#### CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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#### JESSICA K. DANIEL, CPA PSC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Honorable Mayor Tom Moodie and Members of the City Council City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky Grand Rivers, Kentucky

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-8 and 37-38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated February 14, 2017 on our consideration of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Eddyville, Kentucky February 14, 2017

Joseph CDarul, CPA

#### CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky ("City") offers Management's Discussion and Analysis to provide an overview and analysis of the City's primary governmental financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2015. To fully understand the entire scope of the City's financial activities, this information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements provided in this document.

The City reports its annual financial statements in a required model format issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial statements, which follow the Management's Discussion and Analysis, provide these key financial highlights for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

- The total assets of the City exceed is total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the 2015 fiscal year by \$4,455,161 (Net Position). Of this amount, \$69,945 represents the unrestricted net position.
- The City's total net position decreased by \$190,030 during the year. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$166,315 and business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$356,345.
- The City's governmental fund balance, a measure of current financial resources, increased in the governmental funds by \$157,937 to a June 30, 2015 fund balance of \$450,862. Of that balance \$14,031 is restricted, \$157,211 is assigned, and \$38,755 is non-spendable, leaving a \$240,865 unrestricted balance. Unrestricted fund balance is available to the City for general operations.
- The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance shows that the General Fund revenues were exceeded by expenditures by \$157,937.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's financial report includes the activities of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-wide Statements**

The **government-wide** financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Grand Rivers's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business and, accordingly, to provide information about the City as a whole, presenting both an aggregate current view of the City's finances and longer-term view of those assets. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental fund, these statements reflect how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The major fund financial statements also display the City's most significant funds.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents financial information on all of the City's assets/deferred outlfows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that are expected to result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public works, cemetery, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, and internet. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-11 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into the following categories - **governmental** funds and **proprietary** funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, and provide the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information reflects financial resources available in the near future to finance the City's programs.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental fund and governmental activities.

The City of Grand Rivers maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and Tourism Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 12-15.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customers; either outside customers, or internal units/divisions of the City. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City of Grand Rivers maintains the following type of proprietary funds:

**Enterprise funds** are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer and internet operations.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund and Sewer Fund since both are considered to be major funds of the City. Because the Internet Fund is the only remaining enterprise fund, it is being presented as a major fund even though it does not meet the criteria of a major fund established in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-18 of this report.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-35 of this report.

#### **Supplementary Information**

In addition to basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budgetary comparison schedules as required. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 37-38 of this report. The City also reports supplemental information for combining non-major funds which can be found on pages 40 and 41 of this report.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE CITY'S FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The government-wide financial statements report that during the year ending June 30, 2015, the City received \$26,991 in operating and capital grants. Revenue from taxes and charges for services were \$351,630 and \$1,068,789 respectively. Expenses directly related to programs offered by the City were \$1,776,156. The Statement of Activities reflects the current year loss of \$190,030.

- The fund financial statements report General fund revenues of \$280,168 while expenditures total \$316,733.
- Tourism revenue totaled \$191,760. Expenditures from the tourism fund were \$234,677.
- The other governmental funds generated revenues of \$45,338 and incurred expenditures of \$122,893.

#### CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY'S NET POSITION

Assets:	2015	2014							
Current and other assets	\$ 1,253,333	\$ 812,340							
Noncurrent assets, net	5,929,073	5,394,470							
Total Assets	7,182,406	6,206,810							
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Long-term liabilities	933,150	826,229							
Other liabilities	1,787,440	768,390							
Total Liabilities	2,720,590	1,594,619							
Deferred inflows of resources	6,655								
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,727,245	1,594,619							
Net Position:									
Invested in capital assets net of related debt	3,776,613	4,045,578							
Restricted	608,603	79,877							
Unrestricted	69,945	486,736							
Total Net Position	\$ <u>4,455,161</u>	\$ <u>4,612,191</u>							
CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY									
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	N								
	2015	2014							
Revenues									
Program revenues:	<b>.</b>								
Charges for services	\$ 1,068,789	\$ 1,030,877							
Grants and contributions	26,991	52,451							
General revenues: Taxes	351,630	387,492							
Other	138,126	189,868							
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	-	-							
Investment earnings	590	286							
Total revenues	1,586,126	1,660,974							
Expenses	260 601	260 110							
General government	269,681	368,110 141							
Public safety Public works	77,730	141							
Culture and recreation	277,968	205,335							
Cemetery	4,573	-							
Interest expense	16,615	15,849							
Business-type activities	1,129,589	1,009,847							
Total Expenses	1,776,156	1,599,282							
Change in net position	(190,030)	61,692							
Net position - beginning, restated	4,645,191	4,550,499							
Net position - ending	\$ <u>4,455,161</u>	\$_4,612,191							

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original and final General Fund budget passed by the city council anticipated no increase or decrease in the general fund balance. The budgeted revenue exceeded actual revenue received by \$55,482 in the general fund. Budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures by \$18,917. The budgetary figures and actual amounts are reported in the supplementary information on page 37.

The original and final Tourism Fund budget passed by the council anticipated no increase or decrease in the tourism fund balance. The actual revenue exceeded budgeted revenue received by \$16,606 in the tourism fund. Actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures by \$59,523. The budgetary figures and actual amounts are reported in the supplementary information on page 38.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2015 was \$2,020,743. The City's investment in capital assets for its business-type activities was of June 30, 2015 was \$3,908,330. This investment includes land, buildings, vehicles and equipment, net of depreciation and debt used to acquire the assets. The City acquired various assets during the year totaling \$822,350. Carrying values of the City's capital assets are as follows:

Governmental activities:	2015	2014
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		
Land	\$ <u>265,350</u>	\$ <u>265,350</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	265,350	265,350
Capital assets, being depreciated (net):		
Infrastructure	163,552	175,757
Buildings and improvements	781,692	753,794
Land improvements	740,933	793,173
Furnishings and fixtures	66,034	74,240
Vehicles	3,182	3,642
Total capital assets, being depreciated (net)	1,755,393	1,800,606
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>2,020,743</u>	\$ <u>2,065,956</u>
Business-type activities:		
Business-type activities:	2015	2014
Business-type activities:  Capital assets, not being depreciated:		2014
Capital assets, not being depreciated:  Land	2015 \$ 3,561	2014 \$ 3,561
Capital assets, not being depreciated:  Land  Construction in progress	\$ 3,561 1,080,061	\$ 3,561 504,805
Capital assets, not being depreciated:  Land	\$ 3,561	\$ 3,561
Capital assets, not being depreciated:  Land  Construction in progress  Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 3,561 1,080,061	\$ 3,561 504,805
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated:	\$ 3,561 1,080,061 1,083,622	\$ 3,561 504,805 508,366
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements	\$ 3,561 1,080,061 1,083,622 2,678,903	\$ 3,561 504,805 508,366 2,644,452
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 3,561 1,080,061 1,083,622 2,678,903 119,169	\$ 3,561 504,805 508,366 2,644,452 139,014
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Vehicles	\$ 3,561 1,080,061 1,083,622 2,678,903 119,169 26,636	\$ 3,561 504,805 508,366 2,644,452 139,014 36,682
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 3,561 1,080,061 1,083,622 2,678,903 119,169	\$ 3,561 504,805 508,366 2,644,452 139,014

