462,677			
2014	213,109	194,633	463,706			
2015-2019	1,202,303	812,727	407,742			
2020-2024	1,519,215	495,815	2,015,030			
2025-2028	1,242,842	•	2,015,030			
Totals	\$ 5,157,833 \$	2,506,226	1,376,936 \$ 7,664,059			

Bond issue costs in the amount of \$121,538 were incurred in relation to the borrowings. These costs are being amortized over the life of the bonds. Amortization for the year amounted to \$5,923.

## C. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Debt Obligations	\$ 6,571,822		\$ 1,413,989	\$ 5,157,833	\$ 223,667
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 6,571,822	<u>.</u>	\$ 1,413,989	\$ 5,157,833	\$ 223,667

Long-term liability activity for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

Business-Type Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance	ie Within ne Year
Debt Obligations	\$ 3,307,348	\$	\$	74,658	\$ 3,232,690	\$ 72,238
Business-Type Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$3,307,348	\$	\$	74,658	\$ 3,232,690	\$ 72,238

LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

## Note 10. Bond Fund Construction Account

The monies received from the new debt acquired for the construction of the Northside branch were deposited in an account with the Bank of New York. When construction in progress expenditures are incurred payment is made from the general fund; the construction fund then reimburses the general fund. The cash balance in the account at June 30, 2009 was \$336,693.

## Note 11. Construction in Progress

The Library began construction of the Northside branch in fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The estimated cost of the project was approximately \$7,800,000. Construction in progress for this project amounted to \$7,660,374. The Construction was completed in September 2008. The new Northside Branch was opened to the public in September 2008. The Construction in Progress amount was reclassified to a depreciable asset during 2009.

#### Note 12. Accrued Vacation

When an employee terminates employment with the Library they are paid for their vacation time remaining, up to 150 hours. A current liability is recorded on the Statement of Net Assets and the Balance Sheet for the total amount of vacation earned, not exceeding 150 hours for each employee. The amount of accrued vacation as of June 30, 2009 was \$336,477.

## Note 13. Sale of Former Northside Branch Building

The former Northside Branch building was sold to the University of Kentucky for \$1.2 million on September 22, 2008. The full amount of the proceeds was applied against governmental activities debt.

## Note 14. The Lexington Public Library Foundation

The Lexington Public Library and the Lexington Public Library Foundation entered into an agreement on 12/09/2008 in which the Foundation agrees to be responsible for their own cash management, accounting and financial reporting. The Foundation Board and its Executive Director agreed to manage the proceeds of the Foundation, ensuring that all funds not needed for operating expenses and budgeted appropriations are used to further the mission of the Library. The Foundation must make a request in writing for any financial support from the Library as part of the Library's annual budget planning and any said contributions must be approved by the Board of Trustees of the Lexington Public Library. The Foundation will present a monthly report, including a financial statement, at the Library's Board meeting. Furthermore, the Foundation Executive Director will serve under the direction of the

# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	The Year Ended June Original Budget			
Support Grants	G.m. Dungel	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budge
KY Dept. of Libraries and Archives	\$ 170,028	\$ 170.028		
Grants, other	25,000	-70,020	\$ 170,028	\$
LFUCG appropriation	25,000	25,000	117,071	92,07
Unrestricted	11,582,289	. 11 500 000		
Restricted Donations	1,483,611	11,582,289	11,582,289	
	•,,0,1	1,483,611	1,483,611	
Unrestricted Restricted	100,881	100 00+		
·	130,000	100,881	99,968	(91
Total support REVENUE	13,491,809	130,000	96,173	(33,82
Fines and lost books		15,491,809	13,549,140	57,33
Interest earned	255,000	255,000		
	,,,,,,,,	233,000	272,667	17,667
Unrestricted Restricted	80,000	80,000		
Rental Income	2,000	•	81,124	1,124
Sale of Northside	1,000	2,000	38,967	36,967
Miscellaneous	*,000	1,000	715	(285
Copy sales	20,000	20 000	1,200,000	1,200,000
	60,161	20,000	7,817	(12,183
Parking Revenue Video sales	300,539	60,161	67,991	7,830
	37,500	300,539	275,071	(25,468)
Total revenue	756,200.	37,500	64,751	27,251
Total support and revenue	14,248,009	756,200	2,009,103	1,252,903
EXPENSES	1 13 10,009	14,248,009	15,558,243	1,310,234
Salaries wages and employee benefits				
Foundation salaries	8,429,446	8,429,446	8,355,423	(774.000)
Operating expenses	80,000	80,000	119,961	(74,023)
Operating expenses - Foundation	1,869,306	1,869,306	2,167,197	39,961
Operating expenses-Enterprise Fund	90,588	90,588	63,942	297,891
Depreciation expense-Enterprise Fund	163,500	163,500	187,194	(26,646)
Interest expense - Enterprise	163,151	163,151	162,388	23,694
Books and materials	135,349	135,349	151,342	(763)
Transfer to LPL Corporation	1,483,611	1,483,611	1,422,530	15,993
Grant Expenses	291,140	291,140	291,140	(61,081)
Investment loss	25,000	25,000	6,527	
Friends program support		•	53,617	(18,473)
Total expenses	100,881	100,881	89,050	53,617
SUPPORT AND REVENUE	12,831,972	12,831,972	13,070,311	(11,831)
OVER EXPENSES			10,070,011	238,339
	1,416,037	1,416,037	2,487,932	
her changes			-, ,	1,071,895
Payments to Carnegie Literacy Center, Inc.				
Purchases of property & equipment	(65,000)	(65,000)	(65,000)	
Debt services	(835,014)	(835,014)	(2,758,663)	
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	(456,435)	(456,435)	,	1,923,649
d balances-	59,588	59,588	(1,659,742) (1,995,473)	1,203,307
beginning of year	•	,200	(1,223,473)	(2,055,061)
o in jour	5,481,514	5,481,514	5 401 614	
ND BALANCES-END OF YEAR		-1.42,017	5,481,514	
\$	5,541,102 \$	5,541,102 \$	3,486,041 \$	

# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

# LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

## Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

## SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY - NONE

## SIGNIFCANT DEFICIENCY/MATERIAL WEAKNESS NONE

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS: CORRECTED DURING FISCAL YEAR 2009

There Is No Formal Process, Between The Foundation And Library Accounting For Transferring Monies Between Restricted, Unrestricted, And Designated Funds.

There Was Lack Of Segregation Of Duties With Regard To Parking Garage Income.

# Mountjoy & Bressler, LLP

# Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors Lexington Public Library Lexington, Kentucky

We have audited the financial statements of the Lexington Public Library as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated October 7, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Library's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the organization's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the organization's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the organization's

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

## Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Library's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, and others within the Lexington Public Library and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

& Brush, LAP

Respectfully submitted,

Mountjoy & Bressler, LLP

October 7, 2009



# AUDITOR'S COMMUNICATION

LEXINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2009

Firm Address:

150 Flynn Avenue P.O. Box 5630 Frankfort, KY 40602

Contact:

Mark Schmitt, Partner, CPA

502.227.9000

mschmitt@mountjoybressler.com

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October 7, 2009

To The Board of Directors of the Lexington Public Library "Library"

Mainton & Brush, LAP

We have audited the financial statements of the Library for the year ended June 30, 2009 and have prepared our report, enclosed herein, and dated October 7, 2009.

We are required by Statement of Auditing Standards (SAS) No. 114, "The Auditor's Communication With Those Charged With Governance," to communicate certain matters related to the conduct of our audit to those charged with governance. In keeping with the spirit of this standard, we have provided the attached items to communicate such matters.

