CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2021

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To the City of Hickman, Kentucky Honorable David Carlton, Mayor Members of the City of Hickman Council

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

# Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Hickman, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hickman, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Hickman, Kentucky and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Hickman, Kentucky's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

P.O. BOX 488 1214 Paris Road Mayfield, Kentucky 42066

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements-Continued

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hickman, Kentucky's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Hickman, Kentucky's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States also require budgetary comparisons information, the Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Based on Participation in County Employees' Retirement System, the Schedule of Employer's Contributions, the Schedule of Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Based on Participation in County Employees' Retirement System and Schedule of Employer's OPEB Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the City of Hickman, Kentucky Honorable David Carlton, Mayor Members of the City of Hickman Council

# **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Hickman, Kentucky's basic financial statements as a whole. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 24, 2024 on our consideration of the City of Hickman, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hickman, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Hickman, Kentucky's internal compliance.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses included herein, which discusses the following report finding:

2021-001 The City of Hickman did not have a proper system of internal controls in place to prevent, or detect and correct, errors on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA). The SEFA was not prepared for the audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Romaine & Associates, PLLC

Paducah, Kentucky Mayfield, Kentucky January 24, 2024

## CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITON JUNE 30, 2021

		Pi				
	G	overnmental	В	usiness-Type		
A00FT0		Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS Cash on hand and in banks	\$	640 141	\$	811,584	\$	1 460 725
Restricted cash	Φ	649,141 832,094	Φ	187,237	Φ	1,460,725 1,019,331
Receivables (net):		032,094		107,237		1,019,331
Property tax		5,780				5,780
Accounts receivable, billed, net		5,700		133,476		133,476
Grants		5.263		-		5,263
Other receivable		11,189		-		11,189
Internal balances		2,024,523		-		2,024,523
Prepaid natural gas		_,0_ ,0_0		73,755		73,755
Capital assets:				-,		-,
Non-depreciable		161,500		1,774,912		1,936,412
Depreciable, net		3,849,141		6,189,168		10,038,309
Total assets		7,538,631		9,170,132		16,708,763
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		104 100		66 720		100.967
Deferred amounts related to pension Deferred amounts related to OPEB		124,129 101,976		66,738 54,911		190,867 156,887
Total deferred outflows of resources		226,105		121,649		347,754
				,		<u> </u>
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$	7,764,736	\$	9,291,781	\$	17,056,517
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		67,336		247,533		314,869
Meter deposits				187,237		187,237
Compensated absences		27,386		5,794		33,180
Internal balances		-		2,024,523		2,024,523
Current portion of long-term debt		80,861		18,970		99,831
Total current liabilities		175,583		2,484,057		2,659,640
Noncurrent liabilities						
Pension liability		677,083		364,032		1,041,115
Net OPEB liability		213,004		114,694		327,698
Notes payable		2,474,520		1,137,967		3,612,487
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,364,607		1,616,693		4,981,300
Total liabilities		3,540,190		4,100,750		7,640,940
		_				_
DEFERRED INFLOWS						
Deferred amounts related to pension		103,667		55,736		159,403
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		88,760		47,793		136,553
Total deferred inflows of resources		192,427		103,529		295,956
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	\$	3,732,617	\$	4,204,279	\$	7,936,896
NET POSITION						
Investments in capital assets,						
net of related debt		3,479,783		4,603,560		8,083,343
Restricted		832,094		-		832,094
Unrestricted		(279,758)		483,942		204,184
Total net position	\$	4,032,119	\$	5,087,502	\$	9,119,621

# CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Program Reve	NIOS		et (Expense) Revenue an Changes in Net Position	d
	-		Operating	Capital Grants		changes in Net Position	
		Charges for	Grants and	and	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Functions and Programs	<b>!</b>						
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 1,137,996			\$-	\$ (540,23		\$ (540,235)
Public safety	138,911	9,804	72,435		(56,67		(56,672)
Public works	306,717		94,271		(212,44		(212,446)
Interest on debt	88,650	-	-	-	(88,65		(88,650)
Total governmental activities	1,672,274	400,015	374,256		(898,00	3)	(898,003)
Business-type activities:							
Gas fund	923,265	793,518		-	-	(129,747)	(129,747)
Water fund	634,473	548,737		-	-	(85,736)	(85,736)
Sewer fund	384,913	401,237		221,018	-	237,342	237,342
Total business-type activities	1,942,651	1,743,492	-	221,018		21,859	21,859
Total primary government	3,614,925	2,143,507	374,256	221,018	(898,00	3) 21,859	(876,144)
Totals	\$ 3,614,925	\$ 2,143,507	\$ 374,256	\$ 221,018	(898,00	3) 21,859	(876,144)
Totals	φ 0,014,020	φ 2,140,007	<u>φ 574,250</u>	φ 221,010	(000,00		(070,144)
	<b>General revenues</b> Taxes	:					
	Property and mo	otor vehicle taxes			281,07	0	281,070
	Occupational ta	ax			385,08	3	385,083
	Franchise tax				28,25	5	28,255
	License and perm	its			289,68		289,681
	Miscellaneous				74,41		97,860
	Interest				12,01		15,145
	Gain on disposal of	of assets			4,28		4,285
	Transfers, net				5,12		-
	Total general rev	/enues			1,079,91		1,101,379
	Change in net posit	tion			181,91	5 43,320	225,235
	Net position-beginr	ning-restated			3,850,20	5,044,182	8,894,386
	Net position-ending	)			\$ 4,032,11	9 <u>\$ 5,087,502</u>	\$ 9,119,621

# CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

100570	General			Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmenta Funds		
ASSETS Cash on hand and in banks	\$	634,980	\$	14,161	\$	649,141	
Restricted cash	φ	428,985	φ	403,109	φ	832,094	
Receivables (net):		420,000		400,100		002,004	
Property tax		5,780				5,780	
Other		11,189				11,189	
Grants		5,263		-		5,263	
Interfund receivable		2,027,383		360		2,027,743	
Total assets	\$	3,113,580	\$	417,630	\$	3,531,210	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Encumbrances Interfund payable Provision for compensated absences Total liabilities	\$	66,800 1,516 21,883 90,199	\$	536 1,704 5,503 7,743	\$	67,336 3,220 27,386 97,942	
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable				274,305		274,305	
Restricted Committed		428,985		125,592		554,577 -	
Assigned				9,990		9,990	
Unassigned		2,594,396	_	-		2,594,396	
Total fund balances		3,023,381		409,887		3,433,268	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,113,580	\$	417,630	\$	3,531,210	

# Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position:

Balance sheet-Governmental funds balances	\$ 3,433,268
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in funds, net of accumulated depreciation.	4,010,641
Deferred outflows of resources are expensed in the current period and,	
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	226,105
Net pension obligation is not due and payable in the current period an	
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(677,083)
Net OPEB obligation is not due and payable in the current period and	
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(213,004)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and,	
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(192,427)
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable	
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	 (2,555,381)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,032,119

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		General	Other Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes:	¢		¢	¢	
Levied for general purposes	\$	666,254	\$-	\$	666,254
Levied for special purposes License and permits		28,154 249,876	39,805		28,154 289,681
Intergovernmental		274,095	100,161		374,256
Charges for services		373,539	16,672		390,211
Fines and forfeitures		9,804	10,072		9,804
Interest		6,255	5,758		12,013
Miscellaneous		147	0,700		147
Lease Reimbursement from water and gas		74,264	-		74,264
Total revenues		1,682,388	162,396		1,844,784
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current: General government		1,129,091	55,070		1,184,161
Public safety		107,030			107,030
Public works		171,590	92,801		264,391
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		114,141			114,141
Interest		88,650	-		88,650
Total expenditures		1,610,502	147,871		1,758,373
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		71,886	14,525		86,411
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from debt		69,864			69,864
Operating transfers in		61,030	271		61,301
Operating transfers out		(271)	(55,910)	)	(56,181)
Proceeds from Sale of Property		6,150	-		6,150
Total other financing sources(uses)		136,773	(55,639)	)	81,134
Net changes in fund balances		208,659	(41,114)	)	167,545
FUND BALANCES, beginning		2,814,722	451,001		3,265,723
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$	3,023,381	<u>\$ 409,887</u>	\$	3,433,268

# CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:	
Net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds:	\$ 167,545
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The amount by which depreciation exceeded	
capital assets in the current period.	(88,271)
Pension expense related to long-term net position obligations that is not included in the governmental funds	(21,733)
OPEB expense related to long-term net position obligations that is not included in the governmental funds	80,097
Governmental funds report proceeds from debt as other revenue sources. However, in the government-wide financial statements, the proceeds are shown as an increase in indebtness on the statement of net position.	
Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of	(69,864)
net position	 114,141
Change in net position governmental activities	\$ 181,915

# CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds						
		Gas		Water	Sewer			
		System		System		System		Totals
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash on hand and in banks	\$	457,782	\$	56,961	\$	296,841	\$	811,584
Receivables (net)		50 444		50.000		22.405		400.470
Accounts receivable, billed, net Prepaid natural gas		50,411 73,755		50,880		32,185		133,476 73,755
Internal balances		75,755		-		7 262		
		-				7,363		7,363
Total current assets		581,948		107,841		336,389		1,026,178
Noncurrent assets								
Restricted cash		114,328		72,909				187,237
Capital assets				40 - 200				17 0 7 0
Land		650		16,703		4 250 074		17,353
Construction in Progress Plant and equipment		1,540,387		399,485 5,793,568		1,358,074 6,995,156		1,757,559 14,329,111
Less accumulated depreciation		(830,264)		(2,887,211)		(4,422,468)		(8,139,943)
Total noncurrent assets		<u>(800,204</u> ) 825,101		3,395,454		3,930,762		8,151,317
Total assets		1,407,049		3,503,295		4,267,151	\$	9,177,495
10101 055615		1,407,049		3,503,295		4,207,131	φ	9,177,495
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS								
Deferred amounts related to pension		55,879		10,859		-		66,738
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		45,498		9,413		-		54,911
Total deferred outflows of resources		101,377		20,272				121,649
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$	1,508,426	\$	3,523,567	\$	4,267,151	\$	9,299,144
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	56,843	\$	18,993	\$	171,697	\$	247,533
Meter deposits with accrued interest		114,328		72,909				187,237
Provision for compensated absences		4,785		1,009		-		5,794
Current portion of long term debt		-		18,970		-		18,970
Total current liabilities		175,956		111,881		171,697		459,534
Noncurrent liabilities								
Pension liability		304,797		59,235		-		364,032
Net OPEB liability		95,032		19,662		-		114,694
Notes payable, less current portion		504 770		368,581		769,386		1,137,967
Internal balances		591,770		1,440,116				2,031,886
Total noncurrent liabilities		991,599		1,887,594		769,386		3,648,579
Total liabilities	. <u> </u>	1,167,555		1,999,475		941,083		4,108,113
DEFERRED INFLOWS								
Deferred amounts related to pension		46,667		9,069		-		55,736
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		39,599		8,194		-		47,793
Total deferred inflows of resources		86,266		17,263				103,529
		00,200		11,200				100,020
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	\$	1,253,821	\$	2,016,738	\$	941,083	\$	4,211,642
NET POSITION								
Investment in capital assets, net of		110 000		4 40 4 0=-		0.000.075		4 000 -00
related debt		119,003		1,494,878		2,989,679		4,603,560
Unrestricted (deficit) Total net position	\$	135,602 254,605	\$	<u>11,951</u> 1,506,829	\$	336,389 3,326,068	\$	483,942 5,087,502
. cm. not position	Ψ	207,000	Ψ	1,000,029	Ψ	5,020,000	Ψ	0,007,002

# CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					e Activities Funds	
	Gas	Water			Sewer	
	System		System		System	Totals
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 793,518	\$	548,737	\$	401,237	\$ 1,743,492
Other miscellaneous revenues	14,241		1,758		7,450	 23,449
Total operating revenues	807,759		550,495		408,687	 1,766,941
Operating expenses:						
Utility purchases	524,289		-		-	524,289
General expenses	47,885		59,991		22,961	130,837
Salaries and related expenses	104,248		24,589		-	128,837
Employee benefits	149,609		5,872			155,481
Contracted Services	-		242,197		127,230	369,427
Insurance	31,801		29,443		7,594	68,838
Purchase power	-		80,240		62,847	143,087
Fuel and vehicle expense	5,235		3,482			8,717
Professional fees	18,620		4,879		16,853	40,352
Depreciation	19,580		128,680		147,428	 295,688
Total operating expense	901,267		579,373		384,913	 1,865,553
Operating income (loss)	(93,508)		(28,878)		23,774	 (98,612)
Nonoperating revenues (expense)						
Interest revenue	1,246		51		1,835	3,132
Capital contributions					221,018	221,018
Operating transfers in (out)	(4,831)		(289)			(5,120)
Interest expense	(21,998)		(55,100)		-	 (77,098)
Total nonoperating revenue						
(expense)	(25,583)		(55,338)		222,853	 141,932
Change in net position	(119,091)		(84,216)		246,627	43,320
Total net position-beginning, restated	373,696		1,591,045		3,079,441	 5,044,182
Total net position-ending	<u>\$ 254,605</u>	\$	1,506,829	\$	3,326,068	\$ 5,087,502

# CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Enterprise FundsCASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIESReceipts from customers\$ 778,350\$ 544,084\$ 401,698\$ 1,724,133Payments to suppliers(574,350)(411,999)(207,667)(1,194,010)Payments for employees(147,110)(30,612)-(177,723)Other receipts/payments14,2411,758157,156173,153Net cash provided by operating activities71,131103,231351,187525,543CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Cash received (paid) interfund receivable/payable Interfund transfers in(out) to other funds(20,276)(26,111)5,556(40,833)Interfund transfers in(out) to other funds(4,831)(289)-(5,120)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES     Receipts from customers   \$ 778,350   \$ 544,084   \$ 401,698   \$ 1,724,132     Payments to suppliers   (574,350)   (411,999)   (207,667)   (1,194,014)     Payments for employees   (147,110)   (30,612)   -   (177,722)     Other receipts/payments   14,241   1,758   157,156   173,153     Net cash provided by operating activities   71,131   103,231   351,187   525,543     CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING   (20,276)   (26,111)   5,556   (40,833)     Interfund transfers in(out) to other funds   (4,831)   (289)   -   (5,124)	
Receipts from customers   \$ 778,350   \$ 544,084   \$ 401,698   \$ 1,724,132     Payments to suppliers   (574,350)   (411,999)   (207,667)   (1,194,010)     Payments for employees   (147,110)   (30,612)   -   (177,722)     Other receipts/payments   14,241   1,758   157,156   173,153     Net cash provided by operating activities   71,131   103,231   351,187   525,543     CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:   (20,276)   (26,111)   5,556   (40,833)     Cash received (paid) interfund receivable/payable   (20,276)   (26,111)   5,556   (40,833)     Interfund transfers in(out) to other funds   (4,831)   (289)   -   (5,120)	
Payments to suppliers   (574,350)   (411,999)   (207,667)   (1,194,010)     Payments for employees   (147,110)   (30,612)   -   (177,722)     Other receipts/payments   14,241   1,758   157,156   173,152     Net cash provided by operating activities   71,131   103,231   351,187   525,543     CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:     Cash received (paid) interfund receivable/payable   (20,276)   (26,111)   5,556   (40,833)     Interfund transfers in(out) to other funds   (4,831)   (289)   -   (5,124)	_
Payments for employees   (147,110)   (30,612)   -   (177,72)     Other receipts/payments   14,241   1,758   157,156   173,150     Net cash provided by operating activities   71,131   103,231   351,187   525,540     CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:     Cash received (paid) interfund receivable/payable   (20,276)   (26,111)   5,556   (40,83)     Interfund transfers in(out) to other funds   (4,831)   (289)   -   (5,120)	32
Other receipts/payments     14,241     1,758     157,156     173,154       Net cash provided by operating activities     71,131     103,231     351,187     525,544       CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:     Cash received (paid) interfund receivable/payable     (20,276)     (26,111)     5,556     (40,83)       Interfund transfers in(out) to other funds     (4,831)     (289)     -     (5,124)	16)
Net cash provided by operating activities71,131103,231351,187525,541CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Cash received (paid) interfund receivable/payable(20,276)(26,111)5,556(40,83)Interfund transfers in(out) to other funds(4,831)(289)-(5,120)	22)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING     ACTIVITIES:     Cash received (paid) interfund receivable/payable   (20,276)   (26,111)   5,556   (40,833)     Interfund transfers in(out) to other funds   (4,831)   (289)   -   (5,120)	<u>55</u>
ACTIVITIES:Cash received (paid) interfund receivable/payable(20,276)(26,111)5,556(40,83)Interfund transfers in(out) to other funds(4,831)(289)-(5,120)	49
Interfund transfers in(out) to other funds (4,831) (289) - (5,124)	
	31)
	20)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing	
activities (25,107) (26,400) 5,556 (45,95	51)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Capital contributions - 221,018 221,018	18
Acquisition and construction of capital assets (38,761) (13,702) (1,162,827) (1,215,29	90)
Proceeds from debt 16,170 769,385 785,555	55
Principal paid on debt (9,450) (1) (9,45	51)
Interest paid on debt(21,998)(55,100) (77,094	98)
Net cash provided by capital and related	
financing activities(60,759)(62,082)(172,425)(295,260	<u> 66</u> )
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Interest 1,246 51 1,835 3,132	32
Net cash provided by investing activities1,246511,8353,132	32
Net change in cash (13,489) 14,800 186,153 187,464	64
Balances-beginning of year 585,599 115,070 110,688 811,35	
Balances-end of year \$ 572,110 \$ 129,870 \$ 296,841 \$ 998,821	

# CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities- Enterprise Funds							
		Gas		Water		Sewer		
		System		System		System		Totals
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating expenses: Operating income (loss)	\$	(93,508)	\$	(28,878)	\$	23,774	\$	(98,612)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	¥	(00,000)	Ŷ	(20,010)	Ŷ	20,000	Ŷ	(00,012)
Depreciation		19,580		128,680		147,428		295,688
Pension/OPEB Expense (Increase) decrease in:		104,122		1,002		-		105,124
Accounts receivable Prepaid utility purchases		(17,811) 1,479		(6,131)		461		(23,481) 1,479
Grants receivable Increase (decrease) in:		-		-		149,706		149,706
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		52,001		8,433		29,818		90,252
Provision for compensated absences		2,625		(1,153)		-		1,472
Meter deposits with accrued interest		2,643		1,478		-		4,121
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	71,131	\$	103,431	\$	351,187	\$	525,749
Unrestricted Cash	\$	457,782	\$	56,961	\$	296,841	\$	811,584
Restricted Cash		114,328		72,909		-		187,237
Total Cash	\$	572,110	\$	129,870	\$	296,841	\$	998,821

# INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Hickman, Kentucky, have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards City (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards document these principles. The significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

#### FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Hickman is a municipality governed by a mayor and commissioners. The city was incorporated in 1834 and provides the following services as authorized: public safety (fire, police and dispatch), highways and streets, recreation, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses, of a given function or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Governmental Funds

General Fund – This is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some functions.

The primary government also has the following non-major fund: Municipal Road Aid Fund, SRO Fund and ABC Fund. Included in the Permanent Fund is the Perpetual Care Fund.

#### Special Revenue Funds

The Municipal Road Aid Fund, SRO Fund and the ABC Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

#### Proprietary Funds

The proprietary funds account for the activities of the government's gas, water and sewer systems.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

# NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-(Continued)

Government-Wide And Fund Financial Statements- (Continued)

### Presentation of Component Unit

The City of Hickman has no Component Units.

### MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

## CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash consists entirely of amounts in demand deposits as well as short term investments with an initial maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City. KRS 66.480 permits the City to invest in U.S. Treasury and Agency Obligations, certain other federal investments, repurchase agreements, the Commonwealth of Kentucky Investment Pool and commercial banks' certificates of deposit.

## DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The statement of position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then.

## PROPERTY TAX

The city elects to use the annual property assessments prepared by the county PVA. Property taxes are billed each October on the basis of the preceding January property assessment values and are due no later than the following December. A lien is placed on property for which the taxes have not been paid as of August of the following year.

# NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- (Continued)

## **PROPERTY TAX- (Continued)**

Property taxes are recognized as revenue when they are levied because they are considered to be both measurable and available. Proper allowances are made for estimated uncollectible accounts and delinquent accounts.

The City is subject to an absolute maximum tax rate in that House Bill 44 prohibits levying a tax rate that will produce more revenue, exclusive of revenue from net assessment growth, than could be produced by application of the tax rate that was levied in the proceeding years' assessment. The effect of this legislation has been to limit increases in property tax revenues to minimal levels.

## FIXED ASSETS

General capital assets not specifically related to activities are not reported in the propriety fund. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position. Capital assets used by the proprietary fund are reported in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the City as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized (recorded and accounted for) in the General Fixed Assets Account Group.

Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets (back to July 1, 1980) have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the respective balance sheet.

## FIXED ASSETS

The range of lives used for depreciation purposes for each class is as follows:

	-	talization reshold	Useful Life (Years)		
Land	\$	5,000	10-60		
Construction in Progress	\$	5,000			
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	5,000	10-75		
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	3-25		
Vehicles	\$	5,000	3-25		
Infrastructure	\$	5,000	10-50		

#### COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, holiday benefits and sick pay benefits. Upon termination or retirement of an employee, the employee is compensated for both unused vacation and holiday pay. There is a liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does have a policy to pay any amounts when employees who have at least 10 years of service separate from the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

## NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- (Continued)

#### LONG TERM DEBT

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets used by the governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Long term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as revenue and repayment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for the proprietary fund is the same in the fund financial statements as it is in the government-wide financial statements.

## REVENUE RECOGNITION FOR UTILITY FUNDS

Revenue is recorded in the period in which services are provided. As such, revenue is recorded as billed to customers on a cyclical basis. All customers are billed monthly. Unbilled services received are accrued for all utility funds.

### FUND EQUITY

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into non-spendable and spendable components, if applicable.

Non-spendable includes amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually.

Spendable include the following:

- Restricted-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by the county using its highest level of decision-making authority.
- Assigned-for all governmental funds, other than the general fund, any remaining positive amounts not classified as non-spendable, restricted, or committed. For the general fund, amounts constrained by intent to be used for a specified purpose by the City or the delegated county committee or official given authority to assign amounts.
- Unassigned-for the general fund, amounts not classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned. For all other governmental funds, amounts expended in excess of resources that are non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

For resources considered committed, the City issues an ordinance or resolution that can only be changed with another corresponding ordinance or resolution.

It is the policy of the City to spend restricted resources first, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to spend on the activity. Once restricted resources are exhausted, then committed, assigned and unassigned resources will be spent in that order on the activity.

### INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursement to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditure/expense in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expense in the fund that is reimbursed.

## NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- (Continued)

#### USE OF ESTIMATES

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on the cash basis of accounting according to the laws of Kentucky, and as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The mayor presents the budget to the city council for the first reading at the first council meeting during the month of May. A second reading is usually made a few days later and becomes effective upon approval by the council. Any amendments that are made must first be brought before the council for approval. They are required to be made by the ordinance and published. Total expenditures may not legally exceed total appropriations as required by the Kentucky Revised Statutes.

#### POSTEMPLOYMENT EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### AMBULANCE COLLECTIONS

The City of Hickman contracts with Twin City Ambulance, Inc for ambulance services. The City bills, collects and remits monthly membership funds. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 the City collected \$137,482 and remitted \$137,521 to Twin City Ambulance, Inc. DBA KenTenn EMS for ambulance fees. The accounts receivable balance as of June 30, 2021 was \$12,358 before any allowance for doubtful accounts.

## NOTE B-DEPOSITS

The City maintains deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposits at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC, in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidence by an agreement between the city and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the City of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the City or committee, and (c) be an official record of the depository institution.

#### Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk in the event of a depository institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City does not have a depository policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2021, all deposits of the primary government were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

## NOTE C-ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Governmental Activities:

The accounts receivable for the governmental activities are recorded for various taxes. The accounts receivable balances are recorded net of allowance for uncollectible.

Business-Type Activities:

The accounts receivable for the gas, water and sewer funds are recorded for both billed and unbilled services provided. These balances are recorded net of allowance for uncollectible.

## NOTE D-OTHER RECEIVABLE

The other receivable is an amount owed to the general fund for collections on sanitation services. The collections amount is recorded net of allowance for uncollectible.

## NOTE E-EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CERS)

#### A. Plan Description

The City has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the City of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employers defined benefit pension plan that covers all eligible regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous. The Plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of the plan members under certain circumstances. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The city's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 24.06 percent (19.3 percent related to pension and 4.76 percent for health insurance).

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own account. Members contribute 5% (nonhazardous) and 8% (hazardous) of their annual creditable compensation and 1% to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the City based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a 4% (nonhazardous) and 7.5% (hazardous) employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

The City contribution for FY 2019 was \$79,191, FY 2020 was \$95,087, and FY 2021 was \$81,360.

