CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 and REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Hardinsburg, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hardinsburg, Kentucky (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

<u>Opinions</u>

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hardinsburg, Kentucky as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 27 and 28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not presented the Management Discussion and Analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, required by *U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 22, 2014 on our consideration of City of Hardinsburg, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Hardinsburg, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Drane & Company, PUC

Drane & Company, PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Hardinsburg, KY

May 22, 2014

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities			siness-Type Activities		Total
Assets						
Current Assets	•	4 4 4 9 9 9 7	•	4 000 004	•	0.005.000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,112,037	\$	1,223,331	\$	2,335,368
Receivables, net:				000 0 40		000 0 40
Accounts - trade		-		303,342		303,342
Franchise fees		3,285		-		3,285
Miscellaneous		1,383		102,515		103,898
Taxes		58,949		-		58,949
Intergovernmental		8,371		15,016		23,387
Prepaid expenses		34,651		76,405		111,056
Total Current Assets		1,218,676		1,720,609		2,939,285
Noncurrent Assets						
Restricted cash		-		1,542,736		1,542,736
Investments		-		234,617		234,617
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in process		275,145		2,504,390		2,779,535
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		1,379,782		33,789,664		35,169,446
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,654,927		38,071,407		39,726,334
Total Assets	\$	2,873,603	\$	39,792,016	\$	42,665,619
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	7,519	\$	8,193	\$	15,712
Due on construction contracts		-		952,584		952,584
Due to employee		7		-		7
Accrued expenses		11,852		11,143		22,995
Interest payable		-		78,047		78,047
Accrued vacation and payroll		14,952		13,220		28,172
Unearned revenue		-		37,312		37,312
Bonds and loans payable		-		785,653		785,653
Total Current Liabilities		34,330		1,886,152		1,920,482
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Customer deposits payable		-		243,735		243,735
Due on water line construction		-		25,369		25,369
Loans payable		-		10,084,431		10,084,431
Revenue bonds payable	_	-		12,712,978		12,712,978
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		-		23,066,513		23,066,513
Total Liabilities		34,330		24,952,665		24,986,995
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred amount on refinancing		-		15,675		15,675
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		1,379,782		12,695,317		14,075,099
Restricted for capital and debt service		-		1,533,618		1,533,618
Unrestricted		1,459,491		594,741		2,054,232
Total Net Position	\$	2,839,273	\$	14,823,676	\$	17,662,949

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Program Revenues				•	nse)/Revenue s in Net Posit		ł		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Gra	perating ants and tributions		Capital rants and ntributions		vernmental Activities	siness-Type Activities		Total
Governmental Activities											
General government	\$ 215,243	\$-	\$	3,472	\$	-	\$	(211,771)	\$ -	\$	(211,771)
Streets and maintenance	103,932	-		-		58,673		(45,259)	-		(45,259)
Police department	383,264	2,666		28,040		-		(352,558)	-		(352,558)
Fire department	149,960	58,166		68,306		63,900		40,412	 -		40,412
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 852,399	\$ 60,832	\$	99,818	\$	122,573	\$	(569,176)	\$ -	\$	(569,176)
Business-Type Activities											
Water	\$ 2,997,896	\$ 2,856,183	\$	-	\$	1,068,968	\$	-	\$ 927,255	\$	927,255
Sewer	386,844	358,921		-		364		-	(27,559)		(27,559)
Sanitation	334,820	347,777		-		-		-	12,957		12,957
Total Business-Type Activities	3,719,560	3,562,881		-		1,069,332		-	 912,653		912,653
Total Primary Government	\$ 4,571,959	\$ 3,623,713	\$	99,818	\$	1,191,905	\$	(569,176)	\$ 912,653	\$	343,477
		General Reven	ues								
	-	Property taxes					\$	411,647	\$ -	\$	411,647
		Insurance prei		taxes			•	214,418	-		214,418
		Franchise fees						36,956	-		36,956
		Licenses						45,199	-		45,199
		Interest incom	е					3,204	25,830		29,034
	Miscellaneous				22,725	54,455		77,180			
		Disposal of fixed assets				3,777	14,116		17,893		
		Total				737,926	 94,401		832,327		
	(Changes in Ne	t Posi	ition				168,750	 1,007,054		1,175,804
	I	Net Position -	Begin	ning of Ye	ar (R	Restated)		2,670,523	 13,816,622	1	6,487,145
	I	Net Position -	End o	f Year			\$	2,839,273	\$ 14,823,676	\$ 1	7,662,949

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2013

		General Fund
Assets	¢	4 440 007
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,112,037
Receivables, net: Franchise fees		2 295
		3,285
Miscellaneous		1,383
Taxes		58,949
Intergovernmental		8,371
Prepaid expenses		34,651
Total Assets	\$	1,218,676
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to employee Accrued expenses Accrued payroll Total Liabilities	\$	7,519 7 11,852 6,255 25,633
<u>Fund Balance</u> Nonspendable Restricted		34,651 44,200
Assigned		111,813
Unassigned		1,002,379
Total Fund Balance		1,193,043
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,218,676

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$ 1,193,043
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund.	1,654,927
Certain liabilities, such as accrued vacation, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund.	 (8,697)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,839,273

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	 General Fund
Revenues	
Property taxes	\$ 411,647
Insurance premium taxes	214,418
Business licenses	15,524
Auto licenses and stickers	28,045
Building permits	1,630
Rental income	14,330
Interest income	3,204
Miscellaneous	39,834
Donations	3,800
Franchise fees	36,956
Fire department subscription fees	29,394
Intergovernmental revenues	 175,090
Total Revenues	 973,872
Expenditures	
Current:	
General government:	
Salaries and benefits	54,402
Administrative travel	3,644
Utilities	13,441
Insurance	3,039
Industrial development	2,500
Office expense	2,845
Advertising and printing	1,938
Professional fees	13,024
Repairs and maintenance	10,439
Supplies	5,447
Miscellaneous	1,387
Streets and maintenance	96,771
Police department	367,741
Fire department	55,892
Capital outlay	 187,420
Total Expenditures	 819,930
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	 153,942
Other Financing Sources	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	 3,777
Net Changes in Fund Balance	157,719
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 1,035,324
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,193,043

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND WITH THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund	\$ 157,719
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
The governmental fund reports capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.	(32,059)
The difference in grant and other revenue is attributable to the long-term economic resources focus of governmental activities versus the current financial resources focus of governmental funds.	43,500
In the Statement of Activities, vacation leave is measured by the amount earned during the year. In the governmental fund, however, expenditures for this item are measured by the amount actually paid.	 (410)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 168,750