#### Long-term and other debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had a total outstanding debt for the governmental and business-type activities of \$402,045 and \$1,743,760 respectively. The debt is related to equipment and improvements to existing capital assets. The City acquired new debt in the current fiscal year in the form of long-term loan from First Kentucky Bank to cover costs of waterline replacement and water tank repairs. The City currently in the process of making draws on a loan with First Kentucky Bank to finance the community center upgrades. As of June 30, 2015, \$19,358 of the allotted \$80,000 had been received. The City is in the process of building a new sewer plant using funds provided through the USDA in the form of RUS Loans and RUS Grants, as well as, CDBG Grants. As of June 30, 2015, \$1,067,000 of the \$4,729,000 has been received from the USDA. During the next fiscal year the general fund amount due is \$43,598 and the remainder is scheduled to be paid out in 2025. Interest expense for 2015 was \$16,615. The proprietary fund debt is payable from charges for water and sewer services. The amount due during the next fiscal year for proprietary fund debt is \$82,699 and the remainder is scheduled to be paid out in 2035. Interest expense paid by the proprietary funds for 2015 was \$13,109.

#### **REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designated to provide a general overview of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions or requests for additional information may be addressed to Tom Moodie, Mayor, City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky - 122 W Cumberland Ave, Grand Rivers, KY 42045.

## CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash equivalents	\$ 438,450	\$ -	\$ 438,450
Investments	5,327	-	5,327
Accounts receivable (net):	•		·
Fees and services	-	100,907	100,907
Taxes	25,561	-	25,561
Other	3,557	-	3,557
Inventory	-	57,000	57,000
Prepaid expenses	8,032	5,896	13,928
Restricted assets:			
Cash equivalents	20,449	563,849	584,298
Investments	24,305		24,305
Total Current Assets	525,681	727,652	1,253,333
Noncurrent Assets:			
Land and construction in progress	265,350	1,083,622	1,348,972
Depreciable capital assets, net of depreciation	1,755,393	2,824,708	4,580,101
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,020,743	3,908,330	5,929,073
Total Assets	2,546,424	4,635,982	7,182,406
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	72,185	454,447	526,632
Meter deposits payable	-	23,688	23,688
Accrued interest	3,527	4,696	8,223
Taxes withheld and accrued	1,470	6,018	7,488
Accrued employee benefits	498	6,586	7,084
Accrued payroll	666	1,004	1,670
Interim financing	19,358	1,067,000	1,086,358
Long-term debt due in one year	43,598	82,699	126,297
Total Current Liabilities	141,302	1,646,138	1,787,440
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term debt due after one year	339,089	594,061	933,150
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	339,089	594,061	933,150
Total Liabilities	480,391	2,240,199	2,720,590

## CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resource</b>			
Premium on debt		6,655	6,655
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,655	6,655
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,618,698	2,157,915	3,776,613
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	-	532,804	532,804
Debt service	14,031	31,045	45,076
Cemetery fund	30,723	-	30,723
Unrestricted	402,581	(332,636)	69,945
Total Net Position	\$ 2,066,033	\$ 2,389,128	\$ 4,455,161

### CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		<u> </u>	OI	CIHE LEA	IV IN	IDED JUL	1L	30, 2013								
									Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
					0	norotina		Conital	Pri		Primary Government					
				Charges for		perating rants and		Capital Grants and			Sovernmental Busines					
F		Γ	,	•			,									T-4-1
Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Services	Cor	ntributions		Contributions	_	Activities	_	Activities	_	Total		
Primary Government																
Governmental activities																
General government	\$	269,681	\$	-	\$	9,451	\$	-	\$	(260,230)	\$	-	\$	(260,230)		
Culture and recreation		277,968		-		8,880		-		(269,088)		-		(269,088)		
Public works		77,730		-		8,660		-		(69,070)		-		(69,070)		
Cemetery maintenance		4,573		-		-		-		(4,573)		-		(4,573)		
Interest on long-term debt	_	16,615	_	-		-	_	-	_	(16,615)	_			(16,615)		
Total governmental activities		646,567	_	-		26,991	_	-		(619,576)				(619,576)		
Business-type activities																
Water system		740,814		577,453		-		-		-		(163,361)		(163,361)		
Sewer system		339,098		462,119		-		-		-		123,021		123,021		
Internet		49,677		29,217		-	_	-				(20,460)		(20,460)		
Total business-type activities		1,129,589	_	1,068,789		-	_	-				(60,800)		(60,800)		
Total Primary Government	\$	1,776,156	\$	1,068,789	\$	26,991	\$	-		(619,576)		(60,800)		(680,376)		
<b>General Revenues and Transfers</b>	_		_				_									
Taxes:																
Property taxes										174,542		_		174,542		
Tourism tax										134,300		_		134,300		
Other taxes										39,416		-		39,416		
Franchise tax										3,372		-		3,372		
Miscellaneous										82,728		-		82,728		
Rental income										50,648		-		50,648		
Cemetery										4,750		-		4,750		
Interest income										519		71		590		
Transfers										295,616		(295,616)		-		
Total General Revenues and T	ransi	fers								785,891		(295,545)		490,346		
<b>Change in Net Position</b>										166,315		(356,345)		(190,030)		
Net Position at Beginning of Year										1,899,718		2,712,473		4,612,191		
Prior period adjustments (See Note 13)												33,000		33,000		
Net Position at End of Year									\$	2,066,033	\$	2,389,128	\$	4,455,161		

## CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		General		Tourism		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash equivalents	\$	266,820	\$	171,330	\$	300	\$	438,450
Investments		-		-		5,327		5,327
Accounts Receivable:		005		24.676				25.5(1
Taxes Other receivables		885 3,557		24,676		-		25,561
Prepaid expenses		8,032		-		-		3,557 8,032
Restricted assets:		8,032		-		-		0,032
Cash equivalents		14,031		_		6,418		20,449
Investments		-		_		24,305		24,305
			_		_		_	_
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	293,325	\$	196,006	\$	36,350	\$	525,681
<b>Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>								
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	7,987	\$	37,909	\$	26,289	\$	72,185
Taxes withheld and accrued		765		592		113		1,470
Accrued payroll		372		294		-		666
Accrued employee benefits		498				-		498
Total Liabilities		9,622		38,795		26,402		74,819
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable:		0.022						0.022
Prepaid expenses		8,032		-		- 20.722		8,032
Cemetery Restricted for:		-		-		30,723		30,723
Debt service		14,031				_		14,031
Assigned for:		14,031		-		-		14,031
Tourism fund		_		157,211		-		157,211
Unassigned:		261,640		-		(20,775)		240,865
Total Fund Balances		283,703		157,211		9,948		450,862
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	293,325	\$	196,006	\$	36,350	\$	525,681

## CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

#### **Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds**

\$ 450,862

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet:

Governmental capital assets	\$ 3,269,055	
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,248,312)	2,020,743

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Accrued interest payable	(3,527)	
Interim financing	(19,358)	
Debt due within one year	(43,598)	
Debt due after one year	(339,089)	(405,572)

#### **Net Position of Governmental Activities**

\$ 2,066,033

# CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		General		Tourism		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues					<u> </u>			
Taxes:	ф	154540	ф		Ф		Ф	174.540
Property	\$	174,542	\$	-	\$	-	\$	174,542
Tourism		- 20 416		134,300		-		134,300
Other		39,416		-		-		39,416
Franchise Miscellaneous		3,372 53,271		4,432		25,025		3,372 82,728
Rental income		33,2/1		4,432		6,500		50,648
Intergovernmental		9,451		8,880		8,660		26,991
Cemetery		- -		- 0,000		4,750		4,750
Investment income		116		_		403		519
Total Revenues		280,168		191,760		45,338		517,266
Expenditures Current:		151 750						151 750
General government		151,759		150,000		- 00.005		151,759
Culture and recreation Public works		45,335 69,070		150,009		80,985 8,660		276,329
Cemetery maintenance		69,070		-		3,138		77,730 3,138
Debt service		48,902		40,660		5,136		89,562
Capital outlay		1,667		44,008		30,110		75,785
Total Expenditures		316,733		234,677		122,893		674,303
E (Deficience) of December		·				_		_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(36,565)		(42,917)		(77,555)		(157,037)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Long-term debt issued		-		-		19,358		19,358
Transfers in		271,764		4,072		19,780		295,616
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		271,764		4,072		39,138		314,974
Net Change in Fund Balances		235,199		(38,845)		(38,417)		157,937
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		6,786		196,056		90,083		292,925
Prior period adjustments (See Note 13)		41,718				(41,718)		-
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	283,703	\$	157,211	\$	9,948	\$	450,862

# CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$	157,937
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:		
Expenditures for capital assets \$ 75,7	85	
Less current year depreciation (120,9)	<u>98)</u>	(45,213)
Governmental funds report debt proceeds as income. However, debt proceeds do not affect net position in the government-wide Statement of Activities.		(19,358)
Principal payments of debt require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, principal payments of debt do not affect net position in the government-wide		
Statement of Activities.		76,476
Accrued interest payments on debt do not require the use of current financial resources. The change in accrued interest is reported as an expenditure in the		(2.527)
government-wide statement of activities.	_	(3,527)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	166,315

## CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities								
		Enterpri	se Funds						
	Water	Sewer	Internet Nonmajor Fund	Total					
<u>ASSETS</u>									
Current Assets									
Receivables (net allowance of doubtful									
accounts of \$4,982)	56,259	42,550	2,098	100,907					
Inventory	47,310	9,690	-	57,000					
Prepaid expenses Restricted assets:	3,273	2,623	-	5,896					
Cash equivalents	31,045	532,804	_	563,849					
Total Current Assets			2,008						
	137,887	587,667	2,098	727,652					
Noncurrent Assets  Land and work in progress	5,309	1,078,313	_	1,083,622					
Depreciable capital assets, net	1,647,559	1,150,609	26,540	2,824,708					
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,652,868	2,228,922	26,540	3,908,330					
Total Assets	1,790,755	2,816,589	28,638	4,635,982					
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities									
Accounts payable	31,844	421,243	1,360	454,447					
Meter deposits payable	23,688	_	-	23,688					
Accrued employee benefits	4,174	2,412	-	6,586					
Taxes withheld and accrued	3,653	2,365	-	6,018					
Accrued interest payable	4,696	-	-	4,696					
Accrued payroll	587	417	-	1,004					
Interim financing	- 72 (00	1,067,000	-	1,067,000					
Long-term debt due in one year	73,600	9,099		82,699					
Total Current Liabilities	142,242	1,502,536	1,360	1,646,138					
Noncurrent Liabilities									
Long-term debt due after one year	582,410	11,651		594,061					
Total Liabilities	724,652	1,514,187	1,360	2,240,199					
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>									
Premium on debt	6,655			6,655					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,655			6,655					
<b>NET POSITION</b>									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	990,203	1,141,172	26,540	2,157,915					
Restricted for debt service	31,045	-	-	31,045					
Restricted for capital projects	-	532,804	-	532,804					
Unrestricted	38,200	(371,574)	738	(332,636)					
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 1,059,448</u>	<u>\$ 1,302,402</u>	<u>\$ 27,278</u>	\$ 2,389,128					

# CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Business-type	Activities
Enterprise	Funda

	Enterprise Funds						
	Internet						
	Water	Sewer	Nonmajor Fund	Total			
O	- vv atci	Sewei	Tund	Total			
Operating Revenues	Ф <i>577 45</i> 2	Φ 4 <b>62</b> 110	e 20.217	Ф 1 0 <i>C</i> 0 <b>7</b> 00			
Charges for services	\$ 577,453	\$ 462,119	\$ 29,217	\$ 1,068,789			
Total Operating Revenues	577,453	462,119	29,217	1,068,789			
Operating Expenses							
Purchased Water	259,793	-	-	259,793			
Repairs and maintenance	174,396	36,389	6,988	217,773			
Salaries and wages	105,330	77,000	-	182,330			
Depreciation	91,490	70,902	4,356	166,748			
Contracted services	15,854	17,293	38,333	71,480			
Materials and supplies	3,720	43,138	-	46,858			
Utilities	13,906	31,580	-	45,486			
Employee benefits	18,979	20,168	-	39,147			
Insurance	15,489	10,839	-	26,328			
Taxes	8,856	7,775	-	16,631			
Professional	6,733	6,474	-	13,207			
Gasoline, oil and grease	6,035	3,431	-	9,466			
Miscellaneous	2,895	6,438	-	9,333			
Office supplies	943	5,568	-	6,511			
Uniforms	2,096	1,824	-	3,920			
Advertising	1,469			1,469			
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	727,984	338,819	49,677	1,116,480			
<b>Income (Loss) from Operations</b>	(150,531)	123,300	(20,460)	(47,691)			
<b>Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)</b>							
Interest income	71	-	-	71			
Interest expense	(12,830)	(279)		(13,109)			
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(12,759)	(279)		(13,038)			
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(163,290)	123,021	(20,460)	(60,729)			
Transfers (out)	(57,671)	(312,214)	_	(369,885)			
Transfers in			74,269	74,269			
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	(220,961)	(189,193)	53,809	(356,345)			
Net Position at Beginning of Year	1,253,099	1,485,905	(26,531)	2,712,473			
Prior period adjustment (See Note 13)	27,310	5,690		33,000			
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 1,059,448	\$ 1,302,402	\$ 27,278	\$ 2,389,128			

## CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Business-type	Activities
Enternrise	Funds

				Enterpri	se ru	nas		
						Internet Ionmajor		
		Water	_	Sewer		Fund		Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities  Cash received from customers  Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$	588,919 (500,844)	\$	468,573 (167,777)	\$	30,180 (45,162)	\$	1,087,672 (713,783)
Cash payments to employees for services  Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		(129,393) (41,318)		(101,702) 199,094	-	(14,982)		(231,095) 142,794
`		(41,310)		199,094		(14,702)		142,794
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities  Transfers in		_		_		74,270		74,270
Transfers out		(57,671)		(312,214)		-		(369,885)
Net (increase) decrease in amounts due from other funds		81,117		-		-		81,117
Net (decrease) increase in amounts due to other funds		-				(59,288)		(59,288)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing		22.116		(212.21.1)		4.4.000		(272.70.6)
Activities		23,446		(312,214)		14,982		(273,786)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		2.000		4 0 6 7 0 0 0				1 220 000
Proceeds from debt		263,000		1,067,000		-		1,330,000
Principal paid on debt Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(70,964) (169,643)		(396,525) (172,212)		-		(467,489) (341,855)
Interest paid on debt		(9,158)		(279)		-		(9,437)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related		(2,122)	_	(= , , )				(= , == , )
Financing Activities		13,235		497,984		-		511,219
Cash Flows from Investing Activities								
Income received on investments		71		_		_		71
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities		71		-		-		71
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash Equivalents		(4,566)		384,864		_		380,298
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		35,611		147,940				183,551
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	31,045	\$	532,804	\$		\$	563,849
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	\$	(150,531)	\$	123,300	\$	(20,460)	\$	(47,691)
provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization  Change in assets and liabilities		91,490		70,902		4,356		166,748
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		7,007		6,454		963		14,424
Decrease (increase) in prepayments		7,448		4,834		-		12,282
Decrease (increase) in inventory		-		-		-		-
Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows of resources Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(4,963)		(9,637)		159		(14,441)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		8,231		3,241		-		11,472
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		-		-		_		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	(41,318)	\$	199,094	\$	(14,982)	\$	142,794
Reconciliation of Total Cash								
Current assets - cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted assets - cash Total cash	•	31,045 31,045	•	532,804	•		•	563,849
Total Casii	Þ	31,043	Ф	532,804	Ф		Ф	303,849

Non-Cash Investing, Capital and Related Financing Activities - none

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky (the City) operates under a Mayor/Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized: public works (streets and highways), culture and recreation, water distribution, wastewater treatment, cemetery maintenance, health and welfare, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units* and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). The City follows GASB pronouncements as codified under GASB 62. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below:

#### A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky operates under a Mayor/Council form of government. The City has adhered to the standards set forth in Statement No. 14 as amended by Statement No. 61 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board in reporting the primary government (including blended component units), discretely presented component units, the reporting entity and related relationships with the City. There are no organizations to be included in the reporting entity.

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information for the City as a whole. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. The City has presented the following major governmental funds:

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

#### Tourism Fund

The Tourism fund accounts for the collection of hotel/motel and restaurant taxes. These revenues are to be used to promote tourism activities in the Grand Rivers area.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives are determinations of net income, financial position and cash flow. All assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Position. The City has presented the following major proprietary funds:

#### Water Fund

The Water Fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, water treatment, and distribution infrastructure additions and maintenance. The department accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for water system debt. All fund costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure the financial integrity of the fund.

#### Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund is used to account for the provision of sewer services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, wastewater treatment and collection, infrastructure additions and maintenance. The fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for sewer system debt. All fund costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure the financial integrity of the fund.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the costs of personnel and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e. when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Franchise and other taxes are considered available and are, therefore, recognized as revenues even though a portion of taxes may be collected in the subsequent year. Intergovernmental revenues received as reimbursements for specific purposes or projects are recognized based upon expenditures recorded. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and all liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, including unbilled water, sewer and internet services which are accrued. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include: (1) timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, (2) matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and (3) expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

#### D. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, and proprietary funds. Non-major governmental funds are not budgeted.

Prior to June 1 of each year, the Mayor submits a proposed budget to the City Council for the year commencing the following July1. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and request appropriations for the next fiscal year. The City Council holds public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to June 30 of each year, the City Council approves the budget by majority vote.

As required by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS) 91A.030 (2), formal budgetary integration is employed as a management device during the year for the General Fund, and Proprietary Funds. Total expenditures for a fund legally may not exceed the total appropriations as required by KRS 91A.030 (13).

Budget amendments, as allowed by ordinance, require majority approval by the City Council. There were no amendments to the original adopted budget for year ended June 30, 2015.

#### E. Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts of the City. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit, or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments include certificates of deposit reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Investments also include short-term pooled municipal guaranteed securities which are valued at market value. In accordance with GASB Statement 31, quoted market price was used to determine the fair value of investments. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Note 3.

#### F. Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. The major receivable balance for the governmental activities normally include taxpayer assessed revenues. Business-type activities report customer utility usages as their major receivable.

#### **G.** Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City established an allowance for doubtful accounts based off of past collection history. The City has determined that a fair estimate for uncollectible accounts is 4.8% of outstanding receivables.

#### H. Inventory

Material and supply inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventories consist of expendable supplies and replacement parts. Adjustments are made to cost of goods sold at year-end when physical counts are performed on inventory items.

#### I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2015 are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items recorded in the governmental funds are reflected as nonspendable fund balance.

#### J. Restricted Assets

The restricted funds have been handled in accordance with the provisions of the various proprietary fund revenue bond resolutions, loan agreements, or by state or federal laws and regulations. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

#### K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Assets capitalized, not including infrastructure assets, have an original cost of \$500 or more and over three years of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and Infrastructure 35-50 years
Land Improvements 10-35 years
Utility Plant 50 years
Machinery and Equipment 5-10 years
Furniture and Fixtures 5-10 years
Vehicles 5-7 years

The City has elected not to retroactively report general infrastructure assets purchased prior to July 1, 2003.

#### L. Postemployment Benefits

Postemployment benefits are those received by employees after termination of employment. The City provides no such benefits.

