

September 8, 2015

To the Members of the Board of Trustees Jeffersontown Fire Protection District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Jeffersontown Fire Protection District for the year ended June 30, 2015. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our engagement letter to you dated May 6, 2015. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Jeffersontown Fire Protections District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 except for the implementation of GASB Statement #65 and GASB 68 as described in Note 11. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the District's financial statements was:

Management's estimate of depreciation expense is based on the estimated useful lives of assets placed in service. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimated useful lives of the District's assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of its proportionate share of the net pension liability is based on a separately issued audit report of the employers' proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the net pension liability and determined that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosure affecting the financial statements was:

The disclosure of adjustments to prior periods is described in Note 11. The District's net asset balance as of July 1, 2014 was restated by approximately \$6,000,000 as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement #68.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

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For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated September 8, 2015.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

This information is intended solely for the use of the members of the Board of Trustees and management of the Jeffersontown Fire Protection District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Baldwin CPAS, PLLC

Baldwin CPAs, PLLC

www.baldwincpas.com



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Board of Trustees Jeffersontown Fire Protection District Jeffersontown, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Jeffersontown Fire District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 we considered the District's internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Observations and Recommendations

1. Quickbooks

During our audit we noted the District is using the 2012 version of Quickbooks for its financial reporting and accounting software. Older versions of the software are at risk of being discontinued and having compatibility issues with Windows.

We recommend the District:

Perform a cost-benefit analysis of an upgrade to a more recent version of Quickbooks.

2. Review of Bank Statements

During our audit we noted the Administrative Assistant obtains the monthly bank statement from the bank's online site. The bank statement is printed as part of the bank reconciliation process. The Administrative Assistance reconciles the general ledger to the bank statement on a monthly basis and files the bank reconciliations.

Currently, no members of management or the Board of Trustees is reviewing the monthly bank statements, canceled or bank reconciliations. Management is limiting its ability to prevent and detect errors in the general ledger by not performing the review of the statements and reconciliation.

We recommend the District:

Assign a member of management the responsibility to review the monthly bank reconciliations prepared by the Administrative Assistant and bank statements. The review should be performed timely and clearly documented. Canceled checks should be clearly reviewed for agreement with general ledger and compliance with the District's disbursement policies. Unusual items should be identified and properly communicated.

We wish to thank the District's personnel for their support and assistance during our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Trustees and management, and others within the District and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Baldwin CPAS, PLLC

September 8, 2015

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Board of Trustees Jeffersontown Fire Protection District Jeffersontown, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Jeffersontown Fire Protection District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of American; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also included evaluation the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness or significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluation the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and the major fund, of the Jeffersontown Fire Protection District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information on pages 3 through 6 and pages 25 through 27, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during out audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary schedules on pages 28 through 30 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 8, 2015, on our consideration of the Jeffersontown Fire Protection District's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Jeffersontown Fire Protection District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Baldwin CPAS, PLLC

Baldwin CPAs, PLLC September 8, 2015

As management of the Jeffersontown Fire Protection District (the District), we offer readers of the District' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- As of June 30, 2015, the District's total assets amounted to approximately \$5,920,000, an increase of approximately \$500,000 from the prior year.
- Cash available for use to pay the District's obligations as of June 30, 2015 is \$1,359,661, an increase of approximately \$720,000 from the prior year. This increase was primarily the result of the sale of fire station number two and insurance proceeds from damage to fire truck.
- The District's net position increased by approximately \$1.1 million from the prior year.
- Depreciation expense (noncash expenditure) for the year was approximately \$303,000.
- The District received property taxes totaling approximately \$5,023,000 for the year. Prior year amount was approximately \$4,920,000.
- The District's total expenses were under budget by approximately \$684,000 taking contingencies into consideration.
- The District implemented two new required reporting standards from the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that resulted in significant changes in financial reporting for FY 2015.
- GASB No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions required the District, for the first time, to record its proportionate share of the County Employees' Retirement System's (CERS) net pension liability. The District has recorded a net pension liability of approximately \$5.9 million as well as related deferred outflows and inflows of resources as a result of the new standard.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The Fire District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows and deferred inflows, and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District's is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District's that are principally supported by various taxes, licenses and fees. The governmental activities of the District include fire and administrative services.

