CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMETNS JUNE 30, 2011

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C E R Ε C D U В Α C C 0 U Ν Α Ν S

William A. Talley Jon D. Chesser Bob E. Wientjes

Kentucky Offices: Louisville Brandenburg Bardstown

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Campbellsburg Campbellsburg, Kentucky

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of City of Campbellsburg, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City of Campbellsburg, Kentucky's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Campbellsburg, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated November 1, 2011 on our consideration of the City of Campbellsburg's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and important for assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 34 through 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Richardson, Pannington & Spinner, PSC

Louisville, Kentucky November 1, 2011

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2011

This discussion and analysis is intended to be an easily readable analysis of the City of Campbellsburg (City) financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. This analysis focuses on current year activities and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements that follow.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011 by \$3,882,231 (net assets). Of this amount \$656,888 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$316,245 for the year ended June 30, 2011. The increase of \$19,221 in the governmental funds can be attributed to an increase in income for the year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Besides this Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the report consists of government-wide statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements. The discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City's basis financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors should also be taken into consideration, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure (i.e., roads, improvements, and sewer lines, etc.) to assess the overall health or financial condition of the City. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but not used vacation leave). Both the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are prepared utilizing the accrual basis of accounting as opposed to the modified accrual basis of used in prior reporting models.

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the City is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes, franchise fees, and insurance premium taxes finance most of these activities.
- Business-type Activities The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services in provides. The City's Sewer system is reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. The City's two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary – utilize different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds — The majority of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method identified as the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The relationships or differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are detailed in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements.

The City maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund.

• Proprietary funds — The City charges customers for the services it provides. These services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City enterprise fund is identical to the business-type activities

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

that are reported in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

The City maintains one enterprise fund. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer services and garbage collection.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information concerning budgetary comparative information for the general fund and for the special revenue fund.

The City as a whole – Government-wide financial Analysis

A condensed version of the Statement of Net Assets at June 30, 2011 and 2010 follows:

		2011	2010			2011	2010
		vernmental activities		vernmental Activities		siness-type Activities	siness-type Activities
Cash and time deposits	\$	507,858	\$	572,732	\$	243,427	\$ 456,514
Other assets		44,869		43,481		17,450	17,663
Capital assets		363,524		288,135		3,822,458	3,508,664
Total Assets		916,251	***************************************	904,348		4,083,335	 3,982,841
Other liabilites		20,756		21,726		37,038	219,568
Long-term outstanding		16,561		22,909		1,103,000	 1,117,000
Total Liabilities	*	37,317		44,635	*****	1,140,038	 1,336,568
Invested in capital assets, net of debt		342,220		261,201		2,705,458	2,378,664
Restricted		-0-		78,185		117,665	305,559
Unrestricted		536,714		520,327		120,174	(37,950)
Total Net Assets	\$	878,934	\$	859,713	\$	2,943,297	\$ 2,646,273

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

During the year ended June 30, 2011 the construction in progress of the Carrollton force main project was a significant change in net assets.

A condensed version of the Statement of Activities follows at June 30, 2011 and 2010:

	2011 Governmental Activities			2010 Governmental Activities		2011 Business-type Activities		2010 usiness-type Activities
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$	-()-	\$	-()-	\$	69,965	\$	71,146
Grants		-0-		-0-		431,900		-0-
General Revenues								
Property taxes		91,794		90,641		-0-		-0-
Insurance premium tax		80,696		84,850		-0-		-0-
Other revenue		106,398		97,909		-0-		-0
Interest income		4,226		6,471		1,295		4,029
Total Revenues		283,114		279,871		503,160		75,175
Expenses								
General Government		226,226		195,272		-0-		-0-
Police		28,592		40,904		-0-		-0-
Fire		10,355		22,625		-0-		-0-
Streets		4,499		182		-0-		-0-
Parks & Recreation		745		2,805		-0-		-0-
Sanitation		26,898		30,877		-0-		-0-
Operation		-0-		-0-		124,472		118,690
Interest		1,898		-0-		46,344		46,881
Total Expenses		299,213		292,665		170,816		165,571
Transfers		35,320		-0-		(35,320)		-0-
Total Transfers	••	35,320		-0-		(35,320)	***********	-0-
Change in Net Assets		19,221		(12,794)		297,024		(90,396)
Beginning Net Assets		859,713		872,507		2,646,273		2,736,669
Ending Net Assets	\$	878,934		859,713	*****************	2,943,297		2,646,273
<u>.</u>	T	- 7,	=======================================					-, -, -, -, -, -

CITY OF CAMPBELLS BURG MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2011, the City had \$3,047,678 invested in capital assets, consisting primarily of the sewer system and the Carrollton force main project that was constructed. As of June 30, 2011, the project was completed and moved to assets to be depreciated.

