CITY OF CALVERT CITY CALVERT CITY, KENTUCKY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
With Independent Auditor's Report

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-3
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Management Discussion and Analysis	4-11
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Activities	13
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Proprietary Fund:	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	
Statement of Cash Flows	19-20
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	21-44
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – General Fund	45
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Municipal Aid Fund	46
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	47
Schedule of City's Contributions to CERS – Pension Plan	48
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Medical Insurance Liability	49
Schedule of City's Contributions to CERS – Medical Insurance Plan	50
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds	51
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds	52
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	53-54



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Gene Colburn, Mayor Members of the City Council City of Calvert City Calvert City, Kentucky

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calvert City, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Calvert City, Kentucky's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calvert City, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Calvert City, Kentucky, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Calvert City, Kentucky's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from

fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 City of Calvert City, Kentucky's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Calvert City, Kentucky's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-11, the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Municipal Aid Fund on pages 45-46, and pension and other post-employment benefits schedules on pages 47-50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Calvert City, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements on pages 51-52 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 10, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Calvert City, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to solely describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Calvert City, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Calvert City, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kenper CPA Dung, LLP

Paducah, Kentucky April 10, 2023



CALVERT CITY, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2022

This Management Discussion and Analysis of the financial condition of the City of Calvert City, Kentucky is intended to provide those who may be interested a narrative overview and analysis of the fiscal condition of the City. The information presented herein should be weighed in conjunction with the financial statements (pages 12-52) provided to fully understand the fiscal status of the City of Calvert City on June 30, 2022 and as a basis for projecting and forecasting the needs, not only for the immediate future but for the long term.

Financial Highlights:

City total assets exceeded its total liabilities on June 30, 2022 by \$33,571,272. Of this amount, \$2,335,438 is unrestricted and therefore available to meet the City's continuing obligations.

The total net assets of the City decreased by \$,463,603 from June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022.

As of June 30, 2022 the City's combined ending fund balances was \$8,546,370, a decrease of \$54,831 from the end of the previous year. Of this amount, \$6,684,150 of these funds was unassigned and available for current expenditures.

The unassigned fund balance of the general fund represents 152% percent of the total 2022 general fund expenditures.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Reporting the City as A Whole

Government-wide financial statements

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting, used by most private-sector companies. Current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net assets, the difference between assets, what the citizens own, and liabilities, what the citizens owe, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the City's net assets is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base, income tax base, and the condition of the City's capital assets (roads, buildings, and sidewalks) to assess the overall health of the City.

The City accounts for all activities in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities under governmental and business-type activities:

- Governmental activities: all of the City's basic services are reported here, including police, fire, street maintenance, parks and recreation, and general administration. Income taxes, property taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities. Fee charges to customers to help cover most of the cost of the City's refuse operations are reported here.
- Business-Type activities: the City's water and sewer systems services are reported here. Revenues are primarily from charges for services. Costs (expenses) are primarily to provide services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-13 of this report.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements

Our analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 14. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant-funds and not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state statutes. However the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (Ex. Capital Project Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for grant funds (Ex. Municipal Aid Grant Fund).

Governmental funds: The City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. The Governmental fund statements provide a short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation statement at the end of the fund financial statements.

Business-type funds: The City's Water and Sewer System is an enterprise fund and is reported here. Operations of the System are accounted for and financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise. As such, its revenues are expected to cover the expense of providing services, capital maintenance, and debt service. As a proprietary fund, a distinction is made between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to understanding the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21-44 of this report.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The following section presents a condensed financial comparison of net assets, revenues and expenses and provides explanation for significant changes. Please see the following for the condensed Statement of Net Assets and condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets for the previous and current fiscal year.

Condensed Statement of Net Assets June 30,

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	T	otal
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current assets Non-current assets	\$ 9,517,043	\$ 8,899,665 18,962,479	\$ 1,287,732 15,551,992	\$ 879,586 13,825,769	\$ 10,804,775	\$ 9,779,251
Non-current assets	19,572,218	18,902,479	13,331,992	13,823,709	35,124,210	32,788,248
Total Assets	29,089,261	27,862,144	16,839,724	14,705,355	45,928,985	42,567,499
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,591,601	1,705,469	342,096	370,909	1,933,697	2,076,378
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities	429,432	386,258	356,390	361,420	785,822	747,678
Non-current liabilities	7,254,030	6,629,294	4,726,289	2,901,072	11,980,319	9,530,366
Total Liabilities	7,683,462	7,015,552	5,082,679	3,262,492	12,766,141	10,278,044
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,134,016	264,830	391,253	66,128	1,525,269	330,958
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	19,003,329	18,962,479	11,807,231	12,225,419	30,810,560	31,187,898
Restricted net assets	288,459	234,201	136,815	127,631	425,274	361,832
Unrestricted net assets	2,571,596	3,090,551	(236,158)	(605,406)	2,335,438	2,485,145
Total net assets	\$21,863,384	\$22,287,231	\$11,707,888	\$11,747,644	\$ 33,571,272	\$ 34,034,875

As of June 30, 2022, the City had assets greater than its liabilities of \$33,571,272, a decrease of \$463,603 from the previous year. The City's governmental activities accounted for \$423,847 of the decrease in net position. The business-type activity accounted for \$39,756 of the remainder

The majority of the City's net assets (92%) are invested in capital assets (streets, drainage, buildings, equipment, water and sewer system, etc.). Restrictions for special purpose are imposed upon 1% of the net assets. Unrestricted assets available for general expenditures account for 7% of the

(Continued on next page)

Comparison of Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets For the Years Ended

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	tal		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 233,270	\$ 128,139	\$ 2,163,089	\$ 2,109,240	\$ 2,396,359	\$ 2,237,379		
Operating grants and								
contributions	57,297	51,843	-	-	57,297	51,843		
Capital grants and								
contributions	78,409	2,349,318	4,902	7,350	83,311	2,356,668		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	1,422,700	1,390,217	-	-	1,422,700	1,390,217		
Payroll taxes	1,497,252	1,453,007	-	-	1,497,252	1,453,007		
Other taxes	1,211,607	1,402,171	-	-	1,211,607	1,402,171		
License, permits and fees	517,081	480,088	-	-	517,081	480,088		
Other revenue	146,756	99,203	29,521	36,838	176,277	136,041		
Total revenue	5,164,372	7,353,986	2,197,512	2,153,428	7,361,884	9,507,414		
Expenses								
General government	1,251,376	1,626,860	-	-	1,251,376	1,626,860		
Public safety	1,675,123	1,780,993	-	-	1,675,123	1,780,993		
Sanitation	338,516	325,883	-	-	338,516	325,883		
Highways and streets	1,192,838	1,075,320	-	-	1,192,838	1,075,320		
Parks and recreation	577,359	551,502	-	-	577,359	551,502		
Airport	208,819	75,446			208,819	75,446		
Economic development	279,818				279,818			
Interest on long-term debt	4,370	-	-	-	4,370	-		
Water and sewer			2,297,268	2,293,679	2,297,268	2,293,679		
Total expense	5,528,219	5,436,004	2,297,268	2,293,679	7,825,487	7,729,683		
Increase in net assets								
before transfers	(363,847)	1,917,982	(99,756)	(140,251)	(463,603)	1,777,731		
Transfers	(60,000)	(175,000)	60,000	175,000				
Increase or (decrease) in								
net assets	(423,847)	1,742,982	(39,756)	34,749	(463,603)	1,777,731		
Net assets - beginning as restated	22,287,231	20,544,249	11,747,644	11,712,895	34,034,875	32,257,144		
Net assets - end of year	\$21,863,384	\$22,287,231	\$11,707,888	\$11,747,644	\$ 33,571,272	\$ 34,034,875		

Revenues

Normally, the City's governmental revenues are primarily from the collection of various taxes. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 the major sources of revenues are: Personal and real property taxes - 27%; Payroll taxes - 29 %; Franchise and Insurance Premium taxes - 24%. Charges for services, grants, contributions, fees, and licenses combined represent the balance of revenues.

The City's business-type activity revenues were primarily from charges for services - 98%, and grants and other revenues - 2%

Expenditures

The costs of all governmental activities were \$5.5 million. The Statement of Activities shows that \$233 thousand was financed by those who use the services; \$135 thousand was financed by grants and contributions with the city's general revenues financing \$5.13 million.

Approximately 94% of the total costs (expenses) of \$2.29 million of the business-type activities were financed by charges for services.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's total revenues were \$334 thousand less than budgeted. The receipt of grant funds was the primary reason for this. There are several sources of revenue which are difficult to accurately estimate but actual total revenues were close to budget. The City's total expenditures were \$64 thousand more than budgeted.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The City's investments in capital assets as of June 30, 2022 for its governmental activities were \$19.5 million, net of depreciation as reflected in the schedule below:

Capital Assets
June 30,
(In thousands, net of depreciation)

	G	overnmen	tal A	ctivities	I	Business-T	ype A	ctivities	Total			
		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Land	\$	4,953	\$	4,953	\$	285	\$	283	\$	5,238	\$	5,236
Construction in progress		1,781		4,488		3,581		1,687		5,362		6,175
Infrastructure and land												
improvements		6,951		6,300						6,951		6,300
Water and sewer system						11,242		11,527		11,242		11,527
Buildings and improvements		4,247		1,697						4,247		1,697
Vehicles		471		285		124		124		595		409
General equipment and												
furnishings		1,169		1,239		197		205		1,366		1,444
	\$	19,572	\$	18,962	\$	15,429	\$	13,826	\$	35,001	\$	32,788
Major additions to capital assets during	g the currer	nt year incl	ude th	e (in thousa	ands)							
Land			\$	29	\$	2	\$	_	\$	2	\$	29
Infrastructure and land												
improvements		1,158		3,241						1,158		3,241
Water and sewer system						2,123		918		2,123		918
Buildings and improvements		-		-						-		-
Vehicles		283		50		46		81		329		131
General equipment and												
furnishings		105		596		29		67		134		663
-	\$	1,546	\$	3,916	\$	2,200	\$	1,066	\$	3,746	\$	4,982

At year end, the City had \$568,889 of leases payable, \$3,256,490 of notes payable and \$355,000 of bonds payable outstanding. The leases, bonds, and notes payable were issued to finance equipment and infrastructure. Detailed information on the city's long-term debt can be found in Notes H and I on pages 31-33 of the report.

Future Operations

Since 2014, Calvert City has utilized several strategic plans based on the responses received from its citizenry to pursue goals for the city. These have been the primus for the city's direction for its current and future projects. They have included goals and objectives for the city's comprehensive plan, a study performed by Washington University and a strategic plan by Chastain and Associates. The city is still actively working on several projects from all of these and is moving progressively forward. One of the most ambitious projects is the connection of Calvert City's downtown to Kentucky Dam Village State Resort Park via a multi-use trail. The goal of this project was not just connectivity, but to promote tourism by creating an aesthetically pleasing draw for the motoring public from the I-24/I-69 interchange at US Highway 62 to both the city and Kentucky Dam State Park highlighting the northern entrance of Kentucky Lake. This project is being constructed in segments by both the State and the City. It is in its third and final phase from East 5th Avenue to U.S. Highway 62 along the east side of Lone Valley Road which will complete a connection between the city and the state segments. Unfortunately, progress has been slowed due to the Covid pandemic, but we are expected to begin its acquisition phase shortly. This multi-use trail is a shared trail for pedestrians and bicyclists.

The city, in a lease agreement with the Kentucky Department of Parks, has assumed operational and managerial control of the Kentucky Dam State Park Airport. The city and the Kentucky Department of Aviation have worked together to upgrade the Kentucky Dam State Park Airport. This year the city finished construction of two (2) new eight (8) unit T-hangars and has leased almost all of them. The Airport has been recertified and now receives Federal Aviation Administration funding for projects. Currently the city is working with Hanson Engineering to complete its Airport Layout Plan, Instrument Approach for Runway 28 and a wildlife fence for the perimeter. The city believes upgrading the airport will rejuvenate it and help bring economic opportunities to the city through tourism.

Calvert City understands the need and continually strives to be fiscally responsible and more efficient. This includes reducing our energy costs and consumption whenever possible, efficiently utilizing our skilled workforce, and closely monitoring our expenditures. Reduction of our energy costs is typically done by utilizing new technologies that pay for themselves over a fixed period of years through cost savings. The city continues to install or replace existing lights and fixtures with LED lights and fixtures, insulation upgrades, thermal windows, more energy efficient HVAC systems and to incorporate applications such as automated and programmable controls and replace existing fixtures with more energy efficient systems throughout the city.