Property taxes, licenses and permits also support fixed assets and related debt. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7-8 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District's uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are classified as governmental funds. The basic fund financial statements can be found on pages 9-12 of this report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 13-24 of this report.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of the activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Financial Analysis (Government-wide Basis)

·				
	Activities			
	2018	2015 2014		
Current and other assets	• •	5,948 \$		
Capital assets Deferred outflows of resources	,	5,288 9,015	4,630,026 -	
Total assets and deferred outfloes	6,440	<i>,</i>	5,375,554	
Deferred inflows of resources	464	1,652	-	
Current and other liabilities	585	5,763	649,791	
Long-term debt outstanding	661	,509	964,835	
Net pension liability	5,897	',737	6,021,372	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	7,609),661	7,635,998	
Net position:				
Invested in capital assets	3,350),454	3,287,139	
Restricted		-	35,000	
Unrestricted	(4,504	1,935)	(5,601,713)	
Total net position	\$ (1,154	1,481) \$	(2,279,574)	

Table 1 Net Position

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Governme	Governmental Activites		
	2015	2014		
Revenues				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 9,90	0 \$ 13,200		
Operating Grants and Contributions	188,24	4 205,539		
General Revenues:				
Taxes	5,023,47	8 4,920,322		
Interest Income	19	6 180		
Miscellaneous Income	229,75	3 35,352		
Gain on sale of assets	444,86	3 1,889		
Violation Fees		- 3,800		
Total Revenues	5,896,43	4 5,180,282		
Expenses:				
Administration	381,39	6 391,794		
General Fire Services	4,389,94	5 4,598,227		
Total Expenses	4,771,34	1 4,990,021		
Increase in net position	\$ 1,125,09	3 \$ 190,261		

Tangible personal property taxes and omitted taxes increased approximately \$70,000 from prior year. Miscellaneous income includes approximately \$212,000 of insurance proceeds from a damaged fire truck. Total expenses decreased approximately \$550,000 from prior year as a result of the new pension reporting standards which defers cost recognition to future periods. Group health and dental insurance expenses increased approximately \$110,000 from prior year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District purchased approximately \$127,000 in capital additions in fiscal year 2015 including fire gear, a generator, a vehicle and replaced the phone system and the IT server due to lightning damage. On June 30, 2015 the District sold land and property related to fire station #2 for approximately \$514,000. The District recognized approximately \$212,000 in revenue related to insurance proceeds from damage to the ladder truck.

Table 3 Capital Assets

		Governmental Activities		
	2015	2014		
Land Buildings and improvements Equipment Vehicles Accumulated depreciation	\$668,410 4,382,185 2,379,727 1,458,175 (4,573,210)	4,501,971 1,313,707 1,835,702		
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4,315,287	\$ 3,740,496		

DEBT

The District made bond principal payments of \$232,087 in fiscal year 2015. The capital lease liability with PNC was paid in full in FY 2015. The District did not incur any new debt financing in FY 2015.

Table 4 Outstanding Debt at Year-End

		Governmental Activities		
	lawaran ca	2015 2014		
Bond payable Capital lease payable	\$	622,357 342,478	\$	854,440 469,317
Totals	\$	964,835	\$	1,323,757

COMMENTS ON BUDGET COMPARISONS

- Property tax rates remain consistent with prior year.
- Actual revenues exceeded budget by approximately \$226,000.
- Actual expenses were under budget by approximately \$684,000 primarily related to employee payroll and benefits and contingency.

Contacting the Fire District:

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, creditors, and other users with an overview of the Fire District's finances, fiscal practices and responsibility. If you have questions or need additional information, please contact the Fire Chief at 10530 Watterson Trail Jeffersontown, KY 40299-3754.