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities		***************************************	Total
Land	\$	13,718	\$	19,400	\$	33,118		
Sewer System		-0-		4,860,754		4,860,754		
Buildings & Improvements		269,580		-0-		269,580		
Fixed assets held under capital lease		33,632		-0-		33,632		
Machinery & equipment		267,794		23,307		291,101		
Infrastructure		75,300		-0-		75,300		
Subtotal		660,024		4,903,461	***************************************	5,563,485		
Accumulated depreciation		(296,500)		(1,081,003)		(1,377,503)		
Capital assets, net	\$	363,524	\$	3,822,458	\$	4,185,982		

Debt Outstanding

At the year-end debt consisted of \$1,117,000 in outstanding bonds payable for the construction of the Carrollton force main project.

Financial Contact

The City's financial statements are designed to present users with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the City Clerk at 8142 Main Street, Campbellsburg, Kentucky 40011.

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENTAL **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ACTIVITIES** TOTAL ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents 8 507,858 S 243,427 751,285 Accounts receivable (net) 32,877 17,450 50,327 Prepaid expenses 11,992 11,992 -0-Total current assets 552,727 260,877 813,604 Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Land 13,718 19,400 33,118 Fixed assets held under capital leases 33,632 -0-33,632 Other capital assets 612,674 4,884,061 5,496,735 (1,081,003)Less: Accumulated depreciation (296,500)(1,377,503)Total capital assets 363,524 3,822,458 4,185,982 Total noncurrent assets 363,524 3,822,458 4,185,982 TOTAL ASSETS 916,251 \$ 4.083,335 \$ 4,999,586 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 9,815 \$ -()-S 9,815 Accrued liabilities 4,133 23,038 27,171 Current portion of obligations under capital leases 6,808 -0-6,808 Current portion of bond payable -0-14,000 14,000 Total current liabilities 20,756 37,038 57,794 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences 2,065 -0-2,065 Obligations under capital lease 14,496 -0-14,496 Bond payable -0-1,103,000 1,103,000 Total noncurrent liabilities 16,561 1,103,000 1,119,561 TOTAL LIABILITIES 37,317 1,140,038 1,177,355 **NET ASSETS** Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 342,220 2,705,458 3,047,678 Restricted for: Streets 87,232 117,665 204,897 Unrestricted 449,482 120,174 569,656 TOTAL NET ASSETS 878,934 2,943,297 3,822,231 \$

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

E AND ETS	E TOTAL	\$ (216,616) (25,622) (10,355) (4,499) (4,499) (26,898) (1,898)	49 331,049 49 \$ 44,416	91,794 80,696 20,144 73,674 5,521 20) -0-	24 316,245	73 3,505,986 97 \$ 3,822,231
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		331,049	1,295 (35,320) (34,025)	297,024	2,646,273
NET (E) CHA	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	(216,616) (25,622) (10,355) (4,499) (4,499) (26,898) (1,898) (2,898)	-0-	91,794 80,696 20,144 73,674 4,226 35,320 305,854	19,221	859,713 878,934
	 	⇔	200			\$
	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		431,900			
PROGRAM REVENUES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	2,970	-0-	ues and transfers	Change in net assets	SNG C
	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	\$ 9,610	69,965	GENERAL REVENUES: Property taxes Insurance premium tax Franchise taxes Other revenues Interest income Transfers Total general revenues and transfers	ð	NET ASSETS - BEGINNING NET ASSETS - ENDING
	EXPENSES	\$ 226,226 28,592 10,355 4,499 745 26,898 1,898 2,898	170,816			han han
	FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Governmental activities: General government Police Fire Streets Parks and recreation Sanitation Interest Total governmental activities	Business-type activities: Sewer Total business-type activities			