The city has established a maintenance program throughout its facilities with emphasis on repair of existing or replacement with more economical systems. The goal is to move from response maintenance to preventative maintenance for the city facilities and enhance the aesthetics of the city facilities. The city finished its remodel of City Hall's exterior due to stormwater infiltrating the exterior of the building. This included new window

installation and exterior surfacing. Construction of a new pickleball court at Doctor's Memorial Park has begun. It will have four (4) lighted courts and include an exterior walkway and bleachers.

The city's workforce continues to enhance its personnel's capabilities through specialized training. Qualified employees help to ensure the safety of the public. The city mandates special training for certain employees to ensure the proper use and management of facilities and equipment. Equipping employees with the knowledge and tools needed to meet the ever-changing demands is continuous and essential. Its design is to build employee morale and skills and ensure the safety of the residents and employees. Safety training is held once a month to educate staff and keep safety foremost in their minds. Cybersecurity is of the foremost importance and a continuing priority for the city. Calvert City has and does retain an IT service group to help ensure that the city, its citizen's, and employee's information is securely and properly stored.

Proper equipment plays an important part in making employees safe and efficient in their performance. This year our Public Works, Street department replaced a dump truck, and two (2) service trucks. Our Sanitation department added a six (6) Cubic yard solid waste truck to its inventory to handle back pick up making that service more efficient. The Fire Department took delivery of a new custom pumper, and the Police Department a patrol car.

The city ordered two (2) new playground structures for Old Park to replace an unsafe structure which has been removed. They were installed and one of the structures is designed for ages 2-5 and the other for ages 5-12. Together they also increase the available activities for the youth in Old Park.

The Calvert City Street Revitalization Program is completing its third five-year program. This program has been highly successful in getting the city streets to a very good condition. The program is developed by an independent third-party engineering firm to establish an annual, accelerated, and prioritized repair of city streets based on the greatest need. Flooding and flash flooding are ever present issues of the city, and it continues an aggressive storm water drainage program of culvert replacement and/or repair and reworking storm water conveyors as needed to ensure the proper drainage of storm water. This year the city is beginning construction of an eight (8) acre stormwater detention basin at the southwest corner of East 6th Avenue and Cedar Street designed by HDR Engineering. This detention basin is designed to hold a 1% annual or as commonly referred to a 100-year flood event and release it like a 25-year event over a 72-hour period, reducing flash flooding of the surrounding residences and city roadway closure and damage.

In the area of economic development, the city continues to work with Marshall County Economic Development for industrial preservation and recruitment, but is actively utilizing our Director of Marketing, Communications and Business Development for commercial and residential retention and recruitment. The marketing director also acts as

our social media and public affairs person and is active with many civic organizations to promote interagency relations.

Requests for Additional Information

This report is intended to provide the readers with a general overview of Calvert City's finances and to provide information regarding the receipts and uses of funds. If you need clarification regarding a statement(s) made in this report or need additional information, please contact Calvert City Hall, Attn: City Administrator, 861 East 5th Ave., P.O. Box 36, Calvert City, KY 42029



CITY OF CALVERT CITY, KENTUCKY Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Marie		Ī	Primary Government	t
Current assets				
Current assers: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 8,118,773 \$ 3,30,285 \$ 9,40,908 Receivables (net) 62,7422 337,345 985,267 Internal balances 438,809 25,616 Investments 256,616 438,80 25,616 Prepaid expenses 748,88 16,637 21,030 One-current asserts 2,917,043 1,283,33 1,280,000 Non-current asserts 2,928,201 125,680 12,080 Capital assets, not for accumulated depreciation 12,838,33 11,563,592 24,010,85 Capital assets, not for accumulated depreciation 2,989,261 15,53,922 24,010,85 Total Assets 3,847,422 15,53,922 24,010,85 Total Assets 3,847,422 15,53,922 24,010,85 Total Assets 8,847,422 165,837,24 45,928,98 Deferred doutflows of Resources 847,422 165,837,24 45,928,98 Deferred doutflows of Resources 181,857 65,833 247,69 Total deferred outflows of resources 181,857 65,83		Activities	Activities	Total
Receivables (net) \$ 1,31,722 \$ 3,74,85 98,788 Receivables (net) \$ 27,422 33,7845 98,788 Investments \$ 25,616 \$ 2 \$ 2 Prepaid expenses 74,888 \$ 16,637 \$ 9,132 Other current assets \$ 74,888 \$ 16,637 \$ 9,132 Total current assets \$ 9,517,043 \$ 122,680 \$ 12,680 Accounts receivable - leases \$ 122,680 \$ 122,680 \$ 12,680 \$ 12,680 Capital assets, not being depreciated \$ 6,733,225 \$ 385,220 \$ 10,999,455 \$				
Receivables (net)				
Internation 1438,600 1438,600 1268,6	1			
Prepaid expenses	` '			985,267
Other current assets 14,888 16,637 9,1525 Other current assets 9,517,043 1,287,732 10,804,775 Non-current assets - 122,680 122,680 Capital assets, not being depreciated 6,733,825 3,867,720 10,599,455 Capital assets, not of accumulated depreciation 12,888,393 11,605,392 24,401,985 Total non-current assets 29,089,261 16,839,724 45,928,985 Total Assets 847,422 155,1992 23,142,101 Total Assets 847,422 16,839,724 45,928,985 Deferred Outflows of Resources 847,422 16,839,724 45,928,985 Deferred Outflows of Resources 847,422 16,839,724 45,928,985 Deferred Outflows of Resources 847,422 16,527 1,013,249 Deferred Outflows of Resources 847,422 16,528,72 1,013,249 Deferred Outflows of Resources 847,429 16,528,33 24,7690 Current assettines 1,181,87 65,833 247,690 4,760 Accounce Outflows of R			(438,869)	
Other current assets 475 1,834 2,307 Non-current assets 5,17,043 1,287,732 1,080,775 Non-current assets 2 1,22,680 1,22,680 Capital assets, not being depreciated 6,733,825 3,865,720 1,059,945 Capital assets, not of accumulated depreciation 12,883,933 1,655,592 24,401,885 Total non-current assets 19,572,218 15,551,992 35,124,101 Total Assets 29,089,261 16,839,724 45,928,985 Efferred Outflows of Resources 847,422 165,827 1,013,249 Deferred opasion related outflows 847,422 165,827 1,013,249 Deferred opasion related outflows of resources 1,391,601 342,09 293,469 Total Current admities 1,591,601 342,09 1,334,679 LASSET Asset			-	·
Non-current asserts:	* *		· ·	
Non-current assets:				
	Total current assets	9,517,043	1,287,732	10,804,775
Capital assets, not being depreciation 6,733,825 3,665,700 24,401,085 Capital assets, not of accumulated depreciation 12,883,393 15,551,922 35,124,210 Total Assets 29,089,261 16,839,724 45,928,985 Deferred Outflows of Resources: 847,422 165,827 1,013,249 Deferred pension related outflows 744,179 16,269 29,048,06 Deferred opension related outflows of resources 1,591,601 342,096 1,933,697 User It is build be the post-employment benefits outflows 744,179 16,269 29,048,00 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,591,601 342,096 1,933,697 User It is build be supposed to the counts payable 181,857 55,833 247,690 Accrued compensated leave and other accrued expenses 184,729 132,187 316,916 Current maturities of bonds payable 2,500 8,600 8,500 Current maturities of lease payable 10,139 1,600 8,500 Total creating listing 4,635,292 964,237 5,599,592 Pension obligations 1,900,				
Page	Accounts receivable - leases	-	·	
Total non-current assets 19,572,218 15,551,992 35,124,210 Total Assets 29,089,261 16,839,724 45,928,985 Deferred Outflows of Resources: 29,089,261 16,839,724 45,928,985 Deferred pension related outflows 847,422 165,827 1,013,249 Deferred other post-employment benefits outflows 744,179 176,269 920,448 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,591,601 342,006 1,933,697 LIABILITIES Current liabilities 4 181,857 65,833 247,690 Accound payroll 52,707 8,869 61,576 Accrued compensated leave and other accrued expenses 184,729 132,187 316,916 Current maturities of bonds payable 6 45,001 64,501 64,501 64,501 64,501 64,501 64,501 64,501 64,501 64,501 64,502 64,502 64,502 64,502 64,502 64,502 758,502 758,502 758,752 758,752 758,752 758,752 758,752 758,752	Capital assets, not being depreciated	6,733,825	3,865,720	10,599,545
Total Assets 29,089,261 16,839,724 45,928,985 Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred pension related outflows 847,422 165,827 1,013,249 Deferred pension related outflows of resources 744,179 176,269 290,448 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,591,601 342,096 1,933,697 LABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 181,857 65,833 247,699 Accrued compensated leave and other accrued expenses 184,729 132,187 316,916 Current maturities of fonds payable 2 85,000 869 61,576 Accrued compensated leave and other accrued expenses 184,729 132,187 316,916 Current maturities of fonds payable - 85,000 869 61,576 Current maturities of fonds payable - 45,001 46,501 64,501 64,501 Current maturities of notes payable - 28,000 785,822 Noncurrent liabilities: - 28,059 289,329 18,832	Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	12,838,393	11,563,592	24,401,985
Deferred Outflows of Resources	Total non-current assets	19,572,218	15,551,992	35,124,210
Deferred pension related outflows 847,422 165,827 1,013,249 Deferred other post-employment benefits outflows 744,179 176,269 29,048 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,591,601 342,096 290,448 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable 181,857 65,833 247,690 Accrued compensated leave and other accrued expenses 184,729 132,187 316,916 Current maturities of bonds payable 64,501 64,502 28,402 78,582,502 78,592,502<	Total Assets	29,089,261	16,839,724	45,928,985
Deferred other post-employment benefits outflows 744,179 176,269 20,448 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,591,601 342,09 1,333,697 LIABILITIES User an indicate the counts payable 1818,857 65,833 247,690 Accrued payroll 52,707 8,869 61,576 Accrued compensated leave and other accrued expenses 184,729 132,187 316,916 Current maturities of bonds payable - 85,000 85,000 Current maturities of leave payable - 85,000 85,000 Current maturities of leave payable - 8,000 78,522 Current maturities of leave payable - 96,431 5,599,29 Noncurrent liabilities - 280,491 28,929 Post current maturities of leave payable - 280,591 280,592 Other post-employment benefit obligations 1,399,360 289,472 1,688,832 Bond payable - 280,591 280,591 Lease payable - 3,191,989 1,91,982 <td< td=""><td>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Total deferred outflows of resources	Deferred pension related outflows	847,422	165,827	1,013,249
Total deferred outflows of resources	1	· ·	· ·	920,448
Current liabilities: Accounts payable 181,857 65,833 247,609 Accrued payroll 52,707 8,869 61,576 Accrued compensated leave and other accrued expenses 184,729 132,187 316,916 Current maturities of bonds payable - 64,501 64,501 Current maturities of loses payable - 64,501 64,501 Current maturities of lease payable - 64,502 785,822 Total current liabilities - 46,35,292 365,390 785,822 Pension obligations 4,635,292 964,237 5,599,529 Other post-employment benefit obligations 1,393,60 289,472 1,688,832 Bond payable 558,750 - 558,750 Lease payable 558,750 - 558,750 Notes payable 558,750 - 660,628 Uneamed revenues 660,628 - 660,628 Total Liabilities 7,683,462 5,082,679 11,980,31 Deferred Inflows of Resource 589,957 137,876	1 1 2			
Accounts payable 181,857 65,833 247,690 Accrued payroll 52,707 8,869 61,576 Accrued compensated leave and other accrued expenses 184,729 132,187 316,916 Current maturities of bonds payable - 85,000 85,000 Current maturities of notes payable - 64,501 64,501 Current maturities of lease payable 10,139 - 10,139 Total current liabilities 429,432 356,390 785,822 Nous payable 4,635,292 964,237 5,599,529 Other post-employment benefit obligations 1,399,360 289,472 1,688,832 Bond payable - 280,591 280,591 Lease payable 558,750 - 258,759 Lease payable 558,750 - 558,750 Notes payable - 3,191,898 3,191,898 Uneamed revenues 660,628 - 660,628 Total Liabilities 7,834,62 5,882,679 12,766,141 Deferred Inflows of Resources	LIABILITIES			
Accrued payroll 52,707 8,869 61,576 Accrued compensated leave and other accrued expenses 184,729 132,187 316,916 Current maturities of bonds payable 1 45,001 64,501 Current maturities of lease payable 10,139 - 10,139 Total current liabilities 429,432 356,390 785,822 Noncurrent liabilities 429,432 356,390 785,822 Pension obligations 4,635,292 964,237 5,599,529 Other post-employment benefit obligations 1,399,360 289,472 1,688,832 Bond payable 58,750 - 280,591 280,591 Lease payable 558,750 - 588,750 Notes payable 58,952 - 3,119,98 3,191,989 Unearned revenues 660,628 - - 660,628 Total non-current liabilities 7,83,462 5,082,679 12,766,141 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred pension related inflows 589,957 137,876 727,833 <td>Current liabilities:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current liabilities:			
Accrued compensated leave and other accrued expenses 184,729 132,187 316,916 Current maturities of bonds payable - 85,000 85,000 Current maturities of locks payable - 64,501 64,501 Current maturities of lease payable 10,139 - 10,139 Total current liabilities 429,432 356,390 785,822 Noncurrent liabilities - 80,202 964,237 5,599,529 Pension obligations 4,635,292 964,237 5,599,529 Other post-employment benefit obligations 1,399,360 289,472 1,688,832 Bond payable 58,750 2 280,591 280,591 Lease payable 58,750 - 280,591 280,591 Notes payable 58,750 - 660,628 - 660,628 Total ciabilities 7,254,030 4,726,289 11,980,319 Total ciabilities 589,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred Inflows of Resources 589,957 137,876 727,833 Deferr	Accounts payable	181,857	65,833	247,690
Current maturities of bonds payable 5,000 85,000 Current maturities of notes payable 64,501 64,501 Current maturities of lease payable 10,139 - 10,139 Total current liabilities 429,432 356,390 785,822 Noncurrent liabilities - 8,635,292 964,237 5,599,529 Pension obligations 1,399,360 289,472 1,688,832 Bond payable - 280,591 280,591 Lease payable 558,750 - 558,750 Notes payable - 3,191,989 3,191,989 Uneamed revenues 660,628 - 660,628 Total non-current liabilities 7,683,462 5,082,679 11,980,319 Deferred Inflows of Resources 589,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows 589,957 138,786 78,934 Deferred inflows of resources 118,502 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269	Accrued payroll	52,707	8,869	61,576
Current maturities of notes payable - 64,501 64,501 Current maturities of lease payable 10,139 - 10,139 Total current liabilities 429,432 356,390 788,822 Noncurrent liabilities - - - 78,822 Pension obligations 4,635,292 964,237 5,599,529 10,909 2,909 10,909 2,909	Accrued compensated leave and other accrued expenses	184,729	132,187	316,916
Current maturities of lease payable 10,139 - 10,139 Total current liabilities 429,432 356,390 785,822 Noncurrent liabilities - - 80,5292 964,237 5,599,529 Other post-employment benefit obligations 1,399,360 289,472 1,688,832 Bond payable 58,750 280,591 280,591 Lease payable 58,750 3,191,989 3,191,989 Uncarred revenues 660,628 - 660,628 Total non-current liabilities 7,254,030 4,726,289 11,980,319 Total Liabilities 7,883,462 5,882,679 12,766,141 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources 389,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows 544,059 134,875 678,934 Deferred inflows of resources 11,34,016 391,253 1,525,696 NET POSITION </td <td>Current maturities of bonds payable</td> <td>-</td> <td>85,000</td> <td>85,000</td>	Current maturities of bonds payable	-	85,000	85,000
Total current liabilities 429,432 356,390 785,822 Noncurrent liabilities: 964,237 5,599,529 Pension obligations 4,635,292 964,237 5,599,529 Other post-employment benefit obligations 1,399,360 289,472 1,688,832 Bond payable 558,750 - 558,750 Lease payable - 3,191,899 3,191,899 Notes payable - 3,911,899 3,191,899 Uncarred revenues 660,628 - 660,628 Total non-current liabilities 7,683,462 5,082,679 12,766,141 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows 589,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources - 118,502 118,502 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,500 Restricted for: 28,	Current maturities of notes payable	-	64,501	64,501
Noncurrent liabilities: 4,635,292 964,237 5,599,529 Pension obligations 1,399,360 289,472 1,688,832 Bond payable - 280,591 280,591 Lease payable 558,750 - 558,750 Notes payable - 3,191,889 3,191,989 Unearned revenues 660,628 - 660,628 Total non-current liabilities 7,254,030 4,726,289 11,980,319 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred pension related inflows 589,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows 544,059 134,875 678,934 Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455	Current maturities of lease payable	10,139	-	10,139
Pension obligations 4,635,292 964,237 5,599,529 Other post-employment benefit obligations 1,399,360 289,472 1,688,832 Bond payable - 280,591 280,591 Lease payable 558,750 - 558,750 Notes payable - 3,191,989 3,191,989 Unearned revenues 660,628 - 660,628 Total non-current liabilities 7,683,462 5,082,679 12,766,141 Deferred inflows of Resources Deferred pension related inflows 589,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred opension related inflows 544,059 134,875 678,934 Deferred opension related inflows 544,059 134,875 678,934 Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: Specia	Total current liabilities	429,432	356,390	785,822
Other post-employment benefit obligations 1,399,360 289,472 1,688,832 Bond payable - 280,591 280,591 Lease payable 558,750 - 558,750 Notes payable - 3,191,989 3,191,989 Uneamed revenues 660,628 - 660,628 Total non-current liabilities 7,254,030 4,726,289 11,980,319 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred pension related inflows 589,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows 544,059 134,875 678,934 Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service 290,360 90,360 90,360	Noncurrent liabilities:	· 		
Bond payable 280,591 280,591 Lease payable 558,750 - 558,750 Notes payable 3,191,989 3,191,989 3,191,989 Unearned revenues 660,628 - 660,628 Total non-current liabilities 7,254,030 4,726,289 11,980,319 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred pension related inflows 589,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows 544,059 134,875 678,934 Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: Special revenue 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted - 90,360 90,360	Pension obligations	4,635,292	964,237	5,599,529
Bond payable 280,591 280,591 Lease payable 558,750 - 558,750 Notes payable 3,191,989 3,191,989 3,191,989 Unearned revenues 660,628 - 660,628 Total non-current liabilities 7,254,030 4,726,289 11,980,319 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred pension related inflows 589,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows 544,059 134,875 678,934 Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: Special revenue 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted - 90,360 90,360	Other post-employment benefit obligations	1,399,360	289,472	1,688,832
Lease payable 558,750 - 558,750 Notes payable - 3,191,989 3,191,989 Unearned revenues 660,628 - 660,628 Total non-current liabilities 7,254,030 4,726,289 11,980,319 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred pension related inflows 589,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows 544,059 134,875 678,934 Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: Special revenue 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438	Bond payable	-	280,591	280,591
Notes payable - 3,191,989 3,191,989 Unearned revenues 660,628 - 660,628 Total non-current liabilities 7,254,030 4,726,289 11,980,319 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred pension related inflows 589,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows 544,059 134,875 678,934 Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects 246,455 46,455 46,455 Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438		558,750	-	558,750
Unearmed revenues 660,628 - 660,628 Total non-current liabilities 7,254,030 4,726,289 11,980,319 Deferred Inflows of Resources 7,683,462 5,082,679 12,766,141 Deferred Inflows of Resources 89,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows 544,059 134,875 678,934 Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269 NET POSITION 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: 288,459 - 288,459 Special revenue 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438		-	3,191,989	
Total Liabilities 7,683,462 5,082,679 12,766,141 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred pension related inflows 589,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows 544,059 134,875 678,934 Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269 Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: Special revenue 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438		660,628		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred pension related inflows 589,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows 544,059 134,875 678,934 Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: Special revenue 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438	Total non-current liabilities	7,254,030	4,726,289	11,980,319
Deferred pension related inflows 589,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows 544,059 134,875 678,934 Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: Special revenue 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438	Total Liabilities	7,683,462	5,082,679	12,766,141
Deferred pension related inflows 589,957 137,876 727,833 Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows 544,059 134,875 678,934 Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: Special revenue 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows 544,059 134,875 678,934 Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: Special revenue 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438		589,957	137,876	727.833
Deferred inflows - leases - 118,502 118,502 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438				
Total deferred inflows of resources 1,134,016 391,253 1,525,269 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: Special revenue 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438		-		
Net invested in capital assets 19,003,329 11,807,231 30,810,560 Restricted for: 288,459 - 288,459 Special revenue 288,459 - 46,455 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438		1,134,016		
Restricted for: Special revenue 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438	NET POSITION			
Restricted for: Special revenue 288,459 - 288,459 Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438	Net invested in capital assets	19,003,329	11,807,231	30,810,560
Capital projects - 46,455 46,455 Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438	Restricted for:			
Debt service - 90,360 90,360 Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438	Special revenue	288,459	-	288,459
Unrestricted 2,571,596 (236,158) 2,335,438	Capital projects	-	46,455	46,455
	Debt service	-	90,360	90,360
TOTAL NET POSITION \$ 21,863,384 \$ 11,707,888 \$ 33,571,272	Unrestricted		(236,158)	2,335,438
	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 21,863,384	\$ 11,707,888	\$ 33,571,272