Benefits CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers based on hire date: Tier 1 Tier 2 Tier 3 Participation date Before September 1, 2008 Unreduced retirement 27 years' service or 65 years old and 4 years' service Reduced retirement At least 5 years' service and 55 years old or 25 years' service and any age Participation date September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013 Unreduced retirement At least 5 years' service and 65 years old or age 57+ with sum of service years plus age equal to 87+ Reduced retirement At least 10 years' service and 65 years old or age 57+ with sum of service years plus age equal to 87+ Reduced retirement At least 5 years' service and 65 years old or age 57+ with sum of service years plus age equal to 87+ Reduced retirement At least 5 years' service and 65 years old or age 57+ with sum of service years plus age equal to 87+ Reduced retirement At least 5 years' service and 65 years old or age 57+ with sum of service years plus age equal to 87+ Reduced retirement At least 5 years' service and 65 years old or age 57+ with sum of service years plus age equal to 87+ Reduced retirement At least 5 years' service and 65 years old or age 57+ with sum of service years plus age equal to 87+ Reduced retirement At least 5 years' service and 65 years old or age 57+ with sum of service years plus age equal to 87+ Reduced retirement At least 5 years' service and 65 years old or age 57+ with sum of service years plus age equal to 87+ Reduced retirement At least 5 years' service and 65 years old or age 57+ with sum of service years plus age equal to 87+ Reduced retirement not available

# NOTE E- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CERS) - (Continued)

### A. Plan Description

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service

Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

CERS also provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	% paid by Insurance Fund	% Paid by Member through Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

KRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KRS also issues a proportionate share audit report that includes the total pension liability for CERS determined by actuarial valuation as well as each participating county's proportionate share. The Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer report and the related actuarial tables are available online at https://kyret.ky.gov/employers/GASB/Pages/GASB-Library.aspx. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

# NOTE E- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CERS) - (Continued)

#### B. Net Pension Liability

The City net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.3 percent
Salary Increases	3.30 percent, average, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.25 percent., net of pension plan investment expense including inflation
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00 percent

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Mortality Table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale using a base year of 2010. The Mortality Table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale using a base year of 2020. The Mortality Table used for disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality Table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from MP2014 Mortality Improvement Scale using a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019; actuarial valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2019) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

**Discount rate:** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 23-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial determined contribution rate is adjusted to reflect the phase in of anticipated gains on actuarial value of assets over the first four years of the projection period. The discount rate does not use a municipal bond rate.

Long-term rate of return: The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

# NOTE E- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CERS) - (Continued)

B. Net Pension Liability

Municipal bond rate: The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate.

**Periods of projected benefit payments:** The long-term assumed rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Assumed assets allocation:** The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
US Equity	18.75%	4.50%
Non-US Equity	18.75%	5.25%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	3.90%
Core Bonds	13.50%	-0.25%
Cash	1.00%	-0.75%
Real Estate	5.00%	5.30%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.25%
Real Return	15.00%	3.95%
Expected Real Return	100%	3.96%
Long Term Inflation		
Assumption		2.30%
Expected Nominal Return for		
Portfolio		6.26%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan assets was established by the KRS Board of Trustees at 6.25% based on a blending of the factors described above.

**Sensitivity Analysis:** This paragraph requires disclosure of the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's allocated portion of the net pension liability ("NPL") of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 6.25 percent, as well as what the City's allocated portion of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.25 percent) or one percentage-point higher (7.25 percent) that the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.25%)		Current scount Rate (6.25%)	1% Increase (7.25%)	
City of Hickman's Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,283,921	\$	1,041,115	\$ 840,062	

# NOTE E- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CERS) - (Continued)

B. Net Pension Liability

**Employer's portion of the collective Net Pension Liability:** The City proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability, as indicated in the prior table, is \$1,041,115. The City proportionated share of the CERS plan was approximately 0.01357% for Nonhazardous service employees. The liability was distributed based on 2020 actual employer contributions to the plan.

Measurement date: June 30, 2020 is the measurement date upon which the total pension liability is based.

**Changes since Measurement Date:** There were no changes between the measurement date of the collective net pension liability and the employer's reporting date.

**Pension expense:** The City proportionated share of Plan pension expense was \$70,675 for nonhazardous service employees.

**Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows:** Since certain expense items are amortized over closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce pension expense they are labeled as deferred inflows. If they increase pension expense, they are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any are amortized over the average remaining service life of the active and inactive System members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period.

The information below provides a summary of the deferred inflows and outflows.

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	25,962		
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings on Plan investments		45,129	19,076	
Changes in proportion & differences between employers contributions and proportion share of contributions		-	140,327	
Change of assumptions		40,654		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$	79,122 190,867	- \$ 159,403	

# NOTE E- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CERS)-(Continued)

B. Net Pension Liability

The Deferred outflows of resources resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	_	
2022	\$	(48,726)
2023		(18,954)
2024		9,557
2025		10,465
	\$	(47,658)

C. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (OPEB) Information

**Total OPEB Liability:** The total other postemployment benefits plan ("OPEB") was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarially determined contribution rates for 2022 were calculated
based on the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation.
Entry Age Normal
25 Years, Closed
2.30%
2.00%
3.05% to 18.55%, varies by service
6.25%
RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013 with Scale BB
(set back one year for females).
Initial trend starting at 7.0% at January 1, 2020 and gradually
decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 12
years. The 2019 premiums were known at the time of the valuation
and were incorporated into the liability measurement.
Initial trend starting at 5.0% at January 1, 2020 and gradually
decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 10
years. The 2019 premiums were known at the time of the valuation
and were incorporated into the liability measurement.
Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in
accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018.
years.

# NOTE E- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CERS)-(Continued)

C. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (OPEB) Information

Mortality rates used for active members is PUB-2010 General (non-hazardous) and Public Safety (hazardous) Mortality Tables projected with ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality scale using a base year of 2010. For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, System- specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018 projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality Table projected with a 4-year set-forward for both males and females with ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality scale using a base year of 2010 is used for the period after disability retirement.

**Discount Rate:** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.34% for non-hazardous and 5.30% for hazardous. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 24-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 2.45%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 –Year Municipal GO AA Index". However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

**Projected Cash Flows:** The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the local employers and plan members would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 23-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

**Long-Term Rate of Return:** The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

**Municipal Bond Rate: Municipal bond rate:** The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate.

**Period of Projected Benefit Payments:** Future contributions are projected in accordance with the Board's current funding policy, which includes the requirement that each participating employer in the System contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate, which is determined using a closed funding period (23 years as of June 30, 2020) and the actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the Board of Trustees. Current assets, future contributions, and investment earnings are projected to be sufficient to pay the projected benefit payments from the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and it is our understanding that any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

# NOTE E- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CERS)-(Continued)

C. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (OPEB) Information

**Assumed Asset Allocations:** The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity	18.75%	4.50%
Non-US Equity	18.75%	5.25%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	3.90%
Core Bonds	13.50%	-0.25%
Cash	1.00%	-0.75%
Real Estate	5.00%	5.30%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.25%
Real Return	15.00%	3.95%
Expected Real Return	100%	3.96%
Long Term Inflation		
Assumption		2.30%
Expected Nominal Return for		
Portfolio		6.26%

**Sensitivity Analysis:** This paragraph requires disclosure of the sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and changes in the healthcare cost trend rate. The following presents the City's allocated portion of the net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.34%, as well as what the City's allocated portion of the System's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (4.34 %) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.34 %) than the current rate for non-hazardous:

	1% Decrease (4.34%)	Dis	Current count Rate (5.34%)	1% Increase (6.34%)
City of Hickman's Net OPEB Liability	\$ 420,996	\$	327,698	\$ 251,070

The following presents the City's allocated portion of the net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the City's allocated portion of the System's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate for non-hazardous:

		Curren	t
	Decrease (1%)	Cost Tre Rate	nd Increase (1%)
City of Hickman's Net OPEB Liability	417,472	\$ 327,	698 253,720

# NOTE E- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CERS)-(Continued)

C. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (OPEB) Information

**Employer's Portion of the Collective OPEB Liability:** The City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as indicated in the prior table, is \$327,698, or approximately 0.01357%. The net OPEB liability was distributed based on 2020 actual employer contributions to the plan.

Measurement Date: June 30, 2020 is the measurement date upon which the total pension liability is based.

**Changes in Assumptions and Benefit Terms:** Since the prior measurement date, the demographic and economic assumptions that affect the measurement of the total OPEB liability have been updated as follows:

**OPEB Expense:** The Board was allocated OPEB expense of \$25,771 related to the CERS for the year ending June 30, 2020.

**OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**: Detailed information about the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPEB plan financial reports.

**Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows:** Since certain expense items are amortized over closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce OPEB expense they are labeled as deferred inflows. If they will increase OPEB expense they are labeled as deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average remaining service life of the active and inactive System members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period. Deferred inflows and outflows as of the Measurement Date include:

	Οι	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	54,794	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings on Plan investments		17,579		6,687	
Changes in proportion & differences between employers contributions and proportion share of contributions		54,752		74,725	
Change of assumptions		57,000		347	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$	27,556 156,887	\$	- 136,553	

# NOTE E- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CERS)-(Continued)

C. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (OPEB) Information

Deferred outflows of resources resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$27,556 which include the implicit subsidy reported of \$8,042, will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. The remainder of the deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are amortized over the remaining service lives of participants with remaining amortization as follows:

Year	
Ending	
2022	\$ (647)
2023	2,576
2024	(3,559)
2025	(1,804)
2026	(3,788)
Total	\$ (7,222)

# NOTE F-CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$ 161,500	\$	\$	\$ 161,500
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	161,500			161,500
Other Capital Assets:				
Buildings	1,452,595			1,452,595
Infrastructure	7,252,810	143,504		7,396,314
Machinery and Equipment	1,048,027		(144,312)	903,715
Total Other Capital Assets	9,655,618	143,504	(144,312)	9,752,624
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(926,287)	(29,686)		(955,973)
Infrastructure	(4,028,179)	(171,862)		(4,200,041)
Machinery and Equipment	(859,689)	(30,227)	142,447	(747,469)
Total Depreciation	(5,589,973)	(231,775)	142,447	(5,903,483)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 4,227,145	\$ (88,271)	\$ (1,865)	\$ 4,010,641
Not Capital Abooto	$\psi$ 1,227,140	φ (30,211)	φ (1,000)	\$ 1,010,041

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 14,064
Police	17,744
Fire	14,137
Public Works (infrastructure)	171,862
Public Works	13,968
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 231,775

# NOTE F-CAPITAL ASSETS- (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:				
Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 17,353	\$	\$	\$ 17,353
Construction in Progress	581,030	1,176,529		1,757,559
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	598,383	1,176,529		1,774,912
Other Capital Assets: Plant in Service	13,663,203	38,761		13,701,964
Machinery and Equipment	644,703	00,701	(17,556)	627,147
Total Other Capital Assets	14,307,906	38,761	(17,556)	14,329,111
Accumulated Depreciation	(7,860,278)	(295,688)	16,023	(8,139,943)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(7,860,278)	(295,688)	16,023	(8,139,943)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 7,046,011	\$ 919,602	\$ (1,533)	\$ 7,964,080

# NOTE G-LONG TERM DEBT

Governmental Activities:

The City entered into a note agreement with Citizens Deposit Bank for an operating credit line. Total amount available to the City is \$250,250 at a fixed rate of interest 5 percent. The balance due as of June 30, 2021 was \$129,937.

On March 16, 2016 the City entered into Bond Lease Agreement with Kentucky Bond Corporation. The purpose of such debt was to make infrastructure improvements to the City, the Gas System, and the Water System. These improvements included new LED lighting, new meters, and plant improvements. The total amount financed was \$2,675,000 at various interest rates ranging from 2%-3.5%. Both principal and interest payments are due monthly. The lease agreement will mature on January 1, 2037. The balance dues as of June 30, 2021 was \$2,423,750. Annually debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended		Total Annual				
June 30	Principal	Interest	Debt Service			
2022	\$ 79,167	\$ 82,834	\$ 162,001			
2023	89,167	81,009	170,176			
2024	99,167	78,842	178,009			
2025	109,166	76,034	185,200			
2026	119,167	72,486	191,653			
2027-2031	777,083	296,014	1,073,097			
2032-2036	1,150,833	137,473	1,288,306			
	\$ 2,423,750	\$ 824,692	\$ 3,248,442			

## NOTE G-LONG TERM DEBT- (Continued)

Governmental Activities:

The City entered into a lease agreement with Magnolia Bank for a computer system and vehicles. The lease consisted of 36 monthly payments of \$1,694. As of June 30, 2021 balance due on the lease was \$1,694. Title transfers to the City upon final payment. Annually debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended					Tota	Annual
June 30	Principal		Interest		Debt Serv	
2022	\$	1,694	\$	-	\$	1,694

Business-Type Activities:

The City of Hickman entered into an agreement with Kentucky Infrastructure Authority for a Fund B loan in the amount of \$397,000. The purpose of the note was for water treatment plant modification. The note agreement will bear an interest rate of .5% which is due semi-annually. The balance dues as of June 30, 2021 was \$387,551. Annually debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended					То	tal Annual		
June 30	Pr	incipal	Inte	erest	Debt Service			
2022	\$	18,970	\$	2,680		21,650		
2023		19,065		2,547		21,612		
2024		19,160		2,412		21,572		
2025		19,256		2,279		21,535		
2026		19,352		2,144		21,496		
2027-2031		98,225		8,671		106,896		
2032-2036		100,709		5,194		105,903		
2037-2041		92,813		1,629		94,442		
	\$	387,550	\$	27,556	\$	415,106		

The City of Hickman entered into a note agreement with Citizens Deposit Bank for an operating line of credit for the wastewater system. The line of credit is for \$250,000 at a fixed interest rate of 3.79%. Principal and interest are due at the maturity of the note. As of June 30, 2021, the note was paid in full.

The City of Hickman entered into a note agreement with Citizens Deposit Bank for an operating line of credit for the water system. The line of credit is for \$325,000 at a fixed interest rate of 3.75%. Principal and interest are due at the maturity of the note. As of June 30, 2021, the note was paid in full.

On November 9, 2021 the City of Hickman entered into a note agreement with Rural Water Financing Agency for temporary funding of a new wastewater project, the City is to obtained permeant funding through United States Rural Development for the project, in which this note will be repaid with the loan proceeds. The note agreement states that the amount of temporary funding is not to exceed \$1,540,000, as of June 30, 2021 the balance of the note was \$769,385.

# NOTE G-LONG TERM DEBT- (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities activities for the year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows:

с , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:										
Revenue Bond Lease Note Payable- Magnolia Bank Note Payable-Citizens Bank-LOC Note Payable-Citizens Bank-LOC	\$	2,492,917 21,565 85,175 1	\$	- 69,864	\$	69,167 19,871 25,102 1	\$	2,423,750 1,694 129,937 -	\$ \$	79,167 1,694 -
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$	2,599,658	\$	69,864	\$	114,141	\$	2,555,381	\$	80,861
Business-Type Activities:										
Note Payable-Rural Water Financing Agency Note Payable-Citizens Bank- LOC Note Payable-Citizens Bank- LOC Note Payable-KIA B19-09	\$	- 1 1 380,830	\$	769,385 16,170	\$	- 1 9,449	\$	769,385 - - 387,551	\$	- - - 18,970
Business-Type Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$	380,832	\$	785,555	\$	9,451	\$	1,156,936	\$	18,970

# NOTE H -- INTEREST ON DEBT

Interest on debt on the Statement of Activities includes \$88,650 in interest on revenue bonds and financing obligations.

# NOTE I-INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund loans at June 30, 2021 consist of the following receivables and payables:

Fund	Receivable	Payable
General Fund	\$2,024,523	\$ -
Proprietary Funds		2,024,523
	\$2,024,523	\$2,024,523

# NOTE I-INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS- (Continued)

The following interfund transfers were made during the year:

	General Fund	SR	O Fund	Fund Abc Fund Water Gas						Total Transfers In			
General Fund Cemetery Fund	\$ 54,603 271	\$	1,190	\$	117	\$	289	\$	4,831	\$	61,030 271		
Total Transfers Out	\$ 54,874	\$	1,190	\$	117	\$	289	\$	4,831	\$	61,301		

## NOTE J-RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risk of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, natural disasters. The City has obtained insurance coverage through a commercial insurance company. In addition, the City has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs through the efforts and cooperation of its department heads. Expenditures and claims are recognized when probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of loss is fixed or can be reasonably estimated.

The City attorney estimates that the amount of actual or potential claims against the City as of June 30, 2021, will not materially affect the financial condition of the City. Therefore, the General Fund contains no provision for estimated claims.

## NOTE K-SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events that may require disclosure in the financial statements through January 24, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

## NOTE L- PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The sewer system fund balance was restated by \$24,265. This was due to the reclassifying certain expense to construction work in progress. The Governmental activities net position was restated by \$21,565 to record lease payable Magnolia Bank.

## NOTE M- COVID IMPACT

During March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak to be a pandemic. COVID-19 continues to spread across the globe and is impacting worldwide economic activity and financial markets. The City continues to monitor the direct and indirect effects of COVID-19, which has led to closing of non-essential services and limitations for public assemblies. While the immediate and long-term financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated, management anticipates preparing amendments to future budget projects reflecting any significant changes in revenues, other activities affecting the City as a result of the coronavirus.