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

GOVERNMENTAL

	FUND TYPES					
	G	ENERAL	SPECIAL			
			RE	EVENUE	TOTALS	
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	215,096	\$	85,432	\$	300,528
Certificates of deposit		205,530		1,800		207,330
Accounts receivable, net		32,877		-0-		32,877
Prepaid expenses		11,992		-()-		11,992
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	465,495	\$	87,232	\$	552,727
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	9,815	\$	-0-	\$	9,815
Accrued liabilities	* ***	4,133		-0-		4,133
TOTAL LIABILITIES		13,948		-0-		13,948
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		11,992		-0-		11,992
Restricted for:				_		
Street maintenance		-0-		87,232		87,232
Unassigned		439,555		-0-		439,555
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		451,547		87,232		538,779
TOTAL LIABILITIES &						
FUND BALANCES	\$	465,495	\$	87,232	\$	552,727

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 538,779
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Pg. 10) are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds (see Note 11).	363,524
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. (See Note 9)	
Compensated absences \$ 2,06 Obligations under capital lease 21,30	(23,369)
Net assets of governmental activities (See Pg. 10 & 11)	\$ 878,934

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES					
		NERAL	S	PECIAL EVENUE	TOTALS	
REVENUES		. 12111			<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Property taxes	\$	91,794	\$	-0-	\$	91,794
Insurance premium tax		80,696		-0-		80,696
Franchise taxes		20,144		-0-		20,144
Business licenses		9,610		-0-		9,610
Sanitation receipts		39,652		-0-		39,652
Interest on investments and deposits		3,909		317		4,226
Miscellaneous		17,212		-0-		17,212
Intergovernment:						
HB 272		736		-0-		736
Grants HB 413		2,234		-0-		2,234
Municipal road aid		-0-		15,248		15,248
Severance tax - LGEA		-0-		1,557		1,557
Police incentive		5		-0-		
TOTAL REVENUES		265,992		17,122		283,114
EXPENDITURES						
General government		209,131		-0-		209,131
Public safety:						•
Police department		25,832		-0-		25,832
Fire department		2,831		-0-	•	2,831
Street department		-0-		2,096		2,096
Parks and recreation		745		-0-		745
Sanitation		26,898		-0-		26,898
Debt service:						23,070
Principal		5,630		-0-		5,630
Interest		1,898		-0-		1,898
Capital outlay	****	99,373		5,979		105,352
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u> </u>	372,338		8,075		380,413
OTHER SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		35,320		-0-		35,320
Transfers out		-0-		-0-		-0-
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES (USES)		35,320	***************************************	-0-		35,320
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(71,026)		9,047		(61,979)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	#P7007#10 AP107#1044	522,573		78,185		600,758
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	_\$	451,547	\$	87,232	\$	538,779

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (61,979)Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay 105,352 Depreciation expense (29,963)75,389 The decrease in compensated absences liability does not increase the current financial resources but is recorded as a decrease to expenses in the statement of activities. Difference in compensated absences liability 181 Payments on a capital lease are recorded as an expense in the governmental funds, but is allocated to principal and interest in the government-wide statements. Total payment \$ 7,528 Interest portion of payment (1,898)5,630 Change in net assets of governmental funds in Statement of Activities (See pg. 11) 19.221

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEWER FUND (BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES) JUNE 30, 2011

ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivlanets	\$	243,427
Accounts receivable, net		17,450
Total current assets	***************************************	260,877
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets		
Land		19,400
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		3,803,058
Total noncurrent assets	b	3,822,458
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,083,335
LIABILITIES		*
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	-0-
Interest payable		23,038
Current portion of bonds payable		14,000
Total current liabilities	V -1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	37,038
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Bonds payable		1,103,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,103,000
TOTAL LIABILITES	\$	1,140,038
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		2,705,458
Restricted		117,665
Unrestricted		120,174
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	2,943,297

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS SEWER FUND (BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Operating Revenues:		
Charges for services	S	69,965
Total operating revenues		69,965
Operating expenses:		
Operations and maintenance		1,925
Depreciation		122,547
Total operating expenses		124,472
Operating income (loss)		(54,507)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):		
Interest and investment earnings		1,295
Federal grant income		331,900
State grant income		100,000
Transfers out		(35,320)
Interest expense		(46,344)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)		351,531
Change in net assets		297,024
Total net assets at beginning of year		2,646,273
Total net assets at end of year	\$	2,943,297