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

				Progra	m Revenues					es in Net Positio		
			Charges for		perating ants and		Capital rants and	G	overnmental	ry Government		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services		tributions		itributions		Activities	Activities		Total
Primary government:	 	-								 		
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ 1,251,376	\$	-	\$	-	\$	78,409	\$	(1,172,967)	\$ -	\$	(1,172,967)
Public safety	1,675,123		-		57,297		-		(1,617,826)	-		(1,617,826)
Sanitation	338,516		112,079		-		-		(226,437)	-		(226,437)
Highways and streets	1,192,838		_		-		-		(1,192,838)	-		(1,192,838)
Parks and recreation	577,359		20,750		-		-		(556,609)	-		(556,609)
Airport	208,819		100,441		-		-		(108,378)	-		(108,378)
Economic development	279,818								(279,818)			(279,818)
Interest on long-term debt	4,370		-		-		-		(4,370)	-		(4,370)
Total governmental activities	5,528,219		233,270		57,297		78,409		(5,159,243)	 -		(5,159,243)
Business-type activities:												
Public water and sewer	 2,297,268		2,163,089				4,902	_		 (129,277)		(129,277)
Total primary activities	\$ 7,825,487	\$	2,396,359	\$	57,297	\$	83,311		(5,159,243)	 (129,277)		(5,288,520)
			neral revenues:									
		T	axes:									
			Property taxes			rposes			1,242,758	-		1,242,758
			Taxes, levied		deposits				29,398	-		29,398
			Personal propo						100,893	-		100,893
			Omitted tangil						41,888	-		41,888
			Payments in li	eu of taxe	es				7,763	-		7,763
			Payroll taxes						1,497,252	-		1,497,252
			Insurance prer		(1,148,435	-		1,148,435
			Franchise taxe						63,172	-		63,172
			icense, permits						517,081	-		517,081
			tergovernment	al					53,312	21.054		53,312
			liscellaneous						67,978	21,954		89,932
			nterest and inve	estment ea	arnings				25,466	7,567		33,033
						1 4			(60,000)	 60,000		4 924 017
			Total general	revenues,	special items	s, and tra	insiers		4,735,396	 89,521	_	4,824,917
			Change in n	et positio	n				(423,847)	(39,756)		(463,603)
		Net	position - begi	nning					22,287,231	 11,747,644		34,034,875
		Net	position - endi	ing				\$	21,863,384	\$ 11,707,888	\$	33,571,272

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

				Special Revenue Funds					
				Non-Major					Total
	General	Cor	struction	M	unicipal	Gove	ernmental	Go	vernmental
	Fund		Fund	A	id Fund]	Funds		Funds
ASSETS									
Cash	\$ 7,076,789	\$	753,525	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,830,314
Cash - restricted	-		-		257,823		30,636		288,459
Receivables									
Property and franchise tax	1,672		-		-		-		1,672
Payroll and insurance tax	618,889		-		-		-		618,889
Other	6,861		-		-				6,861
Due from other funds	444,144		-		-		-		444,144
Investments	256,616		-		-		-		256,616
Prepaid expenses	74,888		-		-		-		74,888
Restricted membership and security deposits	475				<u>-</u>				475
Total assets	\$ 8,480,334	\$	753,525	\$	257,823	\$	30,636	\$	9,522,318
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 181,857	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	181,857
Unearned revenues	660,628		_		_		_		660,628
Due to other funds	5,275		-		-		_		5,275
Other accrued expenses	75,481		-		-		_		75,481
Accrued payroll	52,707		-		-		-		52,707
Total liabilities	975,948		-		-		-		975,948
									_
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable	75,363		-		-		-		75,363
Restricted	-		-		257,823		30,636		288,459
Committed	-		753,525		-		-		753,525
Assigned	744,873		-		-		-		744,873
Unassigned	6,684,150		-		-		_		6,684,150
Total fund balances	7,504,386		753,525		257,823		30,636		8,546,370
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 8,480,334	\$	753,525	\$	257,823	\$	30,636		
Amounts reported for governmental activities statement of net position are different because	e:	1							
Capital assets used in governmental activities financial resources and therefore are not repo	rted in the funds								19,572,218
Accrued compensated absences are not due a the current period and therefore are not report									(109,248)
Accrued lease payments are not due and paya the current period and therefore are not report									(568,889)
Pension obligations and related deferred inflo and payable in the current period and therefore									(4,377,827)
OPEB obligations and related deferred inflow and payable in the current period and therefor									(1,199,240)
Net position of governmental activities	•							\$	21,863,384
reci position of governmental activities								Φ	21,003,304

