CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 and REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY TABLE OF CONTENTS

| ndependent Auditor's Report | 1 - 3 |
|--|---------|
| Basic Financial Statements: | |
| Government-Wide Financial Statements: | |
| Statement of Net Position | 4 |
| Statement of Activities | 5 |
| Fund Financial Statements: | |
| Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds | 6 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds | 7 |
| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balances - Governmental Funds with the Statement of Activities | 8 |
| Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds | 9 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds | 10 |
| Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds | 11 |
| Notes to Financial Statements | 12 - 26 |
| Required Supplementary Information: | |
| Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund | 27 |
| Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule | 28 |
| Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability | 29 |
| Schedule of City Pension Contributions | 30 |
| Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability | 31 |
| Schedule of City OPEB Contributions | 32 |
| Notes to Pension and OPEB Schedules | 33 |
| Other Supplementary Information: | |
| Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 34 |
| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 35 |
| Combining Statement of Net Position - Nonmajor Proprietary Funds | 36 |
| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Nonmajor Proprietary Funds | 37 |
| Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in | 20 20 |
| Accordance with Government Auditing Standards | 38 - 39 |
| Schedule of Findings and Responses | 40 - 41 |
| Management Letter | 42 |



DRANE & COMPANY, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

209 East Third Street - P. O. Box 577 Hardinsburg, Kentucky 40143

Telephone (270) 756-5704 FAX (270) 756-5927

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Brandenburg, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2020 and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds for the year then ended, and the related notes to these financial statements. We were engaged to audit the remaining accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the proprietary funds of the City of Brandenburg, Kentucky (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to these financial statements. These financial statements collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds and the related notes to those financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. Because of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinions" paragraph, however, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the remaining accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the proprietary funds of the City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to these financial statements.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2020 and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds for the year then ended, and the related notes to these financial statements.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinions

The City failed to record inventory balances for parts and supplies used in maintenance of the water and sewer systems. No inventory counts were taken, and we were not able to observe inventory at the end of the year. In addition, due to a lack of sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the opening balances of fixed assets, we were unable to satisfy ourselves as to the current balances and whether additional property and equipment should be subjected to depreciation expense during the current year. As a result of these matters, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments might have been found necessary for the affected accounts.

Disclaimer of Opinions

Because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinions" paragraph, we have not been able to obtain sufficent appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the proprietary funds of the City of Brandenburg, Kentucky as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to these financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on these financial statements.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above, the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Governmental Funds of the City of Brandenburg, Kentucky as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 29 and 30 and the pension and OPEB schedules and notes on pages 31 through 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not presented the Management Discussion and Analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information shown on pages 36 through 39 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information shown on pages 36 through 39 is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information shown on pages 36 through 39 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2021 on our consideration of City of Brandenburg, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Brandenburg, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Drane & Company, PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Snane & Conpay, Pic

Hardinsburg, Kentucky

June 24, 2021

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

| | ernmental ctivities | Business-Type Activities | | | Total |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|----|-----------|
| Assets | | | | • | |
| Current Assets | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 735,616 | \$ | 326,900 | \$ | 1,062,516 |
| Receivables, net: | | | | | |
| Accounts - trade | 29,725 | | 104,451 | | 134,176 |
| Franchise fees | 4,450 | | - | | 4,450 |
| Taxes | 84,741 | | ~ | | 84,741 |
| Intergovernmental | 7,507 | | - | | 7,507 |
| Internal balances | 186,757 | | (186,757) | | |
| Total Current Assets | 1,048,796 | | 244,594 | | 1,293,390 |
| Noncurrent Assets | | | | | |
| Restricted cash | 180,933 | | 714,074 | | 895,007 |
| Capital assets: | • | | • | | |
| Land and construction in process | 90,464 | | 258,470 | | 348,934 |
| Other capital assets, net of depreciation | 1,022,543 | | 4,701,283 | | 5,723,826 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | 1,293,940 | | 5,673,827 | • | 6,967,767 |
| Total Assets | 2,342,736 | | 5,918,421 | | 8,261,157 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | | |
| Deferred amounts related to pensions | 189,198 | | 145,106 | | 334,304 |
| Deferred amounts related to OPEB | 82,687 | | 62,147 | | 144,834 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 271,885 | | 207,253 | | 479,138 |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 47,643 | | 29,104 | | 76,747 |
| Accrued expenses | 18,808 | | 2,764 | | 21,572 |
| Accrued unpaid leave | 14,100 | | 25,796 | | 39,896 |
| Current portion of loan payable | - | | 41,807 | | 41,807 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 80,551 | | 99,471 | | 180,022 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities | | | | | |
| Loan payable | _ | | 436,269 | | 436,269 |
| Net pension liability | 916,499 | | 710,807 | | 1,627,306 |
| Net OPEB liability | 222,120 | | 166,950 | | 389,070 |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | 1,138,619 | | 1,314,026 | | 2,452,645 |
| Total Liabilities | 1,219,170 | | 1,413,497 | | 2,632,667 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | |
| Deferred amounts related to pensions | 28,598 | | 22,178 | | 50,776 |
| Deferred amounts related to OPEB | 82,946 | | 62,341 | | 145,287 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 111,544 | | 84,519 | | 196,063 |
| Net Position | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 1,113,007 | | 4,481,677 | | 5,594,684 |
| Restricted for LGEA and streets | 161,398 | | - | | 161,398 |
| Restricted for capital and debt service | - | | 977,095 | | 977,095 |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | 9,502 | _ | (831,114) | | (821,612) |
| Total Net Position | \$ 1,283,907 | \$ | 4,627,658 | \$ | 5,911,565 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net (Expense)/Revenue and

| | | | Program Revenues | | | | • | • | es in Net Posit | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|----------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|------|-------------------|----|-----------------|------|-------------|-------------------|
| | | | Charges for | , (| perating rants and | С | apital nts and | G | overnmental | | siness-Type | |
| Functions/Programs | l | Expenses | Services | Co | ntributions | Cont | ributions | | Activities | | Activities | Total |
| Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Community | \$ | 26,200 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | (26,200) | \$ | - | \$ (26,200) |
| General government | | 513,030 | - | | 34,266 | | - | | (478,764) | | - | (478,764) |
| Parks and recreation | | 21,469 | - | | - | | - | | (21,469) | | - | (21,469) |
| Public safety: | | 504.005 | | | | | | | (50.005) | | | (=== (===) |
| Police | | 501,365 | - | | - | | - | | (501,365) | | - | (501,365) |
| Fire | | 828 | 250.03 | 4 | - | | - | | (828) | | - | (828) |
| Sanitation | | 375,096 | 350,93 | l | - 40 E74 | | | | (24,165) | | - | (24,165) |
| Streets and maintenance | | 75,413 | 250.02 | | 48,574 | | | | (26,839) | | | (26,839) |
| Total Governmental Activities | | 1,513,401 | 350,93 | - | 82,840 | | | | (1,079,630) | | | (1,079,630) |
| Business-Type Activities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water | | 773,331 | 590,83 | | - | | - | | - | | (182,499) | (182,499) |
| Sewer | | 541,264 | 531,75 | | - | | | | *** | | (9,514) | (9,514) |
| Total Business-Type Activities | | 1,314,595 | 1,122,58 | <u> </u> | | | - | | • | | (192,013) | (192,013) |
| Total Primary Government | \$ | 2,827,996 | \$ 1,473,51 | 3 \$ | 82,840 | \$ | - | \$ | (1,079,630) | \$ | (192,013) | \$ (1,271,643) |
| | Ger | neral Revenu | es | | | | | | | | | |
| | Т | axes | | | | | | \$ | 978,519 | \$ | - | \$ 978,519 |
| | F | ranchise fees | | | | | | | 17,823 | | - | 17,823 |
| | Li | censes and p | ermits | | | | | | 41,443 | | - | 41,443 |
| | In | iterest income | ! | | | | | | 1,795 | | 1,220 | 3,015 |
| | R | ental income | | | | | | | 17,258 | | - | 17,258 |
| | D | onations | | | | | | | 29,779 | | - | 29,779 |
| | G | ain on sale of | property | | | | | | 26,329 | | - | 26,329 |
| | M | iscellaneous | | | | | | | 36,660 | | - | 36,660 |
| | | Total Gener | al Revenues | | | | | | 1,149,606 | - | 1,220 | 1,150,826 |
| | | Transfers | | | | | | | (12,835) | | 12,835 | |
| | Cha | anges in Net | Position | | | | | | 57,141 | | (177,958) | (120,817) |
| | Net | Position - Ju | ıly 1, 2019 | | | | | | 1,226,766 | | 4,805,616 | 6,032,382 |
| | Net | Position - Ju | ine 30, 2020 | | | | | \$ | 1,283,907 | _\$_ | 4,627,658 | \$ 5,911,565 |

