CITY OF FRENCHBURG Frenchburg, Kentucky

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2013

CONTENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis	1-8
Independent Auditors' Report	9-10
Government Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position	
Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	
Notes to Financial Statements	18-27
Required Supplementary Information	28-29
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Net Position - Water and Sewer	30
Independent Auditors' Report in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	31-33

City of Frenchburg, Kentucky

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Frenchburg's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Please read the following in conjunction with the auditors' report on pages 9-10 and the City's financial statements, which begin to appear on page 11.

OVERVIEW OF THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of the management's discussion and analysis report, the independent auditor's report, the basic financial statements of the City, and the independent auditor's report on compliance. The financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

In the past, the primary focus of local government financial statements has been summarized fund type information on a current financial resource basis. This approach has been modified; the City's financial statements now present two kinds of statements, each with a different snapshot of the City's finances. The new focus is both the City as a whole (government-wide) and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. The fund financial statements, which have been provided in the past, focus on the individual funds of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both perspectives (government-wide and fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis of comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the City's accountability.

GOVERNMENT - WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole, using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City's activities in a way that will help answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenditures are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the net position of the City and the changes in them. One can think of the City's net position—the difference between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health or position is improving or deteriorating. However, one will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, changes in property tax rates or valuation, infrastructure asset condition, and new or changed government legislation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities—Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including general government administration, police, fire, streets, parks and tourism. Property taxes, licenses and permits (including occupational licenses fees and franchise fees), and grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities—The City collects fees from customers to cover the costs of the services, provided by the water and sewer utility.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Traditional users of government financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar. The focus is now on the City's funds. The fund financial statements provide more information about the City's funds and not the City as a whole.

The City has two kinds of funds:

Governmental Fund—Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets, that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided at the bottom of the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Proprietary Fund—Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds.

NET POSITION

Our analysis begins with a summary of the City's Statement of Net Position, which is presented on Table A-1 followed by an explanation of the results. Changes in net position are presented in Table A-2, which is also followed by an explanation of the results.

Table A-1

	Governmental	Business-type	Total Primary
	Activities	Activities	Government
Current and Other Assets	\$ 364,672	\$ 446,678	\$ 811,350
Capital Assets	1,409,523	8,308,999	9,718,522
Total Assets	1,774,195	8,755,677	10,529,872
Long-Term Debt Outstanding	323,864	1,441,756	1,765,620
Current Liabilities	14,954	208,372	223,326
Total Liabilities	338,818	1,650,128	<u>1,988,946</u>
Net Position:			
Invested in Capital Assets, net of debt	1,075,659	6,571,961	8,080,622
Restricted	104,321	202,414	340,363
Unrestricted	255,397	331,174	624,204
Total Net Position	<u>\$1,435,377</u>	\$ 7,105,549	<u>\$ 8,540,926</u>

The capital assets of the City's governmental activities are \$ 1,409,523 as of June 30, 2013. The capital assets of the business-type activities are \$ 8,308,999 as of June 30, 2013.

Net assets from one activity generally cannot be used to make up for any deficits in the other activities.

Table A-2

Condensed Statement of Activities

Program Revenues	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total Primary Government
Charges for Service Operating Grants & Contributions	\$ 75,338	\$ 1,053,949 -	\$ 1,053,949 75,338
Capital Grants & Contributions Total revenue	11,707 87,045	16,825 1,070,774	28,532 1,157,819
Program Expenses General Administration Street department Interest on long-term debt Utility Total program expenses Net revenues (expenses) General Revenues Taxes License fees Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total general revenue	144,490 29,381 19,218 ————————————————————————————————————	1,528,438 1,528,438 1,528,438 (457,664) \$ - 2,354	144,490 29,381 19,218 1,528,438 1,721,527 (563,708) \$ 17,355 39,277 3,013
Total general revenue	57,291	2,354	<u>59,645</u>
Transfers in (out) Net Change in Position	(20,000) \$ (68,753)	<u>20,000</u> <u>\$ (435,310)</u>	\$ (504,063)

The City's change in Net Position above appears to be analogous to the long-standing concept of net revenues, but under the full accrual basis utilized by the Governmental Activities; these numbers include dollars of "paper" depreciation expenses that are not cash expenditures of the City. Therefore, these "paper" bookkeeping entries are never considered as part of the City's budget process. Additionally, the principal portions of debt obligations are excluded from the above but are reflected as debt service expenditures along with capital outlay expenditures in the City's budget for governmental activities.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Table A-3 details a condensed statement of the fiscal year's governmental activities.

Table A-3

<u>Condensed Governmental Activities – Revenues & Expenditures</u>

	<u>General</u>	Other Gov't Funds	<u>Total</u>
Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Other Revenues Total Revenues	\$ 17,355 39,277 11,707 48,056 116,395	\$ - 27,831 110 27,941	\$ 17,355 39,277 39,538 48,166 144,336
General Administration Public works-Streets Debt service Capital outlay Total Expenditures	103,329 4,524 29,218 <u>6,000</u> 143,071	18,832 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	103,329 23,356 29,218 6,000 161,903
Excess (Deficit)	(26,676)	9,109	(17,567)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(20,000)		(20,000)
Expenditures over Revenues before other financing sources	<u>\$ (46,676)</u>	\$ <u>9,109</u>	<u>\$ (37,567)</u>

The bottom number of Table A-3 above should not be confused with the end-of-year "Fund Balance" figure shown in the City's General Fund Budget, because the above does not reflect the General Fund's beginning-of-year balance and any debt proceeds received during the fiscal year.