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Special Revenue Funds Non-Major Total General Construction Municipal Governmental Governmental Aid Fund **Funds Fund** Fund Funds **REVENUES** \$ Taxes \$ 4,131,558 \$ \$ \$ 4,131,558 Licenses and permits 517,081 517,081 Intergovernmental 53,313 53,313 233,269 Charges for services 233,269 Fines and forfeitures 4,896 4,896 91,871 43,835 Grants 135,706 Interest 24,521 837 108 25,466 Other 81,740 81,740 5.084,936 43,835 54,150 108 5,183,029 Total revenues **EXPENDITURES** Current: 962,261 General government 962,261 Public safety 1,369,399 1,369,399 Sanitation 310,515 310,515 Highways and streets 879,110 879,110 Parks and recreation 487,321 487,321 Economic development 279,818 279,818 Airport 92,988 92,988 Debt service: Principal 1,111 1,111 Debt issue costs 20,000 20,000 Interest 4,370 4,370 1,340,967 Capital outlay 1,340,967 4,406,893 1,340,967 Total expenditures 5,747,860 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 678,043 (1,297,132)54,150 108 (564,831)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from long-term debt 570,000 570,000 Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in 550,000 550,000 Transfers out (610,000)(610,000)Total other financing sources (uses) 550,000 (40,000)510,000 Net change in fund balances 54,150 108 638,043 (747,132)(54,831)Fund balances - beginning 30,528 6,866,343 1,500,657 203,673 8,601,201 Fund balances - ending \$ 7,504,386 753,525 257,823 30,636 8,546,370

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (54,831)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is	
the amount by which net capital outlay of \$1,546,191 exceeded depreciation of \$917,795 in the current period.	628,396
Governmental funds report receipts from the issuance of debt as revenue and the payment of principal as capital outlays. However, in the statement of activities, the issuance of debt is reported as a liability and principal payments are reported as a reduction of the	
liability.	(568,889)
In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the cost of the capital	
assets sold.	(18,657)
Expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(18,853)
Payments of pension contributions require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, pension expense in the government-wide statements are reported based on the actuarial study. This amount is the difference in the treatment of pension expense.	(304,254)
Payments of OPEB contributions require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, OPEB expense in the government-wide statements are reported based on the actuarial study. This amount is the difference in the treatment of OPEB expense.	(86,759)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (423,847)

CITY OF CALVERT CITY CALVERT CITY MUNICIPAL WATER AND SEWER SYSTEM STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$	1,350,285
Accounts receivable - customers		352,231
Other receivable		5,614
Due from the City of Calvert City		5,275
Prepaid expenses		16,637
Utility deposits		1,834
Total Current Assets		1,731,876
Noncurrent Assets		
Accounts receivable - leases		122,680
Capital Assets		,
Capital assets, not being depreciated		3,865,720
Capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,563,592
Total Noncurrent Assets	1	5,551,992
Total Assets	1	7,283,868
		7,203,000
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Deferred pension related outflows		165,827
Deferred other post-employment benefits outflows		176,269
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	342,096
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable		65,833
Accrued wages		8,869
Accrued interest		9,024
Other accrued expenses		61,917
Due to the City of Calvert City		444,144
Current maturities of bond payable		85,000
Current maturities of notes payable		64,501 61,246
Customer deposits Total Current Liabilities		800,534
		800,334
Non-Current Liabilities		
Pension obligations		964,237
Other post-employment benefit obligations		289,472
Bond payable		280,591
Notes payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities		3,191,989 4,726,289
Total Liabilities		5,526,823
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred pension related inflows		137,876
Deferred other post-employment benefits inflows		134,875
Deferred inflows - leases		118,502
Total deferred inflows of resources		391,253
NET POSITION		
Net invested in capital assets	1	1,807,231
Restricted for:		, , -
Capital projects		46,455
Debt service		90,360
Unrestricted - net position		(236,158)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1	1,707,888
TOTAL NET TOUTION	φΙ	1,/0/,000

CITY OF CALVERT CITY

CALVERT CITY MUNICIPAL WATER AND SEWER SYSTEM STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Water and sewer usage fees, net \$ 2,116,221 Hydrant fees 17,050 Disconnect fees 13,700 Customer penalties 61,118 Operating Expenses Salaries and wages 431,857 Payroll taxes 242,213 Contractual services 180,175 Audit and legal 142,150 Operating supplies 304,460 Utilities 237,915 Communications 11,872 Maintenance 7,515 Insurance 8,392 Transportation and travel 30,789 Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 Poperating income (83,049) Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) (51,130) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609)	Operating Revenues	
Disconnect fees 13,700 Customer penalties 2,163,089 Operating Expenses 431,857 Payroll taxes 28,561 Employee benefits 242,213 Contractual services 180,175 Audit and legal 142,150 Operating supplies 30,460 Utilities 237,915 Communications 11,872 Maintenance 8,392 Insurance 8,392 Transportation and travel 30,789 Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 Poperating income (83,049) Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) (83,049) Non-operating revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expenses) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap	Water and sewer usage fees, net	\$ 2,116,221
Customer penalties 16,118 (2,163,089) Operating Expenses 3 Salaries and wages 431,857 (2,561) Payroll taxes 28,561 (2,561) Employee benefits 242,213 (2,511) Contractual services 180,175 (2,511) Audit and legal 142,150 (2,511) Operating supplies 304,460 (2,511) Communications 11,872 (2,511) Maintenance 8,392 (2,511) Transportation and travel 30,789 (2,511) Office supplies 10,163 (2,511) Miscellaneous 5,800 (2,513) Bad debts 6,188 (2,513) Depreciation (83,049) Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) (83,049) Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) (51,130) Interest expense (51,130) Interest expense (51,303) Rental income (5,53) Rental income (5,65) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (5,130) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,9	Hydrant fees	17,050
Operating Expenses 431,857 Salaries and wages 431,857 Payroll taxes 28,561 Employee benefits 242,213 Contractual services 180,175 Audit and legal 142,150 Operating supplies 304,460 Utilities 237,915 Communications 11,872 Maintenance 7,515 Insurance 8,392 Transportation and travel 30,789 Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 6 Operating Revenues (Expenses) (83,049) Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) (51,130) Interest expense (51,30) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 7,567 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and asses	Disconnect fees	13,700
Operating Expenses 431,857 Salaries and wages 431,857 Payroll taxes 28,561 Employee benefits 242,213 Contractual services 180,175 Audit and legal 142,150 Operating supplies 304,460 Utilities 237,915 Communications 11,872 Maintenance 7,515 Insurance 8,392 Transportation and travel 30,789 Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 6 Operating Revenues (Expenses) (83,049) Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) (51,130) Interest expense (51,30) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 7,567 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and asses	Customer penalties	
Salaries and wages 431,857 Payroll taxes 28,561 Employee benefits 242,213 Contractual services 180,175 Audit and legal 142,150 Operating supplies 304,460 Utilities 237,915 Communications 11,872 Maintenance 7,515 Insurance 8,392 Transportation and travel 30,789 Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 83,049 Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) (51,130) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expenses) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000	•	
Payroll taxes 28,561 Employee benefits 242,213 Contractual services 180,175 Audit and legal 142,150 Operating supplies 304,460 Utilities 237,915 Communications 11,872 Maintenance 7,515 Insurance 8,392 Transportation and travel 30,789 Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 60,005 Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) (51,130) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902	Operating Expenses	
Employee benefits 242,213 Contractual services 180,175 Audit and legal 142,150 Operating supplies 304,460 Utilities 237,915 Communications 11,872 Maintenance 7,515 Insurance 8,392 Transportation and travel 30,789 Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 6,188 Operating income (83,049) Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) (51,130) Interest expense (51,130) Interest expense (51,304) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000	Salaries and wages	431,857
Contractual services 180,175 Audit and legal 142,150 Operating supplies 304,460 Utilities 237,915 Communications 11,872 Maintenance 7,515 Insurance 8,392 Transportation and travel 30,789 Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 296,005 Perceition 2,246,138 Operating Revenues (Expenses) (51,130) Interest expense (51,130) Interest expense (51,30) Interest expense revenue (expenses) 22,246,138 Rental income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 <td>Payroll taxes</td> <td>28,561</td>	Payroll taxes	28,561
Audit and legal 142,150 Operating supplies 304,460 Utilities 237,915 Communications 11,872 Maintenance 7,515 Insurance 8,392 Transportation and travel 30,789 Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 Audit and legal (51,130) Miscellaneous (51,130) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	Employee benefits	242,213
Operating supplies 304,460 Utilities 237,915 Communications 11,872 Maintenance 7,515 Insurance 8,392 Transportation and travel 30,789 Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 2,246,138 Operating income 83,049 Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) (51,130) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756)	Contractual services	180,175
Utilities 237,915 Communications 11,872 Maintenance 7,515 Insurance 8,392 Transportation and travel 30,789 Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 2,246,138 Operating income (51,130) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	Audit and legal	142,150
Communications 11,872 Maintenance 7,515 Insurance 8,392 Transportation and travel 30,789 Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 2,246,138 Operating income (83,049) Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) (51,130) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	Operating supplies	304,460
Maintenance 7,515 Insurance 8,392 Transportation and travel 30,789 Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 2,246,138 Operating income (83,049) Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) (51,130) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	Utilities	237,915
Insurance 8,392 Transportation and travel 30,789 Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 Operating income (83,049) Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	Communications	11,872
Transportation and travel 30,789 Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 2,246,138 Non-operating income (83,049) Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	Maintenance	7,515
Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	Insurance	8,392
Office supplies 10,163 Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	Transportation and travel	30,789
Miscellaneous 7,883 Bad debts 6,188 Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 Operating income (83,049) Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	•	10,163
Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 Operating income (83,049) Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) (51,130) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	**	7,883
Depreciation 596,005 2,246,138 Operating income (83,049) Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) (51,130) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	Bad debts	6,188
Operating income 2,246,138 Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) 83,049 Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	Depreciation	
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) (51,130) Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	•	
Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	Operating income	(83,049)
Interest expense (51,130) Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest income 7,567 Miscellaneous revenue (expense) 5,303 Rental income 16,651 Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (21,609) Income before Contributions and Transfers (104,658) Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees 4,902 Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644		(51,130)
Miscellaneous revenue (expense)5,303Rental income16,651Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)(21,609)Income before Contributions and Transfers(104,658)Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees4,902Transfers from the City of Calvert City60,000Total transfers in (out)64,902Changes in net position(39,756)Total net position - beginning11,747,644	•	
Rental income16,651Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)(21,609)Income before Contributions and Transfers(104,658)Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees4,902Transfers from the City of Calvert City60,000Total transfers in (out)64,902Changes in net position(39,756)Total net position - beginning11,747,644	Miscellaneous revenue (expense)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Income before Contributions and Transfers(104,658)Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees4,902Transfers from the City of Calvert City60,000Total transfers in (out)64,902Changes in net position(39,756)Total net position - beginning11,747,644		
Contributions - tap-on and assessment fees Transfers from the City of Calvert City 60,000 Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position Changes in net position Total net position - beginning 11,747,644		
Transfers from the City of Calvert City Total transfers in (out) Changes in net position Changes in net position Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	Income before Contributions and Transfers	(104,658)
Transfers from the City of Calvert City Total transfers in (out) Changes in net position Changes in net position Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	Contributions - tan-on and assessment fees	4 902
Total transfers in (out) 64,902 Changes in net position (39,756) Total net position - beginning 11,747,644		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total net position - beginning 11,747,644		
Total net position - beginning 11,747,644	· ,	(39,756)
	-	
- υ	Total net position - ending	\$ 11,707,888

CITY OF CALVERT CITY CALVERT CITY MUNICIPAL WATER AND SEWER SYSTEM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Collections from customers	\$ 2,149,594
Cash paid to suppliers	(926,568)
Cash paid to employees	(680,351)
Other receipts	21,955
NET CASH PROVIDED BY	564 620
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	564,630
CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Capital expenditures	(2,221,833)
Net advances from the City of Calvert	(60,000)
Contributions and transfers	64,902
Proceeds from debt issues	2,196,926
Principal payments on notes and bonds	(107,851)
Principal payments on capital lease	(60,000)
Interest payments on notes, bonds, and capital leases	(51,130)
NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND	-
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(238,986)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest income	7,567
NET CASH PROVIDED BY	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	7,567
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH	
NET INCREASE IN CASH	333,211
GARM PERMANAGARANA	1.017.074
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,017,074
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,350,285
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING	
AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Acquisition of equipment and improvements	\$ 2,199,548
Amount financed with prior year trade payables	22,285
Net cash paid for equipment and improvements	\$ 2,221,833

CITY OF CALVERT CITY CALVERT CITY MUNICIPAL WATER AND SEWER SYSTEM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating income	\$ (83,049)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	
net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	596,005
Non-operating revenues and expenses	21,955
Debt discount and issue costs	(7,344)
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	(13,495)
Other receivables	-
Lease receivables	(122,680)
Other current assets	(1,475)
Accounts payable	21,789
Accrued interest and fees payable	(1,113)
Customer deposits	13,255
Pension obligation and related deferrals	20,572
Deferred lease inflows	118,502
Other current liabilities	 1,708
NET CASH PROVIDED BY	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 564,630

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Calvert City, Kentucky complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note. The Notes are organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Reporting Entity

In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate reporting entities) for which the City may be financially accountable and, as such, should be included within the City's financial statements. The City (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial burden on the City. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The basic financial statements include a blended component unit. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, are part of the City's operations and so data from these units is combined with data of the primary government.

