Report on Audited Financial Statements and Supplementary Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2016

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CRAIG A. BUTLER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT DANVILLE, KENTUCKY

# CONTENTS

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Page	e
Independent Auditors' Report	ſ
Required Supplementary Information:	
Management Discussion and AnalysisIII	[
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds6	l
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds7	(
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	l
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund10	
Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Fund	
Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Fund	
Notes to Basic Financial Statements14	
Required Supplementary Information:	
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information on Budgetary Accounting and Control37	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of Contributions	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
General Fund:	
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual40	
Statement of Revenue - Budgeted and Actual	
Statement of Expenditures - Budgeted and Actual	
Other Supplementary Information:	
Non-Major Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet45	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances46	
Proprietary Funds:	
Balance Sheet - Municipal Waterworks and Sewer System	
Combining Statement of Revenues and Expenses - Municipal Waterworks and Sewer System48	
Schedule of Utility Operating Expenses - Municipal Waterworks and Sewer System	
Federal Grant Disclosures:	
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government	
Auditing Standards	
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on	
Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Cost	

## **OVERVIEW**

The report on Audited Financial Statements and Supplementary information for the year ended June 30, 2016 for the City of Harrodsburg; Kentucky contains various financial statements and disclosures required by GASB (Governmental Accounting Standards Board) and other reporting required by Federal and State Governments.

### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include both government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 1-4) and they provide information about the activities of the city as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. The fund financial statements (beginning on page 5) focus on governmental activities and how various services were financed in the short-term as well as the balance remaining for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on the City as a whole. These statements include assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting basis used by most private sector companies. All the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the City's net position and the changes in net position. The City's net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities, and is one way to measure the City's financial health or financial position, over time, in that increases or decreases in the City's net position is one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. Other factors, however, such as changes in the City's tax base, economy, demographics and the condition of the City's infrastructure need to be considered to assess the overall health of the City.

In the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

**Governmental Activities** – Most of the City's basic services are reported here including general government, police, fire, streets, cemeteries, culture & recreation, and communications. Taxes, licenses, permits, fees, fines, and state and federal grants, and service charges finance most of these activities.

**Business-type Activities** – The City charges a fee to customers to help it recover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer services are the primary services reported here.

Our analysis primarily focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. The City's two types of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches.

**Governmental Funds** – Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method referred to as the modified accrual basis of accounting which measures cash, and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a short-term view of the City's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more of fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

**Proprietary Funds** – When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The City is also the trustee (or fiduciary) for certain activities. We exclude these activities from the City's governmental-wide financial statements because the City's use of these assets to finance its operations is very restricted. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Fund on page 12 and the Statement

of Changes in Net Position-Fiduciary Fund on page 13. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

The following are general comments regarding overall financial position and results of operations for the year.

# **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

The change in the City's net position is one way to measure the City's financial health or financial position. As listed on Table 2, the City's net position related to governmental activities decreased by \$162,368 or approximately 3.8%, indicating an immaterial negative change in the City's financial position. The largest portion of the City's net position (\$3,973,317) or approximately 97.9% reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure); less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources. Debt outstanding as of June 30, 2016 was \$361,316 in capital leases and loans used for vehicle and equipment purchases, and for road resurfacing. This is a decrease of \$153,853 or approximately 29.9% from the prior year. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City entered into one new capital lease in the amount of \$105,049 for the purchase of police cruisers. Scheduled debt payments for all long-term debt of the City's governmental activities in the amount of \$258,902 were made during the year. As listed on Table I, the City's unreserved and unrestricted governmental fund net position (deficit) was (\$287,319) as of June 30, 2016. Due to the implementation of GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, in the prior year, the City's governmental activities unrestricted net position was restated as of July 1, 2014 which resulted in a decrease in unrestricted net position of \$3,857,336. Therefore, unrestricted net position is substantially lower as of June 30, 2015 and 2016 compared to previous years.

## **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

The change in the City's net position is one way to measure the City's financial health or financial position. As listed in Table 2, the City's net position related to business-type activities decreased by \$455,293 or approximately 2.1%. The largest portion of the City's net position (\$17,783,742) or approximately 83.1% reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, building, equipment, and water and sewer treatment plants and distribution and collection systems infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's

investment is reported net of related debt it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources. Debt outstanding as of June 30, 2016 was \$25,222,027 in capital leases for equipment and bonds and loans issued for major improvements to the utility infrastructure. This is an increase of \$5,409,552 or approximately 27.3% over the prior year. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City incurred the following new debt:

- 1. The City received draws in the amount of \$3,379,187 on Kentucky Infrastructure Authority loan #A15-074 for the purpose of funding the expansion of the City's wastewater treatment plant. This loan bears an interest rate of .75% and is due 20 years from the date the loan was closed. Annual interest and principal payments have yet to be determined and will commence within 12 months from initiation of operation.
- 2. The City received draws in the amount of \$171,936 on Kentucky Infrastructure Authority loan #F15-031 for the purpose of funding the College and Chestnut Street waterline project. This loan bears an interest rate of .75% and is due 20 years from the date the loan is closed. Annual interest and principal payments have yet to be determined and will commence within 12 months from initiation of operation.
- 3. The City received draws in the amount of \$225,368 on Kentucky Infrastructure Authority loan #F13-002 for the purpose of funding the north main water storage tank improvement project. The loan bears an interest rate of 1.75% and is due 20 years from the date the loan is closed. Interest and principal payments of approximately \$75,000 are to be paid semi-annually through December 1, 2035.
- 4. The City received draws in the amount of \$1,181,484 on Kentucky Infrastructure Authority loan #A15-046 for the purpose of funding a sewer line rehabilitation project. This loan bears an interest rate of .75% and is due 20 years from the date the loan is closed. Annual interest and principal payments have yet to be determined and will commence within 12 months from initiation of operation.
- 5. The City received draws in the amount of \$1,534,549 from Whitaker Bank for the purpose of interim financing to fund expansion of the wastewater treatment plant. This loan bears an interest rate of 3.0% and is due December 1, 2018. Interest is payable quarterly based on the amount of funds that have been drawn on the loan.

Scheduled debt payments for all long-term debt of the City's business-type activities in the amount of \$1,082,972 were made during the year. As listed on Table I, the City's business-type activities maintained unrestricted net position of \$1,574,367. This is a \$459,680 increase over the prior year net position or approximately 41.2% increase. Due to the implementation of GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, in the prior year, the City's business-type activities unrestricted net position was restated as of July 1, 2014 which resulted in a decrease in unrestricted net position of \$827,073.

Water and sewer rates were sufficient to provide adequate revenue for operations and maintaining bond reserve requirements.

## BUDGET AND OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplemental information starting on page 37 provides budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund, GASB 68 net pension liability information, and notes to the required supplementary information.

### **OTHER**

The economy and its effects on local employment levels continue to be a major concern for collection of license, fee, and permit revenue. The City collects 74% of its payroll license fees and net profits and 32% of total revenues of the General Fund from ten employers within the City limits. The billings to fifteen customers represent 55% of the Utility system's operating revenue. Improvements and expansions of infrastructure and past annexations provide the opportunity for continuous growth and development within the City. However it is essential that effective and efficient economic development programs be pursued in order to ensure appropriately balanced development and to keep the community competitive in an increasing global market.

The City currently has several commitments outstanding as of June 30, 2016. A discussion of these commitments can be found at footnote VI, page 35 of the financial statements.

## **ECONOMIC OUTLOOK**

The City's management assesses the financial health of the City's funds on an ongoing basis and will continue to do so going forward. As a result of careful monitoring of expenditures in the City's various funds over the past few years, the City has been able to maintain its reserves at a level that management deems appropriate for a city the size of Harrodsburg.

# **REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

The financial statements of the City of Harrodsburg can be obtained from the City Clerk, City Hall, at 208 South Main Street, Harrodsburg, Kentucky, 40330

### TABLE 1

### NET POSITION June 30, 2016

		vernmental Activities	Bu	siness-Type Activities	Total		
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$	4,199,096 4,334,633	\$	5,906,886 43,005,769	\$	10,105,982 47,340,402	
Total assets	\$	8,533,729	\$	48,912,655	\$	57,446,384	
Deferred outflow of resources	\$	1,064,812	\$	364,447	\$	1,429,259	
Long-term debt outstanding Net pension obligation Other liabilities	\$	361,316 4,591,500 170,164	\$	25,222,027 1,273,616 1,376,131	\$	25,583,343 5,865,116 1,546,295	
Total liabilities	\$	5,122,980	\$	27,871,774	\$	32,994,754	
Deferred inflow of funds	\$	419,394	\$	0	\$	419,394	
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	3,973,317 370,169 (287,319)	\$	17,783,742 2,047,219 1,574,367	\$	21,757,059 2,417,388 1,287,048	
Total net position	\$	4,056,167	\$	21,405,328	\$	25,461,495	

### NET POSITION June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 4,193,581 4,421,378	\$ 4,829,807 38,807,589	\$ 9,023,388 43,228,967
Total assets	\$ 8,614,959	\$ 43,637,396	\$ 52,252,355
Deferred outflow of resources	\$ 332,138	\$ 87,711	\$ 419,849
Long-term debt outstanding Net pension obligation Other liabilities	\$ 515,169 3,758,574 138,426	\$ 20,006,567 801,835 984,479	\$ 20,521,736 4,560,409 1,122,905
Total liabilities	\$ 4,412,169	\$ 21,792,881	\$ 26,205,050
Deferred inflow of funds	\$ 316,394	\$ 71,606	\$ 388,000
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 3,906,209 260,605 51,720	\$ 18,995,114 1,750,819 1,114,687	\$ 22,901,323 2,011,424 1,166,407
Total net position	\$ 4,218,534	\$ 21,860,620	\$ 26,079,154

### TABLE 2

# CHANGE IN NET POSITION June 30, 2016

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	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 128,720	\$ 6,001,446	\$ 6,130,166
Operating grants and contributions	538,225		538,225
Capital grants and contributions		71,662	71,662
General revenues:			
Taxes	2,154,430		2,154,430
Licenses, permits and fees	3,309,938		3,309,938
Other	57,192	6,183	63,375
Transfer	25,963		25,963
Total revenues	6,214,468	6,079,291	12,293,759
Program Expenses			
General government	512,736		512,736
Police department	1,573,459		1,573,459
Fire department	1,191,588		1,191,588
Street department	1,159,454		1,159,454
Cemeteries	389,345		389,345
Culture and recreation	277,991		277,991
Communications	440,296		440,296
Non-departmentalized	831,967		831,967
Water		4,178,846	4,178,846
Sewer		2,355,738	2,355,738
Total expenses	6,376,836	6,534,584	12,911,420
Change in net position	(162,368)	(455,293)	(617,661)
Net position, beginning of year	4,218,535	21,860,621	26,079,156
Net position, end of year	\$ 4,056,167	\$ 21,405,328	\$ 25,461,495

# CHANGE IN NET POSITION June 30, 2015

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Revenues	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 125,331	\$ 5,565,484	\$ 5,690,815
Operating grants and contributions	609,808	φ 5,505,101	609,808
Capital grants and contributions	500,000	1,674,227	2,174,227
General revenues:	500,000	1,07 1,227	2,171,227
Taxes	2,037,850		2,037,850
Licenses, permits and fees	3,300,312		3,300,312
Other	52,336	5,858	58,194
Transfer	16,250		16,250
Total revenues	6,641,887	7,245,569	13,887,456
Program Expenses			
General government	433,475		433,475
Police department	1,494,817		1,494,817
Fire department	1,080,034		1,080,034
Street department	992,982		992,982
Cemeteries	302,585		302,585
Culture and recreation	281,756		281,756
Communications	307,160		307,160
Non-departmentalized	1,297,519		1,297,519
Water		3,598,454	3,598,454
Sewer		2,133,899	2,133,899
Total expenses	6,190,328	5,732,353	11,922,681
Change in net position	451,559	1,513,216	1,964,775
Net position, beginning of year	3,766,976	20,347,405	24,114,381
Net position end of year	\$ 4,218,535	\$ 21,860,621	\$ 26,079,156