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

The budget contains proposed expenditures and expected revenues. A comparison of the original budget to actual amounts for governmental activities is presented in the table below (Tables A-4 & 5).

Table A-4

<u>Condensed Governmental Activities –</u> Revenues

	<u>_B</u>	<u>Budget</u>		<u>ctual</u>	<u>Change</u>		
Taxes	\$	17,220	\$	17,355	\$	135	
Licenses and permits		36,097		39,277		3,180	
Intergovernmental		41,070		39,648		(1,422)	
Other Revenues	·····	170,387	*****	48,056		(122,331)	
Total Revenues	<u>\$</u>	<u> 264,774</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> 144,336</u>	<u>\$</u>	(120,438)	

Table A-5

<u>Condensed Governmental Activities – Expenditures</u>

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Change</u>
General Government	\$ 115,177	\$ 103,329	\$ (11,848)
Public works-Streets	25,800	23,356	(2,444)
Debt service	29,218	29,218	-
Capital outlay	•	<u>6,000</u>	6,000
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 170,195</u>	<u>\$ 161,903</u>	\$ (8,292)

The City budgeted for a total of \$264,774 in revenues for 2012-2013, but ended up having revenues of \$144,336. The City was under budget on revenues by approximately 45 percent as a result of budgeting for a large insurance reimbursement that was recorded on the financial statements as revenue in the PY. After accounting for this timing difference the City was over budget on revenues by 2%. A total of \$170,195 was budgeted for expenses, but expenditures only totaled \$161,903 at the end of 2013.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Table A-1 showed summary totals for a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment and vehicles, buildings, land, street equipment and all of the equipment and materials involved in the operation of a water and sewer utility. Table A-6 shows the breakdown of non-depreciated capital assets for both governmental and business-type activities.

Table A-6

<u>Capital Assets at Year End Without</u>

<u>Depreciation</u>

	Go	vernmental	Bus	iness-type		tal mary
	A	ctivities	Ac	tivities	Go	vernment
Land Construction in Progress Infrastructure Buildings Vehicles & Equipment Land Improvements	\$	258,832 - 20,055 1,308,482 26,257 101,535	\$	6,850 - - 357,183	\$	265,682 20,055 1,308,482 383,440 101,535
Plant & Sewer System Total Capital Assets	\$	1,715,161		<u>,765,554</u> , <u>129,587</u>		3,765,554 5,844,748

DEBT

Table A-7 provides a summary of all of the City's outstanding indebtedness.

Table A-7

Debt Outstanding at Year End	Governmental g at Year Activities		usiness-type	Total Primary Government			
Leases Bonds Payable	\$	350,000	\$ - 1,482,556	\$	350,000 1,482,556		
Notes Payable Total Debt Outstanding	\$	350,000	\$ 	<u> </u>	1,832,556		

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The Mayor and City Commission consider many factors when setting the fiscal year budget. Some of the factors are the local economy, expected grant money, and anticipated tax revenue. Major expenditures that will impact next fiscal year's budget include the purchase of water from the Cave Run Water Commission.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens of the City, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Melissa Gravett, City Clerk/Treasurer, PO Box 113, Frenchburg, KY 40322.

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mayor and the City Commission City of Frenchburg Frenchburg, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Frenchburg, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Frenchburg, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 1–8 and 28–29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Frenchburg, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 27, 2014, on our consideration of the City of Frenchburg, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Frenchburg, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ray, Foley, Hensley & Company

Ray, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC Lexington, Kentucky January 27, 2014