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

Operations & Wastewater Treatment Sanitation Sanitation Assets Fund Fund Fund Totals Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net: \$ 615,920 \$ 297,958 \$ 309,453 \$ 1,223,331 Accounts - trade 241,363 32,745 29,234 303,342 Miscellaneous 102,181 167 102,515 11617 102,515 Intergovernmental 15,016 - - 15,016 - - Total Current Assets 53,269 14,202 8,914 76,405 7,620 345,776 1,720,609 Noncurrent Assets 1,027,769 345,072 347,768 1,720,609 2,348,177 Land and construction in process 2,366,229 138,161 - 2,504,390 - 1,542,736 Investments 2,366,229 138,161 - 2,504,390 - 1,542,736 Capital assets: 2,366,229 138,161 - 2,504,390 - 1,542,736 Investments 2,366,229 138,071,407		Enterprise Funds							
Current Assets \$ 615,920 \$ 297,958 \$ 309,453 \$ 1,223,331 Receivables, net: Accounts - trade 241,363 32,745 29,234 303,342 Miscelianeous 102,181 167 167 102,215 Intergovernmental 15,016 - - 15,016 Prepaid expenses 53,289 14,202 8,914 76,405 Total Current Assets 1,027,769 345,072 347,768 1,720,609 Noncurrent Assets 1,488,946 53,790 - 1,542,736 Investments 200,837 26,160 7,620 234,617 Capital assets: 23,66,229 138,161 - 2,504,390 Current Labsitities 33,789,644 33,789,664 33,789,664 Total Assets \$ 35,901,480 \$ 3,281,201 \$ 609,335 \$ 39,792,016 Liabilities Current Liabilities 3,789,201 \$ 603,335 \$ 39,792,016 Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175			laintenance		Freatment	S			Totals
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net: \$ 615,920 \$ 297,958 \$ 309,453 \$ 1,223,331 Receivables, net: Accounts - trade 241,363 32,745 29,234 303,342 Miscellaneous 102,181 167 167 102,515 Intergovernmental 15,016 - - 15,016 Prepaid expenses 53,289 14,202 8,914 76,405 Noncurrent Assets 1,027,769 345,072 347,768 1,720,609 Noncurrent Assets 200,837 26,160 7,620 234,617 Capital assets: 200,837 26,160 7,620 234,617 Capital assets: 30,817,699 2,718,018 23,347 33,789,664 Capital assets: 30,817,699 2,718,018 23,347 33,789,664 Current Labilities 5,5629 2,04 \$ 2,360 \$ 8,193 Due on construction contracts 952,584 - - - 952,584 Accounts payabl									
Receivables, net: 241,363 32,745 29,234 303,342 Miscellaneous 102,181 167 167 102,515 Intergovernmental 15,016 - - 15,016 Prepaid expenses 53,289 14,202 8,914 76,405 Total Current Assets 1,027,769 345,072 347,768 1,720,609 Noncurrent Assets 1,488,946 53,790 - 1,542,736 Investments 200,837 26,160 7,620 234,617 Capital assets: 2,366,229 138,161 - 2,504,390 Other capital assets 3,817,699 2,718,018 253,947 33,789,664 Current Liabilities 34,873,711 2,936,129 261,567 38,071,407 Total Assets \$ 35,901,480 \$ 3,281,201 \$ 609,335 \$ 39,792,016 Liabilities - - - 952,584 - - 952,584 Current Liabilities - 3,7312 - - 37,312									
Accounts - trade 241,363 32,745 29,234 303,342 Miscellaneous 102,181 167 167 102,515 Intergovernmental 15,016 - - 15,016 Prepaid expenses 53,289 14,202 8,914 76,405 Total Current Assets 1,027,769 345,072 347,768 1,720,609 Noncurrent Assets 200,837 26,160 7,620 234,617 Capital assets, net of depreciation 30,817,699 2,718,018 253,947 33,789,664 Total Noncurrent Assets \$ 35,901,480 \$ 3,281,201 \$ 609,335 \$ 39,792,016 Liabilities 2041 Assets \$ 35,901,480 \$ 2,360 \$ 8,193 Due on construction contracts 952,584 - - 952,584 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Account spayable 695,846 63,879 2,5,928 786,6513 Total Assets	-	\$	615,920	\$	297,958	\$	309,453	\$	1,223,331
Miscellaneous 102,181 167 167 102,151 Intergovernmental 15,016 - - 15,016 Prepaid expenses 53,289 14,202 8,914 76,405 Total Current Assets 1,027,769 345,072 347,768 1,720,609 Noncurrent Assets 200,837 26,160 7,620 234,617 Capital assets: 200,837 26,160 7,620 234,617 Capital assets: 30,817,699 2,718,018 253,947 33,789,664 Total Noncurrent Assets 34,873,711 2,936,129 261,567 38,071,407 Total Assets \$ 35,901,480 \$ 3,281,201 \$ 609,335 \$ 39,792,016 Liabilities Current Liabilities - - 952,584 - - 952,584 Accourd expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accured expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 11,423 11,423									
Intergovernmental 15,016 - - 15,016 Prepaid expenses 53,289 14,202 8,914 76,405 Total Current Assets 1,027,769 345,072 347,768 1,720,609 Noncurrent Assets 1,488,946 53,790 - 1,542,736 Investments 200,837 26,160 7,620 234,617 Capital assets: 2,366,229 138,161 - 2,504,390 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 30,817,699 2,718,018 253,947 33,789,664 Total Assets \$ 35,901,480 \$ 3,281,201 \$ 609,335 \$ 39,792,016 Liabilities Current Liabilities \$ 5,629 \$ 2.04 \$ 2,360 \$ 8,193 Due on construction contracts 982,584 - - 982,584 - - 982,584 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 366 11,143 10429 - 76,013 30,175 1,826,152									
Prepaid 53,289 14,202 8,914 76,405 Total Current Assets 1,027,769 345,072 347,768 1,720,609 Noncurrent Assets Restricted cash 1,488,946 53,790 - 1,542,736 Investments 200,837 26,160 7,620 234,617 Capital assets: - 2,366,229 138,161 - 2,504,390 Land and construction in process 2,366,229 138,161 - 2,504,390 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 30,817,699 2,718,018 253,947 33,789,664 Total Noncurrent Assets \$ 35,901,480 \$ 3,281,201 \$ 609,335 \$ 39,792,016 Liabilities Accounts payable \$ 5,629 \$ 204 \$ 2,360 \$ 8,193 Due on construction contracts 962,584 - - 9,92,584 Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,309 1,531 13,220 Unearmed revenue 37,312 - - 37,312 Due on construction contractis 9,305,188 750,606					167		167		
Total Current Assets 1.027,769 345,072 347,768 1.720,609 Noncurrent Assets Restricted cash 1,488,946 53,790 - 1,542,736 Investments 200,837 26,160 7,620 234,617 Capital assets: Land and construction in process 2,366,229 138,161 - 2,504,390 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 30,817,699 2,718,018 253,947 33,789,664 Total Noncurrent Assets \$35,901,480 \$3,281,201 \$609,335 \$39,792,016 Liabilities \$35,901,480 \$3,281,201 \$609,335 \$39,792,016 Liabilities \$5,629 \$204 \$2,360 \$8,193 Due on construction contracts 952,584 - - 952,584 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 356,653 13,3220 Unearned revenue 37,312 - -	Intergovernmental		15,016		-		-		15,016
Noncurrent Assets 1,488,946 53,790 - 1,542,736 Restricted cash 1,488,946 53,790 - 1,542,736 Investments 200,837 26,160 7,620 234,617 Capital assets: 30,817,699 2,718,018 253,947 33,789,664 Total Noncurrent Assets 34,873,711 2,936,129 261,567 38,071,407 Total Assets \$ 35,901,480 \$ 3,281,201 \$ 609,335 \$ 39,792,016 Liabilities Current Liabilities 609,335 \$ 39,792,016 \$ 55,629 \$ 2,360 \$ 8,193 Due on construction contracts 952,584 - - 952,584 - - 952,584 - - 952,584 - - 952,584 - - 952,584 - - 952,584 - - 952,584 - - 37,312 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 366 11,143 Interest payable 695,846 63,879 25,928 785,653	Prepaid expenses								
Restricted cash 1,488,946 53,790 - 1,542,736 Investments 200,837 26,160 7,620 234,617 Capital assets: Land and construction in process 2,366,229 138,161 - 2,504,390 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 30,817,699 2,718,018 253,947 33,789,664 Total Noncurrent Assets 34,873,711 2,936,129 261,567 38,071,407 Etabilities Current Liabilities \$ 35,901,480 \$ 3,281,201 \$ 609,335 \$ 39,792,016 Liabilities Current Liabilities - - - 952,584 Accounts payable \$ 5,629 \$ 204 \$ 2,360 \$ 8,193 Due on construction contracts 962,584 - - - 952,564 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,309 1,531 13,220 Uneamed revenue 37,3	Total Current Assets		1,027,769		345,072		347,768		1,720,609
Investments 200,837 26,160 7,620 234,617 Capital assets: Land and construction in process 2,366,229 138,161 - 2,504,390 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 30,817,699 2,718,018 253,947 33,789,664 Total Noncurrent Assets \$35,901,480 \$3,281,201 \$609,335 \$39,792,016 Liabilities \$35,901,480 \$3,281,201 \$609,335 \$39,792,016 Liabilities \$35,901,480 \$32,81,201 \$609,335 \$39,792,016 Liabilities \$35,901,480 \$32,81,201 \$609,335 \$39,792,016 Liabilities \$35,901,480 \$32,81,201 \$609,335 \$39,792,016 Current Liabilities \$5,629 \$204 \$2,360 \$8,193 Due on construction contracts \$952,584 - - \$952,584 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,330	Noncurrent Assets								
Capital assets: Land and construction in process 2,366,229 138,161 - 2,504,390 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 30,817,699 2,718,018 253,947 33,789,664 Total Noncurrent Assets 34,873,711 2,936,129 261,567 38,071,407 Total Assets \$ 35,901,480 \$ 3,281,201 \$ 609,335 \$ 3,0792,016 Liabilities Current Liabilities S 5,629 204 \$ 2,360 \$ 8,193 Due on construction contracts 952,584 - - 952,564 Accourds payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,309 1,531 13,220 Unearned revenue 37,312 - - - 37,312 Bonds and loans payable 695,846 63,879 25,369 - 243,735 Due on water line construction 25,369 - - 25,369 Loars payable 243,735 - - 25,369 Loars payable 23,365,951	Restricted cash		1,488,946		53,790		-		1,542,736
Land and construction in process 2,366,229 138,161 - 2,504,390 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 30,817,699 2,718,018 253,947 33,789,664 Total Noncurrent Assets 34,873,711 2,936,129 261,567 38,071,407 Total Assets \$ 35,901,480 \$ 3,281,201 \$ 609,335 \$ 3,9792,016 Liabilities Accounts payable \$ 5,629 \$ 204 \$ 2,360 \$ 8,193 Due on construction contracts 952,584 - - 952,584 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,309 1,531 13,220 Unearned revenue 37,312 - - 37,312 Bonds and loans payable 695,846 63,879 25,928 785,653 Total Current Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Noncurrent Liabilities 21,030,659 571,319 110	Investments		200,837		26,160		7,620		234,617
Other capital assets, net of depreciation Total Noncurrent Assets 30,817,699 2,718,018 253,947 33,789,664 Total Noncurrent Assets 34,873,711 2,936,129 261,567 38,071,407 Total Assets \$ 35,901,480 \$ 3,281,201 \$ 609,335 \$ 39,792,016 Liabilities Current Liabilities \$ 5,629 2.04 \$ 2,360 \$ 8,193 Due on construction contracts 952,584 - - 952,584 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,309 1,531 13,220 Uneamed revenue 37,312 - - 37,312 - - 73,312 Bonds and loans payable 695,846 63,879 25,928 785,653 7041 Customer deposits payable 243,735 - - 243,735 Due on water line construction 25,369 - - 25,369 - 25,369	Capital assets:								
Total Noncurrent Assets 34,873,711 2,936,129 261,567 38,071,407 Total Assets \$ 35,901,480 \$ 3,281,201 \$ 609,335 \$ 39,792,016 Liabilities Current Liabilities \$ 5,629 \$ 204 \$ 2,360 \$ 8,193 Due on construction contracts 952,584 - 952,584 - 952,584 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,309 1,531 13,220 Unearned revenue 37,312 - - 37,312 Bonds and loans payable 695,846 63,879 25,928 785,653 Total Current Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Noncurrent Liabilities 2 2 - 2 2 36,653 Total Current Liabilities 2 2 36,671 10,044,431 2 2 2 36,6513 2 3,0,66,51	Land and construction in process		2,366,229		138,161		-		2,504,390
Total Assets \$ 35,901,480 \$ 3,281,201 \$ 609,335 \$ 39,792,016 Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable \$ 5,629 \$ 204 \$ 2,360 \$ 8,193 Due on construction contracts 952,584 - - 952,584 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,309 1,531 13,220 Unearned revenue 37,312 - - 37,312 Bonds and loans payable 695,846 63,879 25,928 785,653 Total Current Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Noncurrent Liabilities 243,735 - 243,735 - 25,369 Loans payable 9,305,188 750,606 28,637 10,084,431 21,005,951 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 21,605,951 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 23,066,513	Other capital assets, net of depreciation		30,817,699		2,718,018		253,947		33,789,664
Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable \$ 5,629 \$ 204 \$ 2,360 \$ 8,193 Due on construction contracts 952,584 - - 952,584 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,309 1,531 13,220 Unearned revenue 37,312 - - 37,312 Bonds and loans payable 695,846 63,879 25,928 785,653 Total Current Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Noncurrent Liabilities 243,735 - - 25,369 Loans payable 9,305,188 750,606 28,637 10,084,431 Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 21,605,951 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 23,385,915							261,567		