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

| | | General Fund | Gov | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | Total vernmental Funds |
|--|-----------|-----------------|--------|-----------------------------------|---------|------------------------------|
| Assets | | | , | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 576,368 | \$ | 340,181 | \$ | 916,549 |
| Receivables, net: | | | | | | |
| Sanitation | | 29,725 | | - | | 29,725 |
| Franchise fees | | 4,450 | | - | | 4,450 |
| Taxes | | 84,741 | | - | | 84,741 |
| Intergovernmental | | 3,376 | | 4,131 | | 7,507 |
| Due from other funds | | 195,812 | | 9,152 | | 204,964 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 894,472 | \$ | 353,464 | \$ | 1,247,936 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 23,880 | \$ | 23,763 | \$ | 47,643 |
| Accrued expenses | Ψ | 18,808 | Ψ | 20,700 | Ψ | 18,808 |
| Due to other funds | | 9,152 | | 9,055 | | 18,207 |
| Total Liabilities | | 51,840 | | 32,818 | - | 84,658 |
| | | | | | | |
| Fund Balance | | | | | | |
| Restricted | | - | | 161,398 | | 161,398 |
| Assigned | | _ | | 159,248 | | 159,248 |
| Unassigned | | 842,632 | | | | 842,632 |
| Total Fund Balance | | 842,632 | | 320,646 | | 1,163,278 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balance | \$ | 894,472 | \$ | 353,464 | \$ | 1,247,936 |
| Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund E | Balanc | e to Net Posit | ion o | f Governmer | ntal Ac | tivities |
| Total Governmental Fund Balance | | | | | \$ | 1,163,278 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities i | n the | Statement of | Net F | osition are | | |
| different because: | | | | | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activi | ties ai | re not financia | al res | ources and | | |
| therefore are not reported in the government | al func | i. | | | | 1,113,007 |
| Deferred outflows and inflows of resources | rolate | ad to popoion | a and | ODER are | | |
| applicable to future periods and therefore a | | • | | | | |
| funds. | AI (C 110 | t reported in t | iic go | verminental | | 160,341 |
| Certain liabilities are not due and payable ir | the c | urrent period a | and th | erefore are | | |
| not reported in the governmental funds. | | | | | | |
| Accrued vacation | | | | | | (14,100) |
| Net pension and OPEB liabilities | | | | | | (1,138,619) |
| Total Net Position of Governmental Activities | 5 | | | | \$ | 1,283,907 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | (| General | | onmajor ernmental | Total Governmental | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------|----------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--|--|
| | | Fund | | Funds | <u>Funds</u> | | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 508,541 | \$ | - | \$ | 508,541 | | |
| Insurance premium taxes | | 451,983 | | - | | 451,983 | | |
| Other taxes | | 17,995 | | - | | 17,995 | | |
| Licenses and permits | | 41,443 | | - | | 41,443 | | |
| Rental income | | 17,258 | | - | | 17,258 | | |
| Interest income | | - | | 1,795 | | 1,795 | | |
| Donations | | - | | 29,779 | | 29,779 | | |
| Miscellaneous | | 36,411 | | 249 | | 36,660 | | |
| Franchise fees | | 17,823 | | - | | 17,823 | | |
| Sanitation | | 350,931 | | 92 940 | | 350,931 | | |
| Intergovernmental revenues Total Revenues | | 1 442 205 | | 82,840 | | 82,840 | | |
| Total Revenues | | 1,442,385 | | 114,663 | | 1,557,048 | | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| Community | | - | | 26,200 | | 26,200 | | |
| General government | | 462,477 | | 1,355 | | 463,832 | | |
| Parks and recreation | | 15,537 | | - | | 15,537 | | |
| Sanitation | | 375,096 | | <u>-</u> | | 375,096 | | |
| Streets and maintenance | | 29,410 | | 5,502 | | 34,912 | | |
| Public safety: | | | | | | | | |
| Police | | 397,627 | | 8,856 | | 406,483 | | |
| Fire | | 828 | | - | | 828 | | |
| Capital outlay | | 56,542 | | 52,791 | | 109,333 | | |
| Total Expenditures | | 1,337,517 | | 94,704 | | 1,432,221 | | |
| Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures | | 104,868 | | 19,959 | | 124,827 | | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | | | | |
| Sale of property | | 26,329 | | - | | 26,329 | | |
| Transfers out | | (12,835) | | _ | | (12,835) | | |
| Net Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | 13,494 | | _ | | 13,494 | | |
| Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures and | | | | | | | | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | 118,362 | | 19,959 | | 138,321 | | |
| Fund Balances - July 1, 2019 | | 724,270 | | 300,687 | | 1,024,957 | | |
| Fund Balances - June 30, 2020 | \$ | 842,632 | \$ | 320,646 | \$ | 1,163,278 | | |
| • | - | | <u> </u> | | | | | |

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS WITH THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds | \$ 138,321 |
|--|---------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: | |
| The governmental fund reports capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. | 26,955 |
| Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures when made. In the Statement of Net Position, pension contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources because the reported net pension liability is measured one year before the City's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities. | |
| Pension contributions 67,438 Pension expense (154,586) | (87,148) |
| Governmental funds report OPEB contributions as expenditures when made. In the Statement of Net Position, OPEB contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources because the reported net OPEB liability is measured one year before the City's report date. OPEB expense, which is the change in the net OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities. | |
| OPEB contributions 37,485 OPEB expense (44,372) | (6,887) |
| In the Statement of Activities, vacation leave is measured by the amount earned during the year. In the governmental fund, however, expenditures for this item are measured by the amount actually paid. | (14,100) |
| Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities | \$ 57,141 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