CITY OF FRENCHBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Totals 2012
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 356,375	\$ 353,695	\$ 710,070	\$ 619,077
Insurance claim receivable	-	00.400	-	123,847
Receivables (net)	13,111	88,169	101,280	108,448
Grant receivable Internal balances	(4.914)	4 944	~	20,093
internal balances	(4,814)	4,814		
Total current assets	364,672	446,678	811,350	871,465
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted cash and cash				
equivalents	-	202,414	202,414	245,152
Inventory	-	52,068	52,068	51,148
Capital assets (Note 3)				
Construction in progress	-	-	-	18,000
Land	258,832		258,832	258,832
Plant and sewer system, net	-	8,054,517	8,054,517	8,478,433
Depreciable property, plant, and equipment, net	1,150,691		1,150,691	1,191,145
Total noncurrent assets	1,409,523	8,308,999	9,718,522	10,242,710
Total assets	\$ 1,774,195	\$ 8,755,677	\$ 10,529,872	\$ 11,114,175
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable Construction payable Meter deposits payable	\$ 4,954 - -	\$ 43,778 - 69,977	\$ 48,732 - 69,977	\$ 53,205 20,093 72,210
Accrued liabilities	-	50,855	50,855	55,381
Other liabilities	-	2,962	2,962	2,309
Current portion of long-term obligations (Notes 4 and 5)	10,000	40,800	50,800	50,100
Total current liabilities	14.054	208,372	223,326	252 209
Noncurrent liabilities	14,954	200,372	223,320	253,298
Noncurrent portion of long-term				
obligations (Notes 4 and 5)	323,864	1,441,756	1,765,620	1,815,888
obligations (Notes 4 and 5)		1,441,730	1,700,020	1,010,000
Total liabilities	338,818	1,650,128	1,988,946	2,069,186
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for	1,075,659	6,571,961	7,647,620	8,080,422
Bond reserves	-	202,414	202,414	245,152
Other purposes	104,185	-	104,185	95,211
Unrestricted	255,533	331,174	586,707	624,204
Total net position	1,435,377	7,105,549	8,540,926	9,044,989
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 1,774,195	\$ 8,755,677	\$ 10,529,872	<u>\$ 11,114,175</u>

CITY OF FRENCHBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES for the year ended June 30, 2013

	Program Revenues				Chai	Expense) Rever	ets		
		Charges for	Operating Grants an	-	Capital ants and	Prir Governmental	nary Governme Business-type		Totals
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contribution		ants and stributions	Activities	Activities	; Total	2012
Primary government	•								
Governmental activities									
General administration	\$ 144,490	\$ -	\$ 47,3		11,707	\$ (85,386)	\$ -	\$ (85,386)	
Street department Interest on long-term debt	29,381 19,218	-	27,9	41	-	(1,440) (19,218)	-	(1,440) (19,218)	3,001 (19,678)
Total governmental		***************************************				(10,2.10)		(10,2,0)	
activities	193,089		75,3	38	11,707	(106,044)		(106,044)	50,432
Business type activities									
Utility	1,528,438	1,053,949		-	16,825		(457,664)	(457,664)	127,281
Total business-type									
activities	1,528,438	1,053,949			16,825		(457,664)	(457,664)	127,281
Total primary government	\$ 1,721,527	\$ 1,053,949	\$ 75,3	38 \$	28,532	(106,044)	(457,664)	(563,708)	177,713
		General revenue	es						
		Taxes Property taxes	levied for ae	neral purp	oses	17,355	-	17,355	16,334
		License fees	, 101100 101 90	ioiai paip	0000	,000		.,,,,,,,,	,5,55
		Franchise				3,297	•	3,297	2,168
		Insurance prer	niums			35,300	-	35,300	40,225
		Occupational Investment earn	inac			680 659	2,354	680 3,013	1,560 4,540
		investment eam	iriys			039	2,554	3,013	4,540
		Total general re-	venues			57,291	2,354	59,645	64,827
		Transfers in (out	t)			(20,000)	20,000	-	
		Tatal supposal ser			(1)	27.004	00.054	50.045	04.007
		Total general re	venues, transt	ers and ga	iins (iosses)	37,291	22,354	59,645	64,827
		Change in Net P	osition			(68,753)	(435,310)	(504,063)	242,540
		Net position-begin	nning			1,504,130	7,540,859	9,044,989	8,802,449
		NET POSITION-E	ENDING			\$ 1,435,377	\$ 7,105,549	\$ 8,540,926	\$ 9,044,989

CITY OF FRENCHBURG, KENTUCKY **BALANCE SHEET** GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2013

	:	General	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go 	Total vernmental Funds		Totals 2012
ASSETS	•	050.400	•	101.105	•		_	
Cash and cash equivalents Insurance claim receivable	\$	252,190	\$	104,185	\$	356,375	\$	269,345
Receivables, net		- 13,111		-		10 111		123,847
Receivables, fiet	**********	13,111			•	13,111		14,531
Total assets	\$	265,301	\$	104,185	\$	369,486	\$	407,723
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	4,954		_	\$	4,954	\$	8,338
Due to other funds	Ψ	4,814		_	Ψ	4,814	Ψ	2,101
		.,,	_			.,,,,,,		
Total liabilities		9,768		-		9,768		10,439
Fund balances Restricted								
Tourism		-		_		-		136
Roads		_		104,185		104,185		95,075
Unassigned		255,533		-		255,533		302,073
Total fund balances		255,533		104,185		359,718		397,284
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	265,301	\$	104,185	\$	369,486	\$	407,723
Amounts reported for governmental activities in th of net position are different because Fund balances reported above Capital assets used in governmental activi financial resources and therefore are no	ties a				\$	359,718	\$	397,284
reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds paya and payable in the current period and the	ble, a					1,409,523		1,449,977
reported in the funds.	J. J. O.	o dio not				(350,000)		(360,000)
Debt issue costs						16,136		16,869
Net position of governmental activities					\$	1,435,377	\$	1,504,130