#### M. Compensated Absences

The City accrues vacation leave benefits as earned by its employees at June 30. Paid time off is earned for the year on January 1 and any unused time at December 31 is forfeited. These benefits are measured using the pay rates in effect at June 30, 2015. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements.

#### N. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of lease, note and bond obligations payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Debt issuance costs on long-term debt are amortized over the life of the bond issues using the straight-line method.

#### O. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

**Deferred Outflows of Resources:** In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applied to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category

**Deferred Inflows of Resources:** In additional to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

Deferred inflows related to premium on refinancing of debt is reported in the Water Fund. The City incurred a premium when refinancing their debt with Kentucky Rural Water. The balance as of June 30, 2015 was \$6,654 and will be amortized against interest expense over the remaining life of the loan.

#### P. Bond Discounts/Issuance Costs

Bond discounts and issuance costs on long-term debt are deferred and charged as nonoperating expense over the terms of the related issues.

#### Q. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both governmental and proprietary funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

#### R. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### S. Pensions

The City contributes to a Simple IRA plan for all eligible employees. The City will contribute a matching contribution to each eligible employee's Simple IRA equal to the employee's salary reduction contributions up to a limit of 3% of the employee's compensation for the calendar year. The plan is administered by Edward Jones and is established under Section 408(p) of the Internal Revenue Code. The City contributed \$4,393 to employee Simple IRA accounts for the year ending June 30, 2015.

#### T. Net Position

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components.

- Net investment in capital assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets net of unspent financing proceeds.
- **Restricted net position** Net position with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The City has implemented GASB No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the contraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The City establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by voting. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the City through adoption or amendment of the budget which is intended for specific purposes (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes). The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending contraints:

- **Nonspendable fund balance** amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted fund balance** amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Commission itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent
  can be expressed by the City or by an official or body to which the City delegates the
  authority.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the city would first use committed then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

#### **U.** Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements

#### GASB Statement No. 69

GASB Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operation, was issued January 2013. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2013. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. As used in this Statement, the term government combinations includes a variety of transactions referred to as mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations.

#### GASB Statement No. 70

GASB Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees, was issued April 2013. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2013. This Statement will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring consistent reporting by those governments that extend nonexchange guarantees and by those governments that receive nonexchange guarantees.

#### V. Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated subsequent events through February 14, 2017, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

The City is in the process of two projects: the building of the new sewer plant and Koon Road lift station elevation. These projects are being funded through United Stated Department of Agriculture(USDA) Rural Development and Community Development Block Grants (CDBG). Over the next two years the City will receive funds totaling \$9,250,000. These funds consist of RUS Loans for \$4,729,000, RUS Grants for \$3,313,000, and CDBG grants for \$1,208,000.

As of June 30, 2015, the City is currently in the process of renovating the Community Center. To fund this project the City has a loan agreement with First Kentucky Bank for \$80,000. As of June 30, 2015, the City has drawn \$19,358 on this loan.

#### 2. LEGAL COMPLIANCE

#### **Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds**

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures and other financing uses over budget for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Tourism Fund \$ 59,523 Due to underbudgeted capital outlay.

The expenditures were due mainly to underbudgeted capital outlay. Fund equity and other financial sources were sufficient to offset the over expenditures in the Tourism Funds.

#### **Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position**

No funds had a deficit fund balance or deficit net position during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015.

#### 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### A. Statement of Net Position Cash Presentation

The captions on the statement of net position for cash, investments, and restricted assets enumerated as to deposits and investments and the amounts in total are as follows:

	Cash on Hand		Cash on Hand Deposits		Deposits		Deposits Invest		vestments	 Total
Cash equivalents	\$	300	\$	438,150	\$	-	\$ 438,450			
Investments		-		5,327		-	5,327			
Restricted assets:										
Cash equivalents		-		584,298		-	584,298			
Investments		-		24,305		-	24,305			
Total	\$	300	\$	1,052,080	\$	-	\$ 1,052,380			

#### B. Deposits

At year end, the carrying amount of the City's demand deposits and certificates of deposit was \$1,052,380 and the bank balance was \$1,086,080. These demand deposits and certificates of deposit were held in various financial institutions. Of the bank balance \$330,594 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$755,486 was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution's agent or trust department in the City's name.

#### C. Investments

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the City to invest in interest-bearing and demand deposits in national or state charted banks and insured by an agency of the U.S. Government. The City can also invest in U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The City doesn't not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Credit Risk and Custodial Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that a government will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party if the counterparty to the transaction fails.

#### Concentrations of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City does not place any limit on the amount that may be invested with one issuer.

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Investment	Maturities	F	air Value
Certificates of Deposit:			
Community Center Fund			
US Bank	12/12/2015	\$	5,327
Cemetery Fund			
US Bank	7/14/2016		4,612
US Bank	12/7/2016		1,000
US Bank	7/26/2016		6,150
US Bank	7/13/2015		4,918
US Bank	10/16/2016		4,623
US Bank	1/4/2016		1,000
US Bank	1/4/2016		4,300
US Bank	8/13/2015		1,500
US Bank	12/8/2016		1,500
US Bank	9/12/2016		1,120
Total Investments		\$	36,050

#### 4. PROPERTY TAX

The City bills and collects its own property taxes. The City elects to use the annual property assessment prepared by Livingston County as its base to apply the property tax rate. According to Kentucky Revised Statutes, the assessment date for the City must conform to the assessment date of Livingston County, and the annual increase in the property tax levy cannot exceed 4%. For the year ending June 30, 2015, taxes were levied on July 1 and payable on December 31. The tax rate was \$0.250 per \$100 of assessed valuation for motor vehicles, \$0.229 per \$100 of assessed valuation of real property, and \$0.6084 per \$100 of assessed valuation of tangible personal property. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables in accordance with GASB Statement 1, "Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes".

#### 5. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restrictions imposed by external sources are shown as restricted net position on the government-wide financial statements. The following restrictions apply to the General, Cemetery, Water, and Sewer Funds as of June 30, 2015.