| | | E | nterprise Funds | ; | |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | Water and Wastewater Fund | Revenue Fund | Sewer Line Extension Fund | Nonmajor Funds | Total |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Current Assets | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 11,975 | \$ 163,061 | \$ 151,864 | \$ - | \$ 326,900 |
| Receivables, net: | | | | | |
| Accounts - trade | - | 104,451 | _ | - | 104,451 |
| Other receivables | | | | _ | |
| Total Current Assets | 11,975 | 267,512 | 151,864 | _ | 431,351 |
| Noncurrent Assets | | | | | |
| Restricted cash | _ | _ | _ | 714,074 | 714,074 |
| Capital assets: | | | | • | · |
| Land and construction in process | 110,412 | _ | 148,058 | _ | 258,470 |
| Other capital assets, net of depreciation | 4,701,283 | - | · - | - | 4,701,283 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | 4,811,695 | | 148,058 | 714,074 | 5,673,827 |
| Total Assets | 4,823,670 | 267,512 | 299,922 | 714,074 | 6,105,178 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | | |
| Deferred amounts related to pensions | 145,106 | - | _ | _ | 145,106 |
| Deferred amounts related to OPEB | 62,147 | - | - | _ | 62,147 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 207,253 | | - | | 207,253 |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 29,104 | - | _ | _ | 29,104 |
| Due to other funds | 139,806 | _ | 41,923 | 5,028 | 186,757 |
| Accrued expenses | 2,764 | _ | _ | -, | 2,764 |
| Accrued vacation and payroll | 25,796 | _ | - | _ | 25,796 |
| Current portion of loan payable | 41,807 | - | _ | . | 41,807 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 239,277 | | 41,923 | 5,028 | 286,228 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities | | | | | |
| Loan payable | 436,269 | _ | - | - | 436,269 |
| Net pension liability | 710,807 | - | - | - | 710,807 |
| Net OPEB liability | 166,950 | - | - | - | 166,950 |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | 1,314,026 | - | | - | 1,314,026 |
| Total Liabilities | 1,553,303 | | 41,923 | 5,028 | 1,600,254 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | |
| Deferred amounts related to pensions | 22,178 | _ | _ | _ | 22,178 |
| Deferred amounts related to OPEB | 62,341 | _ | _ | _ | 62,341 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 84,519 | - | _ | | 84,519 |
| Net Position | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 4,333,619 | _ | 148,058 | _ | 4,481,677 |
| Restricted for capital and debt service | ,000,019 | 268,049 | 140,000 | 709,046 | 977,095 |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | (940,518) | (537) | 109,941 | 7 00,040 | (831,114) |
| Total Net Position | \$ 3,393,101 | \$ 267,512 | \$ 257,999 | \$ 709,046 | \$ 4,627,658 |
| . 540. 1101 0010011 | = 0,000,101 | | Ψ 201,000 | Ψ , 00,070 | Ψ -7,021,000 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | Enterprise Funds | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Water and | | | | | | | | | |
| | Wastewater | Revenue | Extension | Nonmajor | | | | | | |
| | Fund | Fund | Fund | Funds | Total | | | | | |
| Operating Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ - | \$1,104,538 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,104,538 | | | | | |
| Connection fees | 18,044 | | _ | | 18,044 | | | | | |
| Total Operating Revenues | 18,044 | 1,104,538 | | | 1,122,582 | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | | | | | | | | | | |
| Salaries and benefits | 488,297 | _ | _ | - | 488,297 | | | | | |
| Maintenance and supplies | 251,615 | - | _ | - | 251,615 | | | | | |
| Professional fees | 8,025 | - | _ | - | 8,025 | | | | | |
| Office and advertising | 4,470 | - | _ | - | 4,470 | | | | | |
| Depreciation | 339,396 | - | - | | 339,396 | | | | | |
| Utility tax | 14,808 | - | - | _ | 14,808 | | | | | |
| Insurance | 63,814 | - | - | - | 63,814 | | | | | |
| Utilities and telephone | 88,826 | - | - | - | 88,826 | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous | 45,668 | 134 | - | - | 45,802 | | | | | |
| Total Operating Expenses | 1,304,919 | 134 | _ | | 1,305,053 | | | | | |
| Operating Income (Loss) | (1,286,875) | 1,104,404 | | | (182,471) | | | | | |
| Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest income | 47 | 451 | 110 | 612 | 1,220 | | | | | |
| Interest expense | _ | - | _ | (9,542) | (9,542) | | | | | |
| Total Non-Operating | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues (Expenses) | 47 | 451 | 110 | (8,930) | (8,322) | | | | | |
| Income (Loss) Before Transfers | (1,286,828) | 1,104,855 | 110 | (8,930) | (190,793) | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 1,031,323 | <u></u> | 62,110 | 180,000 | 1,273,433 | | | | | |
| Transfers out | , . - | (1,190,819) | (28,424) | (41,355) | (1,260,598) | | | | | |
| Net Transfers | 1,031,323 | (1,190,819) | 33,686 | 138,645 | 12,835 | | | | | |
| Changes in Net Position | (255,505) | (85,964) | 33,796 | 129,715 | (177,958) | | | | | |
| Net Position - July 1, 2019 | 3,648,606 | 353,476 | 224,203 | 579,331 | 4,805,616 | | | | | |
| Net Position - June 30, 2020 | \$3,393,101 | \$ 267,512 | \$ 257,999 | \$ 709,046 | \$4,627,658 | | | | | |

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | Enterprise Funds | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------|----|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------|----------------|--------------|----|------------------------|
| | Water and Wastewater | | F | Revenue | Sewer Line Extension Fund | | nsion Nonmajor | | | Total |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | | Fund | | Fund | | una | | unds | | Total |
| Cash received from customers and others Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services | \$ | 18,044 (477,226) | \$ | 1,103,131 (134) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,121,175 (477,360) |
| Cash payments to employees for services Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities | | (396,062) (855,244) | | - 1,102,997 | | - | | | | (396,062) 247,753 |
| | | (655,244) | | 1,102,991 | | | | | | 241,133 |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets | | (158,721) | | - | (| 42,478) | | - | | (201,199) |
| Principal paid on debt Interest paid on debt | | (41,354) | | <u>-</u> | | - | | - (9,542) | | (41,354) (9,542) |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities | | (200,075) | | | (| 42,478) | | (9,542) | | (252,095) |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers | _ | 1,031,323 | (| 1,190,819) | | 33,686_ | | 138,645 | | 12,835 |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest income | | 47 | | 451 | | 110 | | 612 | | 1,220 |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | | (23,949) | | (87,371) | | (8,682) | | 129,715 | | 9,713 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2019 | | 35,924 | | 250,432 | 1 | 60,547 | | 584,360 | | 1,031,263 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2020 | | 11,975 | \$ | 163,061 | \$ 1 | 51,864 | | 714,074 | \$ | 1,040,974 |
| Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) | \$ | (1,286,875) | \$ | 1,104,404 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | (182,471) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation | | 339,396 | | - | | _ | | _ | | 339,396 |
| Change in assets, liabilities and deferrals: Receivables, net | | _ | | (1,407) | | _ | | _ | | (1,407) |
| Accounts payable | | 2,066 | | (1,407) | | - | | _ | | 2,066 |
| Accrued expenses | | (266) | | = | | - | | - | | (266) |
| Net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows Net OPEB liability and deferred inflows and outflows | | 85,187 5,248 | | - | | - | | - | | 85,187 5,248 |
| Total Adjustments | | 431,631 | | (1,407) | | | | _ | | 430,224 |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities | \$ | (855,244) | \$ | 1,102,997 | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | 247,753 |

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Brandenburg (City) is a Home Rule (previously fifth class) city located in Meade County, Kentucky. It operates under a councilmanic form of government providing the following types of services: police, fire, water, sewage, sanitation, and street maintenance. Primary revenue sources are property taxes, insurance premium taxes, license fees, and water, wastewater, and sanitation receipts.