CITY OF FRENCHBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

for the year ended June 30, 2013

	(General	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds		Totals 2012
REVENUES	*****		***************************************					
Taxes	\$	17,355	\$	-	\$	17,355	\$	16,334
Licenses and permits		39,277		-		39,277		43,953
Intergovernmental		11,707		27,831		39,538		27,733
Other revenues		48,056	***************************************	110		48,166		171,616
Total revenues		116,395		27,941		144,336	_	259,636
EXPENDITURES								
Current Constal administration		102 220				102 220		74.004
General administration Streets		103,329		- 18,832		103,329		74,884 7,765
Capital outlay		4,524 6,000		10,032		23,356 6,000		35,666
Debt service		29,218		_		29,218		29,678
Debt 3et vice		29,210				29,210	_	23,010
Total expenditures		143,071		18,832		161,903		147,993
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(26,676)		9,109		(17,567)		111,643
Other financing sources								
Transfers in (out)		(20,000)		_		(20,000)		_
						(,)		
Net change in fund balances		(46,676)		9,109		(37,567)		111,643
Fund balances - beginning		302,209		95,076	***************************************	397,285	_	285,639
Fund balances-ending	\$	255,533	\$	104,185	\$	359,718	\$	397,282
Reconciliation to government-wide change in net position: Net change in fund balances Add: capital outlay expenditures capitalized Add: debt service expenditures Less: depreciation on governmental activities assets Less: interest on long term debt Less: amortization on lease issuance costs					\$	(37,567) 6,000 29,218 (46,453) (19,218) (733)	\$	111,643 35,666 29,678 (45,212) (19,678) (733)
Change in net position governmental activities					\$	(68,753)	\$	111,364

CITY OF FRENCHBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2013

ASSETS	Business Type Activities Water & Sewer Fund	Totals 2012
Current assets	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 353,695	\$ 349,732
Receivables (net)	88,169	93,917
Grant receivable		20,093
Internal balances		
internal palances	4,814	2,101
Total current assets	446,678	465,843
Noncurrent assets		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	202,414	245,152
Inventory	52,068	51,148
Construction in progress	-	18,000
Water and sewer systems	14,129,587	14,116,457
Less: accumulated depreciation	(6,075,070)	(5,638,024)
2000. accumulated appropriation	(0,073,070)	(0,000,024)
Total noncurrent assets	8,308,999	8,792,733
Total assets	\$ 8,755,677	\$ 9,258,576
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 43,778	\$ 44,867
Meters deposits payable	69,977	72,210
Construction payable	-	20,093
Accrued liabilities	16,810	20,577
Accrued interest	34,045	34,804
Other liabilities	2,962	2,309
Bonds, notes, and loans payable	40,800	40,100
bolius, notes, and loans payable	40,800	40,100
Total current liabilities	208,372	234,960
Noncurrent liabilities		
Bonds, notes, and loans payable	1,441,756	1,482,757
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,441,756	1,482,757
Total liabilities	1,650,128	1,717,717
NET POSITION		
	6,571,961	6 072 576
Net investment in capital assets		6,973,576
Restricted for debt service	48,085 154,330	82,055
Restricted for depreciation	154,329 331,474	163,097
Unrestricted	331,174	322,131
Total net position	7,105,549	7,540,859
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 8,755,677	\$ 9,258,576

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CITY OF FRENCHBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

for the year ended June 30, 2013

	Business Type Activities Water & Sewer Fund	Totals 2012
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$ 1,017,409	\$ 1,028,999
Penalties	19,257	19,705
Other revenues	17,283	16,336
Total operating revenues	1,053,949	1,065,040
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personnel	321,996	321,665
Water purchased	396,304	396,212
Bad debt	1,112	1,416
Maintenance and repairs	19,397	6,918
Utilities	38,986	45,851
Auto	15,385	18,679
Insurance	16,987	18,052
Office supplies	5,960	3,830
Professional services	29,540	28,042
Chemicals	3,856	5,055
Operating services	67,311	60,812
Rent	36,000	36,000
Postage	12,062	11,220
Other	21,397	32,001
Depreciation	472,896	454,182
Total operating expenses	1,459,189	1,439,935
OPERATING (LOSS)	(405,240)	(374,895)
Non-operating income (expense)		
Interest income	2,354	3,895
Interest expense	(69,249)	(70,925)
LOSS BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(472,135)	(441,925)
Capital Contributions		
Hook on fees	15,200	25,775
Grants	1,625	547,326
Transfers in (out)	20,000	-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(435,310)	131,176
Net position - beginning of the year	7,540,859	7,409,683
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,105,549	\$ 7,540,859