Current Liabilities \$ 5,629 \$ 204 \$ 2,360 \$ 8,193 Due on construction contracts 952,584 - - 952,584 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,309 1,531 13,220 Unearned revenue 37,312 - - 37,312 Bonds and loans payable 695,846 63,879 25,928 785,653 Total Current Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Noncurrent Liabilities 243,735 - - 243,735 Due on water line construction 25,369 - 25,369 Loans payable 9,305,188 750,666 28,637 10,084,431 Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665	Total Assets	\$	35,901,480	\$	3,281,201	\$	609,335	\$	39,792,016
Current Liabilities \$ 5,629 \$ 204 \$ 2,360 \$ 8,193 Due on construction contracts 952,584 - - 952,584 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,309 1,531 13,220 Unearned revenue 37,312 - - 37,312 Bonds and loans payable 695,846 63,879 25,928 785,653 Total Current Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Noncurrent Liabilities 243,735 - - 243,735 Due on water line construction 25,369 - 25,369 Loans payable 9,305,188 750,666 28,637 10,084,431 Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665	Liabilities								
Accounts payable \$ 5,629 \$ 204 \$ 2,360 \$ 8,193 Due on construction contracts 952,584 - - 952,584 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,309 1,531 13,220 Unearned revenue 37,312 - - 37,312 Bonds and loans payable 695,846 63,879 25,928 785,653 Total Current Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Noncurrent Liabilities 243,735 - - 25,369 Customer deposits payable 243,735 - - 25,369 Loans payable 9,305,188 750,606 28,637 10,084,431 Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665 Deferred Inflows of Resources 15,675 - 15,675 15,675									
Due on construction contracts 952,584 - - 952,584 Accrued expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,309 1,531 13,220 Unearned revenue 37,312 - - 37,312 Bonds and loans payable 695,846 63,879 25,928 785,653 Total Current Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Noncurrent Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Not ormer deposits payable 243,735 - - 25,369 Loans payable 9,305,188 750,606 28,637 10,084,431 Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665 Deferred Inflows of Resources 14,605,951 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 <tr< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td>5.629</td><td>\$</td><td>204</td><td>\$</td><td>2.360</td><td>\$</td><td>8,193</td></tr<>		\$	5.629	\$	204	\$	2.360	\$	8,193
Accrued expenses 10,488 299 356 11,143 Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,309 1,531 13,220 Unearned revenue 37,312 - - 37,312 Bonds and loans payable 695,846 63,879 25,928 785,653 Total Current Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Noncurrent Liabilities 243,735 - - 243,735 Due on water line construction 25,369 - - 25,669 Loans payable 9,305,188 750,606 28,637 10,084,431 Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 23,385,915 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 Total Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665 Deferred Inflows of Resources - - 15,675 - - 15,675		+		Ŧ		Ŧ	_,	Ŧ	
Interest payable 67,725 10,322 - 78,047 Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,309 1,531 13,220 Unearned revenue 37,312 - - 37,312 Bonds and loans payable 695,846 63,879 25,928 785,653 Total Current Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Noncurrent Liabilities 243,735 - - 243,735 Due on water line construction 25,369 - - 25,369 Loans payable 9,305,188 750,606 28,637 10,084,431 Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 23,385,915 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 Total Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665 Deferred Inflows of Resources - - 15,675 Deferred amount on refinancing 15,675 - - 15,675 Net investment in capital					299		356		
Accrued vacation and payroll 10,380 1,309 1,531 13,220 Unearned revenue 37,312 - - 37,312 Bonds and loans payable 695,846 63,879 25,928 785,653 Total Current Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Noncurrent Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Noncurrent Liabilities 243,735 - - 243,735 Due on water line construction 25,369 - - 25,369 Loans payable 9,305,188 750,606 28,637 10,084,431 Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 21,605,951 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 Total Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665 Deferred Inflows of Resources 15,675 - - 15,675 Deferred amount on refinancing 15,675 - - 15,675 Net investment in capital assets 11,135,560 1,470,375 89,382<	•						-		
Unearned revenue 37,312 - - 37,312 Bonds and loans payable 695,846 63,879 25,928 785,653 Total Current Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Noncurrent Liabilities 243,735 - - 243,735 Due on water line construction 25,369 - - 25,369 Loans payable 9,305,188 750,606 28,637 10,084,431 Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 21,605,951 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 Total Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665 Deferred Inflows of Resources 15,675 - 15,675 Deferred amount on refinancing 15,675 - 15,675 Net investment in capital assets 11,135,560 1,470,375 89,382 12,695,317 Restricted for capital and debt service 1,446,048 79,950 7,620 1,533,618							1 531		
Bonds and loans payable 695,846 63,879 25,928 785,653 Total Current Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Noncurrent Liabilities 243,735 - - 243,735 Due on water line construction 25,369 - - 243,735 Loans payable 9,305,188 750,606 28,637 10,084,431 Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 21,605,951 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 Total Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665 Deferred Inflows of Resources 15,675 - 15,675 Deferred amount on refinancing 15,675 - 15,675 Net investment in capital assets 11,135,560 1,470,375 89,382 12,695,317 Restricted for capital and debt service 1,446,048 79,950 7,620 1,533,618 Unrestricted (81,718) 332,938 343,521 594,741 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>					-		-		
Total Current Liabilities 1,779,964 76,013 30,175 1,886,152 Noncurrent Liabilities 243,735 - - 243,735 Due on water line construction 25,369 - - 25,369 Loans payable 9,305,188 750,606 28,637 10,084,431 Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 21,605,951 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 Total Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665 Deferred Inflows of Resources 11,135,560 1,470,375 89,382 12,695,317 Net investment in capital assets 11,135,560 1,470,375 89,382 12,695,317 Restricted for capital and debt service 1,446,048 79,950 7,620 1,533,618 Unrestricted (81,718) 332,938 343,521 594,741					63 879		25 928		
Noncurrent Liabilities 243,735 - 243,735 Due on water line construction 25,369 - 25,369 Loans payable 9,305,188 750,606 28,637 10,084,431 Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 21,605,951 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 Total Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred amount on refinancing 15,675 - 15,675 Net investment in capital assets 11,135,560 1,470,375 89,382 12,695,317 Restricted for capital and debt service 1,446,048 79,950 7,620 1,533,618 Unrestricted (81,718) 332,938 343,521 594,741						·			
Customer deposits payable 243,735 - - 243,735 Due on water line construction 25,369 - - 25,369 Loans payable 9,305,188 750,606 28,637 10,084,431 Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 21,605,951 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 Total Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665 Deferred Inflows of Resources 15,675 - 15,675 Deferred amount on refinancing 15,675 - 15,675 Net investment in capital assets 11,135,560 1,470,375 89,382 12,695,317 Restricted for capital and debt service 1,446,048 79,950 7,620 1,533,618 Unrestricted (81,718) 332,938 343,521 594,741	Noncurrent Liabilities		, -,		- /	·	, -		,, -
Due on water line construction 25,369 - 25,369 Loans payable 9,305,188 750,606 28,637 10,084,431 Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 21,605,951 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 Total Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665 Deferred Inflows of Resources 25,675 - 15,675 - 15,675 Net investment in capital assets 11,135,560 1,470,375 89,382 12,695,317 Restricted for capital and debt service 1,446,048 79,950 7,620 1,533,618 Unrestricted (81,718) 332,938 343,521 594,741			2/3 735		_		_		2/3 735
Loans payable 9,305,188 750,606 28,637 10,084,431 Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 21,605,951 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 Total Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665 Deferred Inflows of Resources 15,675 - 15,675 Deferred amount on refinancing 15,675 - 15,675 Net investment in capital assets 11,135,560 1,470,375 89,382 12,695,317 Restricted for capital and debt service 1,446,048 79,950 7,620 1,533,618 Unrestricted (81,718) 332,938 343,521 594,741			,		_		_		,
Revenue bonds payable 12,031,659 571,319 110,000 12,712,978 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 21,605,951 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 Total Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665 Deferred Inflows of Resources 15,675 - 15,675 Deferred amount on refinancing 15,675 - 15,675 Net investment in capital assets 11,135,560 1,470,375 89,382 12,695,317 Restricted for capital and debt service 1,446,048 79,950 7,620 1,533,618 Unrestricted (81,718) 332,938 343,521 594,741					750 606		28 637		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities 21,605,951 1,321,925 138,637 23,066,513 Total Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred amount on refinancing 15,675 - 15,675 Net investment in capital assets 11,135,560 1,470,375 89,382 12,695,317 Restricted for capital and debt service 1,446,048 79,950 7,620 1,533,618 Unrestricted (81,718) 332,938 343,521 594,741									
Total Liabilities 23,385,915 1,397,938 168,812 24,952,665 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred amount on refinancing 15,675 - 15,675 Net investment in capital assets 11,135,560 1,470,375 89,382 12,695,317 Restricted for capital and debt service 1,446,048 79,950 7,620 1,533,618 Unrestricted (81,718) 332,938 343,521 594,741						·			
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred amount on refinancing 15,675 - 15,675 Net investment in capital assets 11,135,560 1,470,375 89,382 12,695,317 Restricted for capital and debt service 1,446,048 79,950 7,620 1,533,618 Unrestricted (81,718) 332,938 343,521 594,741						·			
Deferred amount on refinancing 15,675 - - 15,675 Net Position Investment in capital assets 11,135,560 1,470,375 89,382 12,695,317 Restricted for capital and debt service 1,446,048 79,950 7,620 1,533,618 Unrestricted (81,718) 332,938 343,521 594,741			, ,		, ,	·	,		, ,
Net Position Net investment in capital assets 11,135,560 1,470,375 89,382 12,695,317 Restricted for capital and debt service 1,446,048 79,950 7,620 1,533,618 Unrestricted (81,718) 332,938 343,521 594,741			45.075						45.075
Net investment in capital assets11,135,5601,470,37589,38212,695,317Restricted for capital and debt service1,446,04879,9507,6201,533,618Unrestricted(81,718)332,938343,521594,741	Deterred amount on refinancing		15,675	·	-	·	-		15,675
Restricted for capital and debt service 1,446,048 79,950 7,620 1,533,618 Unrestricted (81,718) 332,938 343,521 594,741	Net Position								
Unrestricted (81,718) 332,938 343,521 594,741	Net investment in capital assets		11,135,560		1,470,375		89,382		12,695,317
	Restricted for capital and debt service		1,446,048		79,950		7,620		1,533,618
Total Net Position \$ 12,499,890 \$ 1,883,263 \$ 440,523 \$ 14,823,676			(81,718)		332,938		343,521		
	Total Net Position	\$	12,499,890	\$	1,883,263	\$	440,523	\$	14,823,676