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CRAIG A. BUTLER, CPA 132 N 2<sup>nd</sup> STREET DANVILLE, KY 40422 Phone: (859) 936-0201

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Mayor and Board of Commissioners City of Harrodsburg, Kentucky

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrodsburg, Kentucky (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and net pension liability information on pages III through X and 37 through 44 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining non-major fund financial statements and the combining statements-proprietary fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining non-major fund financial statements, combining statements-proprietary fund, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining non-major fund financial statements, combining statements-proprietary fund, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated January 5, 2017, on my consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Craig A. Butler. CPA

Craig A. Butler Certified Public Accountant

Danville, Kentucky January 5, 2017

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

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June 30, 2016

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Current assets: Cash Certificates of deposit Receivables: Taxes and licenses\$ 2,349,269\$ 2,481,801 379,018\$ 4,831,070 379,018Taxes and licenses Intergovernmental User fees (net) Due to (from) other funds1,252,754 26,643110,228 110,228136,871 136,871 1222,750Due to (from) other funds Prepaid expenses(10,584) 295,68010,584 274,674570,354Total current assets $3,913,762$ 285,334 $3,779,055$ 2,047,219 $7,692,817$ Restricted cash and certificates of deposit $285,334$ 80,612 $2,047,219$ 80,612 $2,332,553$ Non-current assets: Capital assets, net Bond issuance costs $4,334,633$ 43,005,769 $47,340,402$ 80,612 $80,612$ 80,612Total non-current assets $4,334,633$ 8,533,729 $43,086,381$ 4,8912,655 $47,421,014$ \$ 1,429,259Deferred outflow of resources\$ 1,064,812 \$ 364,447\$ 1,429,259	ASSETS	Governmental Activities			siness-Type Activities	Total		
Cash Cash Certificates of deposit\$ 2,349,269\$ 2,481,801\$ 4,831,070Certificates of deposit Receivables: Taxes and licenses\$ 1,252,754379,018379,018Taxes and licenses $1,252,754$ $1,252,754$ $1,252,754$ Intergovernmental User fees (net) $26,643$ $110,228$ $136,871$ User fees (net) $522,750$ $522,750$ $522,750$ Due to (from) other funds $(10,584)$ $10,584$ $10,584$ Prepaid expenses $295,680$ $274,674$ $570,354$ Total current assets $3,913,762$ $3,779,055$ $7,692,817$ Restricted cash and certificates of deposit $285,334$ $2,047,219$ $2,332,553$ Non-current assets: Capital assets, net 		10						
Certificates of deposit Receivables: Taxes and licenses $379,018$ $379,018$ $379,018$ Taxes and licenses $1,252,754$ $1,252,754$ Intergovernmental User fees (net) $26,643$ $110,228$ $136,871$ User fees (net) $522,750$ $522,750$ Due to (from) other funds $(10,584)$ $10,584$ Prepaid expenses $295,680$ $274,674$ $570,354$ Total current assets $3,913,762$ $3,779,055$ $7,692,817$ Restricted cash and certificates of deposit $285,334$ $2,047,219$ $2,332,553$ Non-current assets: Capital assets, net Bond issuance costs $4,334,633$ $43,005,769$ $47,340,402$ $80,612$ Total non-current assets $4,334,633$ $43,086,381$ $47,421,014$ Total assets $4,334,633$ $43,086,381$ $47,421,014$ Total assets $\frac{$ 8,533,729}{$ 8,533,729}$ $\frac{$ 48,912,655}{$ 57,446,384}$		¢	2 240 260	ድ	2 491 901	¢	4 921 070	
Receivables:       1,252,754       1,252,754         Taxes and licenses       1,252,754       136,871         Intergovernmental       26,643       110,228       136,871         User fees (net)       522,750       522,750         Due to (from) other funds       (10,584)       10,584         Prepaid expenses       295,680       274,674       570,354         Total current assets       3,913,762       3,779,055       7,692,817         Restricted cash and certificates of deposit       285,334       2,047,219       2,332,553         Non-current assets:       4,334,633       43,005,769       47,340,402         Bond issuance costs       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total assets       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total assets <u>\$ 8,533,729</u> <u>\$ 48,912,655</u> <u>\$ 57,446,384</u>	The second	Ф	2,349,209	φ		φ		
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Intergovernmental User fees (net) $26,643$ $110,228$ $136,871$ User fees (net) $522,750$ $522,750$ Due to (from) other funds $(10,584)$ $10,584$ Prepaid expenses $295,680$ $274,674$ $570,354$ Total current assets $3,913,762$ $3,779,055$ $7,692,817$ Restricted cash and certificates of deposit $285,334$ $2,047,219$ $2,332,553$ Non-current assets: Capital assets, net Bond issuance costs $4,334,633$ $43,005,769$ $47,340,402$ $80,612$ Total non-current assets: Capital assets $4,334,633$ $43,086,381$ $47,421,014$ Total assets $4,334,633$ $43,086,381$ $47,421,014$ Total assets $\frac{$8,533,729}{$$48,912,655}$ $$57,446,384$			1 252 754				1 252 754	
User fees (net) $522,750$ $522,750$ Due to (from) other funds $(10,584)$ $10,584$ Prepaid expenses $295,680$ $274,674$ $570,354$ Total current assets $3,913,762$ $3,779,055$ $7,692,817$ Restricted cash and certificates of deposit $285,334$ $2,047,219$ $2,332,553$ Non-current assets: $2334,633$ $43,005,769$ $47,340,402$ Bond issuance costs $4,334,633$ $43,005,769$ $47,340,402$ Total non-current assets: $4,334,633$ $43,086,381$ $47,421,014$ Total assets $4,334,633$ $43,086,381$ $47,421,014$ Total assets $\frac{$8,533,729}{$$$}$ $$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$					110 228			
Due to (from) other funds       (10,584)       10,584         Prepaid expenses       295,680       274,674       570,354         Total current assets       3,913,762       3,779,055       7,692,817         Restricted cash and certificates of deposit       285,334       2,047,219       2,332,553         Non-current assets:       243,046,33       43,005,769       47,340,402         Bond issuance costs       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total assets       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total assets       \$ 8,533,729       \$ 48,912,655       \$ 57,446,384	9		20,015				and the second sec	
Prepaid expenses       295,680       274,674       570,354         Total current assets       3,913,762       3,779,055       7,692,817         Restricted cash and certificates of deposit       285,334       2,047,219       2,332,553         Non-current assets:       24,334,633       43,005,769       47,340,402         Bond issuance costs       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total assets       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         State       \$8,533,729       \$48,912,655       \$57,446,384			(10.584)		1.55		,	
Total current assets       3,913,762       3,779,055       7,692,817         Restricted cash and certificates of deposit       285,334       2,047,219       2,332,553         Non-current assets:       2ajtal assets, net       4,334,633       43,005,769       47,340,402         Bond issuance costs       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total non-current assets       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total assets <u>\$ 8,533,729</u> <u>\$ 48,912,655</u> <u>\$ 57,446,384</u>					274,674		570,354	
Restricted cash and certificates of deposit       285,334       2,047,219       2,332,553         Non-current assets:       Capital assets, net       4,334,633       43,005,769       47,340,402         Bond issuance costs       80,612       80,612       80,612         Total non-current assets       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total assets       \$ 8,533,729       \$ 48,912,655       \$ 57,446,384		-				-		
Non-current assets:       4,334,633       43,005,769       47,340,402         Bond issuance costs       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total non-current assets       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total assets       \$ 8,533,729       \$ 48,912,655       \$ 57,446,384	Total current assets	-	3,913,762		3,779,055		7,692,817	
Non-current assets:       4,334,633       43,005,769       47,340,402         Bond issuance costs       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total non-current assets       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total assets       \$ 8,533,729       \$ 48,912,655       \$ 57,446,384		-				7		
Capital assets, net       4,334,633       43,005,769       47,340,402         Bond issuance costs       80,612       80,612         Total non-current assets       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total assets       \$ 8,533,729       \$ 48,912,655       \$ 57,446,384	Restricted cash and certificates of deposit		285,334		2,047,219		2,332,553	
Capital assets, net       4,334,633       43,005,769       47,340,402         Bond issuance costs       80,612       80,612         Total non-current assets       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total assets       \$ 8,533,729       \$ 48,912,655       \$ 57,446,384								
Bond issuance costs       80,612       80,612         Total non-current assets       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total assets       \$ 8,533,729       \$ 48,912,655       \$ 57,446,384								
Total non-current assets       4,334,633       43,086,381       47,421,014         Total assets       \$ 8,533,729       \$ 48,912,655       \$ 57,446,384	•		4,334,633					
Total assets       \$ 8,533,729       \$ 48,912,655       \$ 57,446,384	Bond issuance costs				80,612		80,612	
Total assets \$\$ 8,533,729 \$\$ 48,912,655 \$\$ 57,446,384	Total non-current assets		4,334,633		43,086,381		47,421,014	
Deferred outflow of resources \$ 1.064.812 \$ 364.447 \$ 1.429.259	Total assets	\$	8,533,729	\$	48,912,655	\$	57,446,384	
Deferred outflow of resources \$ 1.064.812 \$ 364.447 \$ 1.429.259		1		1				
	Deferred outflow of resources	\$	1,064,812	\$	364,447	\$	1,429,259	

Continued

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

	Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities		Total
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 68,682	\$ 78,634	\$ 147,316
Accounts payable, construction	00.570	863,071	863,071
Payroll liabilities	98,570	84,229	182,799
Unearned revenue Customer deposits		27,001 269,310	27,001 269,310
Accrued interest payable	2,912	209,510	2,912
Leases and loans payable	125,823	127,382	253,205
Louis and round payable			
Total liabilities payable from unrestricted assets	295,987	1,449,627	1,745,614
Payable from restricted assets:			
Accrued interest payable		53,886	53,886
Loans payable		336,355	336,355
Bonds payable		362,000	362,000
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets		752,241	752,241
Total current liabilities	295,987	2,201,868	2,497,855
Non-current liabilities:			
Bonds, leases, and loans payable	235,493	24,396,290	24,631,783
Net pension obligation	4,591,500	1,273,616	5,865,116
Total non-current liabilities	4,826,993	25,669,906	30,496,899
Total liabilities	\$ 5,122,980	\$ 27,871,774	\$ 32,994,754
Deferred inflow of resources	\$ 419,394	\$ 0	\$ 419,394
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 3,973,317	\$ 17,783,742	\$ 21,757,059
Restricted	370,169	2,047,219	2,417,388
Unrestricted	(287,319)	1,574,367	1,287,048
Total net position	\$ 4,056,167	\$ 21,405,328	\$ 25,461,495

### CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

					Progr	am Revenue	s			
Functions/Programs	Expe	nses	Operat Charges for Grants		Operating         Capital           Grants and         Grants and           Contributions         Contributions		rants and	Net (Expense) Revenue		
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$5	12,736	\$		\$	3,000			\$	(509,736)
Police department	1,5	73,459		4,605		133,301				(1,435,553)
Fire department	1,1	91,588				69,322				(1,122,266)
Street department	1,1	59,454				189,783				(969,671)
Cemeteries	3	89,345		106,812						(282,533)
Culture and recreation	2	77,991		17,303						(260,688)
Communications	4	40,296				142,819				(297,477)
Non-departmentalized		31,967							-	(831,967)
Total Governmental Activities	6,3	76,836		128,720	-	538,225			. <u></u>	(5,709,891)
Business-Type Activities:										
Water	4,1	78,846		3,410,018						(768,828)
Sewer	2,3:	55,738		2,591,428				71,662	_	307,352
Total Business-Type Activities	6,53	34,584		6,001,446				71,662		(461,476)
Total	\$ 12,9	11,420	\$	6,130,166	\$	538,225	\$	71,662	\$	(6,171,367)

(Continued)