Cemetery Fund	\$ 30,723
Debt Requirement Restricted Assets	
General - Bond reserve funds	14,031
Water - Bond reserve funds	31,045
Capital Projects Restricted Assets	
Sewer - Capital project	 532,804
Total	\$ 608,603

#### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

#### **Governmental Activities**

A summary of capital assets at June 30, 2015 for governmental activities follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 265,350	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 265,350
Total capital assets not being depreciated	265,350			265,350
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	221,020	-	-	221,020
Land improvements	1,299,221	-	=	1,299,221
Buildings	1,221,517	68,135	=	1,289,652
Furnishings and fixtures	181,562	7,650	=	189,212
Vehicles	4,600			4,600
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,927,920	75,785		3,003,705
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(45,263)	(12,205)	=	(57,468)
Land improvements	(506,048)	(52,240)	=	(558,288)
Buildings	(467,723)	(40,237)	=	(507,960)
Furnishings and fixtures	(107,322)	(15,856)	=	(123,178)
Vehicles	(958)	(460)		(1,418)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,127,314)	(120,998)		(1,248,312)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,800,606	(45,213)		1,755,393
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,065,956	\$ (45,213)	\$ -	\$ 2,020,743

#### **Business-type Activities**

A summary of property, plant and equipment at June 30, 2015 for business-type activities follows:

	Beginning					Ending
	Balance		Increases	Decreases		Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 3,561	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,561
Construction in progress	 504,805		575,256	-		1,080,061
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 508,366		575,256	-		1,083,622
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	5,011,640		158,515	-		5,170,155
Machinery and equipment	415,424		12,794	-		428,218
Vehicles	 131,725			-		131,725
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,558,789		171,309	-		5,730,098
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	(2,367,189)		(124,063)	-		(2,491,252)
Machinery and equipment	(276,409)		(32,640)	-		(309,049)
Vehicles	 (95,044)		(10,045)	-		(105,089)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,738,642)		(166,748)	-		(2,905,390)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,820,147		4,561	-		2,824,708
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,328,513	\$	579,817	\$ -	\$	3,908,330
	 ,	- 1			a 11	_

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

\$ 117,924
1,639
1,435
\$ 120,998

Business-type activities:

Water	\$ 91,490
Sewer	70,902
Internet	 4,356
Total depreciation expense - business type activities	\$ 166,748

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. There were no claims in excess of insurance coverage levels during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The City also did not have any claims in excess of insurance coverage levels for the prior three years. All other risks of loss are covered by commercial insurance purchased through private carriers. With regard to the insurance coverage provided by private carriers, there were no significant changes in insurance coverage for the prior three years.

#### 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

The City's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

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#### Governmental Activities

As of June 30, 2015, the governmental long-term debt consisted of the following:

Current portion general	o	oliga	tion	bond	ls and	l notes
Rand abligation						

Bond obligations	Ф	23,000
Note obligations		18,598
Total current portion		43,598
Noncurrent portion general obligation bonds and notes:		
Bond obligations		165,000
Note obligations		174,089
Total noncurrent portion		339,089
Total General Bond and Note Obligations	\$	382,687

#### General Bonds Payable

The City entered into a leasing agreement on March 29, 2012, with the Kentucky Bond Corporation to help finance storm damage expenses. The original amount advanced was \$255,000. The lease agreement requires monthly payments including principal, interest, and fees to be made to a sinking fund beginning May 1, 2012 (the monthly payments vary and range from \$2,625 to \$3,168). The last scheduled payments is February 1, 2022. The lease agreement provides financing rates that range from 2.5% to 3.25%. The lease is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2015, is \$190,000. The lease financed various cleanup and asset improvement projects.

#### General Notes Payable

<u>First Kentucky Bank</u> - The City entered into an agreement on June 27, 2007, with First Kentucky Bank for \$125,250 to finance various projects. Monthly payments of \$1,368 including principal and interest of 5.55%. The note was paid in full November 2014.

The City (Grand Rivers Tourist Commission) entered into an agreement on December 1, 2006, with First Kentucky Bank to help finance the Badgett Playhouse building at a variable interest rate. This loan consolidated two initial construction advances of \$200,000 and \$150,000. The note has a variable financing rate after the first ten year. The current rate is 3.375%. The note matures in 2026 and is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2015 is \$192,687.

#### General Interim Financing

<u>First Kentucky Bank</u> - The City entered into an agreement with First Kentucky Bank to finance improvements to the community center. The agreement was entered into on June 16, 2015, with an available amount of \$80,000 with an interest rate of 4.49%. As of June 30, 2015 the City has taken draws totaling \$19,353 and expects to draw the remaining funds in the next fiscal year.

#### Business-Type Activities

As of June 30, 2015, the leases and notes payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

Current portion proprietary leases, notes and bonds:	
Lease obligations	\$ 18,419
Note obligations	14,280
Bond obligations	 50,000
Total current portion	 82,699
Noncurrent portion proprietary leases, notes, and bonds	
Lease obligations	23,301
Note obligations	250,760
Bond obligations	 320,000
Total noncurrent portion	 594,061
Total Proprietary Lease, Note, and Bond Obligations	\$ 676,760

#### Proprietary Leases

National Rural Water Association - The City entered into a leasing agreement on December 19, 2001, with the Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation Area Development Districts Financing Trust to finance water improvement projects at interest rates approximating 5% per annum. This agreement was refinanced on February 27, 2013 with lower interest rates of 2.3%-2.8%. The lease agreement requires monthly payments including principal and interest to be made to a sinking fund beginning April 2013 varying from \$4,712 to \$5,437. The last scheduled payment is January 2022. The lease is backed by full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2015, is \$370,000.

Kentucky League of Cities - The City entered into a leasing agreement on January 26, 2006, with Kentucky League of Cities to finance the acquisition of a backhoe. Monthly payments including principal and interest began march 1, 2006, and the final payments are due in 2016. The interest rate is approximately 3%. The principal balance at June 30, 2015, is \$4,403. The backhoe was originally financed for \$61,850. Lease amortization is included in depreciation with the total amount of depreciation taken as of June 30, 2015 of \$59,273 for a net book value of \$2,577 at June 30, 2015.

<u>Caterpillar Financial Services</u> - The City entered into a leasing agreement in November 2010, with Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation to finance the acquisition of an excavator. The lease calls for sixty-two monthly payments of \$222 including principal and interest. The principal balance at June 30, 2015, is \$3,304. The excavator was originally financed for \$47,068. Lease amortization is included in depreciation with the total amount of depreciation taken as of June 30, 2015 of \$21,965 for a net book value of \$25,103 at June 30, 2015.

#### Proprietary Notes Payable

National Rural Water Association - The City entered into a loan agreement on July 1, 2009, to finance the acquisition of a trencher. The original amount advanced was \$100,000. Monthly payments of \$966 including principal and interest began August 1, 2008, and continues for 119 months with a final payment of \$963 due July 1, 2019, at 3% per annum. The loan grants the lender a secured interest in the assets of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2015 is \$34,013.

<u>First Kentucky Bank</u> - The City entered into an agreement on October 19, 2010, with First Kentucky Bank to finance the purchase of a 2011 Ford F250 at an interest rate of 6.49%. Monthly payments of \$519 including principal and interest began July 27, 2007. The note matures June 27, 2017, and is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2015 is \$2,040.