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Enterprise Funds							
	Operations Maintenanc Fund		Wastewater Treatment Fund		Sanitation Fund		Totals	
Operating Revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 2,552,22	22	\$ 354,298	\$	344,325	\$	3,250,845	
Penalty charges	28,7	13	4,273		3,452		36,468	
Connection fees	275,2	8	350		-		275,568	
Total Operating Revenues	2,856,18	33	358,921		347,777		3,562,881	
Operating Expenses								
Salaries and benefits	214,12	23	32,702		37,344		284,169	
Maintenance and supplies	62,6	00	14,013		601		77,214	
Chemicals	58,78	38	-		-		58,788	
Contract operations	1,141,0	75	139,647		175,504		1,456,226	
Professional fees	7,74	16	2,789		967		11,502	
Office and advertising	27,33	37	8,214		8,178		43,729	
Landfill fees		-	-		77,516		77,516	
Depreciation	870,6	8	140,301		17,054		1,027,973	
Rental expense	5,40	00	3,300		4,800		13,500	
Insurance	36,6	74	9,641		3,470		49,785	
Miscellaneous	3,8	39	843		960		5,642	
Total Operating Expenses	2,428,20	00	351,450		326,394		3,106,044	
Operating Income (Loss)	427,98	33	7,471		21,383		456,837	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)								
Interest income	24,7	57	575		498		25,830	
Rental income	31,99	92	-		-		31,992	
Other income	6,4)8	-		1,446		7,854	
Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets		-	-		14,116		14,116	
Bond issue costs		-	-		(5,000)		(5,000)	
Debt service repayments	26,5		-		-		26,577	
Insurance recoveries - impaired assets	14,6)9	-		-		14,609	
Interest expense	(569,69	96)	(35,394)		(3,426)		(608,516)	
Total Non-Operating								
Revenues (Expenses)	(465,3	53)	(34,819)		7,634		(492,538)	
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions	(37,3	70)	(27,348)		29,017		(35,701)	
Capital Contributions	1,042,3	91	364		-		1,042,755	
Changes in Net Position	1,005,02	21	(26,984)		29,017		1,007,054	
Net Position - Beginning of Year (Restated)	11,494,8	69	1,910,247		411,506		13,816,622	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 12,499,8	00	\$ 1,883,263	\$	440,523	\$	14,823,676	