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
Changes in Net Position:					
Net (expense)/revenue	\$ (5,709,891)	\$ (461,476)	\$ (6,171,367)		
General revenues:					
Taxes:					
Real property	307,842		307,842		
Motor vehicle	97,317		97,317		
Tangible personal property	35,759		35,759		
Public service company	10,252		10,252		
Delinquent	564		564		
Insurance premium	1,317,147		1,317,147		
Restaurant tax	321,666		321,666		
Bank deposits	43,495		43,495		
Payments in lieu of taxes	20,388		20,388		
Licenses, permits, and fees:					
Payroll license fees	2,496,771		2,496,771		
Net profits license fees	287,853		287,853		
Business license fees	18,900		18,900		
Street license fees	1,575		1,575		
Franchise fees - cable television	56,757		56,757		
Franchise fees - electric	344,305		344,305		
Franchise fees - natural gas	70,046		70,046		
Alcohol fees	33,731		33,731		
Other:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Parking fines	100		100		
Penalties and interest	11,848		11,848		
Interest earned	2,764	6,183	8,947		
Sale of surplus property	7,044	0,100	7,044		
Insurance claim proceeds	3,625		3,625		
Miscellaneous	31,811		31,811		
Transfer from other funds	25,963		25,963		
Transfer from other funds		1			
Total general revenues and transfers	5,547,523	6,183	5,553,706		
Change in net position	(162,368)	(455,293)	(617,661)		
Net position, beginning of year	4,218,535	22,054,713	26,273,248		
Prior period adjustment		(194,092)	(194,092)		
Net position, beginning of year as restated	4,218,535	21,860,621	26,079,156		
Net position, end of year	\$ 4,056,167	\$ 21,405,328	\$ 25,461,495		

### CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

ASSETS		General Fund	N	on-Major Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cash	\$	2,349,271	\$	285,334	\$	2,634,605
Receivables:	Ψ	2,017,271	Ψ	205,551	Ψ	2,05 1,005
Taxes and licenses		1,169,819		82,935		1,252,754
Intergovernmental		26,643				26,643
Due from other funds				1,900		1,900
Total assets	\$	3,545,733	\$	370,169	\$	3,915,902
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	68,685			\$	68,685
Payroll liabilities		98,570				98,570
Due to other funds		12,484				12,484
Total liabilities		179,739				179,739
FUND BALANCE						
Fund balance:						
Restricted for:						
Roads				219,138		219,138
Tourism				149,131		149,131
Police				1,900		1,900
Unassigned		3,365,994		1,700		3,365,994
Total fund balance		3,365,994		370,169		3,736,163
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	3,545,733	\$	370,169		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the net position are different because:	statement of		c			
Prepaid expenses in governmental funds are a use of are not reported as an asset	financial res	sources and the	erefore			295,680
	t financial re	sources and th				295,680 4,334,633
are not reported as an asset Capital assets used in governmental activities are not	t financial re depreciation of	sources and th				
are not reported as an asset Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated d Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the c and therefore are not reported in the funds: Accrued interest Leases and notes payable Certain items related to the City's net pension liabilit	t financial re lepreciation o current period	sources and th of \$4,954,798 d				4,334,633 (2,912) (361,316)
are not reported as an asset Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated d Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the c and therefore are not reported in the funds: Accrued interest Leases and notes payable	t financial re lepreciation o current period	sources and th of \$4,954,798 d				4,334,633 (2,912)

# CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

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<b>D</b>		General Fund	N	Non-Major Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:	¢	1 000 764	¢	221 (((	¢	0.154.420
Taxes	\$	1,832,764	\$	321,666	\$	2,154,430
Licenses, permits, and fees		3,308,038		1// 02/		3,308,038
Intergovernmental revenue		355,993		166,026		522,019
Alcohol license fee		100 000		1,900		1,900
Service charges		128,720		100		128,720
Other		73,208		193	_	73,401
Total revenues		5,698,723		489,785		6,188,508
Expenditures:						
General government		474,389				474,389
Police department		1,628,384				1,628,384
Fire department		1,151,772				1,151,772
Street department		671,084		595,073		1,266,157
Cemeteries		382,202				382,202
Culture and recreation		204,271				204,271
Communications		408,420				408,420
Non-departmentalized		547,359	-	297,631		844,990
Total expenditures		5,467,881		892,704		6,360,585
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures before other financing sources		230,842	-	(402,919)		(172,077)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers (to) from other funds		(486,521)		512,484		25,963
Lease proceeds		105,049	_			105,049
Total other financing sources (uses)		(381,472)		512,484		131,012
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures and other financing sources (uses)		(150,630)		109,565		(41,065)
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,516,624		260,604		3,777,228
Fund balance, end of year	\$	3,365,994	\$	370,169	-	3,736,163

### RECONCILATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (41,065)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital asset purchases Depreciation expense	212,897 (299,642)
Governmental funds report prepayments of expenditures as an expense while governmental activities report prepaid expenses as an asset	8,046
Governmental funds report debt proceeds as revenues and debt service payments as expenditures: Capital lease and note obligation principal payments Capital lease proceeds Accrued interest on loans	258,902 (105,049) 6,795
In the fund financial statements, pension costs are recognized as payments are made to the pension plan; however, in the government-wide financial statements, pension costs are recognized based on the overall changes in the net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows of resources.	 (203,252)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (162,368)

# CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2016

	Municipal Waterworks & Sewer System
ASSETS	
Current assets: Cash Certificates of deposit Accounts receivable, customers (net) Accounts receivable, grantor Accounts receivable, intergovernmental Due from other funds Prepaid expenses	\$ 2,481,801 379,018 522,750 71,662 27,566 21,584 274,674
Total unrestricted current assets	3,779,055
Restricted cash and certificates of deposit	2,047,219
Non-current assets: Capital assets, net Bond issuance costs Total non-current assets Total assets Deferred outflow of resources	43,005,769 80,612 43,086,381 \$ 48,912,655 \$ 364,447
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accounts payable, construction Payroll liabilities Unearned revenue Customer deposits Leases and loans payable Total liabilities payable from unrestricted assets	\$ 78,634 863,071 84,229 27,001 269,310 127,382 1,449,627
Payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Loan payable Bonds payable Total liabilities payable from restricted assets Total current liabilities	53,886 336,355 362,000 752,241 2,201,868
Non-current liabilities: Bonds, leases, and loans payable Net pension obligation	24,396,290 1,273,616
Total long term liabilities	25,669,906
Total liabilities	\$ 27,871,774
Deferred inflow of resources	<u>\$</u> 0
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	\$ 17,783,742         2,047,219         1,574,367         \$ 21,405,328

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# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Municipal Waterworks & Sewer System
Operating revenues:	
Water sales	\$ 2,204,877
Water taps	13,971
Sewer charges	2,367,099
Sewer taps	14,219
Sewer surcharge	4,801
Pre-treatment charges	126,245
Penalties	82,417
Other revenue	26,025
Total operating revenues	4,839,654
Operating expenses:	
Water operations	1,764,509
Sewer operations	1,067,511
Total operating expenses	2,832,020
Operating income before depreciation, amortization, and bad debts	2,007,634
Depreciation expense	1,993,502
Amortization expense	1,660
Bad debts	35,000
Total depreciation, amortization, and bad debts	2,030,162
Operating income (loss)	(22,528)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Interest income	6,183
Garbage service	597,867
Economic development grant	250,000
Sales tax	107,887
Utility tax	45,806
KY River withdrawal fee	110,547
Other income	49,685
Economic development grant	(250,000)
Interest expense Garbage service	(546,293)
Sales tax paid	(554,400)
Utility tax paid	(110,452) (51,931)
KY River withdrawal fee	(159,326)
Non-operating revenues (expenses), net	(504,427)
Income (loss) before other revenues, expenses, gains, losses and transfers	(526,955)
Capital grant proceeds	71,662
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(455,293)
Net position, beginning of year	22,054,713
Prior period adjustment	(194,092)
Net position, end of year	\$ 21,405,328

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

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	Municipal Waterworks & Sewer System
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 4,765,922
Payments to suppliers	(1,678,611)
Payments to employees	(1,356,282)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,731,029
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:	
Security deposits	54,616
Security deposit refunds	(47,841)
Non-operating receipts	1,161,792
Non-operating disbursements	(1,126,109)
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	42,458
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Capital asset purchases	(5,763,710)
Principal paid on bonds, leases, and loans	(1,082,972)
Loan proceeds	6,492,525
Interest paid on bonds, leases, and loans	(539,857)
Financing fees paid	(28,788)
Capital grant proceeds	322,521
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(600,281)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Purchase of investments	(2,824)
Interest on investments	6,183
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	3,359
Net increase (decrease) in cash	1,176,565
Cash, beginning of year	2,885,806
Cash, end of year	\$ 4,062,371
Cash is Classified as:	
Unrestricted	\$ 2,481,801
Restricted	1,580,570
	\$ 4,062,371
	Continued

Continued

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:	Municipal Waterworks & Sewer System
Operating income (loss)	\$ (22,528)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Depreciation	1,993,502
Amortization	1,660
Bad debts	35,000
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	(73,732)
Due from other funds	(21,584)
Prepaid expenses	(16,950)
Accounts payable	(46,259)
Due to other funds	(18,377)
Payroll liabilities	5,950
Net pension obligation	(105,653)
Total adjustments	1,753,557
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 1,731,029

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND June 30, 2016

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	emetery Fund
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 81,192
Certificates of deposit	295,222
Total assets	\$ 376,414
LIABILITIES	
Due to other funds	\$ 11,000
NET POSITION	
Net position	\$ 365,414
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 376,414

# **CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY** STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Cemetery Fund
Revenues: Perpetual care Interest	\$    27,400 1,066
Total revenues	28,466
Expenditures: Capital outlay	20,753
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	7,713
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (to) from other funds	(25,963)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and transfers	(18,250)
Net position, beginning of year	383,664
Net position, end of year	\$ 365,414

# CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### INDEX

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I.	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	
	A. Reporting Entity	
	B. Basis of Presentation	
	C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting	
	D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position	
	E. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses	19
II.	Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability	20
	A. Insured Deposits	20
	B. Property Tax Calendar	
	C. Expenditures Exceeding Budget	
	D. Bonds and Notes Payable	
	E. Security Deposits	22
III.	Detail Notes on Transaction Classes/Accounts	
	A. Cash and Investments	
	B. Restricted Assets	
	C. Receivables	
	D. Internal Balances.	
	E. Capital Assets	
	F. Lease Obligations	
	G. Bonds, Leases, and Loans Payable	
	H. Changes in Bonds, Leases, and Loans Payable	
	I. Annual Debt Service Requirements	
	J. Conduit Debt	
	K. Interest Expense.	
	L. Net Position	
	M. Transfers	
IV.	Pension Plan	
V.	Insurance	35
VI.	Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies and Commitments	35
VII.	Economic Dependency	36
VIII.	Correction of Error	

## I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Harrodsburg, Kentucky (City) operates under a City Commission form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, social services, culture and recreation, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The basic financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below, and where appropriate, subsequent pronouncements will be referenced.

### A. Reporting Entity.

The City's financial reporting entity is comprised of the following:

Primary Government: City of Harrodsburg, Kentucky Blended Component Units: Harrodsburg Municipal Waterworks and Sewer System

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity and includes all component units of which the City appointed a voting majority or an equal number of the component units' Governing Board, and the City has the ability to control the activities of the component unit or a financial benefit or burden relationship exists between the City and the component unit.

### B. Basis of Presentation

**Government-Wide Financial Statements**. The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include all funds of the City, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

**Fund Financial Statements.** Fund financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The following fund types are used by the City:

### **Governmental Funds**

*General Fund.* The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities, except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

*Special Revenue Funds.* Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or administratively restricted to expenditures for certain purposes. The City's Special Revenue Funds consist of the following:

- a. Municipal Aid Fund, which accounts for proceeds from the Commonwealth of Kentucky Department for Local Government to be used to maintain public roads.
- b. Tourism Development Fund, which accounts for proceeds from a restaurant tax to be used to promote and fund tourism activities within the City.
- c. Alcohol Beverage Control fund, which accounts for proceeds from a tax on the sale of alcohol beverages to be used by the police department.

### **Proprietary Funds**

*Enterprise Funds.* Enterprise Funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The City's Enterprise Fund consists of the Harrodsburg Municipal Waterworks and Sewer System, which was established to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's water and sewer facilities, which are entirely or predominantly self-supported by user charges.