Blended Component Unit – The Calvert City Municipal Water and Sewer System "The System" serves all the citizens of the government and is governed by a board appointed by the Mayor of the City of Calvert City. The rates for user charges and debt issue authorizations are approved by the City of Calvert City's Council and the legal liability for general obligation debt of Calvert City Municipal Water and Sewer System remains with the City of Calvert City. The Calvert City Municipal Water and Sewer System is reported as a proprietary fund. Stand alone financial statements of the Calvert City Municipal Water and Sewer System can be obtained at City Hall, Calvert City, Kentucky.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information about the City as a whole. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the function and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and the proprietary fund. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary fund are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as is the proprietary fund. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. A 60-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

The City reports unearned revenue on its government-wide statement of net position and on the fund financial statements. Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenue also arises when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim on them, as when grant funds are received prior to incurring qualified expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Types and Major Funds

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The City's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Construction Fund and Municipal Aid Fund. The following funds are used in the financial statements:

Governmental Funds

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in the General Fund.

Construction Fund – The Construction Fund is used to account for the activities related to major capital projects of the City.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Municipal Aid Fund is used to account for state aid for streets and road improvements.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or, (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary Funds (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Municipal Water and Sewer System are charges for water and sewer service. Operating expenses for proprietary fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Deposits and Investments

The City Council updated and adopted formal deposit and investment policies in December 1994. These policies apply to all City and component unit funds not contained in public trusts.

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash" includes all demand and savings accounts of the City. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash" includes all restricted and unrestricted demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Cash deposits and certificates of deposits are reported at carrying amount which reasonably estimates fair value. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Note B.

Governmental Fund Receivables

Receivables consist of various grants and taxes net of allowances for doubtful accounts. All property taxes are due and payable on February 1st, and all taxes not paid by March 1st, are deemed delinquent. There will be a penalty of six percent added to the balance due at this time. Taxes are normally levied by November 1st. Property tax liens will be filed for all delinquent taxes unpaid at December 31st. City property taxes are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

Governmental funds report receivables for revenues that are considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period while in the Statement of Net Position; receivables are reported as revenues when earned.

Proprietary Fund Accounts Receivable and Bad Debts

Accounts receivable are uncollateralized customer obligations due under normal trade terms requiring payment within 15 days from the invoice mailing date. Unpaid accounts receivable with invoice mailing dates over 15 days old are subject to a 15% penalty on the outstanding balance. Customers are subject to disconnection after 30 days past invoice mailing date. Reconnections are subject to collect and reconnect fees. Due to the uncertainty regarding collecting, reconnect fees are recognized as income when received.

Accounts receivable are stated at amounts billed to the customer plus any accrued penalties. Customer account balances with invoices over 30 days old are considered delinquent.

Payments of accounts receivable are allocated to the specific invoices identified on the customer's remittance advice or, if unspecified, are applied to the earliest unpaid invoice.

No allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided since it is believed the balance in accounts receivable is fully collectible. Customer accounts are written off after one year. The effect of using this method is not significantly different from results which would be obtained by using the allowance method.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation, and are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

Restricted Net Position

Certain special revenue funds and proprietary fund assets are restricted for special purpose or construction and are funded through enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors and grantors. Restricted assets are reported in various funds for cash deposited in bank accounts restricted for specified uses. Any required transfers to these funds have been made.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, and the proprietary fund financial statements, all capital assets are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Capital assets donated are recorded at their fair market values at the date received. Depreciation is provided by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the various classes of assets as follows:

Government Funds		Proprietary Funds	
	<u>Years</u>		<u>Years</u>
Buildings	25-50	Water and sewer plant	10-40
Building improvements	10-25	Equipment	5-10
General equipment & furnishings	5-25	Vehicles	5
Vehicles	5-10		
Infrastructure and land improvements	12-50		

Compensated Absences

The City's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vacation leave is earned based on years of credited service. Vacation leave accrues annually on January 1st and City policy requires use by the end of the calendar year. Sick leave for vested employees (minimum of six months service before becoming eligible) is earned on the basis of ½ day per month. Employees may accumulate a maximum of sixty days. Upon retirement, sick days accumulated shall have a cash value equal to 50% of their current wage and vacation days accumulated shall have a cash value equal to 100% of their current wage. All vacation and sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirement. As of June 30, 2022, the liability for accrued vacation and sick leave was \$109,248 for the City of Calvert City and \$36,958 for the Calvert City Municipal Water and Sewer System.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance Reserves

The City fund balance reserves are reported under the requirements of GASB Statement 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", which defines how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form (such as prepaid) or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balances arise when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balances includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes (such as future construction projects) pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which, for the City is the City Council. The City Council must approve by majority vote the establishment (and modification or rescinding) of fund balance commitments.

Assigned fund balances are those amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balance also includes 1) all remaining amounts (except for negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted or committed and 2) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose (such as Cemetery, Fire Vehicles and Equipment, DARE, City Beautification).

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Government-wide Statement

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent the consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in the category deferred pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) related outflows reported in the statements of net position.

The deferred pension and OPEB outflows result from pension and OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the pension and OPEB plans and various changes resulting from actuarial pension and OPEB measurements. The pension and OPEB contribution amounts are deferred and recognized as a component of the change in pension and OPEB plan liabilities in the next measurement period. The various changes resulting from actuarial pension and OPEB measurements are deferred and amortized in future periods as a component of the pension and OPEB expense.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two types of items reported in this category deferred pension and OPEB related inflows. The various changes resulting from actuarial pension measurements are deferred and amortized in future periods as a component of the pension and OPEB expense. The City also entered into a lease agreement on behalf of the Calvert City Municipal Water & Sewer System where the System is a lessor of property and space to an organization. Further cash receipts under the lease are measured at present value are deferred inflows of resources and amortized in future periods as a component of non-operating income.

Budget

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. Prior to July 1, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget covering the General Fund and each of the City's Special Revenue Funds for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted by the City to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriation

There are no funds of the City that currently have a deficit fund balance.

New Accounting Guidance

During the fiscal year June 30, 2022, the System implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87 – Leases. GASB Statement No. 87 improves accounting and financial reporting for leases of all state and local governments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 required the City's and the System's recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset.

NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned, or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires all investments be made in accordance with applicable legal requirements with consideration of investment safety. Accordingly, the City maintains collateral agreements with its financial institutions. Deposits are 100% secured with collateral valued at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance (FDIC). The City Council approves and designates a list of authorized depository institutions based on evaluation of solicited responses and certifications provided by financial institutions and recommendations of an evaluation committee and/or City Clerk.

Deposits of the City's reporting entity are insured or collateralized with securities held by the City, its agent, or by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the City. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's cash was in demand deposits. At year end, the carrying amount and the bank balance of the City's cash was \$8,118,773 and \$8,268,612, respectively. As of June 30, 2022, \$250,000 of the City's bank balances were insured by FDIC and \$8,018,612 was collateralized with securities held by the City's agent.

NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (Continued)

Deposits of the City's proprietary fund are insured or collateralized with securities held by the City, its agent, or by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the City. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the proprietary fund's cash was in demand deposits. At year end, the carrying amount, including restricted cash, and the bank balance of the proprietary fund's cash was \$1,350,285 and \$1,491,145, respectively. As of June 30, 2022, \$343,687 of the System's bank balances were insured by FDIC and \$1,147,458 was collateralized with securities held by the City's agent.

Investment Policies

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Generally, the City's investing activities are managed under the custody of the City's City Clerk. Investing is performed in accordance with investment policies adopted by the City Council complying with State Statutes. In accordance with the City's investment policy and the State Statutes, the City may invest funds temporarily in excess of operating needs in the following:

- 1. Obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities, including obligations subject to repurchase agreements, provided delivery of obligations subject to repurchase agreements are held by the City or through an authorized agent;
- 2. Obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or a United States government agency;
- 3. Obligations of any corporation of the United States government;
- 4. Bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the state of Kentucky and of its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 5. Certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or similar entity or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligations permitted by section 41.240(4) of the Kentucky Revised Statutes;
- 6. Bankers' acceptances for banks rated in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 7. Commercial paper rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 8. Securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality or agency thereof, in the United States, and rated in one of the three highest categories by a national recognized rating agency.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs market data are not available and are developed using the best information available about the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's only investment was a certificate of deposit for \$256,616 maturing March 10, 2023 with a fair value hierarchy of Level 2.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City policy provides that to the extent feasible, investments are matched with anticipated cash flows. Investments are diversified to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity period, a single issuer, or an individual class of securities. With the exception of fully collateralized investments and authorized investment pools, no more than 15% of the City's total investment portfolio shall be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, investments are not, in general, made in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase. Surplus cash may be invested in securities exceeding five years if the maturity of such investments is made to coincide as nearly as feasible with the expected use of the investment.

NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (Continued)

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City's policy limits total cumulative investments at any one time in categories 6, 7, and 8 listed previously not to exceed 20% of the total amount of funds invested. In addition, the policy does not permit purchases on a margin basis or through the use of any similar leveraging technique.

NOTE C – RECEIVABLES

Receivables, net of reserve, as of June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

	Statement of		Go	vernmental
Description	Net Position 1		Funds	
Taxes:				
Franchise (general fund)	\$	461	\$	461
Payroll (general fund)		386,786		386,786
Insurance (general fund)		232,103		232,103
Bank Deposit (general fund)		6,251		6,251
Property (general fund)		1,211		1,211
Other (general fund)		610		610
Total	\$	627,422	\$	627,422

Due to the uncertainty of collection of property taxes, an allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided. The reserve amount for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$81,655.

Due to the uncertainty of collection of franchise taxes, an allowance for doubtful accounts equal to the estimate of material delinquent accounts has been provided. The reserve amount for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$5,208.

NOTE D – LEASES RECEIVABLES

During fiscal year June 30, 2022, the City leased out twenty-three hangar spots at the Airport on a month-to-month basis to various individuals and businesses ranging from \$150 to \$300 a month. The leases may be terminated by either the lessor or lessee by giving no less than thirty days written notice to the other party. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized \$48,935 in rental income.

In February 2022, the City of Calvert City System entered into a new lease agreement on behalf of the System of property that has a term of 20 years with an expiration date of February 2042. The agreement provides an option for the Lessee to extend the lease for a further term of 20 years provided the Lessee give to the System on or before July 2041, a written notice of its election to take such extension at a rental equal to current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the System recognized base lease income of \$6,051 and interest income of \$2,989.

As of June 30, 2022 future leases receivable principal and interest payments are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total
2023	\$ 2,942	\$ 3,085	\$ 6,000
2024	3,017	2,983	6,000
2025	3,094	2,906	6,000
2026	3,173	2,827	6,000
2027	3,882	2,743	6,625
2028 - 2032	26,253	11,872	38,125
2033 - 2037	37,508	7,867	45,375
2038 - 2042	42,811	2,338	45,149
	<u>\$ 122,680</u>	<u>\$ 36,594</u>	<u>\$ 159,274</u>

NOTE E – DUE TO/FROM BALANCES

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the City approved advances up to \$1,300,000 to the System for improvements. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the System received advances of \$246,089. These advances are non-interest bearing and the System reimbursed the City \$306,089 during the fiscal year. Total advance outstanding as of June 30, 2022 was \$429,835.