Jeffersontown Fire Protection District Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Assets

Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Taxes recievable Other recievables Prepaid insurance Total Current Assets	\$ 1,349,661 51,748 212,378 7,080 1,620,867
Capital Assets: Land Buildings and improvements (Net of \$1,925,820 depreciation) Equipment (Net of \$1,468,911 depreciation) Vehicles (Net of \$1,178,479 depreciation) Net Capital Assets	668,410 2,456,365 213,909 <u>976,604</u> 4,315,288
Total Assets	5,936,155
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension contributions - current year	519,015
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll expense Accrued employee benefits Accrued interest expense Accrued insurance payable Other current liabilities Current portion of bond and lease payable Total Current Liabilities	22,582 48,839 75,269 4,102 5,768 1,977 <u>303,325</u> 461,862
Noncurrent Liabilities Accrued vacation Bond payable and lease Net pension liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities	123,891 661,509 <u>5,897,737</u> 6,683,137
Total Liabilities	7,144,999
Deferred Inflows of Resources Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	464,652
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position	3,350,454 (4,504,935) \$ (1,154,481)

Jeffersontown Fire Protection District Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			Program	n Revenu	es	Net Re	evenue(Expense)
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		narges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		overnmental Activities
Administration	\$ 381,396	\$	9,900	\$	-	\$	(371,496)
General Fire Services	 4,389,945				188,244		(4,201,701)
Total	\$ 4,771,341	\$	9,900	_\$	188,244		(4,573,197)
		Ta Int Mi	Revenues xes erest Income scellaneous Inc in on sale of a				5,023,478 196 229,753 444,863
		Total G	eneral Revenu	95			5,698,290
		Change	in Net Positio	า			1,125,093
			sition-beginning priginally report				3,760,928
		Prior Pe	eriod Adjustme	nt			(6,040,502)
		Net Pos	ition-beginning	of year,	as restated		(2,279,574)
		Net pos	ition-end of yea	ar		\$	(1,154,481)

Jeffersontown Fire Protection District Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

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Assets	<u>General</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Other receivables Prepaid insurance	\$ 1,349,661 51,748 212,378 7,080
Total Assets	\$ 1,620,867
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 22,582
Accrued employee benefits	75,269
Accrued payroll expense	48,839
Accrued insurance payable	5,768
Other current liabilities	1,977
Accrued interest expense	 4,102
Total Liabilities	 158,537
Fund Balances	
Nonspendable:	7,080
Unrestricted	 1,455,250
Total Fund Balances	 1,462,330
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,620,867

Jeffersontown Fire Protection District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

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Total fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 1,462,330
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$4,572,543.	4,315,288
Derferred outflows and inflows used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds: Outflows related to pension Inflows related to pension	519,015 (464,652)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds: Due within 1 year Due in more than 1 year Net pension liability	 (303,325) (785,400) (5,897,737)
Net Position of governmental activities	\$ (1,154,481)

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Jeffersontown Fire Protection District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General <u>Fund</u>	
Revenues:		
Taxes	\$	5,023,478
State aid		188,244
Rent income		9,900
Interest income		196
Miscellaneous income		229,753
Total Revenues		5,451,571
Expenditures:		
Fire protection - operations		4,267,578
Administration		328,694
Capital outlay		130,155
Debt service:		
Principal		358,854
Interest		37,829
Total Expenditures	-	5,123,110
Revenues Over Expenditures		328,461
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Proceeds of line of credit		1,267,500
Payments of line of credit		(1,267,500)
Proceeds on capital assets sold		560,004
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		560,004
Net Change in Fund Balances		888,465
Fund balances - beginning of year, as originally reported		568,742
Prior period adjustment		5,123
Fund balances - beginning of year, as restated		573,865
Fund balances - end of year	\$	1,462,330

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Jeffersontown Fire Protection District Reonciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	888,465
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:		
Capital asset purchases recorded		127,422
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (sales, trade ins, and contributions) is to decrease capital assets recorded in the current period		(115,140)
Depreciation and amrtization expense not recorded as expenditure in governmental funds		(302,767)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position:		358,923
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Accrued compensated absences Net pension liability		(9,808) 177,998
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	1,125,093

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Reporting Entity

The Jeffersontown Fire Protection District (The District) was created and established for the purpose of providing fire protection and fire prevention services to the citizens and property owners of the City of Jeffersontown. The District was established under provisions of Chapter 75 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes as a special taxing district and is recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky for federal income tax purposes.

The District is governed by a seven-member board of trustees. Two of the trustees are property owners who reside in the district and are elected by District-voting property owners. Three trustees are appointed by either the county judge/executive or the mayor. Two trustees are elected by members of the firefighters of the District.

A review of other agencies was performed in order to determine if they met the criteria as discussed above for inclusion in the District's financial statements. District management determined that no other agencies should be in the District's financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

The accounting and reporting policies of the Jeffersontown Fire Protection District relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles presented by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for restricted and unrestricted purposes. The more significant policies of the District are described below.