CITY OF FRENCHBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

for the year ended June 30, 2013

	Business Type Activities Water & Sewer Fund	Totals 2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,056,064	\$ 1,069,353
Payments to suppliers	(666,966)	(673,697)
Internal activity - payments from other funds	20,000	-
Payments for employee services and benefits	(325,763)	(315,290)
Net cash provided by operating activities	83,335	80,366
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Capital contributions	36,917	671,796
Purchases of capital assets	(51,073)	(665,320)
Principal paid on capital debt	(40,300)	(38,300)
Interest paid on capital debt	(70,008)	(72,042)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(124,464)	(103,866)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and dividends	2,354	3,895
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,354	3,895
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(38,775)	(19,605)
Cash and cash equivalents-beginning of the year	594,884	614,489
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-END OF THE YEAR	\$ 556,109	\$ 594,884
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating (loss)	\$ (405,240)	\$ (374,895)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	•	, ,
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	472,896	454,182
Internal activity - payments from other funds	20,000	-
Change in assets and liabilities:	23,230	
Receivables, net	2,115	4,313
Accounts and other payables	(2,669)	(9,609)
Accrued expenses	(3,767)	6,375
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 83,335	\$ 80,366
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Frenchburg, Kentucky (the City) conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A. Reporting Entity

Generally accepted accounting principles require governmental entities to determine the agencies or entities which comprise the government for financial reporting purposes, the criteria of oversight responsibility over such agencies or entities, special financing relationships and scope of public service provided by the agencies or entities are used. Oversight responsibility is determined by the extent of financial interdependency, control over the selection of the governing authority and management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matter. Based on these criteria, there are no agencies or entities that should be included.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's financial statements are presented in conformity with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No 34, "Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments" and consist of the following:

Management's discussion and analysis (required supplementary information);

Basic Financial Statements
Government-wide financial statements
Fund financial statements
Notes to the financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements display information about the City as a whole. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the City. These financial statements include the financial activities of the City except for fiduciary activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support. The government-wide statement of activities reflects costs of government by function for governmental activities and business-type activities. Program revenues include charges paid by recipient for the goods or services offered by the program and grants or contributions that are restricted to the program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds each of which is considered to be a separate fiscal and accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that is comprised of its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses. Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The governmental fund measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and budgetary control over revenues and expenditures. Proprietary fund types are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to business enterprises - where intent of the governing body is that costs of providing services are to be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The following funds are used by the City of Frenchburg:

Governmental Funds

General Fund - The general operating fund of the City is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – The Municipal Road Aid Fund accounts for funds received from the Commonwealth of Kentucky to be used for streets.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for the ongoing organizations and activities of the City, which are similar to those found in private business enterprises. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in cash flows.

Enterprise funds are established to account for the acquisition, operations and maintenance of the City's facilities and services which are entirely or predominantly self-supported by user charges or where the City has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The accounts are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. The City applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The City's enterprise operations include the following:

Utility Fund- A proprietary fund used to account for the water and sewer utility services provided to the residents of the City of Frenchburg, the operations of which are financed by user charges.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of Accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Accounting (continued)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for individual funds.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues are accrued. Licenses and permits and other revenues are recognized when collected. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

D. Fund Balances

The City of Frenchburg has implemented GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Commissioners. The Commission is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Commission.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The City has designated the Mayor to carry the intent of the City Commission.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

It is the policy of the City to spend restricted funds first when both restricted and unrestricted funds are available. Once restricted funds are spent, the City will use committed funds first, assigned funds second and usassigned funds last.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Budgeting

The City follows the procedures established pursuant to Section 91A.030 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Budgeted amounts, as amended, in the financial statements are as adopted by ordinance of the City.

F. Other Accounting Policies

Proprietary fixed assets are stated at cost. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method. Interest costs during construction are capitalized.

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the City.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounts receivables are stated net of an allowance of doubtful accounts of \$16,234 in the proprietary fund and \$5,671 in the general fund.

Inventory consists of water and sewer supplies. Inventory amounts are stated at cost.

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Discounts, premiums, and issuance costs related to bonds and notes issued are deferred and amortized over the life of the applicable bond or note using the straight-line method. Bonds and notes payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

The City has evaluated and considered the need to recognize or disclose subsequent events through January 27, 2014 which represents the date these financials statements were available to be issued. Subsequent events past this date, as they pertain to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, have not been evaluated by the city.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Statutory Requirements

The City's deposits and investments at June 30, 2013, were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the custodial banks in the City's name.

FDIC – demand deposits \$ 250,000
Collateralized by securities held by the bank in the City's name 705,586

Total \$ 955,586

Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize municipalities to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies, obligations of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and its agencies, shares in savings and loan associations insured by federal agencies and deposits in national or state chartered banks by federal agencies and larger amounts in such institutions providing such banks pledge as security obligations of the United States government or its agencies.