*Internal Service Funds.* Internal Service Funds are used to account for business-like activities provided by one governmental department or agency to another. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The City does not have any Internal Service Funds.

### Fiduciary Funds (Not Included in Government-Wide Statements)

*Trust Funds.* Trust funds were established to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations, and other governmental units. The City's Trust Fund consists of the Harrodsburg Cemetery Trust Fund, which was established to provide perpetual cemetery care.

*Major and Non-Major Funds*. The funds are further classified as major or non-major as follows: Major/

Fund	Fund Type	Non-Major	
General Fund	Governmental	Major	
Municipal Aid Fund	Special Revenue	Non-Major	
Tourism Development Fund	Special Revenue	Non-Major	
Alcohol Beverage Control Fund	Special Revenue	Non-Major	
Harrodsburg Municipal Waterworks and Sewer System	Enterprise	Major	

### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

**Measurement Focus.** In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item 2 below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- 1. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting
  objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position,
  and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their
  activities are reported.

**Basis of Accounting**. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, government funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period (generally 60 days) or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest, which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

**Estimates and Assumptions.** The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Subsequent Events**. Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date, but before the financial statements, were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the balance sheet date, require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management evaluated the activity of the

City through \_\_\_\_\_, 2016 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements,

### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

**Cash**. For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, cash includes all demand and savings account balances of the City on deposit with financial institutions. For the purposes of the proprietary fund, Statement of Cash Flows, cash is defined in the same manner.

**Internal Balances.** During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "internal balances." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Accounts Receivable. In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals, such as taxes and licenses, grants, and similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions earned, but not collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year, are not included in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. Receivables related to interest and other investment earnings are recorded using the modified accrual basis of accounting in the same manner as non-exchange transactions. Other than grant receivables, utility accounts receivable comprise the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable, which total \$410,000, are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

**Inventories**. Purchases of supplies in the General Fund and Municipal Waterworks and Sewer System Fund are expensed when purchased and are not inventoried and reflected in the balance sheet of either fund. Generally, supplies are purchased as needed. This departure from GAAP is not considered material to the financial statements.

**Capital Assets.** The accounting treatment for capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, which are recorded at the estimated fair value at the date of donation. Assets with an estimated life of greater than one year are capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets are recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the asset's estimated useful life, using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset for the General Fund is as follows:

Land improvements	20 - 30 years
Vehicles and equipment	7 - 15 years
Buildings	30 - 40 years

The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset for the Municipal Waterworks and Sewer System is as follows:

Water utility system10 -	99 years
Sewer utility system	50 years
Water and sewer treatment plant10 -	
Buildings	
Equipment and vehicles	15 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements. The City did not report its infrastructure assets in the basic financial statements as of June 30, 2004. In accordance with GASB 34, the estimated historical cost of infrastructure assets, including streets, roads, bridges, curbs, gutters, and flood walls is not required to be included. Infrastructure assets constructed after June 30, 2004 are capitalized.

**Restricted Assets**. Certain proceeds of revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their payment, are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position since their use is limited by applicable bond indentures. Some expenditures of the City may be paid with restricted and non-restricted resources. The City has determined that when both resources are available that they will use the restricted resources first.

**Bond Issuance Costs**. Issuance costs on the sale of the water and sewer revenue bonds are amortized on the straight-line method over the life of the bonds. These costs are reported in the proprietary fund and are accounted for the same in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Long-Term Liabilities**. The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds, lease obligations, loans payable, and net pension obligation.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are recorded as revenue and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is reported in the fund statements in the same manner as the government-wide statements.

**Compensated Absences.** Unused vacation leave is converted to sick leave at the end of the calendar year. Employees must carry forward all unused sick leave at the end of the calendar year. Upon retirement, employees may utilize unused sick leave to receive additional service credit. These costs are not measurable; thus, the financial statements do not reflect a liability for compensated absences.

**Pensions**. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Plan (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments, (including refunds of employee

contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Equity Classifications. Government-wide financial statements classify equity as net position and is displayed in three components:

- 1. *Invested in capital assets, net of related debt* consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, leases, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by:
  - a. External groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, and
  - b. Law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net assets consists of all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund financial statements report governmental fund equity as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified:

- 1. *Non-spendable fund balance* includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. *Restricted fund balance* includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes either (a) by externally imposed creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. The City's highest level of decision making authority is the City Commission. Any committed fund balance would require the City Commission to adopt a resolution approving the commitment.
- 4. Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City's Mayor is authorized to assign the fund balance. The City has not adopted formal procedures to show that the mayor has assigned the fund balance.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The City has determined that when both restricted and unrestricted funds are available, that they will use the restricted resources first. In addition, when expenditures could be deemed to have been expended by using committed, assigned or unassigned funds, the City has determined that the funds will be first categorized as assigned, second as committed and third as unassigned.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in government-wide statements.

### E. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

**Payroll License Fee.** The City levies a payroll tax of 1% on all individuals, who work within the City limits. This tax is withheld by an employee's employer and remitted to the City monthly or quarterly. The payroll license fee is recorded in the General Fund and is used to pay the general operations of the City.

**Insurance Premium Tax.** The City levies an insurance premium tax of 10% on all insurance sold within the City limits. Insurance companies are required to collect this tax from policy holders and to remit this fee quarterly. The insurance premium tax is recorded in the General Fund and is used to pay the general operations of the City.

**Occupational License Fee.** The City levies an occupational license fee of 1% on net profits of all companies within the City limits. Companies are required to report and remit this fee quarterly or annually. The occupational license fee is recorded in the General Fund and is used to pay the general operations of the City.

**Operating Revenues and Expenses.** Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, non-capital financing, or investing activities.

**Real and Personal Property Taxes.** The City levies a tax on all real and personal property within the City in accordance with state laws. All real and personal property was taxed at \$0.0684 per \$100 of assessed value for the year ended June 30, 2016. Motor vehicles were taxed at \$0.23 per \$100 of assessed value. These taxes are collected annually and are recorded in the General Fund and are used to pay the general operations of the City.

**Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses.** Proprietary funds report all revenue and expenses as operating, except grant revenue, interest income, interest expense, garbage income, garbage expense, tax income, tax expense, withdrawal fee income, and withdrawal fee expense.

**Expenditures/Expenses.** In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities. All expenses other than insurance and outside agency grants and subsidy costs have been charged as a direct cost to the program in which it benefits.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures in the Governmental Funds are reported by character and in the Proprietary Funds by operating and non-operating.

In the fund financial statements, Governmental Funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

**Interfund Transfers.** Permanent re-allocation of resources between funds of the City are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual Governmental Funds have been eliminated.

### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the City is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the City's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over City resources follows:

A. Insured Deposits. Under Kentucky Revised Statute 66.480, the City is allowed to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, repurchase agreements, obligations of the Commonwealth and its agencies, insured savings and loans, or interest-bearing deposits of insured national or state banks. The deposits in excess of insurance coverage must be fully collateralized. In addition, trust funds may invest in uninsured corporate securities. At June 30, 2016, all of the City's deposits in financial institutions, were insured or collateralized. Funds collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution totaled \$6,864,759.

B. **Property Tax Calendar**. Property taxes for fiscal year 2016 were levied on October 1, 2015 on the assessed valuation of property, located in the City as of the preceding January 1, the lien date. The due date and collection periods for all taxes, exclusive of vehicle taxes and local deposit franchise taxes, are as follows:

Due date for payment of taxes	October 1
Face value amount payment datesOctober 1	
Delinquent date, 12% penalty	
Delinquent date, 1% per month penalty	November 1

C. Expenditures Exceeding Budget. Expenditures exceeded budget amounts as follows:

	Department/Classification	Budget	Actual	Difference
N/A		\$	\$	\$

- D. Bonds and Notes Payable. The loan agreements relating to the bonds and notes payable issues of the Harrodsburg Municipal Waterworks and Sewer System contain some restrictions or covenants that are financial related, including covenants for required reserve account balances. The following schedule presents a brief summary of the most significant requirements and the City's level of compliance thereon as of June 30, 2016:
  - 1. 2013B Kentucky Rural Water (KRW) Bond Issue. The gross incomes and revenues of the System are to be deposited into the Revenue Fund and apportioned as follows:
    - a. *Sinking Fund.* Monthly deposits of 1/6th of the interest and 1/12th of the principal coming due on the 2013B bonds on the next succeeding payment date are to be deposited. This fund was properly funded at June 30, 2016.
  - 2. *Kentucky Infrastructure Authority (KIA) Note Payable*. Under terms of the loan agreements with Kentucky Infrastructure Authority, the City is required to set aside the following:
    - a. *Sinking Reserve*. Monthly deposits of 1/6th of the interest and 1/12th of the principal coming due on the loan on the next succeeding payment date are to be deposited under Loan A02-06. This reserve was properly funded at June 30, 2016.
    - b. Repairs and Maintenance Reserve.
      - 1. Annual deposits of \$68,000 are to be deposited until \$680,000 has been received under Loan A 02-06. This reserve was properly funded at June 30, 2016.
      - 2. Annual deposits of \$1,100 are to be deposited until \$11,000 has been received under Loan F 11-17. This reserve was properly funded at June 30, 2016.
      - 3. Annual deposits of \$1,000 are to be deposited until \$10,000 has been received under Loan A 11-21. This reserve was properly funded at June 30, 2016.
      - 4. Annual deposits of \$1,800 are to be deposited until \$18,000 has been received under Loan A 12-07. This reserve was properly funded at June 30, 2016.
      - 5. Annual deposits of \$6,800 are to be deposited until \$68,000 has been received under Loan F 13-002. This reserve was properly funded at June 30, 2016.
      - 6. Annual deposits of \$800 are to be deposited until \$8,000 has been received under Loan F 15-031. This reserve was not funded at June 30, 2016.
      - 7. Annual deposits of \$3,600 are to be deposited until \$36,000 has been received under Loan A 15-046. This reserve was not funded at June 30, 2016.

- 3. **Revenue Bonds**. Under terms of the revenue bond agreements, the City is required to set aside the following:
  - a. *Sinking Reserve*. Monthly deposits of 1/6th of the interest and 1/12th of the principal coming due on the loan on the next succeeding payment date are to be deposited. This reserve was properly funded at June 30, 2016.
  - b. Depreciation Reserve. Monthly deposits of \$1,680 are to be deposited until the balance reaches \$201,600. Funds from the reserve may be withdrawn and used by the City upon appropriate certification of the City Commission for the purpose of paying the costs of unusual or extraordinary maintenance, repairs, renewals, and replacements not included in the annual budget of current expenses, or for paying the cost of constructing future extensions, additions, and improvements of the system. This reserve was properly funded at June 30, 2016.
  - c. *Debt Reserve Fund.* Monthly deposits of \$3,625 are to be deposited until the balance reaches \$434,600. Funds from the reserve may be withdrawn and used by the City upon appropriate certification of the City Commission for the purpose of paying the costs of unusual or extraordinary maintenance, repairs, renewals, and replacements not included in the annual budget of current expenses, or for paying the cost of constructing future extensions, additions, and improvements of the system. This reserve was properly funded at June 30, 2016.
- E. **Security Deposits.** Customers of the Harrodsburg Municipal Waterworks and Sewer System are required by ordinance to make a security deposit when they are provided water or sewer services. These deposits are required by state law to be fully funded in a separate account for the benefit of customers. At June 30, 2016 this account was properly funded.

### III. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

- A. Cash and Investments. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's funds on deposit with the banks may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The City's policy requires, except as noted below, bank balances to be 110% secured by collateral valued at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. The Mayor and Finance Commissioner may invest funds in uncollateralized certificates of deposit subject to:
  - 1. Approval of the Board of Commissioners.
  - 2. The bank or savings and loan institution being rated in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.
  - 3. The amount of funds invested in uncollateralized certificates of deposit not exceeding 10% of the City's total investment portfolio.
  - 4. The maximum term to maturity of uncollateralized certificates of deposit not exceeding one year.