The accounting policies of the City of Brandenburg conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

Reporting Entity

The City's financial statements include the operations of all organizations for which the City Council exercises oversight. Responsibility is demonstrated by financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The governmental activities reported in the statements are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed mostly by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The City reports the following funds:

Basis of Presentation (Concluded)

Governmental Funds

- <u>General Fund</u> This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This is a major fund of the City.
- Nonmajor Governmental Funds The City has various funds established to account for revenues received for designated purposes: Capital Projects, Christmas by the River, Citizens on Patrol, LGEAF, Municipal Road Aid, and Police Forfeiture Funds.

Proprietary Funds

- <u>Water and Wastewater Fund</u> This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of the water and wastewater distribution lines. This is a major fund of the City.
- Revenue Fund This fund collects all revenues from water and wastewater services and transfers to the operating funds. This is a major fund of the City.
- Sewer Line Extension Fund This fund was established to accumulate funds for extending sewer services to new developments and underserved areas of the City. This is a major fund of the City.
- <u>Nonmajor Proprietary Funds</u> The Bond and Interest Sinking Fund and the Depreciation Fund receive transfers from other enterprise funds to pay principal and interest on long-term debt and to fund capital improvements, respectively.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and other taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures, and proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures upon acquisition.

For the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, all capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at acquisition value. The City has no stated capitalization threshold. Improvements are capitalized, but the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The City's infrastructure consists of curbs, sidewalks, and streets constructed or improved after July 1, 2003.

Depreciation is provided in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of the depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives on the straight-line basis. The City capitalizes construction period interest as part of the cost of the assets in the proprietary funds. The service lives by type of asset are typically as follows:

| Vehicles and equipment | 5 - 7 years |
|------------------------|---------------|
| Improvements | 10 - 40 years |
| Infrastructure | 10 - 25 years |
| Buildings | 10 - 40 years |
| Plant | 10 - 40 years |

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounts Receivable

The City recognizes revenues as receivable when they are both measurable and available. An allowance has not been established for uncollectible accounts as the amount estimated is deemed immaterial.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position consists of those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Pensions and Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) for each, and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position for each have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB in the Statement of Net Position in this category. Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB include pension and OPEB contributions made during the current fiscal year but applicable to a future measurement period of the net pension and OPEB liabilities, respectively.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The City reports deferred amount related to pensions and OPEB in the Statement of Net Position in this category.

Fund Balance

The fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as prepayments) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed fund balance</u> amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent
 can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing
 body delegates the authority.
- <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

Fund Balance (Concluded)

The City did not establish any fund balance commitments for the fiscal year. Assigned fund balance is established by the Mayor through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for a specific purpose. Unrestricted and unassigned fund balances are reduced first, unless expenditures are incurred for a specific purpose for which fund balance has been restricted, committed, or assigned.

Property Tax Calendar

The City's property taxes are levied before the first day of November on the assessed values as of January 1 for all real and personal property located in the city, including vehicles. Property taxes are due December 31 and become delinquent January 1 of the following year. The City's real property tax rate is \$.214 and its personal property tax rate is \$.4223 per \$100 valuation. The City's vehicle tax rate is \$.328 per \$100 of assessed value.

NOTE B - BUDGETARY PROCEDURES AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Normally, prior to June 30, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means for financing them. Deficit budgets are contrary to state law. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments on the proposed budget and the budget is legally adopted through passage of an appropriation ordinance by City Council. The City Council approves, by ordinance, total budget appropriations only. Budget amendments are made as needed throughout the year.

Actual expenditures and operating transfers may not legally exceed "budget" appropriations at the individual fund level. Budgetary control, however, is maintained at the departmental level. Appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year to the extent that they have not been expended.

NOTE C - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The City considers cash and cash equivalents to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and certificates of deposit. At June 30, 2020, the reported amount of the City's cash and cash equivalents was \$1,957,523 and the bank balance was \$2,038,021. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year-end, all of the City's deposits were either insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution on behalf of the City. The governing body has not formally adopted deposit and investment policies that limit the government's allowable deposits or investments and address the specific types of risk to which the government is exposed.

Restricted Cash

Cash accounts in the LGEAF Fund and Municipal Road Aid Fund are restricted by state law. Cash in Bond and Interest Sinking and Depreciation Funds are restricted by bond covenants.

NOTE D - LONG-TERM DEBT

Loan Payable

On November 9, 2015, the City of Brandenburg entered into a loan agreement with the Meade County Bank. The original amount of the loan was \$660,000 with an interest rate of 1.98%. Proceeds were used to construct a water tower. Payments are \$4,241 per month, including interest, through 2030. The loan balance at year-end was \$478,076.

Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to amortize the loan payable outstanding as of June 30, 2020, including interest payments are as follows:

| Fiscal Year | <u>Note</u> | <u>Payable</u> |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------|
| Ending June 30, | Principal | Interest |
| 2021 | \$ 41,807 | \$ 9,090 |
| 2022 | 42,688 | 8,208 |
| 2023 | 43,515 | 7,382 |
| 2024 | 44,365 | 6,532 |
| 2025 | 45,267 | 5,630 |
| 2026 - 2030 | 240,222 | 14,262 |
| 2031 | 20,212 | 995 |
| Totals | \$478,076 | \$52,099 |

Changes in Noncurrent Liabilities

Changes in noncurrent liabilities, including current portions of long-term debt, for the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

| | Balance July 1, 2019 | Additions | Reductions | Balance June 30, 2020 | Due In One Year |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Business-Type Activities | | | | | |
| Loan payable | \$519,430 | \$ | \$41,354 | \$478, <u>076</u> | \$41,807 |

NOTE E - FUND BALANCE

The fund balance for the General Fund was classified as follows:

| | General | Nonmajor Governmental |
|----------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| Fund Balance | Fund | Funds |
| Restricted: | | |
| LGEA | \$ - | \$ 81,507 |
| Streets and highways | · - | 79,891 |
| Total Restricted | _ | 161,398 |
| Assigned: | | |
| Community activities | _ | 21,301 |
| Future construction | - | 128,759 |
| Public safety | _ | 9,188 |
| Total Assigned | _ | 159,248 |
| Unassigned | 842,632 | - |
| Total Fund Balances | \$842,632 | \$320,646 |

NOTE F - DEFICIT FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

No funds ended the year with a deficit fund balance/net position; however, the Water and Wastewater, Revenue, Citizens on Patrol, and LGEAF Funds had operations resulting in current year reductions of fund balance/net position.

NOTE G - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

The following transfers were made during the fiscal year:

| From | To | Amount | Purpose |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Bond & Interest Fund | Water & Wastewater Fund | \$ 41,355 | Debt service |
| General Fund | Sewer Line Extension Fund | 2,110 | Expenses |
| General Fund | Water & Wastewater Fund | 10,725 | Expenses |
| Sewer Line Extension Fund | Water & Wastewater Fund | 28,424 | Fixed assets |
| Revenue Fund | Bond & Interest Fund | 60,000 | Debt service |
| Revenue Fund | Depreciation Fund | 120,000 | Fixed assets |
| Revenue Fund | Water & Wastewater Fund | 950,819 | Expenses |
| Revenue Fund | Sewer Line Extension Fund | 60,000 | Fixed assets |
| | | \$1,273,433 | |

The following interfund balances existed at year-end:

| Due From | Due To | Amount | Purpose |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------------------|
| Depreciation Fund | General Fund | \$ 5,028 | Short-term operating loan |
| General Fund | LGEAF Fund | 9,152 | Short-term operating loan |
| MRA Fund | General Fund | 9,055 | Short-term operating loan |
| Sewer Line Extension Fund | General Fund | 41,923 | Short-term operating loan |
| Water & Wastewater Fund | General Fund | 139,806 | Short-term operating loan |
| | | \$204,964 | |