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS SEWER FUND (BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$	70,178
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(185,455)
Net cash used by operating activities	***************************************	(115,277)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Operating transfers - out to other funds		(35,320)
Net cash used by non-capital financing activities	***************************************	(35,320)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of assets	•	(436,341)
Federal and state grant proceeds received		431,900
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	***************************************	(4,441)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on investments		1,295
Bond principal payment		(13,000)
Interest expense		(46,344)
Net cash used for investing activities		(58,049)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(213,087)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year		456,514
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	\$	243,427
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH USED		
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating loss	\$	(54,507)
Adjustments		
Depreciation		122,547
Net changes in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable		213
Accounts payable		(183,262)
Other		(268)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(115,277)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Campbellsburg, Kentucky is incorporated and operates under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides traditional municipal services. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the accompanying basic financial statements present the activities of the City (the Primary Government) and its component units. The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements. FASB guidance issued subsequent to this date is not followed.

The accounting reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices are discussed in subsequent sections of these Notes. The remainder of the Notes are organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

Reporting Entity

City of Campbellsburg, Kentucky is a city in which citizens elect the mayor and six council members. The accompanying financial statements present the City's primary government and component units over which the City exercises significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the City (as distinct from legal relationships).

Due to restrictions of the Commonwealth of Kentucky relating to the issuance of municipal debt, the City created the Campbellsburg Public Properties Corporation for non-general obligation financing. Financing services provided by this Corporation are solely for the benefit of the primary government. The board of this blended component unit is the same as the primary government. This Corporation is blended into the City's primary government although retaining legal identity.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Basic financial statements consist of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net assets and the statement of activities and report information of all the nonfiduciary activities of the Primary Government and its component units. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. All internal balances in the statement of net assets have been eliminated, with the exception of those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total government column.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities for the City include general government, public safety (police and fire), public improvements, parks and recreation, and general administrative support services. The business-type activities of the City include the Sewer System.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity, and 2) grants and contributions, including special assessments that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The City allocates certain indirect costs to be included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities in the government-wide statement of activities.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and the fiduciary funds financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned or, for property tax revenues, in the period for which levied. Expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City in general considers revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatched interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when payment is due.

For the governmental funds financial statements, the City considers all revenues susceptible to accrual and recognizes revenue if the accrual criteria are met. Specifically, sales tax, franchise taxes, licenses, interest, special assessments, charges for services, and other miscellaneous revenue are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balances in the governmental funds and net assets reported in the government-wide statements. These adjustments reflect the changes necessary to report the governmental fund balances on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. In addition, capital assets, and long-term debt are added to the governmental funds to compile the long-term view of the governmental activities column.

A similar reconciliation is included on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the governmental funds. These adjustments reflect the transition from the modified accrual accounting for governmental funds to the accrual basis of accounting for the statement of activities. Capital outlay is replaced with depreciation expense.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing activities. The principal operating revenues of the City's utilities are charges to the customers for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources and the legally authorized activities of the City except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of providing sewer service to the citizens of the City. The services are provided and billed by Carrolton Utilities.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied October 1 become delinquent February 1 of the following year.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, traffic lights and signals, street lights, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of \$1,500 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using a straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	10 to 50
Improvements other than buildings	10 to 40
Infrastructure	15 to 75
Utility Systems	20 to 40
Machinery and equipment	5 to 15

As a result of the implementation of GASB 34, the City is accounting for infrastructure assets on its financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include those infrastructure assets that were either completed during the current fiscal year or considered construction in progress at current fiscal year-end. However, the government-wide financial statements do not reflect those infrastructure assets completed prior to July 1, 2001.

Net Assets and Fund Equity

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories: net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less outstanding principal of related debt. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt does not include the unspent proceeds of capital debt. The City's restricted net assets are temporarily restricted (ultimately expendable) assets. All other net assets are considered unrestricted.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budget Policy and Practice

In accordance with the City policies, prior to June 1, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget in the form of an ordinance for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year. The City budget is submitted in summary form. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment. The approved budget ordinance is then published. Budgets for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Fund and the Proprietary Fund are adopted. Once approved, the City Council may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and appropriations. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The budget was not amended during the year.