As of June 30, 2016, the City's funds on deposit in financial institutions, were properly insured or collateralized. Funds collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institutions totaled \$6,864,759.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The City's investment policy states that unless matched to a specific cash flow need, the City's funds should not, in general, be invested in securities maturing more than one year from the date of purchase.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City's policy is that with the exception of fully insured or fully collateralized investments and demand deposit accounts, no more than 30% of the total investment portfolio shall be invested in a single security type of a single financial institution.

<b>Type of Investment</b>	Fair Value			Cost	<b>Interest Rate</b>	<b>Maturity Date</b>	
Business-Type Activities:						( <u> </u>	
Main Source Bank							
Savings	\$	31,021	\$	31,021	0.05 %	N/A	
Whitaker Bank & Trust Co.							
Certificate of Deposit		11,976		11,976	0.20 %	8/14/16	
Certificate of Deposit		35,073		35,073	0.33 %	8/20/17	
Certificate of Deposit		178,850		178,850	0.40 %	2/17/17	
Certificate of Deposit		21,948		21,948	0.33 %	8/20/17	
Certificate of Deposit		378,606		378,606	0.33 %	8/20/17	
Certificate of Deposit		188,193	_	188,193	0.40 %	9/28/16	
	\$	845,667	\$	845,667			

The City's investments at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

B. Restricted Assets. The amounts reported as restricted assets are comprised of cash and certificates of deposit held by the City, related to their required reserves. The restricted assets as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

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		Type of Restricted Assets							
	Certificates								
	Cash		of Deposit		Total				
Governmental Activities:									
Municipal aid fund	\$	219,138	\$		\$	219,138			
Tourism development fund		66,196				66,196			
	\$	285,334	\$		\$	285,334			
Business-Type Activities:									
Bond sinking fund	\$	673,126	\$	31,021	\$	704,147			
Note sinking fund		62,069				62,069			
Depreciation fund		148,536		57,022		205,558			
Debt reserve fund		111,476				111,476			
Repairs and maintenance fund		585,363		378,606		963,969			
	\$	1,580,570	\$	466,649	\$	2,047,219			

C. **Receivables**. Receivables included as current assets on the Statement of Net Position, as of June 30, 2016, consists of the following:

		vernmental Activities		isiness-Type Activities	 Total
Taxes and Licenses:					
Payroll license	\$	607,734	\$		\$ 607,734
Insurance license		419,795			419,795
Auto taxes		9,573			9,573
Net profits license		131,664			131,664
Returned checks		1,053			1,053
Restaurant tax	-	82,935			 82,935
		1,252,754			1,252,754
Intergovernmental:					
Water treatment plant grant				71,662	71,662
Police grants		26,643			26,643
Cemetary trust fund				11,000	11,000
Debt service overpayment				17,566	17,566
Mercer County Planning & Zoning					
Commission				10,000	 10,000
		26,643		110,228	136,871
Other:					
Due from other funds		(10,584)	-	10,584	 
User Fees:					
User fees				932,750	932,750
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	-			410,000	 410,000
				522,750	 522,750
Total receivables	\$	1,268,813	\$	643,562	\$ 1,912,375

D. Internal Balances. The following interfund payables and receivables occurred as of June 30, 2016:

	Due from Other Funds		Due to her Funds
Major Funds:		1	
General fund	\$	\$	10,584
Municipal waterworks and sewer system	 10,584		
	\$ 10,584	<u>\$</u>	10,584

The receivable due to the Municipal Waterworks and Sewer System was due to prepaid health insurance paid from the General Fund on behalf of the Municipal Waterworks and Sewer System employees for their share of the July insurance premium and the transfer of funds by the Municipal Waterworks and Sewer System for their share of the July 1, 2016 payroll.

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E. **Capital Assets**. The activity related to capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>		_		
Land	\$ 602,779	\$ 25,150	\$	\$ 627,929
Land improvements	1,695,878			1,695,878
Vehicles and equipment	3,313,563	187,747		3,501,310
Buildings	2,469,399			2,469,399
Infrastructure	994,917			994,917
Total cost	9,076,536	212,897		9,289,433
Accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	972,562	46,315		1,018,877
Vehicles and equipment	2,469,462	161,120		2,630,582
Buildings	1,017,591	71,269		1,088,860
Infrastructure	195,543	20,938		216,481
Total accumulated depreciation	4,655,158	299,642		4,954,800
Total capital assets, net	\$ 4,421,378	\$ (86,745)	\$	\$ 4,334,633
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>				
Land	\$ 662,164	\$	\$	\$ 662,164
Vehicles and equipment	3,194,164	34,090		3,228,254
Buildings	172,985			172,985
Water utility system	12,122,208	30,154		12,152,362
Sewer utility system	10,371,298			10,371,298
Water and sewer treatment plant	40,194,385	1,531		40,195,916
Construction in progress	907.074	6,186,379	60,472	7.032.981
Total cost	67,624,278	6,252,154	60,472	73,815,960
Accumulated depreciation:				
Vehicles and equipment	1,739,621	161,365		1,900,986
Buildings	37,001	4,325		41,326
Water utility system	5,605,196	478,317		6,083,513
Sewer utility system	6,524,064	360,431		6,884,495
Water and sewer treatment plant	14,910,807	989,064		15,899,871
Total accumulated depreciation	28,816,689	1,993,502		30,810,191
Total capital assets, net	\$38,807,589	\$ 4,258,652	\$ 60,472	\$ 43,005,769

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 8,482
Police department	66,751
Fire department	38,538
Street department	48,262
Cemeteries	36,093
Culture and recreation	98,052
Communications	 3,464
Total depreciation expense	\$ 299,642

F. Lease Obligations. The city has entered into the following leases:

#### **Capital Leases**

- 1. In 2007, the City obtained \$343,897 financing for the purchase of a fire truck, which cost \$343,897. The 120-month capital lease agreement requires annual lease payments of \$43,440, including interest at 4.49% per annum. The lease was paid in full in 2016.
- 2. In 2008, the City obtained \$1,800,671 financing for the purchase of water meters, which cost \$1,819,122. The 15-year capital lease agreement requires quarterly payments of \$41,749, including interest at 4.3% per annum. The lease is payable through 2023.
- 3. In 2012, the City obtained \$35,205 financing for the purchase of a dump truck, which costs \$35,205. The 5-year capital lease agreement requires annual payments of \$7,982, including interest at 6.7% per annum. This lease was paid in full in 2016.
- 4. In 2013, the City obtained \$145,076 financing for the purchase of five police cruisers, which cost \$145,076. The 5-year capital lease agreement requires annual payments of \$26,592, including interest at 3.92% per annum. The lease is payable through 2018.
- 5. In 2013, the City obtained \$41,666 financing for the purchase of an excavator, which cost \$41,666. The 4-year capital lease agreement requires monthly payments of \$973, including interest at 6.25% per annum. The lease is payable through 2017.
- 6. In 2015, the City obtained \$62,430 financing for the purchase of two police cruisers, which cost \$62,430. The 5-year capital lease agreement requires annual payments of \$11,326, including interest at 3.801% per annum. The lease is payable through 2020.
- 7. In 2015, the City obtained \$40,214 financing for the purchase of a dump truck, which cost \$40,214. The 5-year capital lease agreement requires monthly payments of \$773, including interest at 5.95% per annum. The lease is payable through 2020.
- 8. In 2015, the City obtained \$42,485 financing for an excavator, which cost \$42,485. The 5year capital lease agreement requires monthly payments of \$761, including interest at 2.14% per annum. The lease is payable through 2020.
- 9. In 2016, the City obtained \$105,049 financing for the purchase of four police cruisers, which cost \$128,360. the 5-year capital lease agreement requires annual payments of \$23,311, including interest at 3.567% per annum. The lease is payable through 2021.

The following is a schedule of property and equipment and outstanding liabilities relating to capital lease agreements at June 30, 2016:

. .

							Lea	ase Payabl	e	
Property Leased	_	Asset Cost	cumulated preciation	<b>N</b>	Net Book Value	Current Portion		ong-Term Portion		Total
Dump truck	\$	40,214	\$ 8,617	\$	31,597	\$ 7,857	\$	19,482	\$	27,339
Police cruisers		335,866	95,085		240,781	53,944		142,629		196,573
Excavators	-	84,151	 18,826	_	65,325	 11,573	_	19,312	_	30,885
	\$	460,231	\$ 122,528	\$	337,703	\$ 73,374	\$	181,423	\$	254,797

#### **Governmental Funds:**

					Lease Payable	
Property Leased	Asset Cost	Accumulated Depreciation		Current Portion	Long-Term Portion	Total
Water meters	\$1,819,122	\$ 728,321	\$ 1,090,801	\$ 127,382	\$ 810,802 \$	938,184

# **Business Activity Funds:**

G. Bonds, Leases, and Loans Payable. The City's bonds, leases, and loans payable is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities:

Governmental Activities. As of June 30, 2016, the governmental bonds, leases and loans payable consisted of the following:

#### Capital leases payable:

empirine remains publication	
60-month lease for the purchase of a dump truck. The lease bears interest at 5.95%	\$ 27,339
60-month lease for the purchase of police cruisers. The lease bears interest at 3.801%	41,306
60-month lease for the purchase of an excavator. The lease bears interest at 2.14%	27,929
60-month lease for the purchase of police cruisers. The lease bears interest at 3.567%.	105,049
60-month lease for the purchase of police cruisers. The lease bears interest at 3.92%.	50,217
48-month lease for the purchase of an excavator. The lease bears interest at 6.25%.	2,957
-	

#### 254,797

106,519

#### Loans payable:

Road resurfacing loan. The \$500,000 loan was renewed on August 25, 2015 at \$106,519 and bears interest at 3.25% to be amortized over 2 years. Principal and interest payments are \$55,911 and are to be made annually through August 10, 2017. The loan is secured by an assignment of the gas tax revenues obtained by the City during the duration of the note.

	\$_361,316
Included as liability on Statement of Net Position:	
Current liability	\$ 125,823
Non-current liability	235,493
	\$ 361.316

**Business-Type Activities**. As of June 30, 2016, the proprietary fund bonds, leases, and loans payable consisted of the following:

#### Capital leases payable:

15-year lease for the purchase of wa	er meters. The lease bears in	nterest at 4.3%. \$	9	938,184
--------------------------------------	-------------------------------	---------------------	---	---------

#### Loans payable:

Loan A02-06 for system improvements. The uncollateralized \$3,336,516 loan from Kentucky Infrastructure Authority bears interest at 1.0%. The terms of the loan require the loan to be amortized over 20 years. Principal and interest payments of approximately \$93,000 are to be paid semi-annually through December 1, 2023. 1,322,009

Loan A-12-07 for pump station upgrades. The uncollateralized \$706,000 loan from Kentucky Infrastructure Authority bears interest at 1.0% and is due 20 years from the date the loan is closed. Principal and interest of approximately \$18,000 are to be paid semi-annually through June 1, 2035

Loan F11-17 for water main improvements. The uncollateralized \$336,700 loan from Kentucky Infrastructure Authority bears interest at 1.0%. and is due 20 years from the date the loan is closed. Principal and interest payments of approximately \$9,500 are to be paid semi-annually through December 1, 2033.

Loan A11-21 for sewer rehabilitation project. The uncollateralized \$376,650 loan from Kentucky Infrastructure Authority bears interest at 1.0% and is due 20 years from the date the loan is closed. Principal and interest payments of approximately \$10,000 are to be paid semi-annually through December 1, 2033.

Loan F13-002 is for water distribution improvements, north main water storage tank improvements. The uncollateralized \$2,433,080 loan from Kentucky Infrastructure Authority bears interest at 1.75% and is due 20 years from the date the loan is closed. Principal and interest payments of approximately \$75,000 are to be paid seim-annually through December 1, 2035.

Loan A15-074 is for the expansion of the City's waste water treatment plant. The uncollateralized \$10,000,000 loan from Kentucky Infrastructure Authority bears interest at .75% and is due 20 years from the date the loan is closed. The annual payment of principal and interest has yet to be determined and will commence within 12 months from initiation of operation. Interest is to begin accruing on the draws at the time of the first draw.