NOTE H - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following table provides a summary of changes in capital assets:

| | July 1, 2019 | Additions | Deletio | ns | June 30, 2020 |
|---|--------------|-----------|---------|----|---------------|
| Governmental Activities Not Depreciated: Land and construction in process | \$ 90,464 | \$ - | \$ | | \$ 90,464 |
| Depreciated: | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | 886,589 | _ | | - | 886,589 |
| Equipment | 307,020 | 29,028 | | - | 336,048 |
| Vehicles | 412,042 | 39,992 | | - | 452,034 |
| Infrastructure | 1,230,112 | 40,313 | | - | 1,270,425 |
| Subtotal | 2,835,763 | 109,333 | | | 2,945,096 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | (1,840,175) | (82,378) | | | (1,922,553) |
| Net Capital Assets | \$1,086,052 | \$ 26,955 | \$ | | \$1,113,007 |

NOTE H - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONCLUDED)

| Business-Type Activities | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| Not Depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 85,100 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 85,100 |
| Construction in process | 153,309 | 48,485 | (28,424) | 173,370 |
| Subtotal | 238,409 | 48,485 | (28,424) | 258,470 |
| Depreciated: | | | | |
| Equipment | 257,081 | 3,000 | - | 260,081 |
| Vehicles | 120,880 | 25,819 | - | 146,699 |
| Water and sewer system | 12,644,627 | 104,590 | | 12,749,217 |
| Subtotal | 13,022,588 | 133,409 | | 13,155,997 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | (8,115,318) | (339,396) | • | (8,454,714) |
| Net Capital Assets | \$5,145,679 | (\$157,502) | (\$28,424) | \$4,959,753 |

Depreciation expense and related accumulated depreciation are detailed as follows:

| | July 1, 2019 | Additions | Deletio | ons | June 30, 2020 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------|-----|---------------|
| Governmental Activities | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | \$ 456,102 | \$ 17,796 | \$ | - | \$ 473,898 |
| Equipment | 261,455 | 15,174 | | - | 276,629 |
| Vehicles | 360,327 | 23,030 | | _ | 383,357 |
| Infrastructure | 762,291 | 26,378 | | - | 788,669 |
| Total | \$1,840,175 | \$ 82,378 | \$ | | \$1,922,553 |
| Business-Type Activities | | | | | |
| Equipment | \$ 250,959 | \$ 1,487 | \$ | - | \$ 252,446 |
| Vehicles | 74,968 | 21,188 | | - | 96,156 |
| Water and sewer system | 7,789,391 | 316,721 | | | 8,106,112 |
| Total | \$8,115,318 | \$339,396 | \$ | | \$8,454,714 |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions in the Statement of Activities as follows:

| Governmental Activ | ities | Business- | Type Activities |
|-------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------------|
| General government | \$ 9,446 | Water | \$165,769 |
| Streets and maintenance | 40,501 | Sewer | 173,627 |
| Parks | 5,932 | | \$339,396 |
| Public safety | 26,499 | | |
| | \$82,378 | | |

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS

General Information about the County Employees Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> – Full-time employees are covered by the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. The report may be obtained by writing to the Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601 or from the website at www.kyret.ky.gov.

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

| CERS | Non- | haza | rdous |
|------|------|------|-------|
| | | | |

| Tier 1 Defined Benefit | Participation date: Unreduced retirement: Reduced retirement: | Before September 1, 2008 27 years service or 65 years old with 4 years service At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| <u>Tier 2</u> Defined Benefit | Participation date: Unreduced retirement: Reduced retirement: | September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Age 57+ and sum of service years plus age = 87 At least 10 years service and 60 years old |
| <u>Tier 3</u> Cash Balance | Participation date: Unreduced retirement: Reduced retirement: | After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Age 57+ and sum of service years plus age = 87 Not available |

<u>Contributions</u> – Employees in all tiers contributed 5% of their salaries for non-hazardous and those in Tiers 2 and 3 also contributed an additional 1% of their salaries for insurance. Participating employers contributed 24.06% (19.30% for pension and 4.76% for health insurance) of members' non-hazardous compensation for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Medical Insurance Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 61.702 requires CERS to provide post-retirement healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the Kentucky Retirement Systems' Board of Trustees and the General Assembly. Additional information can be obtained in the aforementioned financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$1,627,306 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2019, were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date of June 30, 2018 to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual contributions of the City relative to the total contributions of all participating members of CERS during the measurement period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.023138%, a decrease of 0.000525% over the prior year.

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized total pension expense of \$289,214 for CERS.

The City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 41,550 | \$ 6,876 |
| Changes of assumptions | 164,702 | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | - | 26,233 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions | 9,606 | 17,667 |
| City contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 118,446 \$334,304 | \$ 50,776 |

\$118,114 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending | |
|-------------|-----------|
| June 30, | Amount |
| 2021 | \$115,054 |
| 2022 | \$ 34,636 |
| 2023 | \$ 13,531 |
| 2024 | \$ 1,861 |

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> — The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions (updated from the actuarial assumptions used for June 30, 2018):

| Inflation Rate: | 2.30% |
|----------------------------|-------|
| Payroll Growth Rate: | 2.00% |
| Investment Rate of Return: | 6 25% |

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded)

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the non-hazardous system, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The long-term expected rates of return were determined by using a building-block method in which best estimated ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed for each asset class. The ranges were combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class, as provided by KRS, are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Growth | 62.50% | |
| US Equity | 18.75% | 4.30% |
| Non-US Équity | 18.75% | 4.80% |
| Private Equity | 10.00% | 6.65% |
| Specialty Credit/High Yield | 15.00% | 2.60% |
| Liquidity | 14.50% | |
| Core Bonds | 13.50% | 1.35% |
| Cash | 1.00% | 0.20% |
| Diversifying Strategies | 23.00% | |
| Real Estate | 5.00% | 4.85% |
| Opportunistic | 3.00% | 2.97% |
| Real Return | 15.00% | 4.10% |
| Total | 100.00% | 3.89% |

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018). The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate.

<u>Sensitivity of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS (CONCLUDED)

| | 1% Decrease | Current Discount | 1% Increase |
|---|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| | 5.25% | 6.25% | 7.25% |
| City's share of the net pension liability | \$2,035,298 | \$1,627,306 | \$1,287,248 |

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE J - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the County Employees Retirement System Insurance Fund

<u>Plan Description</u> – County Employees Retirement System (CERS) Non-hazardous Insurance Funds are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefits (OPEB) plans for members that cover all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous and hazardous duty positions of any state department, board, agency, county, city, school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate. The plan provides for health insurance benefits to plan members, and it may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. It is administered by the Kentucky Retirement System (KRS), an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers OPEB and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The KRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. The report may be obtained by writing to the Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601 or from the KRS website at www.kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits Provided – CERS provides health insurance benefits to plan employees and beneficiaries when applicable. For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, KRS pays a percentage of the monthly premium for single coverage based upon the service credit accrued at retirement. Members participating on or after July 1, 2003, and before September 1, 2008, are required to earn at least 10 years of service credit in order to be eligible for insurance benefits at retirement. Members participating on or after September 1, 2008 are required to earn at least 15 years of service credit in order to be eligible for insurance benefits at retirement. The monthly health insurance contribution will be \$10 for each year of earned service increased by the CPI prior to July 1, 2009, and by 1.5% annually from July 1, 2009.