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Enterprise Funds							
	-	erations &		astewater				
	Ма	aintenance	Т	reatment	Sa	anitation		
Cook Flows from Organitian Activities		Fund		Fund		Fund		Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	¢	0 700 700	¢	250 725	¢	047 770	¢	2 407 202
Cash received from customers and others	\$	2,780,786 (1,397,398)	\$	358,735		347,772		3,487,293
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services		(1,397,398) (213,916)		(196,346) (32,667)	,	(281,029) (37,301)	((1,874,773) (283,884)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		1,169,472		129,722		29,442		1,328,636
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		.,		,				.,,
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(3,301,635)		(18,894)		(150,484)	((3,471,013)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(0,001,000)		(10,00+) -		14,116	,	14,116
Capital contributions		44,490		-		-		44,490
Insurance recoveries		14,609		-		-		14,609
Proceeds from debt		3,283,506		16,087		135,000		3,434,593
Principal paid on debt		(619,202)		(61,504)		(25,639)		(706,345)
Interest paid on debt		(575,361)		(35,301)		(3,426)		(614,088)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(1,153,593)		(99,612)		(30,433)	((1,283,638)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:								
Interest income		27,378		1,394		1,316		30,088
Other non-operating income and expenses		64,977		-		1,446		66,423
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		92,355		1,394		2,762		96,511
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		108,234		31,504		1,771		141,509
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		2,197,469		346,404		315,302		2,859,175
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	2,305,703	\$	377,908	\$	317,073		3,000,684
	+	_,,	—	,	-	,		-,,
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to								
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	427,983	\$	7,471	\$	21,383	\$	456,837
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to								
net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation		870,618		140,301		17,054		1,027,973
Change in assets and liabilities:								
Receivables, net		(100,914)		(186)		(5)		(101,105)
Prepaid expenses		(41,641)		(12,309)		(7,222)		(61,172)
Accounts payable		(12,958)		(5,551)		(1,765)		(20,274)
Accrued expenses		660		(39)		(46)		575
Other liabilities		25,724		35		43		25,802
Total Adjustments		741,489		122,251		8,059		871,799
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	1,169,472	\$	129,722	\$	29,442	\$	1,328,636
<u>Schedule of Noncash Transactions:</u> Donated capital assets	\$	73,945	\$	_	\$	-	\$	73,945
Principal forgiveness on loans	\$	918,955	\$	364	\$	-	\$	919,319
	Ψ	310,300	Ψ	504	Ψ	-	Ψ	313,313

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Hardinsburg (City) is a fifth class city located in Breckinridge County, Kentucky. It operates under a councilmanic form of government providing the following types of services: police, fire, water, sewage, sanitation, and street maintenance. Primary revenue sources are property taxes, insurance premium taxes, license fees, and water, wastewater, and sanitation receipts.

The accounting policies of the City of Hardinsburg conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

Reporting Entity

The City's financial statements include the operations of all organizations for which the City Council exercises oversight. Responsibility is demonstrated by financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The governmental activities reported in the statements are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed mostly by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Concluded)

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

• <u>General Fund</u> - This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

- <u>Operations & Maintenance Fund</u> This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of the water plant and various water distribution lines.
- <u>Wastewater Treatment Fund</u> This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of the sewage treatment plant and various sewer lines.
- <u>Sanitation Fund</u> This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the sanitation department.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures, and proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds.

Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures upon acquisition.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Concluded)

For the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, all capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. Improvements are capitalized, but the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The City's infrastructure consists of curbs, sidewalks, and streets constructed or improved after July 1, 2003.

Depreciation is provided in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of the depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives on the straight-line basis. The City capitalizes construction period interest (\$30,383 for the fiscal year) as part of the cost of the asset in the proprietary fund. The service lives by type of asset are typically as follows:

Vehicles and equipment	5 - 20 years
Improvements	10 - 40 years
Infrastructure	10 - 30 years
Buildings	10 - 40 years
Plant	10 - 40 years

Net Position

The District implemented GASB 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, in fiscal year 2013. This standard provides guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures. The main effect of this statement was a change in terminology from *net assets* to *net position*.

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restricted assets are those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

Accounts Receivable

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. At June 30, 2013, the allowances for uncollectible trade and property tax receivables were \$20,633 and \$11,361, respectively. Delinquent property taxes are stated net of an allowance for estimated uncollectible taxes equal to the delinquent taxes over one year old; therefore, these amounts have not been recorded as revenue. Delinquent taxes over ten years old are not included in the receivable or allowance.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses using the consumption method.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Fund Balance

The fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

- <u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as prepayments) or are required to be maintained intact.
- <u>Restricted fund balance</u> amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed fund balance</u> amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- <u>Assigned fund balance</u> amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.
- <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

The City did not establish any fund balance commitments for the fiscal year. Assigned fund balance is established by the Mayor through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for a specific purpose. Unrestricted and unassigned fund balances are reduced first, unless expenditures are incurred for a specific purpose for which fund balance has been restricted, committed, or assigned.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

Property Tax Calendar

The City's property taxes are levied before the first day of November on the assessed values as of January 1 for all real and personal property located in the city, including vehicles. Property taxes are due December 31 and become delinquent January 1 of the following year. The City's real and personal property tax rate is \$.274 per \$100 valuation for general fund purposes and \$.03 per \$100 valuation for fire department purposes. The City's vehicle tax rate is \$.28 per \$100 of assessed value. The City is permitted by the Kentucky Constitution to levy taxes up to \$.75 per \$100 of assessed value, as its population is less than 10,000. The City is well within the maximum tax rate it is allowed to levy.

NOTE B - BUDGETARY PROCEDURES AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

Normally, prior to June 30, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means for financing them. Deficit budgets are contrary to state law. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments on the proposed budget and the budget is legally adopted through passage of an appropriation ordinance by City Council. The City Council approves, by ordinance, total budget appropriations only. Budget amendments are made as needed throughout the year.

Actual expenditures and operating transfers may not legally exceed "budget" appropriations at the individual fund level. Budgetary control, however, is maintained at the departmental level. Appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year to the extent that they have not been expended.

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City considers cash and cash equivalents to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and certificates of deposit. At June 30, 2013, the reported amount of the City's cash and cash equivalents was \$3,878,104 and the bank balance was \$3,982,538. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year-end, all of the City's deposits were either insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution on behalf of the City. The governing body has not formally adopted deposit and investment policies that limit the government's allowable deposits or investments and address the specific types of risk to which the government is exposed.

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONCLUDED)

Investments

Investments consist of state and local government securities. The City transfers monthly amounts for bond principal and interest payments into common trust funds, which consist entirely of federated treasury obligations. The City does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk. Regarding credit risk, \$103,076 of these funds is uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name. The remaining \$131,541 is uninsured and unregistered. Both the carrying amount and market value of the investments were \$234,617 at year-end, and the balance is subject to investment risks, including possible loss of principal.

Restricted Cash

Cash is restricted for various legal requirements, such as sinking and reserve accounts, as established by bond ordinances or loan agreements and may be expended only for disbursements allowed under the terms of such. Other cash accounts are reserved for specific projects and customer deposits, and the federated treasury obligations (investments) are restricted for bond principal and interest payments.

Reconciliation of Cash

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows on page 11, cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

	O&M Fund	WWT Fund	Sanitation Fund	Total
Cash	\$ 615,920	\$297,958	\$309,453	\$1,223,331
Restricted cash	1,488,946	53,790	7.620	1,550,356
Investments	200,837	26,160	-	226,997
Total	\$2,305,703	\$377,908	\$317,073	\$3,000,684

NOTE D - LONG-TERM DEBT

Bonds Payable

The construction costs of the City's water and sewer facilities have been financed by the issuance of revenue bonds. The 2012 issue was for the purchase of a garbage truck. The bonds are secured by and payable on parity from the gross revenues of the utilities system and sanitation fund, as applicable. The original amount of the bond issues, the issue dates, interest rates, and outstanding balances at June 30, 2013 are summarized in the following table.

Bond Series	lssue Date	Interest Rates	Bond Maturity	Original Issue	Outstanding Balance
1993	1/1/93	4.5%	6/1/33	\$1,000,000	\$ 740,000
2003 (R)	10/1/03	2.06% to 4.435%	2/1/18	\$ 654,400	\$ 232,200
2004 (R)	2/1/04	2% to 4.375%	2/1/27	\$ 773,000	\$ 603,000
2004 (R)	2/1/04	2% to 4.375%	2/1/28	\$1,702,000	\$1,194,000
2006A	1/1/06	4.125%	6/1/45	\$4,803,000	\$4,441,000
2006B	1/1/06	4.125%	6/1/45	\$2,660,000	\$2,464,000
2009	10/1/09	3.375%	6/1/48	\$1,350,000	\$1,296,900
2011	11/1/11	3%	6/1/50	\$2,000,000	\$1,971,000
2012	7/31/12	2%	2/1/21	\$ 140,000	\$ 125,000

NOTE D - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

R – Denotes refunding bond issue

Loans Payable

On April 1, 1989, the City of Hardinsburg entered into a loan agreement with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority (KIA) for \$449,000. On July 29, 2004, the remaining balance of \$358,742 was refinanced using \$57,799 in a reserve account, supplemented with a deferred gain from other pooled reserves of \$50,943, to reduce the new liability to \$250,000. The City makes monthly payments to a Sinking Fund, which will accumulate until sufficient to retire the remaining principal of the debt at that time. At June 30, 2013, the balance in the Sinking Fund was \$95,456 and the loan balance payable to KIA was \$250,000.