Loan F15-031 is for the College and Chestnut Street water lines project. The uncollateralized \$326,660 loan from Kentucky Infrastructure Authroity bears interest at .75% and is due 20 years from the date the loan is closed. The annual payment of principal and interest has yet to be determined and will commence within 12 months from initiation of operation. Interest is to begin accruing on the draws at the time of the first draw.

Loan A15-046 is for sewer line rehabiliation. The uncollateralized \$1,420,000 loan from Kentucky Infrastructure Authority bears interest at .75% and is due 20 years from the date the loan is closed. The annual payment of principal and interest has yet to be determined and will commence within 12 months from initiation of operation. Interest is to begin accruing on the draws at the time of the first draw.

Loan from Whitaker Bank to provide interim financing for the expansion of the waste water treatment plant. The uncollateralized \$8,840,000 loan bears interest at 3.0% and is due December 1, 2018. Interest is payable quarterly based on the amount of funds that has been drawn on the loan.

#### Bonds payable:

Bonds were issued in 2013 to pay off the remaining balances of the 2004 bond issue. The bonds bear interest at 2.3%. Principal payments are paid annually and interest payments are paid semi-annually through January 2021. 606,550

298,193

333,574

2,380,360

3,379,187

171,936

1,181,484

1,534,550

695,000

Bonds were issued in 2006 for the construction of extensions, additions, and improvements to the combined and consolidated water and sewer system. The bonds bear interest at 4.5%. Principal is paid annually through December 2043, and interest is paid semi-annually.

Bonds were issued in 2006 for the construction of extensions, additions, and improvements to the combined and consolidated water and sewer system. The bonds bear interest at 4.125%. Principal is paid annually through December 2044, and interest is paid semi-annually.

Bonds were issued in 2012 for the construction of extensions, additions and improvements to the existing waterworks system. The bonds bear interest at 2.75%. Principal is paid annually through December 2050, and interest is paid semi-annually.

Series 2014 A & B bonds were issued in 2015 to finance the wastewater treatment plant. The bonds bear interest at 3.25%. Principal is paid annually through December 2053 and interest is paid semi-annually.

<u>1,744,000</u> \$25,222,027

971,000

2,180,500

7,485,500

Included as liability on Statement of Net Position:

		Leases Payable	Loans Payable	Bonds Payable		Total
Current liability Current liability payable from	\$	127,382	\$	\$	\$	127,382
restricted resources			336,355	362,000		698,355
Non-current liability	-	810,802	10,871,488	12,714,000	_	24,396,290
	\$	938,184	\$11,207,843	\$13,076,000	\$	.25,222,027

H. Changes in Bonds, Leases, and Loans Payable. The following is a summary of changes in bonds, leases, and loans payable for the year ended June 30, 2016:

		Balance						Balance	 Amounts ue Within
Type of Debt	J	uly 1, 2015	_	Proceeds	F	ayments	J	une 30, 2016	Dne Year
Governmental Activities:									
Capital leases payable	\$	258,649	\$	105,049	\$	108,902	\$	254,796	\$ 73,374
Loans payable	_	256,520				150,000		106,520	 52,449
Total governmental activities	\$	515,169	\$	105,049	\$	258,902	\$	361,316	\$ 125,823
Business-Type Activities:									
Bonds payable	\$	13,402,500	\$		\$	326,500	\$	13,076,000	\$ 362,000
Capital leases payable		1,060,056				121,872		938,184	127,382
Loans payable	_	5,349,919	_	6,492,524	_	634,600	_	11,207,843	 336,355
Total business-type activities	\$	19,812,475	\$	6,492,524	\$	1,082,972	\$	25,222,027	\$ 825,737

I. **Annual Debt Service Requirements**. The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for bonds, leases, and loans payable as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total
Governmental Activities:			1 morput		Interest	-	1000
Governmental retry mest	2017	\$	125,824	\$	12,717	\$	138,541
	2018	Ψ	127,191	Ψ	8,348	Ψ	135,539
	2019		49,336		3,702		53,038
	2020		36,458		2,019		38,477
	2021	_	22,507		803	_	23,310
		\$	361,316	\$	27,589	\$	388,905
<b>Proprietary Activities:</b>		_				_	
	2017	\$	825,737	\$	520,933	\$	1,346,670
	2018		847,648		500,018		1,347,666
	2019		2,399,926		478,420		2,878,346
	2020		888,933		456,228		1,345,161
	2021		747,830		433,298		1,181,128
	2021 - 2026		2,878,795		1,907,400		4,786,195
	2027 - 2031		2,501,843		1,582,745		4,084,588
	2032 - 2036		2,667,218		1,222,343		3,889,561
	2037 - 2041		2,163,500		858,026		3,021,526
	2042 - 2046		2,115,000		488,174		2,603,174
	2047 - 2051		1,895,500		214,510		2,110,010
	2052 - 2055	_	557,500	_	14,349	_	571,849
		\$	20,489,430	\$	8,676,444	\$	29,165,874

Kentucky Infrastructure Authority notes A15-074, F15-031 and A15-046 totaling \$4,732,607 are not included in the proprietary activities debt service schedule above since the due dates, and payment amounts have not yet been determined.

- J. **Conduit Debt**. Industrial Revenue Bonds have been issued through the City to assist various private enterprises in construction of manufacturing plants and educational facilities. These bonds do not constitute an indebtedness or pledge of faith and credit by the City. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2016 for Industrial Revenue Bonds is not available.
- K. **Interest Expense**. Interest expense has been included in the Statement of Activities in the following functions/programs:

Governmental Activities:	
Police department	\$ 4,825
Fire department	1,869
Street department	7,275
Cemetery department	619
Parks department	 644
	 15,232

Proprietary Activities: Water Sewer	273,147 273,146 546,293
Total interest expense	\$ 561,525
Total interest capitalized in the proprietary fund was \$22,085.	
. Net Position. Net position at June 30, 2016 is identified as follows	ows:
Governmental Funds: Restricted for: Police department Roads Tourism Total net assets, restricted	\$ 1,900 219,138 149,131 \$ 370,169
<b>Proprietary Funds:</b> Bond sinking fund Note sinking fund Debt reserve fund Depreciation fund Repairs and maintenance fund Total net assets, restricted	\$ 704,147 62,069 111,476 205,558 963,969 <u>\$ 2,047,219</u>

# M. Transfers. The following operating transfers were made during fiscal year 2016:

L.

	T	ransfers In	Transfers Out			
Major Funds:						
General fund	\$	25,963	\$	512,484		
Non-major Funds: Municipal aid fund		512,484				
Fiduciary Fund:						
Cemetery fund				25,963		
	<u>\$</u>	538,447	\$	538,447		

The transfer of \$25,963 to the General Fund from the Cemetery Fund represents interest earnings on cemetery certificates of deposit, which was used for the maintenance of the cemetery and the transfer of capital assets from the Cemetery Fund to the General Fund.

\$512,484 was transferred from the General Fund to the Municipal Aid Fund to provide resources for the maintenance of roads and the payment of debt service.

### IV. PENSION PLAN

The City is a participating employer of the County Employees Retirement Systems (CERS). Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems administers the CERS. The plan issues publicly available financial statements, which may be downloaded from the Kentucky Retirement System's website.

**Plan Description.** CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Cost-of-living (COLA) adjustments are provided at the discretion of state legislature.

**Contributions.** For the year ended June 30, 2016, plan members were required to contribute 5.00% of wages for non-hazardous job classifications and 8% for hazardous job classifications. Employees hired after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute an additional 1% to cover the cost of medical insurance that is provided through CERS. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last proceeding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial basis adopted by the Board. For the year ended June 30, 2016, participating employers contributed 17.67% of each employee's wages for non-hazardous job classifications and 34.31% for hazardous job classifications, which is equal to the actuarially determined rate set by the Board. Administrative costs of Kentucky Retirement System are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

Plan members who began participating on, or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own account. Plan members contribute 5.00% for non-hazardous job classifications and 8% for hazardous job classifications of wages to their own account and 1% to the health insurance fund. The employer contributes a set percentage of each member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. For non-hazardous members, their account is credited with a 4% employer pay credit and hazardous job classifications receive 7.5% employer pay credit.

The City contributed \$616,039 for the year ended June 30, 2016, or 100% of the required contribution. The contribution was allocated \$424,347 to the CERS pension fund and \$191,692 to the CERS insurance fund.

**Pension Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources.** At June 30, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$4,591,500 in the governmental activities fund and \$1,273,616 in the business-type activities fund for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities,

actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the City's proportion was .096361% for non-hazardous job classifications and .112177% for hazardous job classifications.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$450,901 in the governmental activities fund and \$197,647 in the business-type activities fund. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>					<b>Business-Type Activitie</b>					
	Deferred Outflow of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	C	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual											
results	\$	53,422	\$		\$	18,411	\$				
Changes of assumptions		421,413				145,183					
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Plan investments		35,663				12,290					
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and											
proportionate share of contributions City contributions subsequent to the		233,393		419,394		80,434					
measurement date		320,920	_		_	108,129					
Total	\$	1,064,811	\$	419,394	\$	364,447	\$				

The \$320,920 and \$108,129 of deferred outflows of resources in the governmental activities funds and business-type activities funds, respectively, resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		vernmental Activities		Business- Type Activities	 Total
Year ending June 30,					
2017	\$	145,457	\$	87,380	\$ 232,837
2018		145,457		87,380	232,837
2019		34,240		49,051	83,291
2020		(657)		32,507	 31,850
Total	<u>\$</u>	324,497	<u>\$</u>	256,318	\$ 580,815

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25%
Salary increases	4.0%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of Plan investment expense, including inflation

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 combined mortality table projected with scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 combined mortality table projected with scale BB to 2013 (set back one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 combined disabled mortality table projected with scale BB to 2013 (set back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013, is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumptions including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2017. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Nominal Real Rate of Return
Combined Equity	44 %	5.40 %
Combined Fixed Income	19 %	1.50 %
Real Return (Diversified Inflation Strategies)	10 %	3.50 %
Real Estate	5 %	4.50 %
Absolute Return (Diversified Hedge Funds)	10 %	4.25 %
Private Equity	10 %	8.50 %
Cash Equivalent	2 %	(0.25)%
Total	100 %	

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 28-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate	City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
1% decrease	6.50 %	\$ 7,493,416
Current discount rate	7.50 %	5,865,116
1% increase	8.50 %	4,484,064

#### V. INSURANCE

The City participates in a public entity risk pool through the Kentucky Municipal Risk Management Association ("Association"). Insurance coverage under this plan transfers the risk of loss to the Association. However, should the Association's reserves become inadequate, they could charge a special assessment to the City and other participating entities in the Association. The Association maintains re-insurance for claims in excess of \$250,000. Coverage amounts are as follows:

Type of Coverage	 Insured Amount	Deductible
General liability	\$ 5,000,000	\$
Public officials liability	5,000,000	10,000
Law enforcement liability	5,000,000	
Auto liability	2,000,000	
Workers compensation	4,000,000	
Property	38,332,844	1,000
Equipment	1,280,895	500

# VI. SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

During the ordinary course of its operations, the City is a party to various claims, legal actions, and complaints. In the opinion of the City's management and legal counsel, these matters are not anticipated to have a material impact on the City. No liability has been recorded at June 30, 2016 related to these potential liabilities.

The City has committed to purchase a fire truck at a cost of \$398,996. A loan commitment has been received to borrow the purchase price and repay this loan over seven years.

The City has entered into contracts for the design and construction of various projects for the Municipal Waterworks & Sewer System. The total amount of contracts in place at June 30, 2016 is \$17,873,720. The balance remaining on the contracts at June 30, 2016 is \$12,704,074

The Municipal Waterworks & Sewer System has obtained additional financing from the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority totaling \$1,566,370 under a loan agreement using revolving loan funds. Funding from this loan is for the Sewer Rehabilitation 2015 Project and had not been requested at June 30, 2016

The Municipal Waterworks & Sewer System has committed to issuing bonds and obtaining notes for construction projects totaling \$18,840,000. This additional financing will be used to construct the waste water treatment plant.