The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. KRS submits the premium payments to DEI. The KRS Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. Contributions – Employees in Tiers 2 and 3 (see Note I) contribute an additional 1% of their salaries for health insurance. This amount is credited to the Insurance Fund and is non-refundable to the member. Participating employers contributed 24.06% (19.30% for pension and 4.76% for health insurance) of members' non-hazardous compensation for the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE J - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$389,070 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for CERS. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2019, were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward from the valuation date of June 30, 2018 to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the actual contributions of the City relative to the total contributions of all participating members of CERS during the measurement period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.023138%, a decrease of 0.000525%, over the prior year.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized total OPEB expense of \$40,841 for CERS. The City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ - | \$ 117,391 |
| Changes of assumptions | 115,129 | 770 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments | - | 17,281 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions | 492 | 9,845 |
| City contributions subsequent to the | 402 | 3,040 |
| measurement date | 29,213 \$144,834 | \$145,287 |

\$29,213 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year Ending | |
|-------------|-----------|
| June 30, | Amount |
| 2021 | \$(4,727) |
| 2022 | \$(4,727) |
| 2023 | \$ 767 |
| 2024 | \$(9,754) |
| 2025 | \$(9,406) |
| Thereafter | \$ (1.819 |

NOTE J - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2018

Inflation Rate: 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate: 2.00%

Projected Salary

Increases: 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS non-hazardous

Investment Rate of 6.25%

Return:

Healthcare Trend Rates Initial trend starting at 7.00% at January 24, 2021

(under age 65): and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend

rate of 4.05% over a period of 12 years

Healthcare Trend Rates

Initial trend starting at 5.00% at January 24, 2021 (age 65 and over): and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend

rate of 4.05% over a period of 10 years

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the non-hazardous system, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KRS, are summarized in the table in Note I (target allocations and real rates of return are the same for the CERS Pension and Insurance Funds).

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.68%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining twenty-four year (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.13%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 28, 2019. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

NOTE J - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONCLUDED)

<u>Sensitivity of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.68% for non-hazardous, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease | Current Discount | 1% Increase |
|--|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| | 4.68% | 5.68% | 6.68% |
| City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$521,194 | \$389,070 | \$280,209 |

<u>Sensitivity of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate</u> – The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease | Current Rate | 1% Increase |
|--|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$289,353 | \$389,070 | \$509,988 |

<u>OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE K - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

City of Brandenburg, Kentucky's management has evaluated and considered the need to recognize or disclose subsequent events through June 24, 2021 which represents the date these financial statements were available to be issued. Subsequent events past this date, as they pertain to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, have not been evaluated by management.

Early in 2020, the United States was struck with the COVID-19 virus. It has severely impacted economies around the globe, as businesses are being forced to cease or limit operations for long or indefinite periods of time. The measures taken to contain the spread of the virus have resulted in an economic slowdown. While some steps have been taken to stabilize economic conditions, the effectiveness of these responses remains unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of the consequences of the pandemic, as well as their impact on the financial position of the City for future periods.

NOTE L - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City receives state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by state agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement by the State for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency. In the opinion of city management, such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

In anticipation of the additional sewage requirements associated with a major new industry, the City is constructing a new wastewater treatment plant at a cost of \$8.4 million. The project is funded through the issuance of bonds.

| REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION |
|------------------------------------|
| |
| |
| |
| |

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | Budgeted Amounts | | Actual | Variance from Final Budget | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------------|------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| - | | | (Budgetary | Favorable | | |
| _ | Original | Final | Basis) | (Unfavorable) | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 458,000 | \$ 470,000 | \$ 508,541 | \$ 38,541 | | |
| Insurance premium taxes | 433,600 | 452,000 | 451,983 | (17) | | |
| Other taxes | 37,000 | 37,000 | 17,995 | (19,005) | | |
| Licenses and permits | 45,000 | 57,000 | 41,443 | (15,557) | | |
| Rental income | 40,000 | 13,500 | 17,258 | 3,758 | | |
| Interest income | 9,000 | 9,000 | | (9,000) | | |
| Miscellaneous | 17,400 | 14,500 | 36,411 | 21,911 | | |
| Franchise fees | 17,264 | 17,300 | 17,823 | 523 | | |
| Sanitation | 370,000 | 370,000 | 350,931 | (19,069) | | |
| Intergovernmental revenues | 24,850 | 21,000 | | (21,000) | | |
| Total Revenues | 1,452,114 | 1,461,300 | 1,442,385 | (18,915) | | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| General government | 468,850 | 482,550 | 462,477 | 20,073 | | |
| Parks and recreation | 30,000 | 27,000 | 15,537 | 11,463 | | |
| Sanitation | 380,000 | 373,000 | 375,096 | (2,096) | | |
| Streets and maintenance | - | - | 29,410 | (29,410) | | |
| Tourism | 2,000 | 2,000 | - | 2,000 | | |
| Public safety: | | | | | | |
| Police | 390,700 | 391,100 | 397,627 | (6,527) | | |
| Fire | 250 | · - | 828 | (828) | | |
| Capital outlay | 140,000 | 95,560 | 56,542 | 39,018 | | |
| Total Expenditures | 1,411,800 | 1,371,210 | 1,337,517 | 33,693 | | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | | | |
| Over Expenditures | 40,314 | 90,090 | 104,868 | 14,778 | | |
| Other Financing Sources | | | | | | |
| Transfers out | - | - | (12,835) | (12,835) | | |
| Sale of surplus property | 4,500 | 26,330 | 26,329 | (1) | | |
| Total Expenditures | 4,500 | 26,330 | 13,494 | (12,836) | | |
| Net Changes in Fund Balance | 44,814 | 116,420 | 118,362 | 1,942 | | |
| Fund Balance - July 1, 2019 | 569,022 | 613,836 | 724,270 | 110,434 | | |
| Fund Balance - June 30, 2020 | \$ 613,836 | \$ 730,256 | \$ 842,632 | \$ 112,376 | | |

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY NOTE TO BUDGETARY COMPAISON SCHEDULES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The City prepares its financial statements using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), but the budget is prepared using the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP.

The budget and all transactions are presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund to provide a comparison of actual results with the budget. No adjustments have been made to convert the actual data presented on the GAAP basis to the cash basis of accounting because any differences were deemed to be immaterial.

NOTE B - BUDGET SHORTFALL

For certain line items, the General Fund experienced an excess of outlays over final budget appropriations.

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last 6 Fiscal Years*

| COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| Non-Hazardous City's proportion of the net pension liability | 0.023138% | 0.023663% | 0.023504% | 0.022488% | 0.022583% | 0.02282% |
| City's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 1,627,306 | \$ 1,441,149 | \$1,375,761 | \$1,107,205 | \$ 970,951 | \$740,000 |
| City's covered payroll | \$ 593,306 | \$ 586,677 | \$ 572,265 | \$ 514,404 | \$ 528,816 | \$523,526 |
| City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll | 274.28% | 245.65% | 240.41% | 215.24% | 183.61% | 141.35% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 50.447% | 53.542% | 53.325% | 55.503% | 59.968% | 66.801% |

Note: The data provided in this schedule is based on the measurement date of the CERS net pension liability, which is as of June 30th of the prior fiscal year; therefore, the City's covered payroll reported above differs from the City's fiscal year payroll as reported in the Schedule of City Pension Contributions.