Net Position/Fund Balances

In the combined statement of net position, the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows and the District's liabilities and deferred inflows is recorded as the District's net position. The three components of net position are as follows:

Invested in Capital Assets – This category records capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital assets.

Restricted Net Position – Net assets that are restricted by external sources such as banks or by law are reported separately as restricted net assets. When assets are required to be retained in perpetuity, these non-expendable net assets are recorded separately from expendable net assets. These are components of restricted net assets. The District has no restricted net assets as of June 30, 2015.

Unrestricted Net Position – This category represents net assets not appropriated for expenditures or legally segregated for a specific future use.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

In the balance sheet of governmental funds the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into the following classifications, as applicable:

Non-spendable – These resources include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District's non-spendable funds consisted of prepaid expenses of \$7,080 as of June 30, 2015.

Restricted – Amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had no restricted funds as of June 30, 2015.

Committed – Amounts constrained for a specific purpose by the District using its highest level of decision-making authority. For resources considered committed the Board of Trustees or the member from the Board of Trustees given authority to assign amounts. The District had no committed funds for capital expenditures as of June 30, 2015.

Assigned – Amounts that the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Amounts may be assigned by the Board of Trustees or the member from the Board of Trustees given authority to assign amounts. The District had no assigned funds as of June 30, 2015.

Unassigned – Amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund.

Basis of Presentation

The Government-wide financial statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all activities of the District. These are district activities normally supported by taxes.

The Statement of Activities demonstrated the degree to which expenses of a given program are affected by specific program revenues as indicated. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Indirect expenses are allocated to each program area based on direct expenses.

Component Unit Presentation

The District's basic financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The District's criteria for including organizations as component units with the District's reporting entity, is set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>.

Based on the aforementioned criteria the District has no component unit.

General Fund

The General fund is the general operating fund of the District. All financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds, are accounted for in the general fund.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured, basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to timing of the measurement made regardless of the measurement focus applied

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resource measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the Statement of Net Position and the operating statement presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned. Expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when susceptible, that is: when they become both measurable and available. "Measureable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 30 days after year end. A one year availability period is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when the payment is due. The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, state aid, and interest income and all other revenues are recognized when received.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements: Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The budget by statute, including expenditures set aside for emergency purposes, is required to be approved by the Board of Trustees.

The Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual amounts for the General Fund present a comparison of the legally adopted budget (approved by the Board of Trustees May 13, 2014 and amended October 21, 2014) with actual data on a budgetary basis.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results differ from those estimates.

Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments are carried at cost. State statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, certificates of deposits, money market savings accounts, repurchase agreements, passbooks and other available bank investments provided that such financial institutions are insured by an agency of the U.S. Government.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments in excess of the insured amount must be secured with approved securities pledged by the financial institutions. The District had no investments at June 30, 2015.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand and demand deposits and highly liquid investments with and original maturity of three months or less.

The District's cash and cash equivalents of \$835,376 were held entirely by one financial institution at June 30, 2015. Of this balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal depository insurance, and \$585,376 was collateralized with securities pledged by the financial institution in the District's name at June 30, 2015.

Prepaid Items

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the District in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year and reserve for prepaid (if required) has been recorded to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

Compensated Balances

All unpaid, compensated absences that will be liquidated with expendable available financial resources have been accrued as a liability in the general fund. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the total amount of unpaid compensated absences is reported within accrued expenses. Earned vacation pay may be paid upon termination.

Property and Equipment

Capital assets which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the governmental-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at their historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available.

Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expense. Renewals and betterments are capitalized with a threshold of \$2,000 at the completion of construction, when additions are placed into service.

Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	50 Years
Improvements	20 Years
Fire Trucks	15-25 Years
Vehicles	5-10 Years
Equipment	5-10 Years
Fire Fighting Gear	5-10 Years

Note 2 - Property and Equipment

A summary of changes in property and equipment for the year ended June 30, 2015, follows: Governmental Activities:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Land	\$ 694,889	\$ -	\$ 26,478	\$ 668.411
Buildings and improvements	4,501,971	¥ 3,700	123,486	4,382,185
Equipment	2,313,707	88,706	22,686	2,379,727
Vehicles	1,835,702	35,018	412,545	1,458,175
Total Assets at Historical Cost	9,346,269	127,424	585,195	8,888,498
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	1,929,250	95,155	98,585	1,925,820
Equipment	1,426,447	57,514	15,050	1,468,911
Vehicles	1,384,799	150,099	356,419	1,178,479
Total Acc. Depreciation	4,740,496	302,768	470,054	4,573,210
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4,605,773	<u>\$ (175,344)</u>	\$ 115,141	\$ 4,315,288

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the District as follows:

Administration	\$ 5,134
Fire	297,634
Total depreciation expense governmental activities	\$ 302,768

Note 3 - Long-term Debt

Bond Payable

Bonds payable consists of the following at June 30, 2015:

Bank/Lessor	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Origin</u>	<u>Due</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Secured By
Kentucky				Variable	(2) KME Pumper Trucks
League of Cities	\$1,840,000	1/19/98	2/15/18	1.00%	Facilities

The following is a summary of long-term bond transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Bond payable at June 30, 2014	\$ 854,440
Principal paid	 (232,083)
Bond payable at June 30, 2015	\$ 622,357

Note 3 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Future maturities of bond payable are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	F	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2016		237,357	15,822
2017		242,083	10,238
2018		142,917	3,930
Total Payments	\$	622,357	\$ 29,990

Capital Lease Payable

Capital lease payable consists of the following at June 30, 2015:

The following is a summary of long-term lease transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2015:

<u>Bank/Lessor</u> PNC Equipment Finance	<u>Amount</u> \$387,380	<u>Origin</u> 5/13/08	<u>Due</u> 5/13/15	<u>Rate</u> 3.98%	<u>Secured By</u> 2009 Pierce 2000 GPM	
Lease payable at Jur Principal paid Lease payable at Jur					\$	62,088 (62,088) -
<u>Bank/Lessor</u> BB & T Bank	<u>Amount</u> \$470,000	<u>Origin</u> 12/13/12	<u>Due</u> 1/20/20	<u>Rate</u> 1.88%	<u>Secured By</u> 2013 Seagrave	
Lease payable at Jur Principal paid Lease payable at Jur					\$	407,502 (64,751) 342,751

Future maturities of lease payable are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest
2016	65,968	6,439
2017	67,208	5,198
2018	68,472	3,935
2019	69,759	2,648
2020	71,344	1,336
Total Payments	\$ 342,751	\$ 19,556

Note 4 – Property Tax Calendar and Rate

Property taxes assessed on January 1, issued in November of each year and submitted to the County Clerk for computation. Such taxes become a lien on property on the following January 1. The Sheriff of Jefferson County collects the property tax revenues and remits monthly to the District its portion less applicable discounts and fees beginning in November. A final settlement of such property taxes is received from the Sheriff at the time of audit. The tax rate set for the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$.10 per \$100 assessed valuation for real and personal property.

Note 5 - Retirement Plan

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions- An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by state and local governmental pension plans. In addition, it requires the liability of the employers and non-employer contributing entities to employees for defined benefit pensions (net pension liability) to be measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total pension liability), less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. In addition, this Statement requires additional changes to the Required Supplementary Information, among other extensive changes. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year 2015 and the District implemented in fiscal year 2015.

Plan Description

The District contributes to the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS). CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that cover all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous and hazardous duty positions of any state department, board, agency, county, city, school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

CERS was created by the Kentucky General Assembly. Benefits are fully vested immediately upon reaching 60 months of service and are established by state statutes. Benefits of CERS members are calculated on the basis of age, final average salary and service credit. CERS also provides survivor, disability and health care coverage. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Kentucky Revised Statutes Section 61.645.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 the District's covered payroll for hazardous and non-hazardous positions was \$2,567,836.

Kentucky Revised Statutes provides authority for employee and employer contributions. Employees and the District have contributed all of the required contributions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015.

Contribution rates are as follows:

	<u>Employee</u>	<u>Employer</u>
Non-hazardous	5.0%-6.0%	17.67%
Hazardous	8.0%-9.0%	34.31%

Note 5 - Retirement Plan (Continued)

The District's contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 amounted \$1,074,245, of which \$845,735 was contributed by the District and \$228,510 by the District's employees.