The summary of due to/from other funds as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	
General Fund	Municipal Water & Sewer System	\$	444,144
Municipal Water & Sewer System	General Fund	\$	5,275

NOTE F- CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of the capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended at June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Governmental Funds	Balance <u>July 1, 2021</u>	Additions	Transfers	Deductions	Balance <u>June 30, 2022</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 4,952,546	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,952,546
Construction in Progress	4,487,651	1,148,332	(3,854,704)		1,781,279
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated:	9,440,197	1,148,332	(3,854,704)	_	6,733,825
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Infrastructure and improvements	14,516,261	_	1,138,885	(9,785)	15,645,361
Buildings	2,186,094	-	1,847,557	(9,400)	4,024,251
Building improvements	1,131,036	9,840	868,262	(4,573)	2,004,565
Vehicles	1,870,524	283,021	-	(96,380)	2,057,165
General equipment and furnishings	2,881,367	104,998	<u>-</u>	(88,630)	2,897,735
Totals at historical cost	22,585,282	397,859	3,854,704	(208,768)	26,629,077
Less: Accumulated depreciation					
Infrastructure and improvements	8,216,442	484,839	-	(7,334)	8,693,947
Buildings	1,241,676	82,996	-	(9,400)	1,315,272
Building improvements	377,662	90,987	-	(2,337)	466,312
Vehicles	1,584,762	98,336	-	(96,381)	1,586,717
General equipment and furnishings	1,642,458	160,637		(74,659)	1,728,436
Total accumulated depreciation	13,063,000	917,795	<u>-</u>	(190,111)	13,790,684
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net:	9,522,282	(519,936)	3,854,704	(18,657)	12,838,393
Primary Government Activities					
Capital Assets – Net	<u>\$ 18,962,479</u>	<u>\$ 628,396</u>	\$ -	\$ (18,657)	\$ 19,572,218

NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Proprietary Fund	Balance <u>July 1, 2021</u>	Additions	Transfers	Deductions	Balance <u>June 30, 2022</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 282,886	\$ 2,170	\$	\$ -	\$ 285,056
Construction in Progress	1,686,859	2,142,723		(248,918)	3,580,664
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated:	1,969,745	2,144,893		(248,918)	3,865,720
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Water and sewer system	21,597,074	229,132		-	21,826,206
Vehicles	405,019	45,667		-	450,686
Equipment	546,718	28,774		<u>-</u>	575,492
Totals at historical cost	22,548,811	303,573		<u>-</u>	22,852,384
Less: Accumulated depreciation					
Water and sewer system	10,069,907	514,224		-	10,584,131
Vehicles	281,303	45,114		-	326,417
Equipment	341,577	36,667		<u>-</u>	378,244
Total accumulated depreciation	10,692,787	596,005			11,288,792
Total capital assets, being depreciated,					
net:	11,856,024	(292,432)		_	11,563,592
Component Unit Activities					
Capital Assets – Net	<u>\$ 13,825,769</u>	<u>\$ 1,852,461</u>	\$	<u>\$ (248,918)</u>	<u>\$ 15,429,312</u>

Depreciation expense, by function, was as follows:

General government	\$	183,649
Public Safety		141,100
Sanitation		28,001
Parks and recreation		135,486
Highways and streets		313,728
Airport		115,831
_	<u>\$</u>	783,585
Water and Sewer System	\$	917,795

NOTE G – CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

The City of Calvert City had the following capital projects in process at June 30, 2022:

	Cumulative <u>Costs Incurred</u>	
Multi-Use Walking Trail	\$	1,324,578
Airport – Leasehold Improvements		81,204
Storm Water Basin		67,500
Pickle Ball Courts		106,202
Old Gilbertsville Replacement		201,795
	\$	1,781,279

NOTE G – CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS (Continued)

The Calvert City Municipal Water and Sewer System had the following capital projects in process at June 30, 2022:

	-	Cumulative Costs Incurred	
Meter Replacement Program	\$	424,837	
Sanitary Sewer – Phase IV Assessment		59,000	
Sludge Removal - Sewer		706,000	
Wastewater Plant		2,238,140	
Water Plant		116,791	
Other Projects		35,896	
	<u>\$</u>	3,580,664	

Completion of these projects is based upon the availability of additional resources.

NOTE H - LONG-TERM DEBT

Governmental Funds

In April 2022, the City of Calvert City entered into a general obligation lease agreement with the Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust for the acquisition, construction, installation, and equipping of T-hangars and related improvements to the City's airport. For the year ended June 30, 2022, amortization of \$33,872 related to the T-hangars was included in depreciation.

Lease payable consists of the following:

Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust lease, dated April 6, 2022,
with interest rates ranging 3.00% to 3.625%, maturing February 1,
2047
Less current maturities

568,889
10,139
\$558,750

The detail schedule of future principal and interest requirements are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Interest Rate	Interest and Service Fee	<u>Principal</u>	Total
2023	3.00%-3.625%	\$ 21,239	\$ 10,139	\$ 31,378
2024	3.00%-3.625%	20,341	15,000	35,341
2025	3.00%-3.625%	19,853	15,000	34,853
2026	3.00%-3.625%	19,366	15,000	34,366
2027	3.00%-3.625%	18,878	17,083	35,961
2028 - 2032	3.00%-3.625%	85,115	100,000	185,115
2033 - 2037	3.00%-3.625%	68,436	112,083	180,519
2038 - 2042	3.00%-3.625%	46,823	137,083	183,906
2043 - 2047	3.00%-3.625%	18,659	147,501	166,160
		\$ 318,710	\$ 568,889	\$ 887,599

Proprietary Funds – Notes Payable

The City of Calvert City entered into an assistance agreement on behalf of the System with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority (KIA) for capital projects beginning in the fiscal year 2010. This agreement provides capital project funding utilizing a combination of both long-term borrowing and federal stimulus grants funds from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act. The notes mature December 1, 2031 with semi-annual payments principal and interest accruing at 3.00%.

NOTE H - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Proprietary Funds – Notes Payable (Continued)

Notes payable consists of the following:

Kentucky Infrastructure Authority lease, dated February 1, 2010, with fixed interest rate of 3.00%, maturing June 30, 2031, collateralized by water and sewer system property.

Less current maturities

\$ 248,212 24,410 \$ 223,802

The City of Calvert City entered into an assistance agreement on behalf of the System with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority (KIA) for capital projects beginning in the fiscal year 2017. The notes mature December 1, 2037 with semi-annual payments principal and interest accruing at 2.75%.

Kentucky Infrastructure Authority lease, dated October 1, 2016, with fixed interest rate of 2.75%, maturing December 1, 2037, collateralized by water and sewer system property.

Less current maturities

\$ 380,125 19,970

360,155

The City of Calvert City entered into an assistance agreement on behalf of the System with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority (KIA) for capital projects beginning in the fiscal year 2019 in an amount of up to \$542,900. The loan will be repaid over a period not to exceed twenty years from the last draw of funds, with an interest at the rate of 2.00% per annum commencing with the first draw of funds. In August of 2020, the System made a final draw of \$12,028 for a total of \$470,288. The notes mature June 1, 2040 with semi-annual payments principal and interest accruing at 2.00%.

Kentucky Infrastructure Authority, dated December 1, 2018, with fixed interest rate of 2.00%, maturing June 1, 2040, collateralized by water and sewer system property. Less current maturities

\$ 431,227 20,121 \$ 411,106

The detail schedule of future principal and interest requirements are as follows:

Years Ending		Interest and		
<u>June 30,</u>	Interest Rate	Service Fee	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	2.00%-3.00%	\$ 28,193	\$ 64,501	\$ 92,694
2024	2.00%-3.00%	26,368	66,197	92,565
2025	2.00%-3.00%	24,494	67,938	92,432
2026	2.00%-3.00%	22,569	69,725	92,294
2027	2.00%-3.00%	20,594	71,562	92,156
2028 - 2032	2.00%-3.00%	71,650	355,224	426,874
2033 - 2037	2.00%-3.00%	30,934	266,473	297,407
2038 - 2040	2.00%-3.00%	4,306	97,944	102,250
		<u>\$ 229,108</u>	<u>\$1,059,564</u>	<u>\$ 1,288,672</u>

In fiscal year 2022, the City entered into an assistance agreement on behalf of the System with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority (KIA) for the Waste Water Treatment Plant Influent Lift Station and Plant Improvement project beginning in fiscal year 2022 in the amount of up to \$3,185,433. The loan will be repaid over a period not to exceed twenty years from the last draw of funds, with an interest rate of 1.50% Per annum commencing with the first draw of funds. Accordingly, the note is classified as long-term until completion of the project. As of June 30, 2022, the System has made ten draws in the amount of \$2,196,926.

NOTE H - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Proprietary Funds - Bonds Payable

On October 20, 2020, the City, on behalf of the System, issued \$400,000 in Series 2020G revenue bonds with an interest rate of 2.25% with annual principal payments and semi-annual interest payments. The 2020G series bonds are required to be fully paid by July 1, 2025.

The total proceeds of the bond issue exceeded the par amount of the bond by \$17,935. This amount, included in the carrying amount of bond debt in the statement of net position, is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt as a component of interest expense.

The 2020G bond agreement requires the following monthly distribution from the revenue fund:

First:	One-sixth	of	the	next	semi-annual	interest	payment	is	to	be
	4 C 1	4	41. 1.	1 .	. 1	1	C 1			

transferred to the bond and interest redemption fund.

Second: One-twelfth of the succeeding bond maturity is to be transferred to

the bond and interest redemption fund.

Third: Transfer to the operating and maintenance account funds sufficient to

meet the current expenses not to exceed amount required to cover

anticipated expenditures for a two-month period.

Fourth: Within 60 days of fiscal year end, the balance of excess funds is to be

transferred to a depreciation fund for extensions or to a sinking fund

for purchase or redemption of outstanding bonds.

Bonds payable consists of the following:

Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation Public Projects Refundings and Improvement Revenue Bonds, dated October 20, 2020, with fixed interest rate of 2.25%, maturing June 1, 2025

Less current maturities

\$ 355,000
 85,000
\$ 270,000

The detail schedule of future principal and interest requirements is as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Interest Rate	Interest and Service Fee	<u>Principal</u>	Total
2023	2.25%	\$ 7,281	\$ 85,000	\$ 92,281
2024	2.25%	5,313	90,000	95,313
2025	2.25%	3,288	90,000	93,288
2026	2.25%	1,012	90,000	91,012
		<u>\$ 16,894</u>	<u>\$ 355,000</u>	<u>\$ 371,894</u>

NOTE I – CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Pension obligation	\$ 5,055,765	\$ -	\$ (420,473)	\$ 4,635,292	\$ -
OPEB obligation	1,570,928	-	(171,568)	1,399,360	-
Financing leases	-	570,000	(1,111)	568,889	10,139
Unearned revenue	-	660,628	-	660,628	-
Accumulated sick leave	90,394	147,357	(128,503)	109,248	109,248
Governmental activity					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 6,717,087	<u>\$ 1.377.985</u>	\$ (721,655)	\$ 7,373,417	<u>\$ 119,387</u>
Business-type activities:					
Notes Payable	\$ 1,122,415	\$2,196,926	\$ (62,851)	\$ 3,256,490	\$ 64,501
Financing leases	60,000	_	(60,000)	-	-
Bonds Payable	400,000	-	(45,000)	355,000	85,000
Bond premium	17,935	-	(7,344)	10,591	-
Pension obligation	1,117,012	-	(152,775)	964,237	-
OPEB obligation	351,561	-	(62,089)	289,472	-
Accumulated leave	31,462	44,080	(38,584)	36,958	36,958
Business-type activities					
Long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 3,100,385</u>	<u>\$2,241,006</u>	<u>\$ (428,643)</u>	\$ 4,912,748	<u>\$ 186,459</u>

NOTE J- DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A summary of change in deferred outflows/inflows of resources is as follows:

	Ba	alance						Balance
	July	1, 2021	A	dditions	R	<u>Reductions</u>	Jur	ne 30, 2022
Governmental Activities								
Pensions								
Deferred outflows of resources								
Deferred pension contributions	\$	336,535	\$	376,250	\$	(336,535)	\$	376,250
Changes in proportion and differences								
between employer contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions		218,594		103,315		-		321,909
Differences between expected and								
actual experience		140,888		32,556		(84,315)		89,129
Change of assumptions		194,683		· -		(134,549)		60,134
Difference between projected and								
actuarial earnings		120,429		-		(120,429)		-
Pension related deferred outflows	\$	1,011,129	\$	512,121	\$	(675,828)	\$	847,422
Deferred inflows of resources	<u></u>			<u> </u>				
Changes in proportion and differences								
between employer contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions	\$	28,937	\$	-	\$	(22,278)	\$	6,659
Difference between expected and						, , ,		
actual experience		_		34,612		(11,275)		23,337
Difference between expected and				,		(Í
actuarial earnings		_		878,744		(318,783)		559,961
Pension related deferred inflows	\$	28,937	\$	913,356	\$	(352,336)	\$	589,957