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of the Library and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

#### REQUIRED COMMUNICATIONS

Statement of Auditing Standards (SAS) No. 114 and other professional standards require the auditor to provide those charged with governance with additional information regarding the scope and results of the audit that may assist them no overseeing management's financial reporting and disclosure process. Below we summarize these required communications

For purposes of this statement "those charged with governance" means the person(s) with responsibility for overseeing the strategic direction of the entity and obligations related to the accountability of the entity, which includes overseeing the financial reporting process.

#### Area

# Auditors' Responsibilities under Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS)

As stated in our engagement letter dated July 1, 2009, our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Comments

The financial statements are the responsibility of management. Our audit was designed in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America (GAGAS), which provides for reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of misstatement. As a part of our audit, we obtained an understanding of internal control sufficient to plan our audit and to determine the nature, timing and extent of testing performed. We are responsible for communicating significant matters related to the financial statement audit that is, in our professional judgment, relevant to the responsibilities of those overseeing the financial reporting process. (See our opinion provided in conjunction with the audit.)

## Planned Scope and Timing of Audit

We were engaged to audit the government-wide statement of net assets of the Library, balance sheet for governmental funds, and balance sheet for proprietary funds as of June 30, 2009 and the government-wide statement of activities, statement of support, revenues, and changes in fund balances, statement of activities for proprietary funds and statement of cash flows for proprietary funds for the year then ended.

The objective of our audit and overview of procedures are stated in our engagement letter dated July 1, 2009. We performed the audit according to the planned scope.

#### Qualitative Aspects of the Entity's Significant Accounting Practices

The auditor should discuss with those charged with governance their view about qualitative aspects of the entity's significant accounting practices, including accounting policies, accounting estimates, financial statement disclosures and related matters.

Generally accepted accounting principles provide for the entity to make accounting estimates and judgments about accounting policies and financial statement disclosures.

#### Accounting Policies

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. significant accounting policies used by the Library are described in Note A to the financial statements. FAS 165 - Subsequent Events was adopted as of June 30, 2009. A note has been included in the financial statements. The application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended June 30, 2009 (see Appendix I.) We noted no transactions entered into by the Library during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

#### Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was depreciation expense, which is calculated based on estimates of useful life of capitalized property and equipment; and allowance for doubtful accounts.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop depreciation expense in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Financial Statement Disclosures

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users.

## Significant Difficulties Encountered During the Audit

The auditor should inform those charged with governance of any significant difficulties encountered in dealing with management related to the performance of the audit.

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management related to the performance of the audit.

#### Subsequent Events

The Company evaluated events occurring between June 30, 2009 and October 7, 2009 and noted no subsequent events that need to be reported.

e. The adjusting ent adjustments compri mount adjusted: 1) e in the amount of the former Norths ing entry in the amo
capitalize fixed ass lasset listing; and 3) of \$196,348 was made in the Foundation from the Foundation of the Foundation of the Foundation of the Foundation of the Director of the not income was a vere 11 reclassification of the record all audientessentation letter.
798. If the adjustmer be decreased by \$39 below materiality and auditor will pass
with management ficant to the financial i.
ultations concerning diting matters with 009 audit.
·
ve did not become
we identified no financial reporting deficiencies. The ary has reviewed elieve she has a mation presented at to prepare them
eliev mati

#### APPENDIX I

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Nature of Organization**

Lexington Public Library (the Library) is a governmental entity established as a tax-supported library in 1898. The Library is a component unit of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government. The Library is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees that is empowered by Chapter 173 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes. The primary mission of the Library is to maintain a free public library in Lexington-Fayette County, Kentucky with financial support provided by the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government (LFUCG). The LFUCG support is provided in the form of annual appropriations based upon property assessments.

The Library's financial statements include the assets and liabilities of the Lexington Public Library Foundation, Inc. The Foundation was formed in May 1997 for the purpose of benefiting, promoting, supporting, encouraging, and enhancing the program and facilities of the Lexington Public Library. The purpose of the Foundation is twofold; one, to provide financial support for specific projects of any type it considers appropriate; and two, to assist the Board of Trustees of the Library and its Advisory Board in making the Library more valuable to the entire community.