Membership in CERS consisted of the following at June 30, 2014:

	<u>Non-Hazardous</u>	Hazardous	<u>Total</u>
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive memberships Active plan members	46,112 70,231 <u>82,494</u> <u>198,837</u>	6,006 2,038 <u>9,189</u> <u>17,233</u>	52,178 72,269 <u>91,683</u> <u>216,130</u>
Number of participating employers			<u>1,137</u>

Number of participating employers

CERS issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained from Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the District reported a liability of \$5,897,737 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the District's proportion was 0.486 percent for hazardous and .001 percent for non-hazardous.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$667,737. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual results Changes of assumptions	\$ - -	\$ - -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Plan investments Amortization of deferred inflows from net difference between projected and actual earnings on Plan	-	580,813
investments (5-years) District contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total		(116,153) \$ 464,660

Note 5 - Retirement Plan (Continued)

The \$519,019 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2016	\$(116,200)
2017	(116,200)
2018	(116,200)
2019	(116,200)

The Schedule of Deferred Inflows and Outflows, and Pension Expense include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedule does not include deferred outflows/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contributions or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The net pension liability as of June 30, 2014, is based on the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation for the first year of implementation. As a result, there are no differences between expected and actual experience or changes in assumptions subject to amortization.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2014
Experience Study	July 1, 2005 – June 30, 2008
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	3.5%
Salary Increase	4.5%, average, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The rates of mortality for the period after service retirement are according to the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all retired members and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2006 and the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all other members. The Group Annuity Mortality Table set forward five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for KRS. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2005 through 2008, is outlined in a report dated August 25, 2009. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long term historical data,

Note 5 – Retirement Plan (Continued)

estimates inherent in current market data, and a log- normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense, and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Domestic equity	30	8.45 %	5
International equity	22	8.85	
Emerging Market			
Equity	5	10.5	
Private equity	7	11.25	
Real estate	5	4.5	
Core US Fixed Income	10	5.25	
High yield US fixed income	5	7.25	
Non US fixed			
income	5	5.5	
TIPS	5	5.9	
Commodities	5	7.75	
Cash	1	3.25	
Total	100	_ %	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 7.75%. The long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected of benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 5 - Retirement Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

		District's proportionate share of net pension
	Discount rate	liability
1% decrease	6.75%	\$ 7,666,000
Current discount rate	7.75%	\$ 5,898,000
1% increase	8.75%	\$ 4,327,000

Note 6 – Contingencies – Lawsuits

The District is not involved in lawsuits or matters which require disclosure with the ABA Statement policy regarding Lawyer's Responses to Auditors' Request per the opinion of counsel.

Note 7 - Risk Management

Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance with premiums (based on industry information adjusted for any District claims) for general liability, vehicles, personal and real property. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Note 8 - On Behalf Payment Salaries

The District received \$173,325 from the State of Kentucky as administered by the Commission on Fire Protection Personnel Standards and Education for educational pay incentive.

Note 9 - Fire Training Academy and Financial Guarantees

During 2002, the District, along with Fern Creek, Buechel, and Lyndon Fire Districts, signed a Construction/Permanent Loan Note (the "Note") with a local bank as equal borrowers up to \$620,000. The Note is secured by real estate with a cost basis of approximately \$570,000. As draws were made on the Note, the above noted districts loaned the proceeds to the Jefferson County Fire Training Academy (the "Academy") to construct a new training facility. A total of \$618,268 was converted into a "permanent" note at a fixed rate of 4.55% for 72 months. In November 2009 five additional members joined the Academy and refinanced the loan at \$463,268 at a fixed rate of 4.72% to be paid in full in annual payments beginning in January 2011. In November 2014, the loan was refinanced at 2.85% with a maturity date of November 2019. At that time, two of the nine districts were released of the financial responsibility.

Jeffersontown Fire Protection District is one of nine district members of the Jefferson County Fire Training Academy, Inc. which reported unrestricted assets in excess of liabilities at June 30, 2015 of \$1,642,007.

Note 9 - Fire Training Academy and Financial Guarantees (Continued)

The District as an equal co-borrower is responsible for 14.3% of the outstanding balance of the Note as a guarantor. Management evaluated the District's exposure to loss at June 30, 2015 and no accrual was deemed necessary.

The districts pay fees to the Academy to utilize the facilities for fire training for their employees. In addition, the facility is available to use for a fee by other Metro Louisville area fire protection districts. The fees are intended to cover operating expenses and debt retirement of the facility.