During the year ended June 30, 1999, the City of Hardinsburg entered into a loan agreement with KIA. Proceeds of this loan were used to provide utility services to the Breckinridge County Detention Center. The original amount of the loan was \$131,231 with an interest rate of 1.2%. Payments of \$3,700, which include principal and interest, are required each June 1 and December 1 through the fiscal year 2019. As outlined in the terms of the agreement, the City has met the required balance of \$6,562 in the replacement and maintenance reserve account. Breckinridge County reimbursed the City \$9,573 for the year to service this debt. The balance at year-end was \$42,716.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the City borrowed \$146,260 from KIA to finance transfer station improvements. The loan is repayable in thirty semi-annual payments of \$5,961, which include interest at 2.7%. The balance at year-end was \$39,565.

During the year ended June 30, 2003, the City finalized the \$500,000 KIA loan used to help fund the Highway 86 Water Project. The financing arrangement calls for forty semi-annual payments of \$14,940, which include interest at 1.8%, and ten annual transfers of \$16,130 to the replacement and maintenance reserve account. The balance at year-end was \$259,850.

In 2008, the City finalized a funding agreement with KIA in the amount of \$4.4 million to aid in financing the cost of the new water plant. The agreement requires the loan to be repaid in forty semi-annual payments of \$121,672, which include interest at 1%, and ten annual transfers of \$75,000 to the replacement and maintenance reserve account. The balance at year-end was \$3,277,004.

NOTE D - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the City finalized a funding agreement with KIA in the amount of \$1,999,250 to help finance the cost of additional water lines. The loan terms include forty semi-annual payments of \$55,270, which include interest at 1%, and ten annual transfers of \$16,750 to the replacement and maintenance reserve account. The balance at year-end was \$1,724,187.

During the year ended June 30, 2011, the City secured two loans from KIA for major water line expansion projects. From a \$3.25 million loan, the City has received \$2,772,645 in loan proceeds to date. From a \$4 million loan, the City has received \$2,297,387 in loan proceeds to date, with 40% principal forgiveness of \$918,955, leaving a principal balance of \$1,378,432 at year-end. 1% interest is due semi-annually until closing, with semi-annual principal and interest payments due over twenty years once the loans are finalized.

During the year ended June 30, 2012, the City obtained funding from KIA for two sewer projects. The first loan was used to fund a sewer rehab project within the City. By year-end, the City had finalized the \$549,594 loan, which calls for forty semi-annual payments of \$15,194, which include interest at 1%, and ten annual transfers of \$1,400 to the replacement and maintenance reserve account. The balance at year-end was \$524,641.

The second loan was used to provide sewer services to a trailer park within the City. To date, the City has received \$394,849 in loan proceeds, with 30% principal forgiveness of \$118,455, which left a principal balance of \$276,394. By year-end, the City had finalized the loan, which calls for forty semi-annual payments of \$7,641, which include interest at 1%, and ten annual transfers of \$1,500 to the replacement and maintenance reserve account. The balance at year-end was \$263,844.

Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to amortize revenue bonds and loans payable outstanding as of June 30, 2013, including interest payments are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities				
Fiscal Year	Bonds P	ayable	Loans Pa	ayable	
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2014	\$ 337,200	\$ 507,457	\$ 448,453	\$ 121,893	
2015	351,000	495,004	579,043	112,358	
2016	364,300	481,838	585,262	106,139	
2017	379,700	467,969	585,591	99,848	
2018	337,100	453,293	585,750	80,603	
2019 - 2023	1,879,000	2,059,364	3,226,487	310,738	
2024 - 2028	2,074,800	1,648,872	2,864,141	159,548	
2029 - 2033	1,750,300	1,272,750	1,506,240	45,107	
2034 - 2038	1,809,100	925,387	151,917	949	
2039 - 2043	2,191,200	547,398	-	-	
2044 - 2048	1,421,900	137,741	-	-	
2049 - 2050	171,500	7,770	-	-	
Totals	\$13,067,100	\$9,004,843	\$10,532,884	\$1,037,183	

NOTE D - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONCLUDED)

Changes in Noncurrent Liabilities

Changes in noncurrent liabilities, including current portions of long-term debt, for the year ended June 30, 2013 were as follows:

	Business-Type Activities					
	Balance			Balance	Due In	
	July 1, 2012	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2013	One Year	
Bonds payable	\$13,252,000	\$ 140,000	\$ 324,900	\$13,067,100	\$337,200	
Loans payable	8,534,055	3,299,593	1,300,764	10,532,884	448,453	
Premium	436	-	73	363	-	
Discount	(18,464)		(1,179)	(17,285)		
Net bonds and loans payable	21,768,027	3,439,593	1,624,558	23,583,062	785,653	
Deferred gain on						
refinancing	19,593	-	3,918	15,675	-	
Customer deposits	226,930	83,450	66,645	243,735	-	
Due on water line	25,369		-	25,369		
	\$22,039,919	\$3,523,043	\$1,695,121	\$23,867,841	\$785,653	

NOTE E - PENSION PLANS

County Employees Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City staff participates in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), a defined benefit plan sponsored by the Commonwealth of Kentucky. CERS is a costsharing, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system that covers substantially all regular full-time employees of each county, non-certified school board employees, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System.

The Kentucky Retirement System (KRS) issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. The report may be obtained by writing to the Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601 or by visiting the website at www.kyret.ky.gov.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - Funding for the plan is provided through payroll withholdings and participating employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the year ended June 30, 2013, non-hazardous and hazardous plan participating employees who began participating with KRS prior to September 1, 2008 contributed 5% and 8%, respectively, of creditable compensation to CERS. Non-hazardous and hazardous employees who began participating with KRS on or after September 1, 2008 contributed 6% and 9%, respectively, with the additional 1% going to a health insurance account. Employer contribution rates, determined by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems, are intended to fund the CERS's normal cost on a current basis plus fund an amount equal to the amortization of unfunded past service costs over thirty years, using the level percentage of payroll method. For the year ended June 30, 2013, participating employers contributed 19.55% and 37.6% of members' compensation for non-hazardous and hazardous gross pay, respectively.

NOTE E - PENSION PLANS (CONCLUDED)

The City's contributions to CERS for the past three years are listed below. The actual contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

Fiscal Year	Total Payroll	Contrib	outions	
Ended June 30,	Subject to CERS	Employee	Employer	Total
2013	\$396,700	\$24,649	\$98,820	\$123,469
2012	\$399,638	\$25,230	\$97,746	\$122,976
2011	\$389,283	\$25,455	\$92,306	\$117,761

Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service, and other factors as fully described in the plan documents. Retired employees covered under the plan receive some health care benefits depending on their length of service and date of employment. Additional information can be obtained in the aforementioned financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. The employer contribution rate for 2013-2014 is 18.89% non-hazardous and 35.7% hazardous.

Medical Insurance Plan

<u>Plan description</u> - In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 61.702 requires CERS to provide post-retirement healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the Kentucky Retirement Systems' Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The amount funded by the insurance fund depends on the months of service. The insurance fund shall continue the same level of coverage for a recipient who was a member of the CERS after the age of 65 as before the age of 65, if the recipient is not eligible for Medicare coverage. Additional information can be obtained in the aforementioned financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS.

<u>Funding policy</u> - The post-retirement healthcare provided by CERS is financed wholly or partly from funds contributed by the recipient of a retirement allowance, by the Kentucky Retirement Systems insurance fund, or by another state-administered retirement system under a reciprocal agreement. Also, any premiums collected from retirees and investment interest help with the medical expenses of the plan.

Retired employees covered under the plan receive some health care benefits depending on their length of service and date of employment. Additional information can be obtained in the aforementioned financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS.