NOTE J- DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Continued)

		alance 1, 2021		Additions		Reductions	J	Balance une 30, 2022
Governmental Activities								
Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB)								
Deferred outflows of resources								
Deferred OPEB contributions	\$	117,286	\$	131,750	\$	(117,286)	\$	131,750
Changes in proportion and differences								
between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		88,025		28,442				116 467
proportionale share of contributions Differences between expected and		88,023		20,442		-		116,467
actual experience		163,306				(28,625)		134,681
Change of assumptions		265,180		240,015		(143,914)		361,281
Difference between projected and		203,100		210,015		(113,711)		301,201
actuarial earnings		60,543		_		(60,543)		_
OPEB related deferred outflows	\$	694,340	\$	400,207	\$	(350,368)	\$	744,179
Deferred inflows of resources			-				-	
Changes in proportion and differences								
between employer contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions	\$	21,963	\$	-	\$	(7,682)	\$	14,281
Differences between expected and								
actual experience		212,371		168,676		(92,640)		288,407
Change of assumptions		1,559		-		(635)		924
Difference between projected and				207.066		(4.45.440)		210115
actuarial earnings	Φ.	225.002	Φ.	385,866 554,542	Φ.	(145,419)	Φ.	240,447
OPEB related deferred inflows	<u>\$</u>	235,893	<u>\$</u>	554,542	<u> </u>	(246,376)	\$	544,059
Business-Type Activities								
Pensions								
Deferred pension contributions	\$	74,555	\$	73,443	\$	(74,555)	\$	73,443
Changes in proportion and differences								
between employer contributions and		20.201		40.0==				60 27 1
proportionate share of contributions		28,294		40,077		-		68,371
Differences between expected and actual experience		27,855				(16 792)		11,072
Change of assumptions		43,617		-		(16,783) (30,676)		12,941
Difference between projected and		43,017		-		(30,070)		12,941
actuarial earnings		27,952		_		(27,952)		_
Pension related deferred outflows	\$	202,273	\$	113,520	\$	(149,966)	\$	165,827
Deferred inflows of resources	=					<u> </u>		
Changes in proportion and differences								
between employer contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions	\$	2,575	\$	-	\$	(2,575)	\$	-
Difference between projected and								
actual experience		-		13,879		(4,520)		9,359
Difference between projected and				201.224		(70.707)		100 515
actuarial earnings				201,224	_	(72,707)	_	128,517

NOTE J- DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Continued)

Business-Type Activities Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB)					
Deferred outflows of resources					
Deferred OPEB contributions	\$	27,016	\$ 29,577	\$ (27,016)	\$ 29,577
Changes in proportion and differences		.,.	- ,	(1)1 1)	- ,
between employer contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions		10,046	14,382	-	24,428
Differences between expected and					
actual experience		58,738	-	(13,218)	45,520
Change of assumptions		61,151	42,787	(27,194)	76,744
Difference between projected and					
actuarial earnings		11,685	 	 (11,685)	
OPEB related deferred outflows	\$	168,636	\$ 86,746	\$ (79,113)	\$ 176,269
Deferred inflows of resources					
Changes in proportion and differences					
between employer contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions	\$	4,397	\$ -	\$ (1,501)	\$ 2,896
Difference between expected and					
actual experience		58,784	51,535	(23,892)	86,427
Change of assumptions		372	-	(103)	269
Difference between projected and					
actuarial earnings	 	<u>-</u>	 72,424	 (27,141)	 45,283
OPEB related deferred inflows	\$	63,553	\$ 123,959	\$ (52,637)	\$ 134,875

NOTE K – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The City provides retirement benefits to its employees through a multi-employer public employee retirement fund administered by the Kentucky County Employees Retirement System. Information regarding this plan is as follows:

County Employees' Retirement System

Plan description - The City is a participant in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided - CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, non-hazardous and hazardous employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Non-haza	rdous members:	
Tier 1	Participation date	Prior to September 1, 2008
	Unreduced retirement	27 years of service or 65 years old
	Reduced retirement	Minimum 5 years of service and 55 years old
		Minimum 25 years of service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 to December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	Minimum 5 years of service and 65 years old
		Age of 57 or older and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Minimum 10 years of service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	Minimum 5 years of service and 65 years old Age of 57 or older and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available
	reduced retirement	1 tot a variable

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Hazardous	s members:	
Tier 1	Participation date	Prior to September 1, 2008
	Unreduced retirement	20 years of service and any age Minimum 5 years of service and 55 years old
	Reduced retirement	Minimum 15 years of service and 50 years old
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 to December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	Minimum 5 years of service and 60 years old 25 years of service and any age
	Reduced retirement	Minimum 15 years of service and 50 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	Minimum 5 years of service and 60 years old 25 years of service and any age
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for either death after retirement or death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for non-service related disability benefits.

Plan Funding – State statute requires active members to contribute % of creditable compensation based on the tier:

	Non-hazardous		Hazardous
	Required Contribution		Required Contribution
Tier 1	5%	Tier 1	8%
Tier 2	5% plus 1% for insurance	Tier 2	8% plus 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% plus 1% for insurance	Tier 3	8% plus 1% for insurance

Employers contribute at the rate determined by the CERS Board to be necessary for the actuarial soundness of the system, as required by KRS 61.565 and 61.752. The City's required contribution rate was 21.17% for non-hazardous employees and 33.86% for hazardous employees for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability that was associated with the City was as follows:

City's non-hazardous proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability City's hazardous proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability	\$ 3,368,773 2,230,756
Total CERS net pension liability associated with the City	\$ 5,599,529

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The City's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2021, the City's non-hazardous proportion was 0.052837% and hazardous proportion was 0.083795%.

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$772,921 related to CERS pension plans. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the CERS pension plans from the following sources:

	Non-hazardous				Hazardous				
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences	\$	38,684 45,213	\$	32,696 - 449,001	\$	61,517 27,862	\$	239,477	
between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		238,868 283,850		- 		151,412 165,843		6,659	
Total	\$	606,615	\$	481,697	\$	406,634	\$	246,136	

The City reported \$449,693 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30							
	Non	Hazandona	1	Harandana			
	Non-	<u>-Hazardous</u>		<u> Hazardous</u>			
2022	\$	82,870	\$	40,405			
2023	\$	(7,062)	\$	25,597			
2024	\$	(94,137)	\$	(6,576)			
2025	\$	(140,603)	\$	(64,771)			

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	<u>Non-Hazardous</u>	<u>Hazardous</u>
Inflation	2.30%	2.30%
Projected salary increases	3.30%-10.30%	3.55%-19.05%
Investment rate of return, net of		
investment expense & inflation	6.25%	6.25%

For CERS, the mortality table used for active members was Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Nonhazardous Plans, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for non-disabled retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2018.

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2013 through 2018, is outlined in a report dated April 18, 2019. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
US Equity	21.75%	5.70%
Non-US Equity	21.75%	6.35%
Private Equity	10.00%	9.70%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	2.80%
Core bonds	10.00%	0.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	5.40%
Real Return	10.00%	4.55%
Cash	1.50%	(0.60%)
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of CERS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following table presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rates selected by the pension system, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current count Rate	1% <u>Increase</u>
CERS	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
Non-hazardous' proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 4,320,611	\$ 3,368,773	\$ 2,581,149
Hazardous' proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 2,843,409	\$ 2,230,756	\$ 1,731,447

Pension plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the CERS.

NOTE L – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

CERS Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – the City contributes to the Kentucky Retirement Systems Insurance fund (Insurance Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). The Insurance Fund was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for members for receiving benefits from the Kentucky Employees Retirement Systems (KERS), the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), and the State Police Retirement System (SPRS). The City participates in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS). CERS non-hazardous and hazardous employee plans are administered separately.

Benefits provided – the Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payments of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance, based on years of service, for retirees and certain eligible beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the Kentucky General Assembly. KRS issues a publicly available financial report that can obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

Contributions – per Kentucky Revised Statues 78.545 (33), contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the KRS Board. The City was required to contribute at actuarially determined rates of 5.78% of non-hazardous covered payroll and 10.47% of hazardous covered payroll for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the CERS Insurance Trust. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the City's non-hazardous proportion was 0.052825% and hazardous proportion was 0.083794%.

The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability that was associated with the District was as follows:

City's non-hazardous proportionate share of the CERS	
medical insurance liability	\$ 1,011,308
City's hazardous proportionate share of the CERS	 677,524
medical insurance liability	
Total CERS medical insurance liability associated with the City	\$ 1,688,832

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized non-hazardous and hazardous OPEB expense of \$149,646 and \$100,694, respectively. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Non-hazardous			Hazardous						
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows of Inflows of		Inflows of Outflows of In		Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	159,029 268,117	\$	301,943 940	\$	21,172 169,908	\$	72,891 253		
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and		-		158,205		-		127,525		
proportionate share of contributions City contributions subsequent to the		85,343		10,118		55,552		7,059		
measurement date		105,221		<u>-</u>		56,106				
Total	\$	617,710	\$	471,206	\$	302,738	\$	207,728		

NOTE L – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

The City reported \$161,327 as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City non-hazardous and hazardous contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30

	Non-l	<u>Hazardous</u>	Ha	<u>zardous</u>
2022	\$	44,341	\$	4,064
2023	\$	20,272	\$	10,761
2024	\$	20,403	\$	10,851
2025	\$	(43,733)	\$	(4,208)
2026	\$	_	\$	17,436

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.30%-10.30%
Inflation rate	2.30%
Real Wage Growth	2.00%
Wage Inflation	2.00%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Under 65	6.30% at January 1, 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.05% over a period of 13 years
Ages 65 and Older	6.30% at January 1, 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.05% over a period of 13 years
Municipal Bond Index Rate	1.92%
Discount Rate	5.20% and 5.09% for non-hazardous and hazardous

Mortality rates used for active members is PUB-2010 General (non-hazardous) and Public Safety (hazardous) Mortality Tables projected with ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality scale using a base year of 2010. For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018 projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality Table projected with a 4-year set-forward for both males and females with ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality scale using a base year of 2010 is used for the period after disability retirement.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE L- OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
US Equity	21.75%	5.70%
Non-US Equity	21.75%	6.35%
Private Equity	10.00%	9.70%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	2.80%
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	5.40%
Real Return	10.00%	4.55%
Cash	1.50%	(0.60)%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.20% for non-hazardous and 5.05% for hazardous. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.20% for non-hazardous and 5.05 for hazardous, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.20% for non-hazardous and 4.05% for hazardous) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.20% for non-hazardous and 6.05% for hazardous) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	<u>Di</u>	Current scount Rate	<u>I</u>	1% ncrease
CERS					
Non-hazardous' proportionate share of					
net OPEB liability	\$ 1,388,519	\$	1,011,308	\$	701,745
Hazardous' proportionate share of					
net OPEB liability	\$ 982,282	\$	677,524	\$	432,669

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% <u>Decrease</u>	<u>Di</u>	Current scount Rate	1% <u>Increase</u>	
Non-hazardous' proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 728,022	\$	1,011,308	\$	1.353.239
Hazardous' proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 443,951		677,524	\$	963,596

NOTE M – DISCLOSURES REGARDING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Accounting Policy

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash include all restricted and unrestricted highly liquid debt instruments with maturities of three months or less.

Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information

Cash paid for interest expense during the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$52,243.

NOTE N – CONCENTRATION OF CUSTOMERS

The Calvert City Municipal Water and Sewer System provide service to five significant commercial and industrial customers. These customers accounted for \$750,357 of total revenue for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City of Calvert receives approximately 60% of its payroll tax revenue from 8 industrial employers. Loss of these revenues would have a significant impact.

NOTE O – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City and the Calvert City Municipal Water & Sewer System are exposed to various risks of loss including, but not limited to property, casualty, general liability, auto liability, public officials' liability, employees' health and life, and workers compensation.

To limit exposure to these risks, the City and the Calvert City Municipal Water & Sewer System contracts for insurance coverage. During the year ended June 30, 2022, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage. There have been no significant settlement amounts, if any, which exceed insurance coverage in the past two years. The City and Municipal System are not aware of any claims outstanding as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE P - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Grants

The City and Municipal System, on behalf of the City, receives grant funds from various federal and state government agencies to be used for designated purpose only. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authorities to ensure compliance with conditions surrounding the granting of funds. If the grantor's review indicates the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantor may request refund of funds advanced or refuse to reimburse the City for its expenditures. Management does not consider the amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed expenditures, if any, to be significant. Continuation of the City's grant programs is predicated upon the grantor's satisfaction that the funds provided are spent as intended and the grantor's intent to continue their programs.