## NOTE N-RECENT GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

Management has not currently determined what, if any, effects of implementation of the following statements may have on the financial statements: In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89 "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period" requiring that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. This Statement becomes effective for the fiscal year June 30, 2021. The City is evaluating the impact of this Statement on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91 "Conduit Debt Obligations" requiring a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminating diversity in practice associated with related obligations, commitments, and footnote disclosures. This Statement becomes effective for the fiscal year June 30, 2022. The City is evaluating the impact of this Statement on the combined financial statements.
## CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS BASED ON PARTICIPATION IN COUNTY RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		2021		2020		2019		2018	 2017		2016		2015
Total Net Pension Liability for County Employees Retirement System	\$	7,669,917,211	\$	7,033,044,552	\$	6,090,304,793	\$	5,853,307,482	\$ 4,923,618,237	\$	4,299,525,565	\$	3,244,377,000
Employer's Proportion (Percentage) of Net Pension Liability		0.01357%		0.01470%		0.01861%		0.01968%	0.01811%		0.02308%		0.01868%
Employers Proportion (Amount) of Net Pension Liability	\$	1,041,115	\$	1,033,998	\$	1,133,345	\$	1,152,165	\$ 891,487	\$	992,209	\$	606,000
Employer's Covered-Employer payroll	\$	409,959	\$	395,208	\$	368,673	\$	462,408	\$ 483,928	\$	434,408	\$	490,761
Employer's Proportionate Share (Amount) of Net Pension Liability As a Percentage of Employer's Covered-Employer Payroll		253.96%		261.63%		307.41%		249.17%	184.22%		228.40%		123.48%
Total Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position Total Pension's Plan Pension Liability Total Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage to Total Pension Liability	\$ \$	6,440,800 10,740,325 59.97%	\$ \$	7,159,921,000 14,192,966,000 50.45%	\$ \$	7,018,963,000 13,109,268,000 53.54%	\$ \$	6,687,237,095 12,540,544,538 53.32%	6,141,394 11,065,013 55.50%	\$ \$	6,440,800 10,740,325 59.97%	\$ \$	6,528,146 9,772,523 66.80%

#### Notes:

1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior year end which is the valuation date of the related liability.

2) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years which information is available.

3) Changes in Assumptions and Benefit Terms: Since the prior measurement date, the demographic and economic assumptions that affect the measurement of the total pension liability have not been updated.

## CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution for pension	\$ 79,122	\$ 76,275	\$ 59,799	\$ 66,957	\$ 90,398	\$ 74,110 \$	87,677
System's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(79,122)	(76,275)	(59,799)	(66,957)	(90,398)	(74,110)	(87,677)
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	<u>; -</u>
System's contributions as a percentage of statutorily required contribution for pension	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
System's Covered-Employee payroll	409,959	395,208	368,673	\$ 462,408	\$ 483,928	\$ 434,408 \$	6 490,761
Contributions as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	19.30%	19.30%	16.22%	14.48%	18.68%	17.06%	17.87%

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City has present information for those years which information is available.

### CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS BASED ON PARTICIPATION IN COUNTY RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Total Net OPEB Liability for County Employees Retirement System	\$	2,414,695,884	\$ 1,681,954,950	\$ 1,775,480,122	\$ 2,010,342,054
Employer's Proportion (Percentage) of Net OPEB Liability		0.013571%	0.014698%	0.018608%	0.01968%
Employers Proportion (Amount) of Net OPEB Liability		327,698	247,214	330,381	395,716
Employer's Covered-Employer payroll		409,959	395,208	368,673	462,408
Employer's Proportionate Share (Amount) of Net OPEB Liability As a Percentage of Employer's Covered-Employer Payroll		79.93%	62.55%	89.61%	85.58%
Total Plan's Fiduciary Net Position Total OPEB Liability Total Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage to Total OPEB Liability	\$ \$	2,581,613 4,996,309 51.7%	2,569,511,000 4,251,466,000 60.4%	2,414,126,000 4,189,606,000 57.6%	2,212,535,662 4,222,877,716 52.4%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year end that occurred one year prior.

\*\* This is a ten-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until ten years of information is available.

### CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Statutorily required contribution for employer	\$ 19,514	\$ 18,812	\$ 19,392	\$ 21,733
System's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 (19,514)	 (18,812)	 (19,392)	 (21,733)
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
System's contributions as a percentage of statutorily required contribution for pension	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
System's Covered-Employee payroll	409,959	395,208	\$ 368,673	\$ 462,408
Contributions as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	4.76%	4.76%	5.26%	4.70%

\*\* This is a ten-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until ten years of information is available.

# CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgetec	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Budgetary fund balance, July 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,814,722	\$ 2,814,722
Resources (inflows):				
Taxes				
Property	202,583	202,583	218,531	15,948
Payroll	350,953	350,953	385,083	34,130
Franchise taxes	27,552	27,552	28,255	703
In Lieu of taxes	29,992	29,992	34,385	4,393
Prop tax/ fire appar	23,677	23,677	28,154	4,477
Intergovernmental	149,832	149,832	274,095	124,263
Fines and forfeitures	9,275	9,275	9,804	529
License and permits	191,756	191,756	249,876	58,120
Interest received	9,271	9,271	6,255	(3,016)
Charges for services	370,280	370,280	373,539	3,259
Miscellaneous	108,535	108,535	147	(108,388)
Surplus Property		-	6,150	6,150
Borrowed monies	-		69,864	69,864
Lease repayments from water & gas	135,131	135,131	-	(135,131)
Transfer in	11,460	11,460	61,030	49,570
Amounts available for appropriation	1,620,297	1,620,297	4,559,890	2,939,593
Charges to appropriations (outflows):				
General government	1,114,506	1,114,506	1,129,091	14,585
Public safety	243,238	243,238	309,821	66,583
Public works	262,553	262,553	171,590	(90,963)
Transfers out			271	271
Total charges to appropriations	1,620,297	1,620,297	1,610,773	(9,524)
Budgetary fund balance, June 30	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$2,949,117	\$ 2,949,117

# CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY BUDGETARY COMPARISION STATEMENT GENERAL FUND-NOTE TO RSI For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

	-	eneral Fund
Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	4,559,890
Differences-budget to GAAP The beginning fund balance is a budgetary resource, but this is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes		(2,814,722)
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources, but not revenues for financial reporting purposes		(61,030)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances- governmental funds	\$	1,614,274
Uses/outflows of resources: Actual amount "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	1,610,773
Differences-budget to GAAP: Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources, but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes		(271)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances-governmental funds	\$	1,610,502

# CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

									Permanent		
	Spec		cial	Reve	nue Fi	unds	_		 Fund	Tota	al Nonmajor
		ABC	S	RO	Mur	nicipal Road			 Cemetery		vernmental
		Fund	F	und		Aid		Total	Care		Funds
ASSETS											
Cash on hand and in banks	\$	-	\$	423	\$	-	\$	423	\$ 13,738	\$	14,161
Restricted cash		7,801		-		121,003		128,804	274,305		403,109
Interfund receivable		160		-		-		160	 200		360
Total assets		7,961		423		121,003		129,387	 288,243		417,630
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:											
Encumbrances	\$	142	\$	-			\$	142	\$ 394	\$	536
Interfund payable			1,	704				1,704			1,704
Provision for compensated absences		3,230	2,	273		-		5,503	 -		5,503
Total liabilities		3,372	3	977		-		7,349	 394		7,743
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable									274,305		274,305
Restricted		4,589				121,003		125,592	-		125,592
Assigned		-	(3,	<u>554</u> )		-		(3,554)	 13,544		9,990
Total fund balances		4,589	(3,	554)		121,003		122,038	 287,849		409,887
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,961	\$	423	\$	121,003	\$	129,387	\$ 288,243	\$	417,630

## CITY OF HICKMAN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Spec	cial Revenue		Permanent Fund	To	tal Nonmajor
	ABC Fund			SRO Fund	icipal Road Aid	Cemetery Care		overnmental Funds
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	56,027	\$ 44,134	\$-	\$	100,161
License and permits		39,805		-	-			39,805
Charges for services				-	-	16,672		16,672
Investment earnings		-		-	 295	5,463		5,758
Total revenues		39,805		56,027	 44,429	22,135		162,396
EXPENDITURES								
General government		39,049		2,179	-	13,842		55,070
Public works		-		-	 92,801			92,801
Total expenditures		39,049		2,179	 92,801	13,842		147,871
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-	-	271		271
Transfers (out)		(117)		(55,793)	 -	-		(55,910)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(117)		(55,793)	 -	271		(55,639)
Net change in fund balances		639		(1,945)	(48,372)	8,564		(41,114)
Fund balances-beginning		3,950		(1,609)	 169,375	279,285		451,001
Fund balances-ending	\$	4,589	\$	(3,554)	\$ 121,003	<u>\$287,849</u>	<u>\$</u>	409,887

### CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Payoti kases         1,446         3,356         5,222         -         791         227         -         4,328         11,332         4           Employee benefits         -         -         7,810         -         -         -         20,824         -         -         20,824         -         -         40,446         6           Unemployment         -         -         -         13,155         10,040         17,927         -         -         -         -         -         -         40,446         6           Worker compensation         -         -         13,153         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         11,040         22,000         10,200         212,291         -         -         -         -         -         16,040         24,040         13,041         -         -         16,040         -         16,040         -         -         16,040         -         -         16,040         -         -         17,010         22,052         -         -         -					Ge		Public Works	Public Safety				
Legistative         Exercutive         Administrative         Council         Services         Entrocement         Development         Pars         Parice         Fire           Payrol taxes         18.000         \$ 14.46         3,356         \$ 5,222         791         227         -         4,328         11,352         4           Employee benefits         -         -         7,810         -         -         -         20,824         -         20,824         -         -         40,406         06         0         -         40,406         06         0         -         40,406         0.6         0         -         40,406         0.6         0         -         40,406         0.6         0         -         40,406         0.6         0         -         40,406         0.6         0         -         40,406         0.6         -         -         -         40,406         0.6         0         -         -         5,173         10,600         2,4,40         13,32         -         -         -         5,173         10,600         2,4,46         1,27         -         2,581         -         -         1,23         1,264         1,32         1,24         -		•			Finance &	Legal	General	Code	Economic	Street &		
Payoti taxes         1,446         3,366         5,222         .         791         227         .         4,328         11,332         4           Employee benefits           7,810              20,824		Le	gislative	Executive	Administrative		Services	Enforcement	Development	Parks		Fire
Employee benefits         -         -         7,810         -         -         -         -         20,824           Retirement benefitis         1,155         10,040         17,927         -         -         -         40,446         60           Worker compensation         -         -         13,550         -         0 <t< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td>18,900</td><td>\$ 41,495</td><td>\$ 75,314</td><td>\$-</td><td>\$ 9,881</td><td>\$ 3,013</td><td>\$-</td><td>\$ 54,106</td><td>\$ 154,565 \$</td><td>9,015</td></t<>		\$	18,900	\$ 41,495	\$ 75,314	\$-	\$ 9,881	\$ 3,013	\$-	\$ 54,106	\$ 154,565 \$	9,015
Retirement benefits         1,155         10,040         17,927         -         -         -         -         40,446         6           Unemployment         -         -         13,550         -	Payroll taxes		1,446	3,356		-	791	227	-	4,328		444
Unemployment       -       -       13,550       -       -       -       5,173       10,640       2,4         Worker compensation       -       -       13,550       -       -       5,173       10,640       2,4         Professional services       -       -       -       -       -       5,173       10,640       2,4         Travel       -       -       -       -       -       5,83       -       -       5,83       -         Uness/user/joints       1,361       -       332       -       -       -       6,83       -       -       2,364       1,5         Advertising       -       -       1,271       2,952       -       -       -       2,364       1,5         Insurance       -       -       29,605       -	Employee benefits		-	-	7,810	-	-	-	-	-	20,824	-
Worker compensation         -         -         -         -         5,173         10,640         2,24           Professional services         -         -         22,000         10,200         212,291         -         -         -         1,5           Training         -         -         -         -         -         -         683         -           Dues/subscriptions         1,361         -         332         -         -         -         683         -           Taining         -         -         5,604         -         -         -         2,364         1,5           Dissurge         -         -         2,955         -	Retirement benefits		1,155	10,040	17,927	-		-	-	-	40,446	603
Professional services       -       -       22,000       10,200       212,291       -       -       -       1,2         Travel       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       683       -         Dues/buscriptions       1,361       332       -       -       -       -       844       2         Telephone       -       5,604       -       -       -       2,364       1,2         Advertising       -       1,271       2,952       -       -       -       -         Insurance       -       6,124       -	Unemployment		-	-	-	-	13,550	-	-	-	-	-
Travel       -       -       -       -       -       58         Training       -       -       -       -       -       683         Dues/subscriptions       1,361       -       332       -       -       -       84         Telephone       -       5,604       -       -       -       2,364       1,2         Advertising       -       1,271       2,952       -       -       -       2,364       1,2         Insurance       -       -       2,716       -	Worker compensation		-	-	1,813	-	-	-	-	5,173	10,640	2,453
Training       -       -       -       -       -       -       683       -         Dues/ubscriptions       1,361       -       332       -       -       -       -       84       2         Telephone       -       5604       -       -       -       2,364       1,2         Insurance       -       1,271       2,952       -       -       -       -         Insurance       -       -       6,124       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         Postage       -       -       7,345       -       <	Professional services		-	-	22,000	10,200	212,291	-	-	-		1,337
Duessubscriptions         1,361         -         332         -         -         -         -         -         84         2           Telephone         -         -         5,604         -         -         -         2,364         1,3           Adventising         -         1,271         2,952         -         -         -         -         -           Insurance         -         -         29,605         -			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	-
Telephone       -       -       5,604       -       -       -       2,364       1,27         Advertising       -       1,271       -       29,605       -       -       -       -       -         Insurance       -       -       29,605       - <td>Training</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>683</td> <td>-</td>	Training		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	683	-
Advertising       -       1.271       -       2.952       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       2.9605       - </td <td>Dues/subscriptions</td> <td></td> <td>1,361</td> <td>-</td> <td>332</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>84</td> <td>240</td>	Dues/subscriptions		1,361	-	332	-	-	-	-	-	84	240
Insurance       -       -       29,605       -       -       -       -       -         Office supplies       -       2,716       -	Telephone		-	-	5,604	-	-	-	-	-	2,364	1,322
Office supplies       -       -       6,124       -	Advertising		-	-	1,271	-	2,952	-	-	-	-	-
Printing       -       -       2,716       - <t< td=""><td>Insurance</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>29,605</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>	Insurance		-	-	-	-	29,605	-	-	-	-	-
Postage       -       -       7,345       - <td< td=""><td>Office supplies</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>6,124</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<>	Office supplies		-	-	6,124	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating supplies         -         -         1,619         -         440         -         -         18,758         367           Operating equipment         -         -         3,332         -         -         -         1,231         2,954         8,6           Fuel         -         -         -         -         -         3,842         8,025         2           Maintenance         -         -         -         3,727         -         3,500         6,420         3,3           Uniforms         -         -         -         3,727         -         -         3,501         6,50           Garbage collection         -         -         -         192,023         -         -         -         -         -           Contingencies         -         -         192,023         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         197,57         5,051         6,50         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	Printing		-	-	2,716	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating equipment         -         -         3,332         -         -         -         1,231         2,954         8,6           Fuel         -         -         -         -         -         -         3,842         8,025         22           Maintenance         -         -         -         3,727         -         -         3,500         6,420         3,500           Uniforms         -         -         -         -         -         -         115         -           Utilities         -         -         -         8,811         -         -         19,757         5,051         6,5           Garbage collection         -         -         192,023         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         19,757         5,051         6,5         -         -         -         -         -         -         192,023         -	Postage		-	-	7,345	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fuel       -       -       -       -       -       3,842       8,025       22         Maintenance       -       -       -       3,727       -       -       3,500       6,420       3,500         Uniforms       -       -       -       -       -       -       3,727       -       -       3,500       6,420       3,500         Uniforms       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       115       -       -       115       -       -       115       -       -       -       115       -       -       115       -       -       -       115       -       -       -       115       -       -       -       115       -       -       -       -       -       149,023       - <t< td=""><td>Operating supplies</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>1,619</td><td>-</td><td>440</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>18,758</td><td>367</td><td>-</td></t<>	Operating supplies		-	-	1,619	-	440	-	-	18,758	367	-
Fuel       -       -       -       -       -       3,842       8,025       22         Maintenance       -       -       3,727       -       -       3,500       6,420       3,500         Uniforms       -       -       -       3,727       -       -       3,500       6,420       3,500         Uniforms       -       -       -       -       -       -       115       -         Utilities       -       -       -       8,811       -       -       19,757       5,051       6,50         Garbage collection       -       -       -       192,023       -       -       -       -         Contingencies       -       -       -       3,934       -       -       -       -       -         Ambulance fees       -       -       -       149,219       -	Operating equipment		-	-	3,332	-	-	-	-	1,231	2,954	8,615
Uniforms       -       -       -       -       -       115         Utilities       -       -       8,811       -       19,757       5,051       6,5         Garbage collection       -       -       192,023       -       -       -       -         Contingencies       -       -       -       3,934       -       -       -       -         Ambulance fees       -       -       -       149,219       -       -       -       -       -         Dispatch fees       -       -       -       60,000       -	Fuel		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,842	8,025	242
Utilities       -       -       -       8,811       -       -       19,757       5,051       6,5         Garbage collection       -       -       -       192,023       -	Maintenance		-	-	-	-	3,727	-	-	3,500	6,420	3,346
Garbage collection       -       -       -       192,023       - </td <td>Uniforms</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>115</td> <td>-</td>	Uniforms		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	115	-
Contingencies       -       -       -       3,934       -			-	-	-	-	8,811	-	-	19,757	5,051	6,962
Ambulance fees       -       -       -       149,219       -	Garbage collection		-	-	-	-	192,023	-	-	-	-	-
Dispatch fees       -       -       -       60,000       -	Contingencies		-	-	-	-	3,934	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development       -       -       -       -       7,500       -       -       -         Debt retirement       -       -       96,500       -       -       -       6,732       10,909       -         Debt interest       -       -       88,245       -       -       -       405       -         Capital outlay       -       -       -       -       54,163       -       -         Sub-total       22,862       54,891       343,174       10,200       687,224       3,240       7,500       171,590       275,242       34,5	Ambulance fees		-	-	-	-	149,219	-	-	-	-	-
Debt retirement         -         -         -         -         -         6,732         10,909         -           Debt interest         -         -         88,245         -         -         -         405         -         -         405         -         -         405         -         -         405         -         -         405         -         -         405         -         -         405         -         -         405         -         -         -         405         -         -         -         405         -         -         -         -         405         -         -         -         -         405         -         -         -         -         -         405         -         -         -         -         405         - <t< td=""><td>Dispatch fees</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>60,000</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>	Dispatch fees		-	-	-	-	60,000	-	-	-	-	-
Debt interest         -         -         88,245         -         -         -         -         405           Capital outlay         -         -         -         -         -         -         405         -           Sub-total         22,862         54,891         343,174         10,200         687,224         3,240         7,500         171,590         275,242         34,5           Operating transfers out         -         -         -         271         -	Economic development		-	-	-	-		-	7,500	-	-	-
Capital outlay         -         -         -         -         54,163         -           Sub-total         22,862         54,891         343,174         10,200         687,224         3,240         7,500         171,590         275,242         34,5           Operating transfers out         -         -         -         271         - <td>Debt retirement</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>96,500</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>6,732</td> <td>10,909</td> <td>-</td>	Debt retirement		-	-	96,500	-	-	-	-	6,732	10,909	-
Sub-total         22,862         54,891         343,174         10,200         687,224         3,240         7,500         171,590         275,242         34,50           Operating transfers out         -         -         -         271         -<	Debt interest		-	-	88,245	-	-	-	-	-	405	-
Operating transfers out	Capital outlay		-	-	-		-	-		54,163	-	-
	Sub-total		22,862	54,891	343,174	10,200	687,224	3,240	7,500	171,590	275,242	34,579
	Operating transfers out		-	-	-	-	271	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	\$	22,862	\$ 54,891	\$ 343,174	\$ 10,200	\$ 687,495	\$ 3,240	\$ 7,500	\$ 171,590	\$ 275,242 \$	34,579



## Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial <u>Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards</u>

To the Mayor and City Council City of Hickman, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund of the City of Hickman, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Hickman, Kentucky's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 24, 2024.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Hickman, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hickman, Kentucky's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hickman, Kentucky's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be material weaknesses as item 2021-001.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Hickman, Kentucky's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

### **City's Response to Finding**

City of Hickman, Kentucky's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of Hickman, Kentucky's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it. Purpose of this Report The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Romaine & Associates, PLLC

Paducah, Kentucky Mayfield, Kentucky January 24, 2024 **2021-001** The City of Hickman did not have a proper system of internal controls in place to prevent, or detect and correct, errors on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA). The SEFA was not prepared for the audit.

#### Condition and Context:

The City of Hickman did not have a proper system of internal controls in place to prevent, or detect and correct, errors on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA). The SEFA was not prepared for the audit.

The federal grant expenditures was not presented on a SEFA, audit adjustments in the amount of \$202,490 were proposed, accepted by the City of Hickman, and made to the SEFA.

#### Criteria:

2 CFR 200.303 requires your organization to follow one of two approved internal control structures. The Government Accountability Office (GAO) Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government (referred to as the "Green Book"), which is used by the Federal government.

The structure endorsed by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO) used by publicly held companies.

Both GAO and COSO provide a structure for designing, implementing, and operating an effective internal control system. Using either will help achieve your goals related to operations, reporting, and compliance.

Through your system of internal controls, your executive management should confirm that:

- Resources are used for authorized purposes and in a manner consistent with applicable laws, regulations, and policies.
- All local and Federal resources are protected against waste, mismanagement, or loss.
- Reliable documented information

Accordingly, some of the basic elements that you should consider in developing your system of internal controls include:

- **An organizational chart** that clearly indicates the individuals involved in approving or recording financial transactions and their responsibility.
- A written description of the functions of key employees.
- **A formal system of authorization and supervision** sufficient to provide accounting control over assets, liabilities, receipts, and expenditures. This should include:
- An updated policy manual identifying approval authority for financial transactions and detailed guidelines for controlling expenditures.
- A written accounting manual outlining procedures for recording deposits and expenditures that includes a chart of accounts for posting all transactions and written procedures indicating the requirements for payments in <u>2 CFR 200.305</u> (see Accounting Records, in the following section).

### CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2021

Your authorization system needs to provide enough clarity for management to track and understand various transactions and to ensure proper supervisory authority approving trans- actions. A system of authorizations can be general, as in a procedures manual that explains how accounting functions are to be performed, or very specific, as in identifying who has the authority to sign a contract on behalf of the organization or to sell a piece of equipment. For example, you could accomplish this by creating a step-by-step guide for each of your financial and program management procedures, specifying the steps in the procedure, the position responsible, the action to be taken, and the standard of prompt action for each step.

An adequate separation of duties, whereby no one individual has authority over an entire financial transaction. Separation of duties specifically involves the separation of three types of functional responsibilities: (a) authorization to execute a transaction, (b) recording of the transaction, and (c) custody of the assets involved in the transaction. No one person should have control of more than one of these functional responsibilities.

- Control over access to assets, blank forms, and confidential documents. Physical access to records, blank forms, cash, and other assets should be limited to authorized personnel only. For example, access to accounting records should be limited to only those individuals having record-keeping or supervisory responsibility for them.
- Periodic evaluations of financial records comparing actual assets and liabilities (reconciliation) and taking corrective action in response to any discrepancies. As with separation of duties, this is a crucial task to uncover and correct inadvertent record- keeping errors in a timely manner. It is also essential for identifying likely weaknesses in your organization's system for safeguarding resources and uncovering instances of fraud or misuse of assets.

For the CDBG program, these accounting records must contain reliable and up- to-date information about the sources and uses of funds, including:

- Your Federal grant awards (or subgrant allocations) received.
- Current authorizations and obligations of CDBG funds.
- Unobligated balances (funds remaining available for distribution).
- Assets and liabilities.
- Program income earned (24 CFR 570.500) and disbursed (24 CFR 570.504).
- Actual outlays or expenditures, with further breakdowns by:
  - The grant program from which the funds are derived.
  - The "eligible activity" classifications specified in <u>24 CFR 570.201-204</u> or similar classifications that clearly indicate the use of program funds for eligible activities.

All organizations' financial reports must be accurate, timely, current, and represent a complete disclosure of the financial activity and status in each Federal grant under which assistance is received (2 CFR 200.328-330 and 24 CFR 570.502(a)(1-7)).

2 CFR 200.508 states in part:

CITY OF HICKMAN, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2021

"The Auditee must:... (B) Prepare appropriate financial statements, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards in accordance with § 200.510 Financial statements..." 2 CFR 200.510(B) states:

(b) Schedule of expenditures of Federal awards. The auditee must also prepare a schedule of expenditures of Federal awards for the period covered by the auditee's financial statements which must include the total Federal awards expended as determined in accordance with §200.502 Basis for determining Federal awards expended. While not required, the auditee may choose to provide information requested by Federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities to make the schedule easier to use. For example, when a Federal program has multiple Federal award years, the auditee may list the amount of Federal awards expended for each Federal award year separately. At a minimum, the schedule must:

- List individual Federal programs by Federal agency. For a cluster of programs, provide the cluster name, list
  individual Federal programs within the cluster of programs, and provide the applicable Federal agency name. For
  R&D, total Federal awards expended must be shown either by individual Federal award or by Federal agency
  and major subdivision within the Federal agency. For example, the National Institutes of Health is a major
  subdivision in the Department of Health and Human Services.
- For Federal awards received as a subrecipient, the name of the pass- through entity and identifying number assigned by the pass-through entity must be included.
- Provide total Federal awards expended for each individual Federal program and the CFDA number or other identifying number when the CFDA information is not available. For a cluster of programs also provide the total for the cluster.
- Include the total amount provided to subrecipients from each Federal program.
- For loan or loan guarantee programs described in §200.502 Basis for determining Federal awards expended, paragraph (b), identify in the notes to the schedule the balances outstanding at the end of the audit period. This is in addition to including the total Federal awards expended for loan or loan guarantee programs in the schedule.
- Include notes that describe that significant accounting policies used in preparing the schedule, and note whether or not the auditee elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate as covered in §200.414 Indirect (F&A) costs.

### Cause

The City of Hickman had not established a system of internal control that would have insured reporting of the Schedule of Federal Awards. **Effect:** 

The SEFA is a foundational piece of the single audit process. The SEFA should not be viewed as something that is just done for the audit. Rather, it is a key part of an organization's federal grants management system. As such, City's receiving federal funds should ensure that they have the ability, and internal control structure, to prepare an accurate SEFA meeting the requirements. A SEFA was not prepared by the City of Hickman.

### Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action:

The City of Hickman will from here on out submit a SEFA with all future audits.