The City has entered into a loan guaranty agreement whereby the City has pledged that in the event that the Wilderness Trace Family Young Men's Christian Association Inc. defaults on a certain \$325,000 loan, the City guarantee's payment of \$275,000 toward the unpaid principal and interest. This guarantee is in effect until March 17, 2020.

#### VII. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

**General Government Revenue.** The City collected \$1,838,000, representing 74%, of its payroll license fees and 32% of the total revenues of the General Fund from ten employers within the City limits.

**Municipal Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue.** The billings to fifteen customers totaled \$2,685,000 which represented 55% of the System's operating revenues.

### VIII. CORRECTION OF ERROR

The beginning net position of the Municipal Waterworks and Sewer System was reduced by \$194,092. This reduction was due to reclassifying grant income to notes payable.

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Required Supplementary Information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB, but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information on Budgetary Accounting and Control
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules

# **CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY** NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL For the Year Ending June 30, 2016

# **BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL**

## **Budget Law**

The City annually prepares a budget under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) 91A.030. In accordance with this Statue, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- A. The budget proposal is the responsibility of the Mayor of the City and shall be submitted to the legislative body not later than thirty days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year it covers.
- B. The legislative body shall adopt a budget ordinance making appropriations for the fiscal year in such sums as the legislative body finds sufficient and proper, whether greater or less than the sums recommended in the budget proposal. The budget ordinance may be in any form that the legislative body finds most efficient in enabling it to make the necessary fiscal policy decisions.
- C. No budget ordinance shall be adopted which provides for appropriations to exceed revenues in any one fiscal year in violation of Section 157 of the Kentucky Constitution.
- D. The City legislative body may amend the budget ordinance after the ordinances' adoption if the amended ordinance continues to satisfy the requirements of Section 91A.030 of the KRS.
- E. Immediately following the adoption of an annual budget, the clerk shall cause a summary of the budget or the text of the budget ordinance to be advertised by publication in a newspaper.

#### **Budgetary Accounting**

The annual operating budget of governmental funds are prepared and presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The City does not use an encumbrance accounting system; thus, the budgetary and GAAP presentation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary and Actual are the same.

# CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Last Three Fiscal Years\*

	2016				2015			2014					
	Non-Hazardous		_1	Hazardous	N	ion-Hazardous	1	Hazardous		Non-Hazardous		lazardous	
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.096361%		0.112177%		0.084193%		0.152137%		0.084193%		0.152137%	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	4,143,084	\$	1,722,032	\$	3,244,376	\$	1,201,824	\$	3,083,695	\$	2,033,902	
City's covered employee payroll		2,411,969		505,362		2,232,126		581,643		1,912,164		753,520	
City's share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		171.77%		340.75%		145.35%		206.63%		161.27%		269.92%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		59.97%		57.52%		66.80%		63.46%		61.22%		57.74%	

Notes. There were no changes in benefit terms or the size or composition of the population covered by the benefit terms.

The following changes of assumptions were adopted by the Kentucky Retirement System Board of Trustees for the period ending June 30, 2015.

- 1. The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- 2. The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- 3. The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to .75%.
- 4. Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.
- 5. The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females.
- 6. For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.
- 7. The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal, and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

\*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined (measured) as of the previous fiscal year.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last Four Fiscal Years\*

		20	2016 2015 201			201	4		2013							
	Non-Hazardous Hazardous Non-Hazardous		n-Hazardous	H	azardous	s Non-Hazardous			azardous	Non-Hazardous		H	azardous			
Contractually required employer contribution Contributions relative to contractually	\$	444,236	\$	171,803	\$	414,209	\$	200,220	\$	364,902	\$	275,121	\$	359,339	\$	294,336
required employer contribution	_	444,236	-	171,803	_	414,209		200,220	-	364,902		275,121		359,339		294,336
Contribution deficiency (excess)		0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
City's covered employee payroll	\$	2,411,969	\$	505,362	\$	2,232,126	\$	581,643	\$	1,912,164	\$	753,520	\$	1,838,053	\$	782,810
Employer contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		18.42%		34.00%		18.56%		34.42%		19.08%		36.51%		19.55%		37.60%

Notes. There were no changes in benefit terms or the size or composition of the population covered by the benefit terms.

The following changes of assumptions were adopted by the Kentucky Retirement System Board of Trustees for the period ending June 30, 2015.

1 The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.

2. The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%.

The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to .75%.

4. Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.

 The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females.

For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

7. The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal, and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

Contractually required employer contributions exclude the portion of contributions paid to CERS but allocated to the insurance fund of the CERS. The above contributions only include those contributions allocated directly to the CERS pension fund.

# STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues:	_	Original Budget	0	Amended Budget		Actual	F	Variance Savorable nfavorable)
	\$	1,748,284	\$	1,748,284	\$	1,832,764	\$	84,480
Taxes Licenses, permits, and fees	φ	3,556,933	Ф	3,556,933	Φ	3,308,038	φ	(248,895)
		418,515		418,515		3,308,038		(62,522)
Intergovernmental revenue Service charges		120,883		120,883		128,720		7,837
Other						-		
Other		413,263	-	413,263	_	73,208		(340,055)
Total revenues		6,257,878		6,257,878	_	5,698,723	-	(559,155)
Expenditures:								
General government		499,363		499,363		474,389		24,974
Police department		1,705,721		1,705,721		1,628,384		77,337
Fire department		1,422,037		1,422,037		1,151,772		270,265
Street department		835,049		835,049		671,084		163,965
Cemeteries		477,524		477,524		382,202		95,322
Culture and recreation		291,318		291,318		204,271		87,047
Communications		450,866		450,866		408,420		42,446
Non-departmentalized		576,000		576,000		547,359	_	28,641
Total expenditures		6,257,878	_	6,257,878		5,467,881		789,997
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources	_				_	230,842		230,842
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (to) from other funds						(486,521)		(486,521)
Lease proceeds					_	105,049		105,049
Total other financing sources (uses)					-	(381,472)		(381,472)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other financing sources (uses)						(150,630)		(150,630)
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,516,624		3,516,624	_	3,516,624		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	3,516,624	\$	3,516,624	\$	3,365,994	\$	(150,630)

### STATEMENT OF REVENUE - BUDGETED AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

\_\_\_\_\_

Taxes:	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Real property	\$ 303,277	\$ 303,277	\$ 307,842	\$ 4,565
Motor vehicle	91,800	\$ 505,277 91,800	97,317	5,517
Tangible personal property	44,924	44,924	35,759	(9,165)
Public service company	10,000	10,000	10,252	252
Delinquent	1,200	1,200	564	(636)
Insurance premium	1,223,000	1,223,000	1,317,147	94,147
Bank deposits	55,612	55,612	43,495	(12,117)
Payments in lieu of taxes	18,471	18,471	20,388	1,917
	1,748,284	1,748,284	1,832,764	84,480
Licenses, permits, and fees:				
Payroll license fees	2,301,995	2,301,995	2,496,771	194,776
Net profits license fees	270,000	270,000	287,853	17,853
Business license fees	18,992	18,992	18,900	(92)
Street license fees	1,300	1,300	1,575	275
Franchise fee - cable television	56,000	56,000	56,757	757
Franchise fee - electric	783,996	783,996	344,305	(439,691)
Franchise fee - natural gas	88,000	88,000	70,046	(17,954)
Alcohol fees	36,650	36,650	31,831	(4,819)
	3,556,933	3,556,933	3,308,038	(248,895)
Intergovernmental revenue:				
Police pay incentive	63,245	63,245	63,616	371
Firefighters pay incentive	49,600	49,600	59,478	9,878
Police court fines	15,208	15,208	15,423	215
911 reimbursements	202,100	202,100	117,267	(84,833)
Mercer County Fiscal Court	25,000	25,000	18,750	(6,250)
Mercer County Fire District	4,000	4,000	4,000	
Burgin contribution, communications	2,803	2,803	2,803	
Other grants and subsidies	56,559	56,559	74,656	18,097
	418,515	418,515	355,993	(62,522)

Continued

### STATEMENT OF REVENUE - BUDGETED AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

\_\_\_\_\_

		riginal udget	ł	Amended Budget	 Actual	F	/ariance avorable ifavorable)_
Service charges:							
Rental income		17,500		17,500	17,303		(197)
Police arrest fees		5,000		5,000	4,605		(395)
Interment, Spring Hill		68,200		68,200	66,350		(1,850)
Lots sold, Spring Hill		21,333		21,333	33,750		12,417
Interment, Maple Grove		3,850		3,850	2,400		(1,450)
Lots sold, Maple Grove		1,000		1,000	750		(250)
Monument bases		4,000		4,000	 3,562		(438)
		120,883		120,883	 128,720		7,837
Other:							
Parking fines		1,000		1,000	100		(900)
Penalties and interest		19,163		19,163	11,848		(7,315)
Interest earned		3,000		3,000	2,573		(427)
Drug investigation receipts		6,100		6,100	16,207		10,107
Sale of surplus property		3,500		3,500	7,044		3,544
Insurance claim proceeds				10000 <b>1</b>	3,625		3,625
Miscellaneous		380,500		380,500	 31,811		(348,689)
	-	413,263		413,263	 73,208	_	(340,055)
Total revenues	\$ 0	5,257,878	\$	6,257,878	\$ 5,698,723	\$	(559,155)

# **CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY** STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGETED AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Driginal Budget	A	mended Budget		Actual	Fa	ariance worable favorable)
General government:								
Salaries and wages	\$	294,119	\$	294,119	\$	284,102	\$	10,017
Fringe benefits		87,891		87,891		78,025		9,866
Contractual services		67,400		67,400		62,240		5,160
Materials and supplies		21,500		21,500		18,846		2,654
Other costs		17,200		17,200		19,930		(2,730)
Capital outlay		11,253		11,253	-	11,246		7
	_	499,363		499,363		474,389		24,974
Police department:								
Salaries and wages		872,653		872,653		835,476		37,177
Fringe benefits		438,421		438,421		353,189		85,232
Contractual services		118,463		118,463		102,094		16,369
Materials and supplies		158,784		158,784		123,404		35,380
Other costs		41,000		41,000		33,247		7,753
Capital outlay		14,400		14,400		143,055		(128,655)
Debt service		62,000		62,000		37,919		24,081
	-	1,705,721		1,705,721		1,628,384		77,337
Fire department:								
Salaries and wages		770,257		770,257		649,685		120,572
Fringe benefits		386,930		386,930		298,776		88,154
Contractual services		89,200		89,200		65,267		23,933
Materials and supplies		75,500		75,500		58,714		16,786
Other costs		26,750		26,750		26,580		170
Capital outlay		30,000		30,000		9,310		20,690
Debt service		43,400	-	43,400		43,440		(40)
	-	1,422,037		1,422,037		1,151,772	-	270,265
Street department:								
Salaries and wages		290,636		290,636		239,668		50,968
Fringe benefits		136,763		136,763		108,472		28,291
Contractual services		275,300		275,300		240,403		34,897
Materials and supplies		70,400		70,400		38,457		31,943
Other costs		18,750		18,750		10,004		8,746
Capital outlay		43,200		43,200		15,678		27,522
Debt service					-	18,402		(18,402)
		835,049		835,049		671,084		163,965

Continued

# CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGETED AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 \_\_\_\_\_

-

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Cemeteries:				
Salaries and wages	202,609	202,609	162,400	40,209
Fringe benefits	108,865	108,865	67,828	41,037
Contractual services	84,350	84,350	74,251	10,099
Materials and supplies	48,800	48,800	35,026	13,774
Other costs	7,200	7,200	5,969	1,231
Capital outlay	14,000	14,000	25,049	(11,049)
Debt service	11,700	11,700	11,679	21
	477,524	477,524	382,202	95,322
Culture and recreation:				
Salaries and wages	92,471	92,471	64,917	27,554
Fringe benefits	47,022	47,022	28,975	18,047
Contractual services	96,300	96,300	76,438	19,862
Materials and supplies	40,650	40,650	12,357	28,293
Other costs	3,200	3,200	6,902	(3,702)
Capital outlay	3,675	3,675	6,700	(3,025)
Debt service	8,000	8,000	7,982	18
	291,318	291,318	204,271	87,047
Communications:				
Salaries and wages	250,633	250,633	229,535	21,098
Fringe benefits	121,933	121,933	101,846	20,087
Contractual services	10,950	10,950	13,677	(2,727)
Materials and supplies	21,100	21,100	16,167	4,933
Other costs	4,250	4,250	4,154	96
Capital outlay	42,000	42,000	43,041	(1,041)
	450,866	450,866	408,420	42,446
Non-departmentalized:				
Insurance	270,000	270,000	272,085	(2,085)
Grants and subsidities	306,000	306,000	275,274	30,726
	576,000	576,000	547,359	28,641
Total expenditures	¢ 6057.070	¢ 6057070	¢ 5 467 001	¢ 780.007
	\$ 6,257,878	\$ 6,257,878	\$ 5,467,881	\$ 789,997