#### Basis of Presentation

The Library's financial statements are presented in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards, Board Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Government." Statement No. 34 established financial reporting requirements for all state and local governments and consists of the following:

Management's discussion and analysis (required supplementary information);

Basic Financial Statements
Government-wide financial statements
Fund financial statements
Notes to the financial statements

The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These statements display information about the Library as a whole. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with statements for individual funds.

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Library. Their focus is on individual funds rather than reporting funds by type. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet.

#### Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the Library. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

#### APPENDIX I

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Library Foundation Fund - This fund is used to account for restricted donations made to the Library. The primary source of revenue for this fund is from library patronages. The major expenditures for this fund are salaries and a portion of the Library's operating expenditures.

Library Collection Materials Fund – This fund is used to account for library materials purchased and collections from late fees and fines. The primary source of revenue for this fund is transfers from the general fund for property taxes. The major expenditures for this fund are books and materials for the Library.

Construction Fund – This fund is for library construction. The primary source of income for this fund is debt incurred. The major expenditures for this fund are construction costs and interest costs from debt.

The primary government has no non-major funds.

#### Special Revenue Funds

The Library Foundation, Library Collection Materials Fund, and Construction Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements or Interpretations issued after Statements or Interpretations.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Enterprise Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to video rentals and copiers.

Parking Income Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to the parking garage that the Library owns.

#### **Short-Term Investment**

Short-term investments consist of certificates of deposit with initial maturities greater than three months. Fair value approximates carrying amounts.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are stated at cost. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against their operations. The costs of books are expensed when purchased. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset, which varies from five to twenty years.

#### <u>APPENDIX I</u>

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policles (Continued)

#### **Income Taxes**

The Foundation is exempt from Federal income taxes under Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made.

In December 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) FIN 48-3, "Effective Date of FASB Interpretation No. 48 for Certain Nonpublic Enterprises." FSP FIN 48-3 permits an entity within its scope to defer the effective date of FASB Interpretation 48 (Interpretation 48), Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, to its annual financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Foundation has elected to defer the application of Interpretation 48 for the year ending June 30, 2009. The Foundation evaluates its uncertain tax positions using the provisions of FASB Statement 5, Accounting for Contingencies. Accordingly, a loss contingency is recognized when it the loss can be reasonably estimated. The amount recognized is subject to estimate and management judgment with respect to the likely outcome of each uncertain tax position. The amount that is ultimately differ from the amount recognized.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of statements of cash flows, the Library considers all highly-liquid investments with an initial maturity of three month or less to be cash equivalents.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Change in Required Disclosures

Financial Accounting Standard 165 – Subsequent Events was adopted as of June 30, 2009. The Library evaluated events occurring between the end of its most recent fiscal year and October 7, 2009 the date the financial statements were issued.

#### **APPENDIX II**

## MANAGEMENT REPRESENTATION LETTER

We are providing this letter in connection with your audit of the financial statements of the Lexington Public Library (the Library) as of June 30, 2009 for the year then ended for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Lexington Public Library and the changes in financial position and cash flows of its proprietary fund types in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We results of operations, and cash flows of the proprietary fund types in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We are also responsible for adopting sound accounting policies, establishing and maintaining internal control, and preventing and detecting fraud.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, as of October 7, 2009, the following representations made to you during your audit:

- 1. The financial statements referred to above are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and include all properly classified funds account groups of the primary government and all component units required by generally accepted accounting principles to be included in the financial reporting entity.
- 2. We have made available to you all
  - a. Financial records and related data.
  - b. Minutes of the meetings of the Lexington Public Library or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared.
- There have been no communications from regulatory agencies concerning noncompliance with, or deficiencies in, financial reporting practices.
- There are no material transactions that have not been properly recorded in the accounting records underlying the financial statements.
- 5. We believe the effects of the uncorrected financial statement misstatements summarized in the attached schedule are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole. In addition, you have proposed adjusting journal entries that have been posted to the Library's accounts. We are in agreement with those adjustments.
- We acknowledge our responsibility for the design and implementation of programs and controls to prevent and detect fraud.
- 7. We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud affecting the Library involving—
  - Management,
  - b. Employees who have significant roles in internal control, or
  - Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the Library received in communications from employees, former employees, analysts, regulators, or others.
- The Library has no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets, liabilities, or fund equity.
- 10. The following, if any, have been properly recorded or disclosed in the financial statements:

# APPENDIX II MANAGEMENT REPRESENTATION LETTER (Continued)

- Related party transactions, including revenues, expenditures/expenses, loans, transfers, leasing arrangements, and guarantees, and amounts receivable from or payable to related parties.
- b. Guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the Library is contingently liable.
- c. All accounting estimates that could be material to the financial statements, including the key factors and significant assumptions underlying those estimates and measurements. We believe the estimates and measurements are reasonable in the circumstances, consistently applied, and adequately disclosed.
- 11. There are no estimates that may be subject to a material change in the near term that have not been properly disclosed in the financial statements. We understand that near term means the period within one year of the date of the financial statements. In addition, we have no knowledge of concentrations impact that have not been properly disclosed in the financial statements.
- 12. We are responsible for compliance with the laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements applicable to us, including tax or debt limits and debt contracts; and we have identified believe have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts or other reporting specific activities in separate funds.
- 13. Except as made known to you, there are no
  - a. Violations or possible violations of budget ordinances, laws and regulations (including those pertaining to adopting and amending budgets), provisions of contracts and agreements, tax or debt limits, and any related debt covenants whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements or as a basis for recording a loss contingency.
  - Unasserted claims or assessments that our lawyer has advised us are probable of assertion and must be disclosed in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement No. 5, Accounting for Contingencies.
  - Other liabilities or gain or loss contingencies that are required to be accrued or disclosed by FASB Statement No. 5.
  - d. Reservations or designation of the Library equity that was not properly authorized and approved.
- 14. As part of your audit, you assisted with preparation of the financial statements and related-notes. We have designated an individual with suitable skill, knowledge, or experience to oversee your services and have made all management decisions and performed all management functions. We have reviewed, approved, and accepted responsibility for those financial statements and related notes
- 15. The Library has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets nor has any asset been pledged as collateral.
- 16. The Library has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance.

#### APPENDIX II MANAGEMENT REPRESENTATION LETTER (Continued)

- 17. We have followed all applicable laws and regulations in adopting, approving, and amending budgets.
- 18. The financial statements include all component units as well as joint ventures with an equity interest, and properly disclose all other joint ventures and other related organizations.
- 19. The financial statements properly classify all funds and activities.
- 20. All funds that meet the quantitative criteria in GASB Statement Nos. 34 and 37 for presentation as major are identified and presented as such and all other funds that are presented as major are particularly important to financial statement users.
- 21. Net asset components (invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted) and fund balance reserves and designations are properly classified and, if applicable, approved.
- 22. Provisions for uncollectible receivables, if any, have been properly identified and recorded.
- 23. Expenses have been appropriately classified in or allocated to functions and programs in the statement of activities, and allocations have been made on a reasonable basis.
- 24. Revenues are appropriately classified in the statement of activities within program revenues, general revenues, contributions to term or permanent endowments, or contributions to permanent fund
- 25. Interfund, internal, and intra-entity activity and balances have been appropriately classified and
- 26. Deposits and investment securities are properly classified as to risk, and investments are properly
- 27. Capital assets, including infrastructure assets, are properly capitalized, reported, and, if applicable,
- 28. The government meets the GASB-established requirements for accounting for eligible infrastructure
- 29. Required supplementary information (RSI) is measured and presented within prescribed guidelines.
- 30. No events, including instances of noncompliance, have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date and through the date of this letter that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the