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 6 Fiscal Years*

| COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Non-Hazardous Contractually required contribution | \$ 118,446 | \$ 96,234 | \$ 84,951 | \$ 79,831 | \$ 63,889 | \$ 67,424 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | (118,446) | (96,234) | (84,951) | (79,831) | (63,889) | (67,424) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| City's covered payroll | \$ 611,992 | \$ 593,306 | \$586,677 | \$572,265 | \$514,404 | \$ 528,816 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 19.35% | 16.22% | 14.48% | 13.95% | 12.42% | 12.75% |

Note: The data provided in this schedule is based on the corresponding fiscal year and differs from the covered payroll reported in the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability.

Contractually required contributions listed above for CERS exclude the portion allocated to the CERS insurance fund.

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

Last 3 Fiscal Years*

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| City's proportion of the net OPEB liability | 0.023138% | 0.023663% | 0.023504% |
| City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$ 389,070 | \$ 420,114 | \$ 472,511 |
| City's covered payroll | \$ 593,306 | \$ 586,677 | \$ 572,265 |
| City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll | 65.58% | 71.61% | 82.57% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | 60.438% | 57.622% | 52.394% |

Note: The data provided in this schedule is based on the measurement date of the CERS net OPEB liability, which is as of June 30th of the prior fiscal year; therefore, the City's covered payroll reported above differs from the City's fiscal year payroll as reported in the Schedule of City OPEB Contributions.

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 3 Fiscal Years*

| | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2 | 2018 | |
|--|--------------------|-------|-------------|--------|-----------------------|--------|---------|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 29 | 9,213 | \$: | 31,208 | \$: | 27,574 | |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | (29,213) | | 3) (31,208) | | (29,213) (31,208) (27 | | 27,574) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | - | |
| City's covered payroll | \$ 61 ⁻ | 1,992 | \$ 5 | 93,306 | \$ 5 | 86,677 | |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 4.77% | | 5.26% | | 4.70% | |

Note: The data provided in this schedule is based on the corresponding fiscal year and differs from the covered payroll reported in the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability.

Contractually required contributions listed above for CERS exclude the portion allocated to the CERS pension fund.

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY NOTES TO PENSIONS AND OPEB SCHEDULES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE A - PENSIONS

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms for fiscal years 2015 through 2020, except that during the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. Benefits paid to the spouses of deceased members have been increased from 25% of the member's final rate of pay to 75% of the member's average pay. If the member does not have a surviving spouse, benefits paid to surviving dependent children have been increased from 10% of the member's final pay rate to 50% of average pay for one child, 65% of average pay for two children, or 75% of average pay for three children. The total pension liability for CERS hazardous as of June 30, 2018 was determined using these updated benefit provisions.

Changes in assumptions:

- 2015 For the measurement date of June 30, 2014, there was no change.
- 2016 For the measurement date of June 30, 2015, the investment rate of return was changed from 7.75% to 7.50%. The projected salary increase was changed from 4.50% to 4.00%. The inflation rate was changed from 3.50% to 3.25%. The assumed rate of wage inflation was changed from 1.00% to 0.75%. The assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.
- 2017 For the measurement date of June 30, 2016, there was no change.
- 2018 For the measurement date of June 30, 2017, the investment rate of return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%. The projected salary increase was changed from 4.00% to 3.05%. The inflation rate was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%. The payroll growth rate changed from 4.00% to 2.00%.
- 2019 For the measurement date of June 30, 2018, there was no change.
- 2020 For the measurement date of June 30, 2019, the projected salary increase was changed from 3.05% average to a range of 3.30% to 10.30%, depending on service for CERS nonhazardous and from 3.55% to 19.05% for hazardous.

NOTE B - OPEB

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms for fiscal years 2018 through 2020.

Changes in assumptions:

- 2018 For the measurement date of June 30, 2017, the investment rate of return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%. The projected salary increase was changed from 4.00% to 3.05%. The inflation rate was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%. The payroll growth rate changed from 4.00% to 2.00%.
- 2019 For the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the healthcare initial trend rates for those under age 65 changed from 7.25% to 7.00%, and the healthcare initial trend rates for those age 65 and over changed from 5.10% to 5.00%.
- 2020 For the measurement date of June 30, 2019, the projected salary increase was changed from 3.05% average to a range of 3.30% to 10.30%, depending on service for CERS nonhazardous and from 3.55% to 19.05% for hazardous.



CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

| | Capital Projects Fund | th | stmas by e River Fund | I | izens on Patrol Fund | - 1 | LGEAF Fund | | lunicipal Road Aid Fund | Fo | Police rfeiture Fund | | Totals |
|--|-----------------------------|----|-----------------------------|----|----------------------------|-----|---------------|----|-------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|----|------------------|
| Assets | 0.400.750 | | 04.004 | | 7.400 | • | 70.054 | Φ. | 100 570 | Φ. | 4 700 | • | 0.40.404 |
| Cash and cash equivalents Receivables | \$ 128,759 - | \$ | 21,301 | \$ | 7,486 - | \$ | 72,354 1 | \$ | 108,579 4,130 | \$ | 1,702 - | \$ | 340,181 4,131 |
| Due from other funds | | | - | | - | | 9,152 | | - , 100 | | - | | 9,152 |
| Total Assets | \$ 128,759 | \$ | 21,301 | \$ | 7,486 | \$ | 81,507 | \$ | 112,709 | \$ | 1,702 | \$ | 353,464 |
| Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 23,763 | \$ | - | \$ | 23,763 |
| Due to other funds | - | | - | | - | | _ | | 9,055 | | - | | 9,055 |
| Total Liabilities | - | | - | | | - | | | 32,818 | | - | | 32,818 |
| Fund Balances | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted to LGEA priority categories | - | | - | | - | | 81,507 | | - | | - | | 81,507 |
| Restricted to streets and highways | - | | - | | - | | - | | 79,891 | | - | | 79,891 |
| Assigned to community activities | - | | 21,301 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 21,301 |
| Assigned to future construction | 128,759 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 128,759 |
| Assigned to public safety | | | | | 7,486 | | - | | - | | 1,702 | | 9,188 |
| Total Fund Balances | 128,759 | | 21,301 | | 7,486 | | 81,507 | | 79,891 | | 1,702 | | 320,646 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$ 128,759 | \$ | 21,301 | \$ | 7,486 | \$ | 81,507 | \$ | 112,709 | \$ | 1,702 | \$ | 353,464 |

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | Capital Projects Fund | Christmas by the River Fund | Citizens on Patrol Fund | LGEAF Fund | Municipal Road Aid Fund | Police Forfeiture Fund | Totals | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|--|
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Interest income | \$ 1,663 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 66 | \$ 66 | \$ - | \$ 1,795 | |
| Intergovernmental | | - | - | 34,266 | 48,574 | - | 82,840 | |
| Donations | - | 28,779 | 1,000 | - | - | - | 29,779 | |
| Miscellaneous | | | | - | | 249 | 249 | |
| Total Revenues | 1,663 | 28,779 | 1,000 | 34,332 | 48,640 | 249 | 114,663 | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | |
| Community | - | 26,200 | - | - | • | - | 26,200 | |
| General government | - | - | - | 1,355 | - | - | 1,355 | |
| Public safety | = | - | 2,129 | 6,616 | - | 111 | 8,856 | |
| Streets and highways | | - | - | - | 5,502 | - | 5,502 | |
| Capital outlay | | | | 29,028 | 23,763 | - | 52,791 | |
| Total Expenditures | | 26,200 | 2,129 | 36,999 | 29,265 | 111 | 94,704 | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| over Expenditures | 1,663 | 2,579 | (1,129) | (2,667) | 19,375 | 138 | 19,959 | |
| Fund Balances - July 1, 2019 | 127,096 | 18,722 | 8,615 | 84,174 | 60,516 | 1,564 | 300,687 | |
| Fund Balances - June 30, 2020 | \$ 128,759 | \$ 21,301 | \$ 7,486 | \$ 81,507 | \$ 79,891 | \$ 1,702 | \$ 320,646 | |