NOTE Q - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various City operations and re-allocations of special revenues. The following schedule briefly summarizes the City's transfer activity:

Between Governmental and Business-Type Activities

Transfer From	Transfer To	<u>Amount</u>		Purpose
General Fund	Municipal Water and Sewer System	\$	60,000	Debt service subsidy and capital project

NOTE R - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The following is a summary of restricted net position at June 30, 2022:

Special Rever	nue Funds	<u> </u>	Proprieta	ry Fund	
Street improvements Coal severance	\$	257,823 30,636	Capital projects	\$	46,455
Coal severance	\$	288,459	Debt service	\$	90,360 136,815

NOTE S – TAX ABATEMENTS

The Kentucky Business Investment (KBI) Program, KRS 154.32 provides income tax credits and wage assessments to new and existing manufacturing companies, and non-retail service companies that locate or expand operations in Kentucky. The Program can be set to last up to 10 years. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City did not rebate any employee local payroll taxes under this program.

NOTE T – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In July of 2022, the System received an award of Kentucky Cleaner Water Program grant funds for their P.B. Cloud Road Extension project in the amount of \$1,107,501. The System also will receive \$480,779 from the Cleaner Water Program Round 2 grant funds to be used on projects that have been submitted and currently in the system.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through April 10, 2023, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.



CITY OF CALVERT CITY, KENTUCKY

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts	Total	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 3,578,000	\$ 3,932,000	\$ 4,131,558	\$ 199,558	
Licenses and permits	375,000	458,500	517,081	58,581	
Charges for services	213,500	214,150	233,269	19,119	
Fines and forfeitures	1,050	2,800	4,896	2,096	
Grants	280,500	727,400	91,871	(635,529)	
Interest	15,100	19,530	24,521	4,991	
Other	5,500	65,037	81,740	16,703	
Total revenues	4,468,650	5,419,417	5,084,936	(334,481)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	1,048,797	921,350	962,261	40,911	
Public safety	1,462,750	1,349,845	1,369,399	19,554	
Sanitation	328,450	302,550	310,515	7,965	
Highway and streets	898,035	890,265	879,110	(11,155)	
Parks and Cemetery	556,050	528,235	487,321	(40,914)	
Economic development	331,000	267,700	279,818	12,118	
Airport	80,000	77,507	92,988	15,481	
Debt service:					
Principal	36,000	1,120	1,111	(9)	
Debt issue costs	-	-	20,000	20,000	
Interest	-	4,370	4,370	-	
Capital Outlay					
Total expenditures	4,741,082	4,342,942	4,406,893	63,951	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(272,432)	1,076,475	678,043	(398,432)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds of long-term debt	-	-	570,000	570,000	
Transfers in	179,573	301,895	-	(301,895)	
Transfers out	(60,000)	(60,000)	(610,000)	(550,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	119,573	241,895	(40,000)	(281,895)	
Net change in fund balances	(152,859)	1,318,370	638,043	(680,327)	
Fund balances - beginning	6,866,343	6,866,343	6,866,343		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 6,713,484	\$ 8,184,713	\$ 7,504,386	\$ (680,327)	

CITY OF CALVERT CITY, KENTUCKY

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual Municipal Aid Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Total		Variance with Final Budget	
		Original	Final		Actual		Over (Under)		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	50,000	\$	52,000	\$	53,313	\$	1,313	
Interest		350		450		837		387	
Other		-		-		-		-	
Total revenues		50,350		52,450		54,150		1,700	
EXPENDITURES									
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total expenditures						_		=	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		50,350		52,450		54,150		1,700	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		_		-		_		-	
Transfers out		_		-		_		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-			
Net change in fund balances		50,350		52,450		54,150		1,700	
Fund balances - beginning		203,673		203,673		203,673			
Fund balances - ending	\$	254,023	\$	256,123	\$	257,823	\$	1,700	

CITY OF CALVERT CITY, KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TO COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

Year Ended June 30	City's proportion of the net pension liability	City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		ty's covered bloyee payroll	City's share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
CERS Nonha	<u>ızardous</u>					
2022	0.0528%	\$	3,368,773	\$ 1,349,596	249.6134%	57.3282%
2021	0.0487%	\$	3,735,096	\$ 1,247,410	299.4281%	47.8139%
2020	0.0480%	\$	3,372,486	\$ 1,209,560	278.8192%	50.4470%
2019	0.0456%	\$	2,776,083	\$ 1,117,897	248.3308%	53.5420%
2018	0.0469%	\$	2,746,840	\$ 1,141,459	240.6429%	53.3249%
2017	0.0483%	\$	2,377,955	\$ 1,167,684	203.6471%	55.5028%
2016	0.0458%	\$	1,970,629	\$ 1,081,582	182.1988%	59.9684%
2015	0.0484%	\$	1,571,402	\$ 1,025,235	153.2724%	66.8010%
2014	0.0484%	\$	1,778,089	\$ 919,617	193.3510%	66.2209%
CERS Hazar	dous					
2022	0.0838%	\$	2,230,756	\$ 501,180	445.1008%	52.2617%
2021	0.0809%	\$	2,437,681	\$ 472,367	516.0566%	44.1116%
2020	0.0747%	\$	2,063,020	\$ 425,339	485.0296%	46.6327%
2019	0.0776%	\$	1,876,577	\$ 432,241	434.1506%	49.2645%
2018	0.0616%	\$	1,378,589	\$ 340,877	404.4242%	49.7836%
2017	0.0736%	\$	1,263,479	\$ 389,413	324.4573%	53.9483%
2016	0.0607%	\$	931,646	\$ 311,161	299.4096%	57.5152%
2015	0.0675%	\$	811,232	\$ 341,885	237.2821%	63.4574%
2014	0.0675%	\$	905,936	\$ 323,216	280.2881%	65.7178%

^{*} The amounts presented were determined as of the plan's measurement date June 30 of the prior year.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years of supplementary information will be provided as this information becomes available.

CITY OF CALVERT CITY, KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

Year Ended June 30	1	entractually required entribution	Contributions relative to contractually required contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)		City's covered employee payroll		Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll
CERS Nonha	zardoi	7 5							
2022	\$	283,850	\$	283,850	\$	-	\$	1,320,203	21.5005%
2021	\$	260,473	\$	260,473	\$	-	\$	1,349,596	19.3001%
2020	\$	240,750	\$	240,750	\$	-	\$	1,247,410	19.3000%
2019	\$	196,190	\$	196,190	\$	-	\$	1,209,560	16.2199%
2018	\$	164,108	\$	164,108	\$	-	\$	1,117,897	14.6801%
2017	\$	158,957	\$	158,957	\$	-	\$	1,141,459	13.9258%
2016	\$	145,295	\$	145,295	\$	-	\$	1,167,684	12.4430%
2015	\$	136,843	\$	136,843	\$	-	\$	1,081,582	12.6521%
2014	\$	137,441	\$	137,441	\$	-	\$	1,025,235	13.4058%
2013	\$	125,017	\$	125,017	\$	-	\$	919,617	13.5945%
CERS Hazaro	<u>dous</u>								
2022	\$	165,843	\$	165,843	\$	-	\$	489,789	33.8601%
2021	\$	150,617	\$	150,617	\$	-	\$	501,180	30.0525%
2020	\$	141,994	\$	141,994	\$	-	\$	472,367	30.0601%
2019	\$	105,740	\$	105,740	\$	-	\$	425,339	24.8602%
2018	\$	95,957	\$	95,957	\$	-	\$	432,241	22.1999%
2017	\$	73,841	\$	73,841	\$	-	\$	340,877	21.6621%
2016	\$	75,695	\$	75,695	\$	-	\$	389,413	19.4382%
2015	\$	65,587	\$	65,587	\$	-	\$	311,161	21.0782%
2014	\$	64,954	\$	64,954	\$	-	\$	341,885	18.9988%
2013	\$	65,246	\$	65,246	\$	-	\$	323,216	20.1865%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years of supplementary information will be provided as this information becomes available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes of Benefit Terms:

None

Changes of assumptions:

The assumptions were updated as of result of an experience study for the five year period ending June 30, 2018.

The amortization period of the unfunded accrued liability was reset to a closed 30 year period for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The discount rate remained unchanged at 6.25% from the prior measurment date.

The inflation rate remained unchanged from at 2.30% from the prior measurement date.

Projected salary increases of 3.30% - 10.30% for non-hazardous and 3.55% - 19.05% for hazardous.

CITY OF CALVERT CITY, KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET MEDICAL INSURANCE LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

Year Ended June 30	City's proportion of the net pension liability	City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		City's covered payroll		City's share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
CERS Nonha	<u>zardous</u>						
2022	0.0528%	\$	1,011,308	\$	1,349,596	74.9341%	62.9072%
2021	0.0487%	\$	1,175,571	\$	1,247,410	94.2409%	51.6704%
2020	0.0479%	\$	806,329	\$	1,209,560	66.6630%	60.4382%
2019	0.0456%	\$	809,264	\$	1,117,897	72.3916%	57.6218%
2018	0.0469%	\$	943,413	\$	1,141,459	82.6497%	52.3940%
CERS Hazara	dous_						
2022	0.0838%	\$	677,524	\$	501,180	135.1858%	66.8131%
2021	0.0808%	\$	746,918	\$	472,367	158.1224%	58.8413%
2020	0.0747%	\$	552,453	\$	425,339	129.8853%	64.4396%
2019	0.0776%	\$	553,242	\$	432,241	127.9939%	64.2437%
2018	0.0616%	\$	509,387	\$	340,877	149.4343%	58.9878%

^{*} The amounts presented were determined as of the plan's measurement date June 30 of the prior year.

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years of supplementary information will be provided as this information becomes available.

CITY OF CALVERY CITY, KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

Year Ended June 30	requi	ntractually ired penson ntribution	Contributions relative to contractually required contribution		 ribution cy (excess)	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	
CERS Nonhaz	ardous						
2022	\$	71,945	\$	71,945	\$ -	\$ 1,320,203	5.4495%
2021	\$	64,241	\$	64,241	\$ -	\$ 1,349,596	4.7600%
2020	\$	59,377	\$	59,377	\$ -	\$ 1,247,410	4.7600%
2019	\$	63,623	\$	63,623	\$ -	\$ 1,209,560	5.2600%
2018	\$	53,267	\$	53,267	\$ -	\$ 1,117,897	4.7649%
2017	\$	53,898	\$	53,898	\$ -	\$ 1,141,459	4.7219%
CERS Hazard	ous						
2022	\$	51,281	\$	51,281	\$ -	\$ 489,789	10.4700%
2021	\$	47,700	\$	47,700	\$ -	\$ 501,180	9.5175%
2020	\$	44,969	\$	44,969	\$ -	\$ 472,367	9.5199%
2019	\$	44,576	\$	44,576	\$ -	\$ 425,339	10.4801%
2018	\$	40,415	\$	40,415	\$ -	\$ 432,241	9.3501%
2017	\$	31,802	\$	31,802	\$ -	\$ 340,877	9.3295%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years of supplementary information will be provided as this information becomes available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes of Benefit Terms:

A cash balance plan was introduced for member whose participation date is on or after January 1, 2014.

Changes of assumptions:

The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021:

Valuation date	June 30, 2020
Experience study	June 30, 2013 - 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization period	30 years, Closed
Asset valuation method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized.
D 11 d .	č
Payroll growth rate	2.00%
Investment Return	6.25%
Inflation	2.30%
Single discount rate	5.20% and 5.05% for non-hazardous and hazardous; decrease from 5.34% and 5.30%.
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013 with Scale BB (set back 1 year for females)
Healthcare trend rates (Pre-65)	Initial trend starting at 6.25% at January 1, 2021 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
Healthcare trend rates (Post-65)	Initial trend starting at 5.50% at January 1, 2021 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years.



CITY OF CALVERT CITY, KENTUCKY

Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds		
	LGEA Coal Severance	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS			
Cash - restricted	\$ 30,636	\$ 30,636	
Total assets	30,636	30,636	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	<u>-</u>		
Total liabilities	<u> </u>		
Fund balances:			
Restricted:			
Program purposes	30,636	30,636	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 30,636	\$ 30,636	

CITY OF CALVERT CITY, KENTUCKY

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds			
	LGEA Coal Severance	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -		
Interest income	108	108		
Total revenues	108	108		
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Capital outlay	-	-		
Total expenditures		-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	108	108		
Net change in fund balances	108	108		
Fund balances - beginning	30,528	30,528		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 30,636	\$ 30,636		



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Gene Colburn, Mayor Members of the City Council City of Calvert City Calvert City, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calvert City, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Calvert City, Kentucky's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 10, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Calvert City, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Calvert City, Kentucky's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Calvert City, Kentucky's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Calvert City, Kentucky's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results

Paducah, Kentucky Kenper CPA Durg. LLP

April 10, 2023