# **OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Other Supplementary Information includes financial statements and schedules that are not required by the GASB, and are not considered a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

• Combining Statements - Non-Major Funds

• Combining Statements - Proprietary Fund

# **NON-MAJOR FUNDS**

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR FUNDS

June 30, 2016

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	Municipal Aid Fund		Tourism Development Fund		Alcohol Beverage Control Fund		 Total
ASSETS							
Cash Accounts receivable, taxes Due from other funds	\$	219,138	\$	66,196 82,935	\$	1,900	\$ 285,334 82,935 1,900
Total assets		219,138	\$	149,131	\$	1,900	\$ 370,169
FUND BALANCE							
Fund balance: Restircted for: Roads Tourism Police		219,138		149,131		1,900	 219,138 149,131 1,900
Total fund balance	\$	219,138	\$	149,131	\$	1,900	\$ 370,169

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Aunicipal Aid Fund	-	`ourism velopment Fund	B	Alcohol everage Control Fund		Total
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	166,026	\$		\$		\$	166,026
Restaurant tax collections				321,666				321,666
Alcohol license fee		120		54		1,900		1,900
Interest income		139	-	54			-	193
Total revenues	-	166,165		321,720		1,900		489,785
Expenditures:								
Grants and subsidities				297,631				297,631
Street department:								
Paving		384,831						384,831
Materials and supplies	•	48,734						48,734
Debt service		161,508	-					161,508
Total expenditures		595,073		297,631			-	892,704
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(428,908)		24,089		1,900		(402,919)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers (to) from other funds		512,484						512,484
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures and other financing sources (uses)		83,576		24,089		1,900		109,565
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	135,562	<del></del>	125,042				260,604
Fund balance, end of year	\$	219,138	\$	149,131	\$	1,900	\$	370,169

# PROPRIETARY FUND

\*

#### CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET MUNICIPAL WATERWORKS AND SEWER SYSTEM June 30, 2016

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#### ASSETS

#### LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

Current assets: Cash Certificates of deposit Accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$ 410,000) Accounts receivable, grantors Accounts receivable, intergovernmental Due from other funds Prepaid expenses	\$ 2,481,801 379,018 522,750 71,662 27,566 21,584 274,674	Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accounts payable, construction Payroll liabilities Unearned revenue Customer deposits Leases payable	\$ 78,634 863,071 84,229 27,001 269,310 127,382
	3,779,055		1,449,627
Restricted assets: Cash Certificates of deposit	1,580,570 466,649	Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable Current portion of loan payable Current portion of bonds payable	53,886 336,355 362,000
	2,047,219	Non-current liabilities:	752,241
Capital assets:		Bonds payable	12,714,000
Water utility system	12,152,362	Loan payable	10,871,488
Sewer utility system	10,371,298	Leases payable	810,802
Water and sewer treatment plant	40,195,916	Net pension obligation	1,273,616
Equipment and vehicles	3,228,254		
Buildings and land	835,149		25,669,906
Construction in progress	7,032,981		
		Total liabilities	\$ 27,871,774
	73,815,960		
Less accumulated depreciation	30,810,191		
Capital assets, net	43,005,769	Deferred inflow of resouces	\$ 0
Other long term assets:		Net position:	
Bond issuance costs	80,612	Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	17,783,742
		Restricted	2,047,219
Total assets	\$ 48,912,655	Unrestricted	1,574,367
Deferred outflow of resources	\$ 364,447	Total net position	\$ 21,405,328

#### CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES MUNICIPAL WATERWORKS AND SEWER SYSTEM For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Water Department		D	Sewer Department		Total
Operating revenues:						
Water sales	\$	2,204,877	\$		\$	2,204,877
Water taps		13,971				13,971
Sewer charges				2,367,099		2,367,099
Sewer taps				14,219		14,219
Sewer surcharge				4,801		4,801
Pre-treatment charges				126,245		126,245
Penalties		41,208		41,209		82,417
Other revenue		13,013		13,012		26,025
Total operating revenues	-	2,273,069	-	2,566,585		4,839,654
Operating expenses:						
Water operations		1,764,509				1,764,509
Sewer operations		.,,.		1,067,511		1,067,511
PRA 47 NAVEMBER NA . PRO 1995 - 14 DOLS		1 764 500				
Total operating expenses		1,764,509		1,067,511	-	2,832,020
Operating income before depreciation,						
amortization, and bad debts		508,560		1,499,074		2,007,634
Depreciation expense		996,751		996,751		1,993,502
Amortization expense		830		830		1,660
Bad debts		17,500		17,500		35,000
Total depreciation, amortization, and bad debts		1,015,081		1,015,081	_	2,030,162
Operating income (loss)		(506,521)		483,993	-	(22,528)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):						
Interest income		3,091		3,092		6,183
Garbage service		597,867		-,		597,867
Economic development grant		250,000				250,000
Sales tax		107,887				107,887
Utility tax		45,806				45,806
KY River withdrawal fee		110,547				110,547
Other income		24,842		24,843		49,685
Economic development grant		(250,000)		2 ,,0 .0		(250,000)
Interest expense		(273,147)		(273,146)		(546,293)
Garbage service		(554,400)		(275,110)		(554,400)
Sales tax paid		(110,452)				(110,452)
Utility tax paid		(51,931)				(51,931)
KY River withdrawal fee		(159,326)				(159,326)
Non-operating revenues (expenses), net	-	(259,216)		(245,211)		(504,427)
Income (loss) before other revenues, expenses,						
gains, losses and transfers		(765,737)		238,782		(526,955)
Capital grant proceeds	_			71,662		71,662
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$	(765,737)	\$	310,444		(455,293)
Net position, beginning of year						22,054,713
Prior period adjustment						(194,092)
Net position, end of year 48					\$	21,405,328

## CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF UTILITY OPERATING EXPENSES MUNICIPAL WATERWORKS AND SEWER SYSTEM For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Water Department	Sewer Department	Total
Water administration:			
Salaries and wages	\$ 62,962	\$	\$ 62,962
Fringe benefits	37,986		37,986
Contractual services	59,263		59,263
Materials and supplies	15,104		15,104
Other costs	21,909		21,909
Total water administration	197,224		197,224
Water operations:			
Salaries and wages	296,544		296,544
Fringe benefits	170,068		170,068
Contractual services	429,625		429,625
Materials and supplies	174,332		174,332
Other costs	14,770		14,770
Total water operations	1,085,339		1,085,339
Sewer operations:			
Salaries and wages		200,894	200,894
Fringe benefits		95,991	95,991
Contractual services		301,218	301,218
Materials and supplies		62,388	62,388
Other costs		12,701	12,701
Total sewer operations		673,192	673,192
Water and sewer maintenance:			
Salaries and wages	129,545	105,991	235,536
Fringe benefits	86,129	70,469	156,598
Contractual services	32,956	26,964	59,920
Materials and supplies	91,038	74,486	165,524
Other costs	4,341	3,551	7,892
Total water and sewer maintenance	344,009	281,461	625,470
Other:			
Insurance	137,937	112,858	250,795
Total operating expenses	\$ 1,764,509	\$ 1,067,511	\$ 2,832,020

# **FEDERAL GRANT DISCLOSURES**

# **CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY** NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

# **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Harrodsburg, Kentucky and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of City of Harrodsburg, Kentucky, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City of Harrodsburg, Kentucky.

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for* State, *Local and Indian Tribal Governments*, for awards issued prior to December 26, 2014, and contained in the Uniform Guidance for awards issued after December 26, 2014, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The City of Harrodsburg, Kentucky has elected not to use the 10 percent deminimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Grant/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Contract Number	Balance July 1, 2015	Receipts	Expenditures	Balance June 30, 2016	
A. U.S. Department of Transportation: Passed through Commonwealth of Kentucky,							
Kentucky Transportation Cabinet:	20 (1)	PT-15-24	¢ 506	¢ (2.000)	¢ 2.202	¢	
Highway Safety Program	20.616	M2HVE-16-07	\$ 586	\$ (3,888) (728)	\$ 3,302 4,787		
Highway Safety Program	20.010	W12FIVE-10-0/				4,059	
			586	(4,616)	8,089	4,059	
C. U.S. Department of Agriculture Rural Development:							
Direct:							
RUS Loan/Grant	10.760	20-084-1837	-	-	1,610,376	1,610,376	
RUS Loan/Grant	10.760	N/A	(27,001)		-	(27,001	)
			(27,001)		1,610,376	1,583,375	
D. U.S. Department of Environmental Protection:					*		
Congressionally Mandated Projects	66.202	XP-95478112	103,388	(103,388)			
E. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency:							
Passed through Commonwealth of Kentucky,							
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority							
Revolving Loan Fund	66.458	A15-074	_	(3,379,187)	4,015,748	636,561	*
Revolving Loan Fund	66.458	A15-075		(5,575,107)	73,500	73,500	**
Revolving Loan Fund	66.458	A15-046	_	(1,181,484)	1,295,231	113,747	*
Revolving Loan Fund	66.458	A15-031	-	(171,936)	194,013	22,077	*
Revolving Loan Fund	66.458	A16-033	-	(1/1,000)	89,460	89,460	
Revolving Loan Fund	66.458	F16-049	-	-	93,380	93,380	
Revolving Loan Fund	66.458	F13-002	219,133	(250,409)	31,276		*
			219,133	(4,983,016)	5,792,608	1,028,725	
			\$ 296,106				
			φ 290,100	\$ (5,091,020)	\$ 7,411,073	\$ 2,616,159	-

\* These are deemed to be reimbursed from loan proceeds, thus no receivable or liability has been included in the financial statements for these funds.

\*\* \$71,662 of this amount is to be reimbursed from grant proceeds and is recorded as a receivable in the financial statements.

### CRAIG A. BUTLER, CPA 132 N 2<sup>nd</sup> STREET DANVILLE, KY 40422 Phone: (859) 936-0201

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

The Mayor and Board of Commissioners City of Harrodsburg, Kentucky

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrodsburg, Kentucky (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated January 5, 2017.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Craig A. Butler. CPA

Craig A. Butler Certified Public Accountant

Danville, Kentucky January 5, 2017

# CRAIG A. BUTLER, CPA

132 N 2<sup>nd</sup> STREET DANVILLE, KY 40422 Phone: (859) 936-0201

#### Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Mayor and Board of Commissioners City of Harrodsburg, Kentucky

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited the City of Harrodsburg, Kentucky's (the City's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In my opinion, the City, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

### Craig A. Butler, CPA

Craig A. Butler Certified Public Accountant

Danville, Kentucky January 5, 2017

# CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section	Section I-Summary of Auditor's Results					
Financial Statements						
Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified						
Internal control over financial reporting:						
• Material weakness(es) identified?	No					
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified are not considered to be material weaknesses?	I that None reported					
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No					
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major programs:						
• Material weakness(es) identified?	No					
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	l that None reported					
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified					
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Subpart F of the Uniform Guidance	? No					
Identification of major programs:						
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
10.760	USDA, Rural Development Water & Waste Disposal Systems For Rural Communities Grant and Loan Program					
66.458	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Capitalization Grants For Clean Water State Revolving Funds					

#### CITY OF HARRODSBURG, KENTUCKY Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs-Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Dollar threshold used to distinguish Between type A and type B programs:

\$\_\_\_\_\_750.000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

No matters were reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

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No matters were reported.

Section IV - Prior Year Audit Findings

No matters were reported in the prior year.