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

| | Enterprise Funds | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------|--------------|------------|--|--|
| | Bond and | | | | |
| | Depreciation | Interest | | | |
| | Fund | Sinking Fund | Totals | | |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Noncurrent Assets | | | | | |
| Restricted cash | \$ 446,025 | \$ 268,049 | \$ 714,074 | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | | | |
| Due to other funds | 5,028 | | 5,028 | | |
| Net Position | | | | | |
| Restricted for debt service | - | 268,049 | 268,049 | | |
| Restricted for future construction | 440,997 | _ | 440,997 | | |
| Total Net Position | \$ 440,997 | \$ 268,049 | \$ 709,046 | | |

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | Enterprise Funds Bond and | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|---------|-------------|-----------|----|----------|
| | | | | | | |
| | Depreciation | | Interest | | | |
| | ! | Fund | Sin | king Fund | 1 | Totals |
| Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) | | | | | | |
| Interest income | \$ | 331 | \$ | 281 | \$ | 612 |
| Interest expense | | - | | (9,542) | | (9,542) |
| Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) | | 331 | | (9,261) | | (8,930) |
| Income (Loss) Before Transfers | | 331 | | (9,261) | | (8,930) |
| Transfers | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 120,000 | | 60,000 | | 180,000 |
| Transfers out | | - | | (41,355) | | (41,355) |
| Total Transfers | | 120,000 | | 18,645 | | 138,645 |
| Changes in Net Position | | 120,331 | | 9,384 | | 129,715 |
| Net Position - July 1, 2019 | • | 320,666 | | 258,665 | | 579,331 |
| Net Position - June 30, 2020 | \$ | 440,997 | \$ | 268,049 | \$ | 709,046 |

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY

GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



DRANE & COMPANY, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

209 East Third Street - P. O. Box 577 Hardinsburg, Kentucky 40143

Telephone (270) 756-5704 FAX (270) 756-5927

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Brandenburg, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying Balance Sheet — Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2020 and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances — Governmental Funds for the year then ended, and the related notes to these financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2021. We were engaged to audit the remaining accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the proprietary funds of the City of Brandenburg, Kentucky (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to these financial statements. These financial statements collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 2020-001 through 2020-003, that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2020-004.

City of Brandenburg, Kentucky's Responses to Findings

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Drane & Company, PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Sname & Compay, Puc

Hardinsburg, Kentucky

June 24, 2021

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Finding: 2020-001 (Repeat)

| Condition: | As part of the audit, management requested us to prepare a draft of the City's financial statements, including the related notes. Material adjustments were required during the preparation of the financial statements. | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Criteria: | Management is responsible for establishing internal controls over the preparation of GAAP-based financial statements. | | |
| Cause: | The design of internal controls did not prevent material adjustments. | | |
| Effect: | The potential exists for material misstatements to occur and not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control. | | |
| Recommendation: | Management and accounting personnel should review the policies and procedures for recording journal entries and enhance internal control over financial reporting. | | |
| Management Response: | We concur with the recommendation. | | |

Finding: 2020-002 (Repeat)

| Condition: | While a substantial amount of the City's public works' time is spent on street repairs and maintenance, all payroll is charged to the Water and Wastewater Fund. Likewise, although the office processes utility billing and collection, all of its time is recorded in the General Fund. |
|-------------------------|--|
| Criteria: | Proprietary funds, such as Water and Wastewater are intended to be self-sufficient, whereby revenues are sufficient to cover expenses. As such, it is imperative that only expenses incurred are charged to that fund. Likewise, governmental funds, such as the General Fund, should not incur expenditures supplementing a proprietary fund. |
| Cause: | Controls over the preparation of retirement reports are inadequate to ensure that new hires are added in a timely manner and that all calculations and remittances are correct. |
| Effect: | The City's financial statements do not accurately reflect the results of operations of each fund. |
| Recommendation: | Detailed records should be maintained to record time and expenses allocable to each fund. |
| Management Response: | We concur with the recommendation. |

CITY OF BRANDENBURG, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Finding: 2020-003 (Repeat)

| Condition: | The City does not maintain any records of water and sewer supplies or record their value in the accounting records. |
|-------------------------|---|
| Criteria: | Generally accepted accounting principles require that proprietary funds book material quantities and values of inventories. |
| Cause: | This requirement was never brought to the attention of City personnel, who considered any amounts on hand to be insignificant. Observation by the auditor, however, indicated that a substantial value may exist. |
| Effect: | Insufficient records result in misstated financial statements and may permit misappropriation of supplies. |
| Recommendation: | A physical inventory should be taken as soon as possible, with all items priced and their value recorded. Going forward, perpetual records should be maintained, and inventory counts should be taken at the end of the fiscal year and amounts adjusted in the general ledger accordingly. |
| Management Response: | We concur with the recommendation. We are beginning the process of working with the Public Works director on developing an inventory system. |

Finding: 2020-004 (Repeat)

| Condition: | Numerous errors were discovered in the monthly reporting to the Kentucky Retirement System (KRS). |
|-------------------------|--|
| Criteria: | Participating employers are entrusted with the responsibility of enrolling and reporting all employees on a monthly basis to allow member accounts to be correctly credited with earning the benefits they are afforded by statute. |
| Cause: | Controls over the preparation of retirement reports are inadequate to ensure that new hires are added in a timely manner and that all calculations and remittances are correct. |
| Effect: | Employees were not credited with the correct earnings and contributions, and withholdings made from employee paychecks were not remitted to KRS. |
| Recommendation: | We recommend that the City immediately contact KRS to determine the proper method in which to correct the reporting errors. We also recommend that more effort be made to ensure that the City's payroll records agree with what is reported to KRS each month. The City should utilize the payroll liability feature in its payroll software to help avoid future reporting mistakes. |
| Management Response: | We were not aware of the discrepancies and will definitely seek assistance from KRS to get it all lined out. |



DRANE & COMPANY, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

209 East Third Street - P. O. Box 577 Hardinsburg, Kentucky 40143

Telephone (270) 756-5704 FAX (270) 756-5927

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Brandenburg, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of the City of Brandenburg, Kentucky (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, we considered the City's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of matters that are an opportunity for strengthening internal control and operating efficiency. The paragraph below summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding the matters. A separate report dated June 24, 2021, contains our report on the City of Brandenburg's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated June 24, 2021, on the basic financial statements of the City of Brandenburg.

Various errors were made in cash disbursements. Based on a sample, one payment was made from a past-due statement alone which included an interest charge. A credit card was paid from a summary sheet and was missing the statement itself, as well as the supporting documentation for the charges. Two checks were issued with only one signature. No payments should be made without a vendor invoice, preferably an original. Invoices should be scrutinized immediately upon receipt to determine if any discounts are available for prompt payment. All checks should have two signatures before being issued.

Voided checks are not retained. We recommend that a file be kept for all checks voided and that the check be clearly defaced with the signature line cut off.

We will be pleased to discuss any of these matters with you and, if desired, assist you in implementing any of these suggestions. This report is intended for the information of the city council and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Drane & Company, PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Drune & Compay, Puc

Hardinsburg, Kentucky

June 24, 2021