Compensated Absences

Each full-time employee is granted sick leave at the rate of one day per month and each part-time employee at one-half of the full-time rate. Unused sick leave can be accumulated. A portion of vacation time not taken during the year is accumulated. The City accrues a liability for compensated absences which meet the following criteria:

- 1. The City's obligation relating to employee's rights to receive compensation for future absences is attributable to employee's services already rendered.
- 2. The obligation relates to rights that vest or accumulate.
- 3. Payment of the compensation is probable.
- 4. The amount can be reasonably estimated.

In accordance with the above criteria, the City has accrued a liability for vacation pay which has been earned but not taken by City employees.

The City has not accrued a liability for sick leave which has been earned but not taken by City employees that did not meet the above criteria.

Statement of Cash Flows, Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (certificates of deposit) to be cash equivalents.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (checking and savings accounts) was \$486,215 and the bank balance was \$495,743. Of the bank balance, all deposits were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held in the pledging bank's trust department or by its agent in the City's name.

Statutes authorize the City to invest in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, and other available bank investments provided that approved securities are pledged to secure those funds on deposit in an amount equal to the amount of those funds. In addition, the City can invest in direct debt securities of the United States unless such an investment is expressly prohibited by law.

Investments at June 30, 2011, were all certificates of deposit in one financial institution. The carrying amount and bank balances of \$265,070 were the same amount for the certificates of deposit, and the total investment was covered by federal depository insurance and by collateral held by its agent in the City's name.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as interfund receivables/interfund payables. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and estimated refunds due. As of June 30, 2011 the allowance for uncollectible accounts for governmental activities was \$-0-.

NOTE 4 – THE COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM

By Ordinance of the City Council, effective July 1992, beginning July 1, 1993, electing employees and all new employees of the City are entitled to benefits provided under the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) of the state of Kentucky. Regular full-time employees are required to participate. CERS issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained from the Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

<u>Plan Description for Non-Hazardous and Hazardous Employees</u> - CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of each county and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under circumstances. Cost-of-living (COLA) adjustments are provided at the discretion of the State legislature.

<u>Contributions for Non-Hazardous</u> - For the year ended, June 30, 2011 and 2010, plan members were required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute

Section 61.565(3), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. For the year ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, participating employers contributed 16.93% and 16.16%, respectively, of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rate set by the Board for the Year ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, was 16.93% and 16.16%, respectively, of creditable compensation. Administrative costs of Kentucky Retirement System are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

Contributions for Hazardous - For the year ended, June 30, 2011 and 2010, plan members were required to contribute 8% of their annual creditable compensation. The State was required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statue Section 61.565(3), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. For

NOTE 4 – THE COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, participating employers contributed 33.25% and 32.97%, respectively, of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rate set by the Board for the year ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, was 33.25% and 32.97%, respectively, of creditable compensation. Administrative costs of Kentucky Retirement System are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

The City's current year payroll (non-hazardous employees) was \$91,628. Contributions were made based on \$64,916 of eligible gross wages of non-hazardous employees. The City made the required contributions for the fiscal year amounting to \$10,990. \$8,585 and \$5,807 was contributed for the year ending June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009, respectively.

NOTE 5 – STATE GOVERNMENTAL AID

The Special Revenue Fund accounts for the allocation of Municipal Road Aid funds from the state which are for design, right-of-way acquisitions, relocation of utilities, construction and other municipal road expenditures. Funds received by the City from the Municipal Road Aid program were expended as required. The Local Government Economic Assistance and the Coal and Mineral Severance Tax received from the state are both accounted for in the Special Revenue Fund.

NOTE 6 - INTER-LOCAL AGREEMENT

The City signed an inter-local agreement on September 27, 2005 providing for a regional sewer system with the City of Carrollton providing sewer service to the City of Campbellsburg.

NOTE 7 - GRANTS

The City was awarded the following grants from the Commonwealth of Kentucky. These grants are for the construction of the force main to Carrollton project. The project number is SX21103002. Details of the grants are as follows:

Grant ID #145T-2005 executed March 22, 2006 from infrastructure for economic development for tobacco/coal producing counties which is managed by the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority. The full amount of \$750,000 was received in the prior year.