The City also participates in the Kentucky Public Employees 401(k) Deferred Compensation (Plan II). Participation in the plan is voluntary and contributions are withheld from participating employees' wages. Employee contributions were \$1,200 for the fiscal year. No contributions were made by the City.

NOTE F - UNEARNED REVENUE

In July 2012, the City entered into a five-year tower lease agreement with a cellular service. The annual sum of \$40,704 was made in advance for the term June 2013 to May 2014. Accordingly, \$37,312 is reported as unearned revenue on the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE G - LEASED EQUIPMENT

The gross amount of assets purchased under capital leases and the accumulated amortization for each class are as follows:

		Accumulated
	Cost	Amortization
Buildings and improvements	\$ 12,016	\$ 12,016
Equipment and vehicles	\$263,507	\$263,507

This information was available only for assets acquired since November 1994. Any assets acquired by lease prior to that time have not been segregated from assets acquired by other means.

NOTE H - FUND BALANCE

The fund balance for the General Fund was classified as follows:

Fund Balance	General Fund	
Nonspendable: Prepaid expenses	\$	34,651
Restricted:		04,001
Road aid		40,546
Drug enforcement		3,654
Total Restricted		44,200
Assigned:		
Industrial development		106,438
Fire department		5,375
Total Assigned		111,813
Unassigned	1	,002,379
Total Fund Balance	\$1	,193,043

NOTE I - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following table provides a summary of changes in capital assets:

	July 1, 2012	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2013
Governmental Activities				
Not Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 241,645	\$ 33,500	\$ -	\$ 275,145
Depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	654,671	40,200	-	694,871
Furniture and fixtures	61,607	-	-	61,607
Equipment	440,599	82,606	-	523,205
Vehicles	811,492	29,490	-	840,982
Parks	143,599	-	-	143,599
Infrastructure	899,341	62,124	-	961,465
Subtotal	3,011,309	214,420	-	3,225,729
Accumulated Depreciation	1,626,468	219,479		1,845,947
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1,626,486	\$ 28,441	\$-	\$ 1,654,927
Business-Type Activities				
Not Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 265,161	\$ 6,500	\$-	\$ 271,661
Construction in process	5,264,515	3,576,060	(6,607,846)	2,232,729
Subtotal	5,529,676	3,582,560	(6,607,846)	2,504,390
Depreciated:				<u>, </u>
Buildings and improvements	304,083	-	-	304,083
Equipment	633,952	150,485	(86,448)	697,989
Vehicles	172,753	4,067	-	176,820
Treatment plants	15,123,744	-	-	15,123,744
Distribution system	14,928,651	6,699,007	-	21,627,658
Waste water plant	4,916,618	6,393	-	4,923,011
Subtotal	36,079,801	6,859,952	(86,448)	42,853,305
Accumulated Depreciation	8,122,116	1,027,973	(86,448)	9,063,641
Net Capital Assets	\$33,487,361	\$9,414,539	\$(6,607,846)	\$36,294,054

Depreciation expense and related accumulated depreciation are detailed as follows:

	July 1, 2012	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2013
Governmental Activities				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 281,423	\$ 24,802	\$-	\$ 306,225
Furniture and fixtures	50,793	3,364	-	54,157
Equipment	315,526	35,016	-	350,542
Vehicles	497,895	68,245	-	566,140
Parks	54,705	7,179	-	61,884
Infrastructure	426,126	80,873	-	506,999
Total	\$ 1,626,468	\$ 219,479	\$-	\$ 1,845,947

NOTE I - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONCLUDED)

	July 1, 2012	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2013
Business-Type Activities				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 114,335	\$ 9,948	\$-	\$ 124,283
Equipment	473,848	23,103	(86,448)	410,503
Vehicles	145,257	10,158	-	155,415
Treatment plants	1,916,693	381,429	-	2,298,122
Distribution system	3,379,007	465,558	-	3,844,565
Waste water plant	2,092,976	137,777	-	2,230,753
Total	\$8,122,116	\$ 1,027,973	\$ (86,448)	\$9,063,641

Depreciation expense was charged to functions in the Statement of Activities as follows:

Governmental Activities				
General government	\$103,111			
Streets and maintenance	7,161			
Police department	15,140			
Fire department	94,067			
-	\$219,479			

NOTE J - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

<u>Grants</u>

The City receives state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by state agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement by the State for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency. In the opinion of city management, such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

The City received surplus military equipment as part of a federal government program that disburses the equipment to authorized entities. Under the terms of the program, the City must retain the equipment for use in the police department or return the equipment to the federal government. Due to the restrictions on disposition, these items have not been booked as City assets.

Contracts

The City, Professional Services Group, Inc. (PSG), and Veolia Water North America – South, LLC (Veolia) entered into an agreement to employ the services of PSG through June 30, 2020 for the management of the water plant, water distribution system, wastewater plant, wastewater collection system, street network, and garbage collection service. The annual fee for the current fiscal year was \$1,517,144, which included an annual repair and maintenance allowance of \$157,579. Billings by PSG were in accordance with rates established by the contract. The annual fee for 2013-2014 is \$1,588,524, which includes an estimated repair and maintenance allowance of \$157,579 and electricity allowance of \$252,000.

NOTE J - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONCLUDED)

The City has a contract with the City of Irvington, Kentucky (Irvington), whereby Irvington pays Hardinsburg for water usage at a rate that is adjustable annually based on the costs of operating the water plant. Irvington currently pays \$2.35 per thousand gallons of consumption, subject to a minimum of 3 million gallons per month, and approximately \$1,417 per month to fund its portion of the construction debt service. For the year ended June 30, 2013, the City collected \$141,456 in water revenue and \$17,004 for the construction debt service from Irvington.

In February 2009, the City entered into a forty-year contract with the City of Cloverport, Kentucky (Cloverport), whereby the City will sell water to Cloverport as a wholesale water customer. The initial rate was \$2.14 per thousand gallons of consumption, subject to a minimum of 3.6 million gallons per month or \$7,704. The wholesale rate is subject to annual adjustments. For the year ended June 30, 2013, the City billed Cloverport \$97,295 for water.

The City had construction projects for additional water lines in process at year-end. Contract commitments remaining at year-end totaled \$1,576,622.

The City was awarded FEMA funds of \$49,872 to be used towards the purchase of a generator for City Hall. The City obtained a bid of \$57,324 for the generator, which was purchased subsequent to year-end.

The City accepted a bid of \$685,165 for water line additions; however, funding is being temporarily withheld until ongoing projects are completed first.

The City received preliminary approval for a \$1.12 million loan with 50% principal forgiveness from KIA to be used to demolish an old water storage tank and build one at a new location.

NOTE K - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City received \$65,194 from Veolia to purchase roll out carts for sanitation customers.

An agreement dating back to December 1978 between the City and the Army Corp of Engineers states that the City can be assessed a portion of construction costs for modification to Rough River Dam, since the City's water intake plant was located there. The City received notification that they could be assessed up to \$87,000 for two phases of the modification plan. The City has contacted the Corp to request termination of the contract, as the City's water intake plant is no longer located at Rough River. The City is awaiting a response from the Corp.

Subsequent to year-end, the City assumed ownership of a water line in Hancock County valued at approximately \$116,000.

NOTE L - COMMITMENTS UNDER LEASES

The City incurred \$2,567 in lease expense for the fiscal year for an operating lease for office equipment. Commitments under this operating lease agreement provide the minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2013 as follows:

Year Ending	Future
June 30,	Payments
2014	\$2,567
2015	2,567
2016	1,711
Total	\$6,845

NOTE M - ACCOUNTING CHANGES AND ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In fiscal year 2013, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 63 (see Note A) and Statement 65 "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities." The objective of Statement 65 is to either properly classify certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources or to recognize certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues).