<u>Kentucky Infrastructure Authority</u> - The City entered into a loan agreement with Kentucky Infrastructure Authority for \$263,000. The project consisted of Lake City waterline improvements and water tank repairs. The project was completed in June 2015. The loan calls for semi-annual payments due June 1 and December 1 with an interest rate of .75% and was financed over 20 years. As of June 30, 2015 the full amount of \$263,000 has been received with the first payment due December 1, 2015.

#### Proprietary Interim Financing

<u>First Kentucky Bank</u> - The City entered into a short term interim financing agreement with First Kentucky Bank to pay engineering costs associated with the sewer plant project. The interest rate is 4.49%. The total amount drawn was \$384,255 and was paid in full June 2015 with long-term financing monies received.

<u>Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation</u> - The City entered into an interim financing agreement with Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation to fund the new sewer plant project. The Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds' aggregate principal amount is \$4,729,000. As of June 30, 2015, the City has received \$1,067,000. This part of the project is being funded by a Rural Utilities Service's (RUS) loan not to exceed \$4,729,000.

#### 9. CHANGES IN GOVERNMENT-WIDE ACTIVITIES DEBT

A summary of changes in government-wide interim financing activities for the year ended June 30, 2015 follows:

	_	Balance June 30, 2014		Proceeds	 etirement/		Balance June 30, 2015
Governmental Activities Interim financing: 1st Kentucky Bank - Community							
Center	\$		\$_	19,358	\$ 	\$_	19,358
Total Governmental Activities			_	19,358			19,358
Business Type Activities Interim financing:							
Kentucky Rural Water Finance 1st Kentucky Bank		384,255		1,067,000	384,255		1,067,000
Total Business-Type Activities		384,255		1,067,000	 384,255		1,067,000
Total Primary Government	\$	384,255	\$	1,086,358	\$ 384,255	\$	1,086,358

A summary of changes in government-wide debt activities for the year ended June 30, 2015 follows:

		Balance June 30, 2014	]	Proceeds		etirement/		Balance June 30, 2015	(	Due in One Year
Governmental Activities										
Lease payable: Kentucky Bond Corporation	\$	215,000	\$		\$	25,000	\$	190,000	\$	25,000
Notes payable:	Ф	213,000	Ф	-	Ф	23,000	Ф	190,000	Ф	23,000
1st Kentucky Bank - Trails		17,434		_		17,434		_		_
1st Kentucky Bank - Tourism		227,529		_		34,842		192,687		18,598
•							_	<del></del>		
Total Governmental Activities		459,963				77,276	_	382,687		43,598
Business Type Activities Leases payable: Kentucky Rural Water	\$	420,000 10,086	\$	-	\$	50,000	\$	370,000	\$	50,000
Kentucky League of Cities Caterpillar Financial		14,506		_		5,683 11,202		4,403 3,304		4,403 3,304
Notes Payable: National Rural Water Assoc 1st Kentucky Bank		44,479 7,927		- - -		10,466 5,887		34,013 2,040		10,712 2,040
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority				263,000				263,000		12,240
Total Business-Type Activities		496,998		263,000		83,238	_	676,760		82,699
Total Primary Government	\$	956,961	\$	263,000	\$	160,514	\$	1,059,447	\$	126,297

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	 Principal		Interest		Total
2016	\$ 126,553	\$	23,223	\$	149,776
2017	112,030		21,238		133,268
2018	112,881		18,489		131,370
2019	107,977		15,798		123,775
2020	112,681		14,611		127,292
2021-2025	350,779		20,487		371,266
2026-2030	66,684		4,140		70,824
2031-2035	 69,862		1,540		71,402
Total	\$ 1,059,447	\$	119,526	\$	1,178,973

Total interest expensed for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Governmental activities	\$ 16,615
Business-type activities	 13,109
• •	\$ 29,724

#### 10. <u>LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES</u>

#### Litigation

The City is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation in which it is involved which would have a material effect on these financial statements.

#### **Contingencies**

The City participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The audits of these programs for or including the year ended June 30, 2015 have not yet been conducted. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date.

#### 11. **COMMITMENTS**

The City entered into a contract with WastePath Disposal and Recycling (Contractor) beginning May 15, 2014. The Contractor is to provide the collection and disposal of residential and commercial garbage. The Contractor is responsible for billing and collections. The Contractor has agreed to pay to the City a franchise fee of 7% of all fees collected to be paid quarterly.

The City entered into an agreement between the Grand Rivers Tourism Commission and Minihan Productions, LLC, to sublease the Badgett Playhouse. The initial agreement dated June 15, 2005, for 10 years, was renewed January 1, 2015 for an additional 10 years, through December 31, 2024. A sum of \$8,000 is due annually to be paid at a rate of 2% of gross receipts collected by Minihan until the amount is paid in full each year. Should the percentage be insufficient, a settlement is due within 30 days of the calendar yearend for the remaining balance.

The City entered into a contract with Williams Landscaping July 1, 2011 to provide mowing services for the City and Dixon Cemetery at a rate of \$3,390 per month. The terms of this contract ended July 1, 2015. At that time Williams Landscaping submitted a new bid. The new terms are \$4,625 per month for next 4 years.

The City entered into an agreement with Phillip and Brenda Colburn to sublease the land known as Lighthouse Landing. The most recent agreement was signed on January 1, 2005 for a term of 20 years. The annual lease is for \$8,800 to be paid in monthly installments.

### CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

#### 12. TRANSFERS AND INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/PAYABLE BALANCES

Transfers and payments within the reporting entity are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, or maintaining debt service on a routine basis. Resources are accumulated in a fund or component unit to support and simplify the administration of various projects or programs.

Primary government operating transfers at June 30, 2015 were:

	Transfers Out		Transfers In		Tra	ansfers Net
General Fund	\$	-	\$	271,764	\$	(271,764)
<b>Special Revenue Funds</b>						
Municipal Aid		24,058		-		24,058
Tourism		-		4,072		(4,072)
Cemetery		-		16,717		(16,717)
Community Center		-		30,883		(30,883)
LGEA		3,762		-		3,762
Business-type funds						
Water Fund		57,671		-		57,671
Sewer Fund		312,214		-		312,214
Internet Fund		-		74,269		(74,269)
Total	\$	397,705	\$	397,705	\$	-

#### 13. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Correction of an error

The City of Grand Rivers previously estimated water and sewer inventories at a value of \$20,000 and \$4,000. After a physical inventory count and analysis of maintenance and repairs it was determined that inventory has been understated in previous years. A prior period adjustment of \$27,310 to water and \$5,690 to sewer has been made to provide a more accurate reflection of inventory values.

The City of Grand Rivers previously allocated the general fund cash among funds. To more accurately depict the City's activities those funds are all shown in the General Fund for the year ending June 30, 2015. A prior period adjustment was made to transfer \$41,718, which was previously shown as cash in the Municipal Aid Fund to the General Fund.

The combined effect of the correction of an errors is below.