Note 10 - Line of Credit

The District opened a Line of Credit July 1, 2010 with a commercial bank with a maximum borrowing limit of \$2,000,000 bearing interest at 2.19% per annum or the prime rate whichever is greater. Amounts outstanding under the Line of Credit are collateralized by the District's property tax receipts. There was no outstanding balance at June 30, 2015. Effective July 1, 2015 the maturity of this Line of Credit was extended to June 30, 2016.

Note 11 – Prior Period Adjustments

Government-wide net assets were decreased by \$6,040,502 as a result of adjustments to net pension liability and unamortized loan costs.

As described in Note 5 regarding the District's participation in the County Employee's Retirement Plan, the Government Accounting Standards Board's Statement #68 became effective for fiscal year 2015. The new standard required the District to report its proportionate share of the net pension liability. That amount was calculated to be \$6,021,372 as of June 30, 2014.

Unamortized loan costs of \$19,130 were written-off in accordance with GASB 65 which was effective for FY 2014.

Note 12 - Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the District has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 8, 2015 the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

On July 15, 2015 the District ordered a new fire truck from Pierce Manufacturing, Inc. for approximately \$1,022,000. Approximately \$730,000 will be financed over 10 years at 2.5% through BB&T.

Required Supplementary Information

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Series - Series

Jeffersontown Fire Protection District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with	
	<u></u>	<u> </u>	Actual Amounts	~	
Devenue	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	A 4 0 47 050	A 4 050 045	ф <u>соор</u> ило	a a a a a a a a a a	
Taxes	\$4,947,253	\$ 4,959,015	\$ 5,023,478	\$ 64,463	
State aid	194,600	194,600	188,244	(6,356)	
Grants	40.000	2,500	-	(2,500)	
Rent income	13,200	13,200	9,900	(3,300)	
Interest income	100	100	196	96	
Miscellaneous income	57,830	56,049	229,753	173,704	
Unencumbered cash balance carryover		568,742		(568,742)	
Total Revenue and Carryover	5,600,714	5,794,206	5,451,571	(342,635)	
Expenditures:					
Employee payroll and taxes	2,873,580	2,831,115	2,761,810	(69,305)	
Employee benefits	1,509,389	1,538,018	1,463,031	(74,987)	
Administration	38,110	39,410	41,724	2,314	
Utilities	120,300	120,300	115,257	(5,043)	
Legal, accounting and insurance	79,600	79,600	93,907	14,307	
Maintenance	96,000	86,500	83,657	(2,843)	
Supplies	35,000	49,500	15,604	(33,896)	
Training	16,750	16,750	19,297	2,547	
Fire prevention	4,000	4,000	1,916	(2,084)	
Capital outlay	75,000	75,000	130,155	55,155	
Contingency	387,731	568,742	-	(568,742)	
Debt service:	,			(,	
Principal	358,855	358,855	358,854	(1)	
Interest	33,416	33,416	31,344	(2,072)	
Line of credit interest	10,000	8,000	6,554	(1,446)	
Total Expenditures	5,637,731	5,809,206	5,123,110	(684,650)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			4 007 500	4 007 500	
Proceeds of line of credit			1,267,500	1,267,500	
Payments of line of credit	-	-	(1,267,500)	(1,267,500)	
Proceeds on sale of surplus property	-		560,004	560,004	
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses	-		560,004	560,004	
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 888,465	\$ 888,465	

Jeffersontown Fire Protection District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability County Employees' Retirement System

	June 30, 2015		5
	Hazardous	Non	-Hazardous
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.485824%		0.001818%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 5,838,754	\$	58,983
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,525,781	\$	62,908
Districts proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	231.17%		93.76%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	63.46%		66.80%

Jeffersontown Fire Protection District Schedule of the District's Contributions County Employees' Retirement System For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2015
Contractually required contribution (includes \$326,716 for Health Insurance Fund)	\$ 845,735
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(845,735)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$2,588,689
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	32.67%

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Supplementary Information

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Jeffersontown Fire Protection District Schedule of Revenues For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Revenues:

Taxes - assessments as of January 1, 2014	\$ 5,023,478
State aid	188,244
Rent income	9,900
Interest income	196
Miscellaneous	229,753
Total Revenues	\$ 5,451,571