The implementation of Statement 65 resulted in the restatement of the beginning net position of the business-type activities and proprietary fund in the financial statements. The deferred charges for bond issuance costs were reclassified as expenses of prior periods and resulted in the adjustment below:

Net Position at June 30, 2012	O&M Fund \$11,535,566	WWT Fund \$1,925,399	Sanitation Fund \$411,506	Total \$13,872,471
Change in reporting for deferred charges for debt issuance costs	(40,697)	(15,152)		(55,849)
Net Position at June 30, 2012, Restated	\$11,494,869	\$1,910,247	\$411,506	\$13,816,622

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

<u>Revenues</u>	avorable) (234) 9,498
	()
	()
Property taxes \$ 392,990 \$ 411,881 \$ 411,647 \$	0 108
Insurance premium taxes 216,900 204,920 214,418	3,430
Business licenses 12,525 15,524 15,524	-
Auto licenses and stickers 26,000 28,045 28,045	-
Building permits 1,000 1,630 1,630	-
Rental income 14,100 14,330 14,330	-
Interest income 4,060 3,188 3,204	16
Miscellaneous 8,786 39,585 39,834	249
Donations - 3,800 3,800	-
Franchise fees 34,760 36,958 36,956	(2)
Fire department subscription fees31,70029,39529,394	(1)
Intergovernmental revenues 129,722 175,092 175,090	(2)
Total Revenues 872,543 964,348 973,872	9,524
Expenditures	
Current:	
General government 126,796 111,641 112,106	(465)
Police department 407,580 363,167 367,741	(4,574)
Fire department 72,612 53,542 55,892	(2,350)
Streets and maintenance 116,079 96,773 96,771	2
Capital outlay 191,000 189,673 187,420	2,253
Total Expenditures 914,067 814,796 819,930	(5,134)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over Expenditures (41,524) 149,552 153,942	4,390
Other Financing Sources	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets 3,7783,777	(1)
Net Changes in Fund Balance (41,524) 153,330 157,719	4,389
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 714,100 622,435 1,052,535	430,100
Fund Balance - End of Year \$ 672,576 \$ 775,765 \$ 1,210,254 \$	434,489

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE A - BUDGET

The City prepares its financial statements using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), but the budget is prepared using the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP.

The actual results of operations are presented in accordance with GAAP. All governmental fund budgets are maintained on the cash basis (budgetary basis) of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. The budget and all transactions are presented in accordance with the City's budgetary basis in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. No adjustments have been made to convert the actual data presented on the GAAP basis to the cash basis of accounting because any differences were deemed to be immaterial.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY

GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



DRANE & COMPANY, PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 209 East Third Street - P. O. Box 577 Hardinsburg, Kentucky 40143

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Hardinsburg, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hardinsburg, Kentucky (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 22, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we identified a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 13-1 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain additional matters that we have reported to management in a separate letter dated May 22, 2014.

City of Hardinsburg, Kentucky's Response to Findings

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Drame & Company, PUC

Drane & Company, PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Hardinsburg, KY

May 22, 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND SCHEDULES

REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Hardinsburg, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Hardinsburg, Kentucky's (City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds

As described in Finding 13-2 in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, the City did not comply with requirements regarding Cash Management for CFDA # 66.468, Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the City to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on CFDA # 66.468, Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 13-2 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The City's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are desribed in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance, and accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of *OMB Circular A-133*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Drane & Company, PUC.

Drane & Company, PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Hardinsburg, KY

May 22, 2014

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Federal Agency/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Agriculture		
Direct Program: Water and Waste Program Cluster:		
Water and Waste Program Cluster. Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760	\$ 328,727
Total Water and Waste Program Cluster	10.700	328,727
		020,121
Total Department of Agriculture		328,727
Department of Homeland Security Passed through Kentucky Office of Homeland Security: Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	13,000
Passed through Kentucky Department of Emergency Management: Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	40,565
Total Department of Homeland Security		53,565
Environmental Protection Agency Passed through Kentucky Infrastructure Authority:		
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds	66.468	2,910,078
Total Environmental Protection Agency		2,910,078
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 3,292,370

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the City of Hardinsburg, Kentucky under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2013. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. As the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the City.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in *OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments.*

<u>NOTE C - LOANS</u>

Balances and transactions relating to federal loan programs are included in the City's basic financial statements. Loans made during the year are included in the federal expenditures presented in the schedule. Funds received as loans from the Environmental Protection Agency are commingled with state funds; however, only the federal portions are reported as expenditures in the schedule. Outstanding loan balances at year-end were as follows:

		Balance
CFDA #	Program Title	June 30, 2013
66.468	Capitalization Grants for Drinking	
	Water State Revolving Funds	\$4,151,077

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

<u>Financial Statements</u> Type of auditor's report issued: <u>Unmodified</u>		
Internal control over financial reporting: Any material weakness(es) identified? Any significant deficiency(ies) identified? Any noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	⊠ yes □ yes □ yes	 □ no ☑ none reported ☑ no
Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Any material weakness(es) identified? Any significant deficiency(ies) identified?	⊠ yes □ yes	□ no ☑ none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major progra	ams: <u>Qualified</u>	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, Section 510(a)?	⊠ yes	🗆 no
Identification of major programs:		CFDA Number
Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
 Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving F 	unds	66.468
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type	e B programs:	<u>\$300,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	□ yes	⊠ no

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

Finding 13-1.

Section III: Federal Awards Findings

Finding 13-2.

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Finding: 13-1 (Repeat)

Condition:	Material adjustments were required as part of the audit process.
Criteria:	A key element of financial reporting is the ability of management to select and apply the appropriate accounting principles to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Audit adjustments are indicative of a deficiency in the internal controls over financial reporting.
Cause:	Auditing standards have placed a greater expectation on government entities to make all material adjustments itself. Although City staff made numerous adjustments and obtained outside help to correct its books prior to the audit, material adjustments were still required as a result of the audit.
Effect:	Assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures were overstated or understated.
Recommendation:	Staff should obtain any necessary training to familiarize themselves with the applicable accounting principles for the preparation of complete governmental financial statements, as well as routinely perform a final review to determine that all known adjustments have been made.
Management Response:	Due to the cost of training staff or hiring personnel already trained in complex accounting pronouncements, management has chosen to accept the risks associated with this material weakness.

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Finding: 13-2

Program: Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds 66.468

Condition	The City reactived federal funde to nev a contractor's invite statistical with held
Condition:	The City received federal funds to pay a contractor's invoice but withheld
	payment to the contractor for approximately two months. The City also
	failed to withhold 5% retainage from one contractor's invoice.
Criteria:	Cash management requirements call for entities to minimize the time
	between the transfer of funds from the pass-through entity and the
	disbursement. Construction contracts specify that 5% retainage is to be
	withheld from payments pending project completion.
Cause:	After documents were submitted for the cash request, the City's
	engineers discovered a possible discrepancy in one contractor's invoice,
	so additional time was needed to consult with the contractor. Federal
	funds were received and held in a bank account while the investigation
	was conducted. Retainage was not withheld because the contractor's
	invoice was not calculated properly.
Questioned Costs:	None
Effect:	The City may not have been in compliance with the requirements of the
	program regarding cash management.
Recommendation:	If federal funds are drawn and circumstances arise that prevent
	immediate disbursement of those funds, the money should be returned to
	the funding agency, or the funding agency should be contacted to
	determine proper procedures. Corrections should be made to vendor
	invoices that are not totaled properly, or revised invoices should be
	requested.
Management	See corrective action plan.
Response:	

CITY OF HARDINSBURG, KENTUCKY CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Reference #:	Finding 13-2
Management Response:	Should we experience a problem in the future with a contractor we will immediately send back funds to the funding agency until the problem can be resolved and payment can be made in an expedient time frame.
Completion Date:	May 2014
Contact Person:	Wayne Macy, Mayor
Date:	May 2014

MANAGEMENT LETTER



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Hardinsburg, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of the City of Hardinsburg, Kentucky (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, we considered the City's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of matters that are an opportunity for strengthening internal control and operating efficiency. The paragraphs below summarize our comments and suggestions regarding the matters. A separate report dated May 22, 2014, contains our report on the City of Hardinsburg's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated May 22, 2014, on the basic financial statements of the City of Hardinsburg.

CURRENT YEAR

Currently, the City operates on an 8.5 hour day and allows one hour for lunch. Employees do not clock out when they leave for lunch, so it appears that they are working 8.5 hours per day in some instances. Employees are paid for 8 hours, with the contention that two paid 15 minute breaks along with the 30 minute unpaid meal break comprise the lunch hour. The City's personnel policy does not address paid or unpaid breaks. Under the current practice, the City is risking liability, as employees could claim they were not paid for time worked. At a minimum, we recommend that the City revise its policy to address these issues. Employees should be required to sign a policy stating that one half hour will be automatically deducted from time cards for lunch, unless otherwise notified in writing. Employees not utilizing the unpaid meal break should indicate as such on his/her time card, and a supervisor should sign off.

We will be pleased to discuss any of these matters with you and, if desired, assist you in implementing any of these suggestions. This report is intended for the information of the city council and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Drane & Company, PUC.

Drane & Company, PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Hardinsburg, KY

May 22, 2014