Statement of Cash Flows

The proprietary fund type Statement of Cash Flows includes as cash and cash equivalents all cash restricted or unrestricted as follows:

 Cash
 \$ 353,695

 Cash - restricted
 202,414

 \$ 556,109

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity during the fiscal year follows:

	Balance July 1, 2012	Balance July 1, 2012 Additions D		Balance June 30, 2013
Governmental Activities:	• •			,
Capital assets not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 258,832	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 258,832
Capital assets being depreciated:		***************************************	<u> </u>	
Buildings and improvements	1,302,482	6,000	-	1,308,482
Land improvements	101,535	-	_	101,535
Vehicles and equipment	26,257	-	-	26,257
Infrastructure	20,055			20,055
Totals	1,450,329	6,000		<u>1,456,329</u>
Total capital assets	1,709,161	6,000		1,715,161
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	199,564	34,570	_	234,134
Land improvements	35,750	5,858	_	41,608
Vehicles and equipment	19,860	2,014	-	21,874
Infrastructure	4,011	4,011	_	8,022
Totals	259,185	<u>46,453</u>	-	305,638

Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,449,976</u>	\$ (40,453)	\$ -	<u>\$ 1,409,523</u>

3. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Business Type Activities: Capital assets not depreciated:							
Land	\$ 6,850	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,850
Construction in process	 18,000		-	_	(18,000)		-
Total	 24,850				(18,000)	***************************************	6,850
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Plant and sewer system	13,747,554		18,000		-	13	3,765,554
Vehicles and equipment	 362,052		30,981		(35,850)		357,183
Total	14,109,606		48,981		(35,850)		,122,737
Less: accumulated depreciation	 5,638,024		<u>472,896</u>		(35,850)	6	<u>8,075,070</u>
Capital assets being depreciated, net:	 8,471,582	(4	<u>423,915)</u>			8	3 <u>,047,667</u>
Capital assets, net	\$ 8,496,432	\$ (4	423,915)	\$	(18,000)	\$ 8	3,054,517

Depreciation expense was charged to the Governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 40,428
Streets	 6,025
Total depreciation expense	\$ 46,453

Under GASB, the City has elected to not report major infrastructure retroactively. Capital assets acquired are recorded at cost or estimated cost. Depreciation of capital assets is provided over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets using the straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Infrastructure	20-40 years
Buildings	25-40 years
Improvements	10-20 years
Vehicles, furniture and equipment	5-10 years

4. BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES LONG-TERM DEBT

Bonds payable at June 30, 2013, consist of the following:

	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Maturity Date	Balance as of June 30, 2013
1985 Water Revenue Bond	5.0%	\$ 375,000	01/01/2025	\$ 218,255
1990A Sewer Revenue Bonds	5.0%	150,000	01/01/2031	104,000
1991 Sewer Revenue Bonds	5.0%	244,000	01/01/2031	167,000
1992 Water Revenue Bonds	5.0%	166,000	01/01/2032	118,900
1995 Sewer Revenue Bonds	4.5%	119,000	01/01/2034	90,400
1997 Water Revenue Bonds	4.5%	188,000	01/01/2037	150,500
1999 Sewer Revenue Bonds	4.5%	124,000	01/01/2039	104,100
2001 Water Revenue Bonds	4.5%	100,000	01/01/2041	87,401
2008 Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds	4.125%	458,000	01/01/2049	442,000
Total long-term debt				\$ 1,482,556

4. BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The changes in business-type activities long-term debt is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2012	Balance ne 30, 2012 Additions Retirements			
Revenue Bonds	<u>\$ 1,522,856</u>	\$	\$ 40,300	<u>\$ 1,482,556</u>	

BOND ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS

The revenue bond ordinances require that the following reserves be created and maintained.

Sinking Fund Reserve - This reserve is required to receive a monthly transfer of one-sixth of the next interest payment and one-twelfth of the next principal payment. The reserve had a balance of \$48,085 at June 30, 2013.

Depreciation reserve – This reserve is required to receive a monthly transfer of \$205 after provision for bonds and interest until a balance of \$24,600 is established. This reserve is for balancing depreciation in the system. The reserve had a balance of \$154,329 at June 30, 2013.

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding at June 30, 2013, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		Total
2014	\$ 40,800	\$ 66,597	\$	107,397
2015	43,600	64,538		108,138
2016	46,400	62,556		108,956
2017	48,400	60,448		108,848
2018	50,900	58,253		109,153
2019-2023	302,000	253,687		555,687
2024-2028	301,756	181,360		483,116
2029-2033	260,900	115,724		376,624
2034-2038	161,700	68,219		229,919
2039-2043	105,600	38,277		143,877
2044-2048	102,600	17,802		120,402
2049	 17,900	 6,153		24,053
Total	\$ 1,482,556	\$ 993,614	\$ 2	2,476,170

5. GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES LONG-TERM DEBT

The City entered into a long-term lease agreement with the KADD Financing Trust on June 28, 2005. The purpose of the lease was to consolidate a long-term debt agreement with Traditional Bank, Inc. to finance land acquisition and a lease purchase agreement with the KADD Financing Trust for three sanitation trucks, and to finance the purchase of a tract of land with a building on it for the amount of \$45,000. The total lease obligation was \$415,000 and the lease comes due in fiscal year 2035. The lease requires two semi-annual interest and fee payments and one annual principle payment. The interest rate of the lease fluctuates from 3.40-5.25%. The balance of the lease at June 30, 2013 totaled \$350,000.