	General Fun	Municipal d Aid Fund
Net position July 1, 2014, as previously stated	\$ 6,78	6 \$ 65,776
Correction of an error - Cash allocation	41,71	<u>(41,718</u> )
Net position on July 1, 2014, restated	\$ 48,50	4 \$ 24,058
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund
Net position July 1, 2014, as previously stated	\$ 1,253,09	9 \$ 1,485,905
Correction of an error - Inventory value	27,31	0 5,690
Net position on July 1, 2014, restated	\$ 1,280,40	9 \$ 1,491,595



### CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY GENERAL FUND

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

<u>Revenues</u>	Original Budgeted	Final Budgeted	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Taxes				
Property	\$ 206,000	\$ 206,000	\$ 174,542	\$ (31,458)
Other	34,500	34,500	39,416	4,916
Franchise	8,000	8,000	3,372	(4,628)
Miscellaneous	72,050	72,050	53,271	(18,779)
Intergovernmental	15,000	15,000	9,451	(5,549)
Interest income	100	100	116	16
Total revenues	335,650	335,650	280,168	(55,482)
Expenditures				
General government	147,000	147,000	151,759	(4,759)
Public works	71,000	71,000	69,070	1,930
Culture and recreation	80,000	80,000	45,335	34,665
Debt service	37,650	37,650	48,902	(11,252)
Capital outlay		<b>-</b>	1,667	(1,667)
Total expenditures	335,650	335,650	316,733	18,917
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over <u>Expenditures</u>		- <del>-</del>	(36,565)	(36,565)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in(out)	_	_	271,764	271,764
Total other financing sources (uses)			271,764	271,764
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	235,199	\$ 235,199
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year			6,786	
Prior period adjustments (See Note 13)			41,718	
Fund Balances at End of Year			\$ 283,703	

# CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY TOURISM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Original Budgeted	_ <u>F</u>	Final Budgeted		Actual Amounts	Fin Fa	iance with al Budget avorable favorable)
Revenues	¢	121 020	Φ	121 020	<b>₽</b>	124 200	¢	12 270
Taxes Rental income	\$	121,930	\$	121,930	\$	134,300	\$	12,370
		50,700 2,500		50,700 2,500		44,148 8,880		(6,552) 6,380
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous		2,300		2,300		4,432		4,408
Investment income		2 <del>4</del>		∠ <del>4</del>		4,432		4,400
Total revenues		175,154		175,154		191,760		16,606
Expenditures								_
Culture and recreation		131,054		131,054		150,009		(18,955)
Capital outlay				_		44,008		(44,008)
Debt service:		44,100		44,100		40,660		3,440
Total expenditures		175,154		175,154	_	234,677		(59,523)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over <u>Expenditures</u>		-		-		(42,917)		(42,917)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in			_			4,072		4,072
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$		\$			(38,845)	\$	(38,845)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year						196,056		
Fund Balances at End of Year					\$	157,211		

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

# CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		Special Revenue Funds							
	<u> </u>	Municipal Aid	E	Local vernmental conomic stance Fund		Cemetery Fund	C	ommunity Center	Total Non-Major overnmental Funds
Assets									
Cash equivalents Investments Restricted assets:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	300 5,327	\$ 300 5,327
Cash equivalents Investments		- -		- -		6,418 24,305		-	 6,418 24,305
<b>Total Assets</b>	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	_	\$	30,723	\$	5,627	\$ 36,350
Liabilities and Fund Balances									_
Liabilities Accounts payable Taxes withheld and accrued Total Liabilities	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	26,289 113 26,402	\$ 26,289 113 26,402
Fund Balances  Nonspendable: Cemetery Fund		-		-		30,723		-	30,723
Unrestricted		-	_			-		(20,775)	 (20,775)
Total Fund Balances		-	_			30,723		(20,775)	 9,948
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	<u>\$</u>	-	\$		\$	30,723	\$	5,627	\$ 36,350

#### <u>CITY OF GRANDS RIVERS, KENTUCKY</u> <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND</u>

### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Municipal Aid		Local Governmental Economic Assistance Fund		(	Cemetery Fund	Community Center	Total Other Governmental Funds	
Revenues									
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 25,025		
Intergovernmental		8,660		-		-	-	8,660	
Rental Income		-		-		-	6,500	6,500	
Cemetery		-		-		4,750	-	4,750	
Interest income		-				403		403	
Total Revenues		8,660		-		5,153	31,525	45,338	
Expenditures									
Culture and recreation		-		_		-	80,985	80,985	
Public works		8,660		-		-	-	8,660	
Cemetery maintenance		-		-		3,138	-	3,138	
Capital outlay		-				-	30,110	30,110	
Total Expenditures		8,660		-		3,138	111,095	122,893	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		-		2,015	(79,570)	(77,555)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Proceeds from debt		-		-		-	19,358	19,358	
Operating transfers in		-		-		16,717	30,883	47,600	
Operating transfers (out)		(24,058)		(3,762)		-		(27,820)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(24,058)	1	(3,762)		18,732	(29,329)	(38,417)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		65,776		3,762		11,991	8,554	90,083	
Prior period adjustments (See Note 13)		(41,718)				-		(41,718)	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	-	\$		\$	30,723	\$ (20,775)	\$ 9,948	

#### JESSICA K. DANIEL, CPA PSC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor Tom Moodie and Members of the City Council City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky Grand Rivers, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2017.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency, is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We also noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky, in a separate letter dated February 14, 2017.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eddyville, Kentucky February 14, 2017

Joseph CDanul, CPA

#### JESSICA K. DANIEL, CPA PSC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor Tom Moodie and Members of the City Council City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky Grand Rivers, Kentucky

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Circular Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### **Management's Responsibility**

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of

140 COMMERCE ST. PO BOX 909 EDDYVILLE, KY 42038 270-388-4114 OFFICE 270-388-2363 FAX requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eddyville, Kentucky February 14, 2017

Joseph CDarul, CPA

### CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor, Program Title	Federal C.F.D.A Number	Program or Award	Federal Assistance
Grantor, Program Title	Nullibel	Amount	Expended
<b>Department of Agriculture - Rural Utilities Service</b>			
Passed through the Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation			
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities			
Communities	10.760	\$ <u>1,067,000</u>	\$ <u>1,067,000</u>
Total Federal Awards		\$ 1,067,000	\$ 1,067,000

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### **NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial	Statements
1 IIIaiiCiai	Statements

1. Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None noted

No

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

No

#### Federal Awards

1. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?

None noted

2. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

3. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?

4. Identification of major programs:

CFDA Numbers Name of Federal Program

10.760 Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities

5. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$300,000

6. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee under 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?

#### **B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT**

None

#### C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS -MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAMS AUDIT

None

#### D. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None