Grant ID#343N-2007 from infrastructure for economic development fund for 2007 in the amount of \$1,000,000. The full amount of \$1,000,000 was received in the prior year.

NOTE 7 – GRANTS (CONTINUED)

On September 6, 2006, the City was awarded a wastewater grant from the United States Department of Agriculture – Rural Utilities Service. The amount is \$495,000 or 13.83% of development costs, whichever is the lesser. At June 30, 2011 \$495,000 had been requested and received.

NOTE 8 – CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG SEWER SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2006

For the purpose of financing the cost (not otherwise provided) of the construction of extensions, additions and improvements to the sewer system of the City in accordance with plans and specifications proposed by Tetra Tech, Inc. On June 15, 2007 the City issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$1,155,000. The bonds mature annually from January 1, 2009 to January 1, 2046 in varying amounts from \$12,000 to \$58,000. Interest at 4.125% per annum is payable January 1 and July 1. The bonds are payable from and secured by the gross revenue derived from the operation of the sewer system. Monthly deposits of \$525 were paid to a deprecation fund until the amount of \$63,000 had been accumulated. Also, 1/6 of the six month interest payment and 1/12 of the annual principal payment is to be deposited in a sinking fund. A summary of the bond principal and interest payments to maturity are as follows:

For the year ending,	ear ending, Interest Principal		Outstanding
			\$ 1,117,000
June 30, 2012	46,076	14,000	1,103,000
June 30, 2013	45,499	15,000	1,088,000
June 30, 2014	44,880	15,000	1,073,000
June 30, 2015	44,261	16,000	1,057,000
June 30, 2016	43,601	17,000	1,040,000
	224,317	77,000	
June 30, 2017 - June 30, 2021	207,076	95,000	945,000
June 30, 2022 - June 30, 2026	185,419	120,000	825,000
June 30, 2027 - June 30, 2031	158,607	146,000	679,000
June 30, 2032 - June 30, 2036	125,731	181,000	498,000
June 30, 2037 - June 30, 2041	84,976	225,000	273,000
June 30, 2042 - June 30, 2046	34,403	273,000	\$ -0-
	796,212	1,040,000	
Totals	\$ 1,020,529	\$ 1,117,000	

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The summary of long-term liability for the year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Add	litions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bond payable Obligation under capital lease Compensated absences	\$ 1,130,000 26,934 2,246	\$	-0- -0- -0-	\$	13,000 5,630 181	\$ 1,117,000 21,304 2,065	\$ 14,000 6,808 -0-
Totals	\$ 1,159,180	\$	-0-	\$	18,811	\$ 1,140,369	\$ 20,808

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

A summary of leases payable follows:

5 year lease payable to Leasing One Corporation due on the 1st of November each year in installments of \$7,528 at a fixed interest rate of 4.163% for a Ford F-250

\$ 21,304 \$ 21,304

Required minimum future capital lease payments are estimated as follows:

Year ending		
<u>June 30,</u>		
2012	\$	7,528
2013		7,528
2014		7,528
2015		-0-
2016		-0-
Net minimum lease payments		22,584
Less amount representing interest		(1,280)
Present value of net minimum		
lease payments	<u>\$</u>	21,304