The changes in general long-term debt is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2012 Additions			Reti	rements	Balance June 30, 2013	
Leases Payable Less: deferred charges on	\$ 360,000	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$	350,000
debt issuance	 16,869			***************************************	733		16,136
Total long-term debt, net	\$ 343,131	\$	-	\$	9,267	\$	333,864

The annual requirements to amortize all governmental long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2013, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal		Total Interest and Fees		Total Payment	
2014	\$	10,000	\$	18,758	\$	28,758	
2015		10,000		18,298		28,298	
2016		10,000		17,838		27,838	
2017		10,000		17,328		27,328	
2018		10,000		16,818		26,818	
2019-2023		65,000		75,665		140,665	
2024-2028		80,000		57,185		137,185	
2029-2033		105,000		33,210		138,210	
2034-2035		50,000		4,988	<u></u>	54,988	
Total	\$	350,000	\$	260,088	\$ (610,088	

6. PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Property taxes for fiscal year 2013 were levied in November 2012, on the assessed valuation of property located in the City of Frenchburg as of the preceding January 1, the lien date. The due date and collection periods for all taxes exclusive of vehicle taxes are as follows:

1. Due date for payment of taxes

November 1, 2012

Face value amount payment dates

November 1, 2012 to March 1, 2013

3. 10% penalty delinquent date

March 2, 2013

These taxes are collected by the City Clerk. Vehicle taxes are collected by the County Clerk of Menifee County and are due and collected in the birth month of the licensee.

7. RETIREMENT

The City of Frenchburg is a participating employer of the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS). Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems administers the CERS.

The plan issues separate financial statements which may be obtained by request from Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

Plan Description – CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Cost-of-living (COLA) adjustments are provided at the discretion of state legislature.

Contributions – For the year ended June 30, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 5.00% of wages for non-hazardous job classifications. Employees hired after September 2008 are required to contribute an additional 1% to cover the cost of medical insurance that is provided through CERS. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statue Section 61.565(3), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last proceeding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contributions rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial basis adopted by the Board. For the year ended June 30, 2013, participating employers contributed 19.55% of each employee's wages, which is equal to the actuarially determined rate set by the Board. Administrative costs of Kentucky Retirement System are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

The required contribution and the actual percentage contributed for the City for the current and previous two years are as follows:

Year	Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2013	\$ 42,561	100%
2012	\$ 42,359	100%
2011	\$ 34,459	100%

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Frenchburg is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In addition to its general liability insurance, the city also carries commercial insurance for all other risks of loss such as worker's compensation and employee health and accident coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Financial Reporting for Pension Plans

In June 2012, the GASB approved a pair of related Statements that reflect substantial improvements to the accounting and financial reporting of pensions by state and local governments and pension plans. Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, addresses financial reporting for state and local government pension plans.

The guidance contained in these Statements will change how governments calculate and report the costs and obligations associated with pensions in important ways. It is designed to improve the decision - usefulness of reported pension information and to increase the transparency, consistency, and comparability of pension information across governments. Under the pension standards now in effect, cost-sharing employers have not been required to present actuarial information about pensions. Instead, information has been required to be presented in the pension plan's own financial statements for all of the participating governments combined.

Through its research, the GASB concluded that the needs of users of information regarding costsharing employers do not differ significantly from those interested in single and agent employers. Therefore, the GASB believes it is important to give users of the financial statements of cost-sharing employers access to better, more transparent financial information. Consequently, under the new standards the GASB is requiring that cost-sharing governments report a net pension liability, pension expense, and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all the governments in the plan.

Statement No. 67 will take effect for pension plans in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2013, (that is, for years ended June 30, 2014, or later). The City is currently evaluating the effects of this statement on its financial statements. The Kentucky League of Cities (KLC) prepared estimates of the financial statement impact for all cities participating in CERS. KLC estimated that the City's unfunded liability would be approximately \$440,000 based on the 2011 actuarial analysis. The actual liability for June 30, 2014, could be considerably different due to changes in system assumptions and liabilities.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF FRENCHBURG, KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY BUDGETARY COMPARISON GENERAL FUND

for the year ended June 30, 2013

				0	
	Enacted Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget	
REVENUES					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 9,500	\$ 9,200	\$ 9,254	\$ 54	
Vehicle taxes	800	829	910	81	
Bank shares	6,657	7,191	7,191	<u> </u>	
Total taxes	16,957	17,220	17,355	135	
Licenses and permits					
Occupation license	800	800	680	(120)	
Insurance premiums	36,000	32,000	35,300	3,300	
Franchise fees	1,300	3,297	3,297	-	
Total licenses and permits	38,100	36,097	39,277	3,180	
Intergovernmental revenue					
Police	3,694	3,480	3,932	452	
Other grants	-	-	979	979	
Flex-E grant	10,000	9,759	6,796	(2,963)	
Total intergovernmental	13,694	13,239	11,707	(1,532)	
Other revenues					
Community Center	8,000	8,175	9,300	1,125	
Rent	36,000	36,000	36,000	-	
Interest income	451	664	659	(5)	
Other	1,500	125,441	2,097	(123,344)	
Total other	45,951	<u>170,280</u>	48,056	(122,224)	
Total revenue	114,702	236,836	116,395	(120,441)	
EXPENDITURES					
General Government					
Current					
Personnel services	13,038	13,038	13,039	1	
Professional fees	9,500	8,560	8,060	(500)	
Dues and subscriptions	3,500	6,300	7,232	932	
Office	500	500	246	(254)	
Utilities	25,872	23,895	23,590	(305)	
Insurance	4,836	8,604	8,604	-	
Law /Task force	3,694	16,740	18,932	2,192	
Organization	3,750	15,150	15,350	200	
Other expenses	14,449	22,390	8,276	(14,114)	
Total general government	79,139	115,177	103,329	(11,848)	
Street maintenance	2,700	2,200	4,524	2,324	
Capital Outlay		-	6,000	6,000	
Debt Service	29,218	29,218	29,218	•	
Total expenditures	111,057	146,595	143,071	(3,524)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in (out)	(100)	(20,000)	(20,000)	-	
Excess (deficiency) revenues over expenditures	\$ 3,545	\$ 70,241	<u>\$ (46,676)</u>	<u>\$ (116,917)</u>	