Jeffersontown Fire Protection District Schedule of Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30,2015

Employee Payroll: Salaries	\$ 2,575,401
Total Employee Payroll	2,575,401
Payroll Taxes:	186,409
Employee Benefits:	
Group health and dental insurance	505,495
Firefighter pension	845,735
Clothing allowance	29,639
Payroll-vacation	-
Unemployment insurance	5,141
Workers compensation insurance	77,021
Total Employee Benefits	1,463,031
Administration:	
Hydrant painting	3,710
Contingency fund	-
Nominal fee	-
Adminstrative expense	7,661
Extermination services	822
Security services	385
Public meetings	1,648
Dues and subscriptions	8,673
Physicals Board mostings	15,119
Board meetings Advertising	1,475 1,850
Flowers	381
Flowers	
Total Administration	41,724
Utilities and Fuel:	
Electricity and cable	34,097
Telephone and electronic communications	17,868
Water, sewage, and garbage	11,625
Vehicle fuel	51,667
Total Utilities and Fuel	115,257
Legal, Accounting, and Insurance:	
Legal accounting and auditing	32,663
Insurance	61,244
Total Legal, Accounting, and Insurance	93,907

Jeffersontown Fire Protection District Schedule of Expenditures (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30,2015

Maintenance: Vehicle and apparatus Radios Portable and support Office and computer Fire stations	62,253 1,887 8,998 6,311 4,208
Total Maintenance	83,657
Supplies: Office and computer Uniforms Firefighting	5,844 1,694 8,066
Total Supplies	15,604
Training: Schools and conferences Travel	15,743 3,554
Total Training	19,297
Fire Prevention: Supplies	1,916
Total Fire Prevention	1,916
Capital Outlay: Vehicle and apparatus Portable support Office equipment Facilities and improvement	35,018 39,130 35,408 20,599
Total Capital Outlay	130,155
Debt Service:	358,854
Interest:	37,898
Total Expenditures	\$ 5,123,110



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance And Other Matters based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Chief and the Board of Trustees Jeffersontown Fire Protection District

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund for Jeffersontown Fire Protection District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Jeffersontown Fire Protection District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 8, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Jeffersontown Fire Protection District's internal control over financial reporting (Internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Jeffersontown Fire Protection District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Jeffersontown Fire Protection District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule or findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiency.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as 2015-1 and 2015-2 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Jeffersontown Fire Protection District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Jeffersontown Fire Protection District's Responses to Findings

The Jeffersontown Fire Protection District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Jeffersontown Fire Protection District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Baldwin CPAS, PLLC

Baldwin CPAs, PLLC September 8, 2015

Jeffersontown Fire Protection District Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2015

A. Findings – Financial Statement Audit

2015-1

Criteria:

As discussed in *Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government* published by the General Accounting Office of the United States, internal control is an integral component of an organization's management that provides reasonable assurance that an objective of reliable financial reporting is being achieved. Organizations should implement procedures to ensure this objective is achieved.

Condition:

During the audit procedures performed, instances of this objective not being completely achieved were noted.

Cause:

The District's limited internal resources prevent the preparation of financial statements and related note disclosures in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

Effect:

The District was unable to prepare or review their financial statements and related note disclosures in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions:

We are aware that we have limited resources which prevent the preparation of financial statements and related note disclosures in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. It is due to these limited resources that we cannot have additional personnel or seek the assistance of outside accounting firms to assist with this process.

2015-2

Criteria:

As discussed in *Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government* published by the General Accounting Office of the United States, internal control is an integral component of an organization's management that provides reasonable assurance that an objective of reliable financial reporting is being achieved. Organizations should implement procedures to ensure this objective is achieved.

Condition:

During the audit procedures performed, instances of this objective not being completely achieved were noted.

Cause:

There are not appropriate segregation of duties in the areas of general ledger bookkeeping, cash receipts and disbursements. The individual charged with maintaining the general ledger is also responsible for collecting and recording cash receipts, making deposits, preparing checks, receives the bank statements, prepares the bank reconciliation without adequate mitigating controls in place.

Effect:

This condition could provide an opportunity for misappropriation of funds and concealment of such activity.

2014-2 (continued)

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The District has limited resources that prevent being able to further segregate duties, but will implement stronger internal controls to help mitigate any risk associated with the process.