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Balance			Balance					
	July 1, 2010			Additions	D	eductions	June 30, 2011		
Governmental activities:									
Nondepreciable assets:									
Land	\$	13,718	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	13,718	
Total nondepreciable assets		13,718		-0-		- 0-		13,718	
Depreciable assets:									
Buildings and improvements	\$	257,471	\$	12,109	\$	-0-	\$	269,580	
Machinery and equipment		178,630		93,243		4,079		267,794	
Asset held under capital lease		33,632		-0-		-0-		33,632	
Infrastructure		75,300		-0-		-0-		75,300	
Total depreciable assets		545,033		105,352		4,079		646,306	
Total capital assets	\$	558,751	\$	105,352	\$	4,079	\$	660,024	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings and improvements	\$	(68,501)	\$	(7,301)	\$	-0-	\$	(75,802)	
Machinery and equipment		(130,417)		(15,361)		(4,079)		(141,699)	
Asset held under capital lease		(4,484)		(6,726)		-0-		(11,210)	
Infrastructure		(67,214)		(575)		-0-		(67,789)	
Total accumulated depreciation	*******	(270,616)		(29,963)		. (4,079)		(296,500)	
Total depreciable assets, net		274,417		75,389		-0-		349,806	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	288,135	\$	75,389	\$	-0-	\$	363,524	
Business-type activities:									
Nondepreciable assets:									
Land	\$	19,400	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	19,400	
Construction in progress		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-	
Total nondepreciable assets		19,400		-0-		-()-		19,400	
Depreciable assets:									
Sewer systems		4,424,413		436,341		-0-		4,860,754	
Machinery and equipment		23,307		-0-		-0-		23,307	
Total depreciable assets		4,447,720		436,341		-0-		4,884,061	
Total capital assets	\$	4,467,120	\$	436,341	\$	-()-	\$	4,903,461	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Sewer systems	\$	(937,922)	\$	(121,645)	\$	-0-	\$	(1,059,567)	
Machinery and equipment		(20,534)		(902)		-0-		(21,436)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(958,456)		(122,547)		-0-		(1,081,003)	
Total depreciable assets, net		3,489,264		313,794		-()~		3,803,058	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	3,508,664	\$	313,794	\$	-()-	\$	3,822,458	
Total Capital assets	\$	3,796,799	\$	389,183	\$	-0-	\$	4,185,982	

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense is charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities

General Government	\$ 17,346
Police	2,690
Fire	7,524
Street	 2,403
	\$ 29,963

NOTE 12 - FORCE MAIN TO CARROLLTON PROJECT

On April 23, 1999, the City entered into an agreed order with the Commonwealth of Kentucky Division of Water. The City placed a surcharge, which is still in place, on all users of City utilities to help cover the cost of this agreed order. This agreed order was superseded by Agreed Order No. 98179 dated August 13, 2001. The City has entered into a contract with Salmon Construction for the construction of a force main to connect to the City of Carrollton regional wastewater treatment center. The cost of this project is budgeted at \$3,580,000 and is to be financed as follows:

Local Contribution	\$ 180,000
KIA TDF Grant	750,000
KIA TDF Grant	1,000,000
Rural Development Grant	495,000
Rural Development Loan	1,155.000

The total completed cost in prior years on Phase I of the project was \$2,883,528 and on Phase II of the project was \$465,426. The total completed in the current year of Phase II of the project was an additional \$308,400 bringing to a total for Phase II of the project of \$773,826.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Campbellsburg is exposed to various risks and losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City currently carries property and general liability insurance through the Selective Insurance Company. Workman's Compensation insurance is carried through the Kentucky League of Cities. The City reports all of its risk management activities in its General Fund.

NOTE 14 - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following methods and assumptions were used by the City in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

• Cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit: The carrying amounts reported in the statement of net assets approximate fair values because of the short maturities of those instruments.

The estimated fair values of the City's financial instruments are as follows:

Financial assets:		Carrying Amount]	<u>Fair Value</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	486,215	\$	486,215
Certificates of deposit	*************************************	265,070		265,070
•	<u>\$</u>	<u>751,285</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>751,285</u>

NOTE 15 - FUND BALANCES

The City of Campbellsburg has implemented GASB No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

- Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. All amounts reported as nonspendable at June 30, 2011 by the City are nonspendable in form. The City has not reported any amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balances are reported pursuant to ordinances passed by the City Council, the City's highest level of decision making authority.
- Assigned includes amounts that the City intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balances.
- Unassigned includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund. In the Special Revenue Fund, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts					V	Variance - Over		
	Original			Final		Actual		(Under)	
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	72,500	\$	72,500	\$	91,794	\$	19,294	
Insurance premium taxes		111,000	-	111,000	*	80,696	4	(30,304)	
Franchise taxes		19,000		19,000		20,144		1,144	
Business licenses		3,000		3,000		9,610		6,610	
Sanitation receipts		35,000		35,000		39,652		4,652	
Interest on investments and deposits		7,000		7,000		3,909		(3,091)	
Miscellaneous income		3,000		3,000		17,212		14,212	
Intergovernment:		,				,		,	
HB 272		736		736		736		-0-	
Grants HB 413		10,000		10,000		2,234		(7,766)	
Police incentive		-0-		-0-		5		5	
TOTAL REVENUES		261,236		261,236		265,992		4,756	
EXPENDITURES									
General government		220,173		220,173		209,131		(11,042)	
Public safety		,		,		,,		(11,0,12)	
Police department		6,800		6,800		25,832		19,032	
Fire department		30,000		30,000		2,831		(27,169)	
Parks and recreation		-0-		-0-		745		745	
Sanitation		15,300		15,300		26,898		11,598	
Debt service		-0-		-0-		7,528		7,528	
Capital outlay		8,200		8,200		99,373		91,173	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	*******	280,473	***********	280,473	*********	372,338		91,865	
OTHER SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		-0-		-0-		35,320		35,320	
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES (USES)		-0-		-0-		35,320		35,320	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(19,237)		(19,237)		(71,026)		(51,789)	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1		522,573		522,573		522,573		-0-	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$	503,336	\$	503,336	\$	451,547	\$	(51,789)	

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCEBUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance - Over	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Under)	
REVENUES								
Interest on investments and deposits	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	317	\$	317
Intergovernment:								
Municipal road aid	17,	201		17,201		15,248		(1,953)
Severance tax - LGEA		-0-		-0-		1,557		1,557
TOTAL REVENUES	17,	201		17,201		17,122		(79)
EXPENDITURES								
Street department	15,	000		15,000		2,096		(12,904)
Capital outlay		-0-		-0-		5,979	***************************************	5,979
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	15.	000		15,000		8,075	 	(6,925)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	2,	201		2,201		9,047		6,846
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	78,	185		78,185		78,185	n	-0-
FUND BALANE, JUNE 30	\$ 80.	386	\$	80,386	<u>\$</u>	87,232	\$	6,846

E R F 1 E D В C U Α C C 0 U Ν T Α Ν S

William A. Talley Jon D. Chesser Bob E. Wientjes Kentucky Offices: Louisville Brandenburg Bardstown

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor and Members of the City Council Campbellsburg, Kentucky

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Campbellsburg, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City of Campbellsburg, Kentucky's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Campbellsburg, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion the effectiveness of the City of Campbellsburg, KY's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Campbellsburg, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the next paragraph,

that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The auditor suggested that procedures should be implemented requiring approval, recordkeeping and reconciliation to be completed by different employees to obtain proper segregation of duties. Management's response was that due to the limited size of the administrative staff proper segregation of duties was not possible, but steps would be taken to segregate duties as much as possible.

City of Campbellsburg, Kentucky's response to the findings identified in our audit is described above. We did not audit City of Campbellsburg, Kentucky's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Campbellsburg, Kentucky's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rechardon, Pennytor & Spunner, PSC.

Louisville, Kentucky

November 1, 2011

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG LIST OF COUNCIL MEMBERS JUNE 30, 2011

<u>NAME</u>	POSITION	<u>ADDRESS</u>	TERM EXPIRES
Rex Morgan	Mayor	Campbellsburg, KY 40011	December 31, 2014
Patricía Tindall	City Clerk & Treasurer	Campbellsburg, KY 40011	
Jennifer Bratton	Member	Campbellsburg, KY 40011	December 31, 2012
Jason Stanley	Member	Campbellsburg, KY 40011	December 31, 2012
John Suter	Member	Campbellsburg, KY 40011	December 31, 2012
Sharen Clem	Member	Campbellsburg, KY 40011	December 31, 2012
Shelley Noe	Member	Campbellsburg, KY 40011	December 31, 2012
Earl Higgins	Member	Campbellsburg, KY 40011	December 31, 2012

Ε R F E D Р С U В Α C C 0 U Ν S Ν Α

William A. Talley Jon D. Chesser Bob E. Wientjes

CITY OF CAMPBELLSBURG

Kentucky Offices: Louisville Brandenburg Bardstown

AUDITORS' CERTIFICATION

JUNE 30, 2011

We certify that as part of our examination of the basic financial statements we examined those local government economic assistance funds granted to the City of Campbellsburg, and that those funds were expended for the purpose intended.

chardren, Pennington ? Donner, PSC.

Louisville, Kentucky

November 1, 2011