CITY OF FRENCHBURG, KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SPECIAL REVENUE FUND for the year ended June 30, 2013

	Enacted Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental Other	\$ 13,921 285	\$ 27,505 107	\$ 27,831 110	\$ 326 3	
	14,206	27,612	27,941	329	
EXPENDITURES					
Streets					
Utilities	3,600	3,600	3,765	165	
Maintenance	20,000	20,000	15,067	(4,933)	
	23,600	23,600	18,832	(4,768)	
Capital Outlay	•		-		
Total expenditures	23,600	23,600	18,832	(4,768)	
Excess (deficiency) revenues over expenditures	\$ (9,394)	\$ 4,012	\$ 9,109	\$ 5,0 <u>97</u>	



CITY OF FRENCHBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION WATER AND SEWER FUND

for the year ended June 30, 2013

	Water	Sewer	Total	2012 Totals
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 919,775	\$ 97,634	\$ 1,017,409	\$ 1,028,999
Penalties	1,419	17,838	19,257	19,705
Other revenues	17,002	281	17,283	16,336
Total operating revenues	938,196	115,753	1,053,949	1,065,040
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel	279,551	42,445	321,996	321,665
Water purchased	396,304	-	396,304	396,212
Bad debt	1,112	-	1,112	1,416
Maintenance and repairs	10,976	8,421	19,397	6,918
Utilities	26,448	12,538	38,986	45,851
Auto	15,385	-	15,385	18,679
Insurance	14,987	2,000	16,987	18,052
Office supplies	5,916	44	5,960	3,830
Professional services	17,872	11,668	29,540	28,042
Chemicals	3,856	, -	3,856	5,055
Operating supplies	53,822	13,489	67,311	60,812
Rent	36,000	-	36,000	36,000
Postage	12,062	_	12,062	11,220
Other	18,464	2,933	21,397	32,001
Depreciation	316,638	156,258	472,896	454,182
Total operating expenses	1,209,393	249,796	1,459,189	1,439,935
OPERATING (LOSS)	(271,197)	(134,043)	(405,240)	(374,895)
Non-operating revenue (expense)				
Interest income	2,341	13	2,354	3,895
Interest expense	(46,608)	(22,641)	(69,249)	(70,925)
NET (LOSS)	(315,464)	(156,671)	(472,135)	(441,925)
Capital contributions				
Hook on fees	14,600	600	15,200	25,775
Grants	-	1,625	1,625	547,326
Transfers in (out)	-	20,000	20,000	
Change in net position	\$ (300,864)	\$ (134,446)	(435,310)	131,176
Net position - Beginning of Year			7,540,859	7,409,683
NET POSITION - End of Year			\$ 7,105,549	\$ 7,540,859

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and City Commission City of Frenchburg Frenchburg, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Frenchburg, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Frenchburg, Kentucky's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Frenchburg, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Frenchburg, Kentucky's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Frenchburg, Kentucky's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a material weakness (2013-1).

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Frenchburg, Kentucky's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

230 Lexington Green Circle, Suite 600 • Lexington, Kentucky 40503-3326 Phone: 859-231-1800 • Fax: 859-422-1800 • Toll-Free: 1-800-342-7299

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

The City of Frenchburg, Kentucky's Response to Findings

The City of Frenchburg, Kentucky's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City of Frenchburg, Kentucky's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Day, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC

Lexington, Kentucky January 27, 2014

CITY OF FRENCHBURG SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2013

FINDING:

2013-1

The City is required to have internal controls in place that enable it to prepare complete financial statements, including note disclosures, in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The City lacks personnel with the expertise to apply generally accepted accounting principles in preparing its financial statements including note disclosures and thus, does not have the internal control procedures required to take responsibility for the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Management engaged the auditor to prepare draft financial statements, including the related notes to the financial statements. Management reviewed, approved and accepted responsibility for the financial statements prior to their issuance.

We recommend management review the costs and benefits involved to retain a consultant with the required expertise to prepare the financial statements or review the financial statements as prepared by the auditor for compliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

RESPONSE:

This is an ongoing finding. Management has determined that it is more cost effective to continue to engage the auditor to draft the financial statements and related notes.